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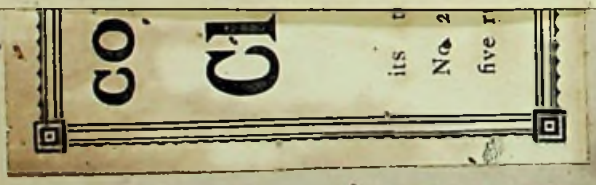

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THE

CEYLON ALMANAC

FOR

1844.

(LEAP-YEAR.)

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OBSERVATIONS OF THE COMET WHICH APPEARED IN 1843.

THE CALENDAR.

Into the Calendar for this year, the exact time of sunset at Colom
been introduced, that persons by merely noting the moment at which
limb of the sun dips into the sea, may set their watches correctly.
expected from the well known irregularity of refractions at the ho
that the calculated would not come nearer the observed time, than fi
six seconds: this expectation has fortunately not been realized,—a careful
parision with a well regulated chronometer shewing, that the times a
down in the Calendar may be depended on to a single second. It wa
merely with the intention of supplying to Colombo a ready means
ing time-keepers that these tables were introduced, but to enable pers
the whole western coast, wherever the sun can be seen setting in th
to keep their watches regulated to mean time—to effect this a supp
tary table has been added, as yet only extended to four outstations,
can easily be to others if desired,) which gives a small number of mi
and seconds, to be added to, or subtracted from, the time in the Cale
This correction varies with the time of year being greatest at the solstice
is only given to every five seconds, which is near enough for all practical
poses; and is taken from the table and applied as follows:

Suppose a person on the bank behind Calpentyn overlooking the
observes the lower limb of the sun just dipping into the sea at 6 o
by his watch on the 15th January—In the Calendar he finds tha
lower limb sets at Colombo at 6*h*. 0*m*. 19*s*. and in the supplementary
opposite January 15th he perceives in the 1st column 2*m*. 5*s*. which
top of the column is directed to be subtracted; therefore 5*h*. 58*m*.
the exact time of setting at Calpentyn, and as his watch shewed 6*h*. 0
it is 1*m*. 46*s*. fast.—At Galle on the same day, the minutes and seconds
he 1*m*. 26*s*. which, as directed, must be added, not subtracted, on ac
of Galle being south of Colombo.

Subtr.	CALPENTYN.		PUTLAM.		GALLE.		CHILAW.		*Subtr.*
m. s.	(Dec. 23d. 2m. 19s.)								m. s.
2 15	Jan. 3	Dec. 9							2 15
2 10	10	2							2 10
2 5	15	Nov. 28	(Dec. 22d. 1m. 59s.)						2 5
2 0	19	24							2 0
1 55	22	20	Jan. 2	Dec. 10					1 55
1 50	26	16	10	2					1 50
1 45	29	13	16	Nov. 27	(June 20d. 1m. 36s.)				1 45
1 40	Feb. 1	10	20	22					1 40
1 35	4	7	24	18	June 14	June 27			1 35
1 30	6	5	28	14	2	July 10			1 30
1 25	9	2	Feb. 1	10	May 26	17			1 25
1 20	12	Oct. 30	4	7	20	23			1 20
1 15	14	28	7	4	14	29	(Dec. 22d. 1m. 7s.)		1 15
1 10	17	25	10	1	10	Aug. 2			1 10
1 5	19	23	13	Oct. 29	5	7	Jan. 3	Dec. 9	1 5
1 0	21	20	16	26	1	11	15	Nov. 27	1 0
0 55	24	18	19	23	April 29	15	23	19	0 55
0 50	26	15	22	20	26	19	20	13	0 50
0 45	29	13	25	17	23	23	Feb. 4	7	0 45
0 40	Mar. 2	11	28	14	19	26	10	1	0 40
0 35	4	9	Mar. 1	12	13	30	15	Oct. 27	0 35
0 30	6	6	4	9	9	Sept. 2	20	22	0 30
0 25	9	4	7	6	6	6	25	16	0 25
0 20	11	2	9	3	2	9	Mar. 1	12	0 20
0 15	13	Sept. 29	12	1	Mar. 30	13	6	7	0 15
0 10	16	27	15	Sept. 28	27	16	11	2	0 10
0 5	18	25	17	25	23	19	16	Sept. 27	0 5
0 0	20	23	20	23	20	23	20	23	0 0
Add.									*Add.*
m. s.									m. s.
0 0	Mar. 20	Sept. 23	Mar. 20	Sept. 25	Mar. 20	Sept. 23	Mar. 20	Sept. 23	0 0
0 5	22	20	23	19	17	26	25	18	0 5
0 10	25	18	25	17	13	29	30	13	0 10
0 15	27	16	28	14	10	Oct. 2	April 3	8	0 15
0 20	29	13	31	12	7	6	8	3	0 20
0 25	31	11	April 2	9	4	9	13	Aug. 29	0 25
0 30	April 3	9	5	6	Feb. 29	13	18	24	0 30
0 35	5	6	8	3	26	16	24	19	0 35
0 40	7	4	11	Aug. 31	22	19	29	13	0 40
0 45	10	2	14	29	19	23	May 5	7	0 45
0 50	12	Aug. 30	17	26	15	26	11	1	0 50
0 55	15	28	19	23	12	13	18	July 25	0 55
1 0	17	25	22	20	8	Nov. 3	27	18	1 0
1 5	20	23	25	17	4	7	June 8	4	1 5
1 10	22	20	28	14	Jan. 31	11			1 10
1 15	25	18	May 2	10	26	16	(June 20d. 1m. 7s.)		1 15
1 20	27	15	5	7	21	21			1 20
1 25	30	13	9	3	15	25			1 25
1 30	May 3	9	12	July 31	9	Dec. 3			1 30
1 35	6	6	16	27	Dec. 28	15			1 35
1 40	9	3	21	22					1 40
1 45	12	July 31	26	17	(Dec. 22d. 1m. 33s.)				1 45
1 50	15	28	June 1	11					1 50
1 55	19	24	9	3					1 55
2 0	23	20							2 0
2 5	27	16	(June 20d. 1m. 59s.)						2 5
2 10	June 1	11							2 10
2 15	8	4							2 15
	(June 20d. 2m. 19s.)								

The difference of time of setting at Colombo and each of the above places on the longest and shortest days, is given within the brackets.

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.
Full Moon	6	0	52·5 P. M
Last Quarter	13	2	50·5 A. M.
New Moon	19	11	37·3 P.M.
First Quarter	27	5	50·2 P.M.

Correct time of setting of the Sun's lower and upper limbs at the 2nd story of the Light House Colombo.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.	[land with G. B., 1801.	Rises.	Sets.	Lower.	Upper.
			H.M.	H.M.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
M	1	*Circumcision.*—Union of Ire-	2 32 P.M.	2 5 A.M.	5 53 23	5 55 45
T	2		3 20 —	2 54 —	5 53 54	5 56 16
W	3		4 11 —	3 44 —	5 54 24	5 56 47
Th	4		5 3 —	4 35 —	5 54 55	5 57 18
F	5		5 56 —	5 27 —	5 55 26	5 57 49
S	6	*Epiphany.*	6 49 —	6 17 —	5 55 56	5 58 19
Sun	7	*1st Sunday after Epiphany.*—	7 41 —	7 7 —	5 56 27	5 58 49
M	8	Lucian.	8 32 —	7 54 —	5 56 59	5 59 19
T	9		9 23 —	8 41 —	5 57 27	5 59 49
W	10		10 14 —	9 26 —	5 57 56	6 0 18
Th	11		11 7 —	10 12 —	5 58 26	6 0 48
F	12		— —	10 58 —	5 58 55	6 1 16
S	13	Hilary.	0 1 A.M.	11 47 —	5 59 23	6 1 45
Sun	14	*2nd Sunday after Epiphany.*—	0 57 —	0 39 P.M.	5 59 51	6 2 13
M	15		1 56 —	1 35 —	6 0 19	6 2 40
T	16		2 57 —	2 33 —	6 0 46	6 3 7
W	17		3 58 —	3 34 —	6 1 13	6 3 34
Th	18	Prisca.	4 57 —	4 34 —	6 1 40	6 4 0
F	19		5 52 —	5 33 —	6 2 5	6 4 25
S	20	Fabian.—[*phany.*	6 44 —	6 28 —	6 2 31	6 4 51
Sun	21	Agnes.—*3rd Sun. after Epi-*	7 31 —	7 20 —	6 2 55	6 5 15
M	22	Vincent.	8 15 —	8 10 —	6 3 20	6 5 39
T	23		8 57 —	8 56 —	6 3 43	6 6 3
W	24		9 36 —	9 42 —	6 4 6	6 6 25
Th	25	*Conversion of St. Paul.*—	10 18 —	10 27 —	6 4 28	6 6 47
F	26		10 59 —	11 12 —	6 4 50	6 7 9
S	27		11 41 —	11 59 —	6 5 11	6 7 29
Sun	28	*4th Sunday after Epiphany.*—	0 25 P.M.	— —	6 5 31	6 7 49
M	29		1 12 —	0 46 A.M.	6 5 51	6 8 9
T	30	Martyrdom of King Charles I.	2 1 —	1 35 —	6 6 10	6 8 27
W	31		2 53 —	2 25 —	6 6 28	6 8 45

Aphorisms are not strictly necessary in an Almanac which has especial relation to the courses of the seasons, and to other matters of temporary interest; but in a book which every body consults, an expressive sentence, accidentally striking the attention, may suggest a virtuous resolve, or divert from a meditated error.—These useful remarks are texts for each man to enlarge upon in his own thoughts.

The virtue of prosperity is temperance; the virtue of adversity is fortitude.—*Lord Bacon.*

AT APPARENT NOON. (Greenwich.)

Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be added to Apparent Time.*	Diff. for 1 hour.
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	18 44 35·51	11·041	S 23 3 47·5	12·34	16 17·3	3 35·22	1·181
2	18 49 0·60	11·026	22 58 51·3	13·48	16 17·3	4 3·57	1·167
3	18 53 25·13	11·010	22 53 27·7	14·62	16 17·3	4 31·57	1·151
4	18 57 49·38	10·994	22 47 36·8	15·76	16 17·3	4 59·19	1·135
5	19 2 13·24	10·976	22 41 18·6	16·89	16 17·3	5 26·42	1·116
6	19 6 36·66	10·957	22 34 33·6	18·00	16 17·3	5 53·20	1·097
7	19 10 59·62	10·938	22 27 21·7	19·10	16 17·3	6 19·51	1·077
8	19 15 22·12	10·916	22 19 43·3	20·20	16 17 2	6 45·40	1·057
9	19 19 44·11	10·895	22 11 38·4	21·29	16 17·2	7 10·77	1·035
10	19 21 5·58	10·872	22 3 7·4	22·37	16 17·1	7 35·61	1·012
11	19 28 26·50	10·848	21 54 10·5	23·44	16 17·1	7 59·91	0·989
12	19 32 46·85	10·824	21 44 48·0	24·50	16 17·0	8 23·64	0·965
13	19 37 6·62	10·798	21 35 0·0	25·55	16 17·0	8 46·79	0·939
14	19 41 25·78	10·772	21 24 46·9	26·58	16 16·9	9 9·33	0·912
15	19 45 44·30	10·745	21 14 9·1	27·60	16 16·8	9 31·23	0·886
16	19 50 2·18	10·716	21 3 6·7	28·61	16 16·7	9 52·49	0·857
17	19 54 19·37	10·688	20 51 40·1	29·60	16 16·7	10 13·07	0·829
18	19 58 35·87	10·658	20 39 49·7	30·58	16 16·6	10 32·97	0·799
19	20 2 51·66	10·627	20 27 35·7	31·55	16 16.5	10 52·14	0·768
20	20 7 6·70	10·596	20 14 58·6	32·50	16 16·4	11 10·57	0·737
21	20 11 20·99	10·565	20 1 58·7	33·44	16 16·3	11 28·26	0·705
22	20 15 34·51	10·531	19 48 36·4	34·37	16 16·2	11 45·18	0·673
23	20 19 47·26	10·498	19 34 52·0	35·25	16 16·1	12 1·33	0·640
24	20 23 59·21	10·464	19 20 46·0	36·14	16 16·0	12 16·68	0·605
25	20 28 10·34	10·430	19 6 18·7	37·01	16 15·9	12 31·21	0·572
26	20 32 20·65	10·395	18 51 30·5	37·86	16 15·8	12 44·93	0·537
27	20 36 30·13	10·361	18 36 21·8	38·70	16 15·6	12 57·82	0·503
28	20 40 38·79	10·326	18 20 52·9	39·52	16 15·5	13 9·88	0·468
29	20 44 46·60	10·291	18 5 4·4	40·33	16 15·4	13 21·11	0·433
30	20 48 53·57	10·256	17 48 56·5	41·12	16 15·3	13 31·50	0·398
31	20 52 59·70	10·221	17 32 29·7	41·90	16 15·1	13 41·05	0·363

			Bills.	
			Receivable.	*Payable.*
M	1			
T	2			
W	3			
Th	4			
F	5			
S	6			
Sun	7			
M	8			
T	9			
W	10			
Th	11			
F	12			
S	13			
Sun	14			
M	15			
T	16			
W	17			
Th	18			
F	19			
S	20			
Sun	21			
M	22			
T	23			
W	24			
Th	25			
F	26			
S	27			
Sun	28			
M	29			
T	30			
W	31			

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.	
Full Moon	4	2	2·1	P.M.
Last Quarter	11	10	41·0	A.M.
New Moon	18	2	5 2	P.M.
First Quarter	26	3	17·0	P.M.

Correct time of setting of the Sun's lower and upper limbs at the 2nd story of the Light House Colombo.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.		Rises.	Sets.	Lower.	Upper.
			H M.	H. M.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
Th	1	——— [Candlemas Day.	3 45 P.M.	3 16 A.M.	6 6 45	6 9 3
F	2	*Purification of the V. Mary.*--	4 39 —	4 8 —	6 7 2	6 9 19
S	3	Blasius. ———	5 32 —	4 58 —	6 7 18	6 9 35
Sun	4	*Septuagesima Sunday.* ———	6 25 —	5 47 —	6 7 34	6 9 50
M	5	Agatha. ———	7 17 —	6 35 —	6 7 49	6 10 5
T	6	———	S 9 —	7 22 —	6 8 3	6 10 19
W	7	———	9 2 —	S 9 —	6 S 16	6 10 32
Th	8	———	9 57 —	S 56 —	6 8 29	6 10 44
F	9	——— [Prince Albert, 1840.	10 53 —	9 45 —	6 S 41	6 10 56
S	10	H. M. Q. Victoria married to	11 51 —	10 47 —	6 8 52	6 11 7
Sun	11	*Sexagesima Sunday.* ———	———	11 31 —	6 9 3	6 11 18
M	12	———	0 50 A.M.	0 18 P.M.	6 9 13	6 11 28
T	13	——— [1815.	1 5S —	1 26 —	6 9 22	6 11 37
W	14	Valentine.—Capture of Kandy,	2 4S —	2 25 —	6 9 31	6 11 45
Th	15	———	3 43 —	3 23 —	6 9 39	6 11 53
F	16	Capitulation of Colombo, 1796.	4 35 —	4 1S —	6 9 46	6 12 0
S	17	———	5 23 —	5 11 —	6 9 53	6 12 7
Sun	18	M. Luther died, 1546, aged 63.	6 8 —	6 0 —	6 9 59	6 12 13
M	19	[*Quinquagesima or Shrove*	6 51 —	6 4S —	6 10 5	6 12 18
T	20	[*Sunday.* ———[*Lent.*	7 32 —	7 34 —	6 10 10	6 12 23
W	21	*Ash Wednesday or 1st day of*	8 13 —	8 20 —	6 10 14	6 12 27
Th	22	———	8 54 —	9 5 —	6 10 18	6 12 30
F	23	——— [bridge born. 1774.	9 36 —	9 51 —	6 10 21	6 12 33
S	24	*St. Matthias.*—Duke of Cam-	10 19 —	10 38 —	6 10 23	6 12 35
Sun	25	*Quadragesima or 1st Sun. in*	11 5 —	11 26 —	6 10 25	6 12 37
M	26	[*Lent.* ———	11 52 —	———	6 10 26	6 12 38
T	27	———	0 42 P.M.	0 16 A.M.	6 10 27	6 12 39
W	28	———	1 33 —	1 6 —	6 10 28	6 12 39
Th	29	———	2 26 —	1 56 —	6 10 27	6 12 39

Let not the blessings we receive daily from God, make us not to value, or not to praise him, because they be common.—*Walton.*

He who spends all he gets, is on the road to beggary.

Spare with both hands, spend only with one.

If you save not when you are single, how can you do so when you are wed?

It is twice as good to save early as to save late.

AT APPARENT NOON. (GREENWICH.)

DAYS OF THE MONTH.	THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	THE SUN'S Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	THE SUN'S Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be added to Apparent Time.*	Diff. for 1 hour.
	h m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	20 57 5·00	10·186	S. 17 15 44·2	42·65	16 15·0	13 49·76	0·329
2	21 1 9 46	10·151	16 58 40·6	43·40	16 14·8	13 57·65	0·294
3	21 5 13·09	10·117	16 41 19·1	44·12	16 14·7	14 4·71	0·260
4	21 9 15·89	10·083	16 23 40·3	44·83	16 14·5	14 10·94	0·226
5	21 13 17 88	10·049	16 5 44·4	45·52	16 14·4	14 16·36	0·192
6	21 17 19 05	10·015	15 47 31·9	46 20	16 14·2	14 20·96	0·159
7	21 21 19·42	9·982	15 29 3 2	46·86	16 14·0	14 24·77	0·125
8	21 25 19 00	9·950	15 10 18·6	47·50	16 13·8	14 27·78	0·093
9	21 29 17·79	9·917	14 51 18·5	48·12	16 13·7	14 30·01	0·060
10	21 33 15·81	9 885	14 32 3 5	48·71	16 13·5	14 31·46	0·029
11	21 37 13·06	9·854	14 12 33·8	49 33	16 13·3	14 32·16	0·003
12	21 41 9·55	9 822	13 52 49·8	49·90	16 13·1	14 32·09	0·031
13	21 45 5·29	9 791	13 32 52·1	50·46	16 12·9	14 31·28	0·065
14	21 49 0 28	9·761	13 12 41·1	51·00	16 12·7	14 29·72	0·095
15	21 52 54·54	9·731	12 52 17 1	51·51	16 12·5	14 27·43	0·125
16	21 56 48·08	9·701	12 31 40·7	52 02	16 12·2	14 24·43	0·155
17	22 0 40 90	9·671	12 10 52·2	52 50	16 12·0	14 20·70	0·183
18	22 4 33 00	9·642	11 49 52·1	52·97	16 11·8	14 16·27	0·214
19	22 8 24·42	9 613	11 28 40·8	53·42	16 11·6	14 11·14	0·242
20	22 12 15 14	9·585	11 7 18 8	53 85	16 11·4	14 5·33	0·270
21	22 16 5·19	9·557	10 45 46·5	54·26	16 11·2	13 58·84	0·298
22	22 19 54 57	9 530	10 24 4·3	54·65	16 11 0	13 51·69	0·325
23	22 23 43·30	9 503	10 2 12 7	55·02	16 10·7	13 43·88	0·352
24	22 27 31·38	9·477	9 40 12·1	55·39	16 10·5	13 35·43	0·377
25	22 31 18 81	9 452	9 18 2.8	55·73	16 10·3	13 26·37	0·403
26	22 35 5·70	9 427	8 55 45·3	56·05	16 10·1	13 16·70	0·428
27	22 38 51·95	9 403	8 33 20·1	56·36	16 9·8	13 6·42	0·452
28	22 42 37·63	9·380	8 10 47 4	56·65	16 9 6	12 55·58	0·475
29	22 46 22·76	9·358	7.48 7·7	56·93	16 9·4	12 44·19	0·497

		Bills.	
		Receivable.	*Payable.*
Th	1		
F	2		
S	3		
Sun	4		
M	5		
T	6		
W	7		
Th	8		
F	9		
S	10		
Sun	11		
M	12		
T	13		
W	14		
Th	15		
F	16		
S	17		
Sun	18		
M	19		
T	20		
W	21		
Th	22		
F	23		
S	24		
Sun	25		
M	26		
T	27		
W	28		
Th	29		

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.	
Full Moon	5	2	21·5	*A. M.*
Last Quarter	11	6	38·9	*P. M.*
New Moon	19	5	36·6	*A. M.*
First Quarter	27	10	20·9	*A. M.*

Correct time of setting of the Sun's lower and upper limbs at the 2nd story of the Light House Colombo.

Days of the Week.	*Days of the Month*		*Rises.*	*Sets.*	*Lower.*	*Upper.*
		[Wales.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
F	1	St. David, Tutelar Saint of	3 18 P.M.	2 46 A.M.	6 10 26	6 12 38
S	2	Chad.—Q. of Hanover b., 1778.	4 11 —	3 35 —	6 10 23	6 12 36
Sun	3	*2nd Sunday in Lent.*	5 4 —	4 24 —	6 10 24	6 12 35
M	4		5 58 —	5 8 —	6 10 22	6 12 32
T	5		6 52 —	6 0 —	6 10 19	6 12 30
W	6		7 47 —	6 48 —	6 10 16	6 12 27
Th	7	Perpetua.	8 45 —	7 38 —	6 10 13	6 12 23
F	8		9 44 —	8 30 —	6 10 9	6 12 19
S	9		10 45 —	9 25 —	6 10 5	6 12 15
Sun	10	*3rd Sunday in Lent.*	11 45 —	10 22 —	6 10 1	6 12 11
M	11		—	11 21 —	6 9 56	6 12 6
T	12	Gregory.	0 44 A.M.	0 21 P.M.	6 9 51	6 12 6
W	13		1 40 —	1 18 —	6 9 46	6 11 56
Th	14		2 31 —	2 13 —	6 9 41	6 11 51
F	15		3 20 —	3 6 —	6 9 36	6 11 45
S	16	[Ireland.—*4th Sun. in Lent.*	4 5 —	3 56 —	6 9 30	6 11 40
Sun	17	St. Patrick, Tutelar Saint of	4 48 —	4 43 —	6 9 24	6 11 33
M	18	Edward.	5 29 —	5 29 —	6 9 17	6 11 27
T	19		6 10 —	6 15 —	6 9 12	6 11 21
W	20		6 51 —	7 0 —	6 9 5	6 11 14
Th	21	Benedict.	7 32 —	7 46 —	6 8 58	6 11 8
F	22		8 15 —	8 33 —	6 8 52	6 11 1
S	23		9 0 —	9 20 —	6 8 45	6 10 54
Sun	24	*5th Sun in Lent.* [Lady Day	9 46 —	10 10 —	6 8 38	6 10 48
M	25	*Annunciation of the V. Mary.*	10 35 —	11 0 —	6 8 31	6 10 41
T	26	Prince George of Cambridge b.,	11 24 —	11 47 —	6 8 24	6 10 34
W	27	[1819.	0 15 P.M.	—	6 8 17	6 10 27
Th	28		1 6 —	0 36 A.M.	6 8 10	6 10 20
F	29		1 59 —	1 25 —	6 8 3	6 10 13
S	30		2 50 —	2 13 —	6 7 58	6 10 6
Sun	31	*Palm Sunday.*	3 42 —	3 0 —	6 7 49	6 9 59

We observe a contrariety in some maxims to one another.—Pope, the poet, has a line—"A little learning is a dangerous thing";—which is often repeated, as a maxim, by those who have but a very little themselves. We have also this other maxim,—"half a loaf is better than no bread," and this is certainly true of bread. Is it not likely to be true of knowledge also? Try it in a few practical cases. A little knowledge of navigation is better to the sailor than no knowledge. A little knowledge of soils, and seasons, and cropping, and stock, is better for the farmer

AT APPARENT NOON. (Greenwich.)

Days of the Month	THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be added to Apparent Time.*	Diff. for 1 hour.
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	22 50 7·36	9·337	S. 7 25 21·3	57·20	16 9·1	12 32·26	0·518
2	22 53 51·41	9·316	7 2 28·6	57·42	16 8·9	12 19 S3	0·539
3	22 57 35·02	9·296	6 39 30·0	57·67	16 8·6	12 6·89	0·559
4	23 1 18·13	9·278	6 16 25 9	57·89	16 8·4	11 53·48	0·577
5	23 5 0·80	9·260	5 53 16 6	58·09	16 8.1	11 39·61	0·595
6	23 8 43·04	9·241	5 30 2·5	58·28	16 7 9	11 25·36	0·611
7	23 12 24·89	9·223	5 6 43·8	58·45	16 7 6	11 10·70	0 627
8	23 16 6·35	9·213	4 43 21·1	58 60	16 7 3	10 55·65	0·642
9	23 19 47·45	9·199	4 19 54·7	58·74	16 7·1	10 40·25	0 656
10	23 23 28·23	9·186	3 56 21 9	58·87	16 6·8	10 24·51	0·668
11	23 27 8·69	9·171	3 32 52·1	58·97	16 6·5	10 8·47	0·681
12	23 30 48 87	9·163	3 9 16 8	59 07	16 6·3	9 52·13	0·692
13	23 34 28·77	9·152	2 45 39·1	59·14	16 6·0	9 35·52	0·702
14	23 38 8 42	9·142	2 21 59 7	59 20	16 5·7	9 18·67	0·712
15	23 41 47·83	9·134	1 58 18·8	59·25	16 5·4	9 1·58	0·721
16	23 45 27 04	9 125	1 34 36 8	59·28	16 5·2	8 41 28	0·730
17	23 49 6.01	9·117	1 10 54·2	59 29	16 4·9	8 26·77	0·737
18	23 52 41·86	9·111	0 47 11·3	59 28	16 4 6	8 9 09	0·743
19	23 56 23·53	9·105	S. 0 23 28·5	59·26	16 4·3	7 51·26	0·750
20	0 0 2·05	9·100	N. 0 0 13 8	59 23	16 4·1	7 33·27	0·755
21	0 3 40·41	9 095	0 23 55·3	59·18	16 3 8	7 15·16	0·759
22	0 7 18·72	9·091	0 47 35 5	59 11	16 3 5	6 56·94	0·761
23	0 10 56·93	9 088	1 11 14·1	59 02	16 3·2	6 38·61	0·767
24	0 14 35·00	9·085	1 34 50·6	58·93	16 3·0	6 20·21	0·769
25	0 18 13·05	9 084	1 58 24·8	58 82	16 2.7	6 1·76	0·770
26	0 21 51·06	9·082	2 21 56·4	58·68	16 2·4	5 43·27	0·772
27	0 25 29·04	9·082	2 45 21·8	58·51	16 2·2	5 24·74	0·772
28	0 29 7·02	9·084	3 8 49·7	58·39	16 1·9	5 6·22	0·770
29	0 32 45·03	9·085	3 32 11·1	58·22	16 1 6	4 47·73	0·709
30	0 36 23·07	9·088	3 55 28·3	58 03	16 1·3	4 29·27	0·767
31	0 40 1·17	9·092	4 18 41·1	57·84	16 1·1	4·10 87	0.763

		Bills.	
		Receivable.	*Payable.*
F	1		
S	2		
Sun	3		
M	4		
T	5		
W	6		
Th	7		
F	8		
S	9		
Sun	10		
M	11		
T	12		
W	13		
Th	14		
F	15		
S	16		
Sun	17		
M	18		
T	19		
W	20		
Th	21		
F	22		
S	23		
Sun	24		
M	25		
T	26		
W	27		
Th	28		
F	29		
S	30		
Sun	31		

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.
Full Moon	3	0	16·9 P.M.
Last Quarter	10	3	28·1 A.M.
New Moon	17	9	51·7 P.M.
First Quarter	26	1	36·2 A.M.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.		Rises.	Sets.	Correct time of setting of the Sun's lower and upper limbs at the 2nd story of the Light House Colombo. Lower.	Upper.
			H. M.	H. M.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
M	1		4 36 P.M.	3 43 A.M.	6 7 42	6 9 52
T	2		5 31 —	4 35 —	6 7 35	6 9 45
W	3	Richard.	6 27 —	5 25 —	6 7 29	6 9 38
Th	4	St. Ambrose.	7 29 —	6 17 —	6 7 22	6 9 32
F	5	*Good Friday.*	8 31 —	7 12 —	6 7 16	6 9 25
S	6		9 32 —	8 11 —	6 7 9	6 9 19
SUN	7	*Easter Day.*	10 36 —	9 11 —	6 7 3	6 9 13
M	8		11 31 —	10 13 —	6 6 57	6 9 7
T	9		— — —	11 12 —	6 6 52	6 9 2
W	10		0 28 A.M.	0 9 P.M.	6 6 46	6 8 56
Th	11		1 18 —	1 3 —	6 6 41	6 8 51
F	12	[1829.	2 4 —	1 53 —	6 6 36	6 8 46
S	13	Roman Catholic Bill signed,	2 47 —	2 41 —	6 6 32	6 8 42
SUN	14	*1st Sun. after Easter or Low*	3 28 —	3 27 —	6 6 27	6 8 38
M	15	[*Sunday.*	4 9 —	4 12 —	6 6 23	6 8 34
T	16		4 49 —	4 57 —	6 6 20	6 8 30
W	17		5 33 —	5 46 —	6 6 16	6 8 27
Th	18		6 12 —	6 9 —	6 6 13	6 8 24
F	19	Alphege.	6 57 —	7 16 —	6 6 10	6 8 21
S	20		7 12 —	8 4 —	6 6 8	6 8 19
SUN	21	*2nd Sunday after Easter.*	8 30 —	8 53 —	6 6 6	6 8 17
M	22	[England.	9 19 —	9 42 —	6 6 4	6 8 16
T	23	St. George; Tutelar Saint of	10 9 —	10 31 —	6 6 3	6 8 14
W	24		10 59 —	11 18 —	6 6 2	6 8 14
Th.	25	*St. Mark.*—Duchess of Glou-	11 49 —	— — —	6 6 1	6 8 13
F	26	[cester born, 1776.—Prin-	0 39 P.M.	0 5 A.M.	6 6 1	6 8 13
S	27	[cess Alice born, 1843 —	1 30 —	0 51 —	6 6 1	6 8 14
SUN	28	*3rd Sunday after Easter.*	2 20 —	1 37 —	6 6 2	6 8 14
M	29		3 14 —	2 23 —	6 6 3	6 8 16
T.	30		4 10 —	3 11 —	6 6 4	6 8 17

farmer. than no knowledge. A little knowledge of tailoring is better to the tailor than no knowledge. A little knowledge of anatomy is better to the surgeon than no knowledge. The truth is, that *much* knowledge is the *best* thing; a *little* knowledge the *next best*; *no* knowledge the *worst of all.* The line of the poet is good in the sound, bad in the sense.

The laboring man, in the present age, if he does but read, has more helps to wisdom than Solomon had.

A grain of prudence is worth a pound of craft.

AT APPARENT NOON. (GREENWICH.)

Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be added to* / *subt. from Apparent Time.*	Diff. for 1 hour
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	0 43 39·37	9·096	N. 4 41 49·2	57·63	16 0·8	3 52·57	0·75
2	0 47 17·68	9·101	5 4 52·8	57·40	16 0·5	3 34·37	0·75
3	0 50 56·11	9·108	5 27 50·0	57·17	16 0·3	3 16·31	0·74
4	0 54 34·70	9·115	5 50 42·0	56·91	16 0·0	2 58·39	0·73
5	0 58 13·46	9·124	6 13 27·9	56·65	15 59·7	2 40·65	0·73
6	1 1 52·43	9·133	6 36 7·6	56·38	15 59·4	2 23·11	0·72
7	1 5 31·61	9·143	6 58 40·6	56·08	15 59·1	2 5·79	0·71
8	1 9 11·05	9·153	7 21 6·5	55·78	15 58·8	1 48·71	0·70
9	1 12 50·73	9·165	7 43 25·2	55·45	15 58·6	1 31·89	0·689
10	1 16 30·70	9·177	8 5 36·1	55·12	15 58·3	1 15·35	0·677
11	1 20 10·96	9·191	8 27 39·0	54·78	15 58·0	0 59·11	0·664
12	1 23 51·54	9·205	8 49 33·6	54·41	15 57·7	0 43·18	0·650
13	1 27 32·45	9·219	9 11 19·4	54·03	15 57·5	0 27·57	0·635
14	1 31 13·71	9·233	9 32 56·2	53·61	15 57·2	0 12·32	0·621
15	1 34 55·31	9·249	9 54 23·6	53·23	15 56·9	0 2·59	0·606
16	1 38 37·29	9·265	10 15 41·2	52·81	15 56·7	0 17·13	0·590
17	1 42 19·64	9·281	10 36 48·6	52·37	15 56·4	0 31·29	0·574
18	1 46 2·39	9·298	10 57 45·5	51·92	15 56·1	0 45·06	0·557
19	1 49 45·54	9·315	11 18 31·6	51·46	15 55·8	0 58·43	0·540
20	1 53 29·10	9·332	11 39 6·6	50·97	15 55·6	1 11·39	0·523
21	1 57 13·07	9·350	11 59 29·9	50·48	15 55·3	1 23·93	0·505
22	2 0 57·47	9·369	12 19 41·4	49·98	15 55·1	1 36·05	0·486
23	2 4 42·32	9·387	12 39 40·8	49·45	15 54·8	1 47·72	0·468
24	2 8 27·62	9·406	12 59 27·6	48·91	15 54·6	1 58·95	0·449
25	2 12 13·36	9·426	13 19 1·5	48·37	15 54·3	2 9·73	0·429
26	2 15 59·59	9·446	13 38 22·3	47·81	15 54·1	2 20·03	0·409
27	2 19 46·29	9·467	13 57 29·7	47·23	15 53·9	2 29·85	0·389
28	2 23 33·49	9·487	14 16 23·2	46·64	15 53·6	2 39·19	0·368
29	2 27 21·19	9·509	14 35 2·6	46·05	15 53·4	2 48·02	0·347
30	2 31 9·40	9·530	14 53 27·7	45·43	15 53·2	2 56·34	0·325

		Bills.	
		Receivable.	*Payable.*
M	1		
T	2		
W	3		
Th	4		
F	5		
S	6		
Sun	7		
M	8		
T	9		
W	10		
Th	11		
F	12		
S	13		
Sun	14		
M	15		
T	16		
W	17		
Th	18		
F	19		
S	20		
Sun	21		
M	22		
T	23		
W	24		
Th	25		
F	26		
S	27		
Sun	28		
M	29		
T	30		

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.
Full Moon	2	8	35·4 P. M
Last Quarter	9	1	41·9 P. M.
New Moon	17	2	12·7 P.M.
First Quarter	25	0	49 3 P.M.

Correct time setting of Sun's lower a upper limbs the 2nd story the Light Ho Colombo.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.		Rises.	Sets.	Lower.	Upp
			H.M.	H.M.	H. M. S.	H. M
W	1	*St. Philip and St. James.*	5 8P.M.	4 1A.M.	6 6 0	6 8
Th	2		6 11 —	4 54 —	6 6 9	6 8
F	3	Invention of the Cross.	7 15 —	5 52 —	6 6 17	6 8
S	4		8 20 —	6 53 —	6 6 15	6 8
Sun	5	Napoleon died, at St. Helena.	9 22 —	7 56 —	6 6 18	6 8
M	6	[1821.—*4th Sun. after Eas-*	10 20 —	8 59 —	6 6 22	6 8
T	7	[*ter.*	11 12 —	10 0 —	6 6 27	6 8
W	8		—	10 56 —	6 6 32	6 8
Th	9		0 1A.M.	11 39 —	6 6 37	6 8
F	10		0 46 —	0 38P.M.	6 6 43	6 8
S	11	[*after Easter.*	1 28 —	1 25 —	6 6 50	6 9
Sun	12	*Rogation Sun. or 5th Sunday*	1 59 —	2 11 —	6 6 57	6 9
M	13		2 50 —	2 55 —	6 7 4	6 9
T	14		3 29 —	3 40 —	6 7 12	6 9
W	15	[*day.*	4 11 —	4 26 —	6 7 20	6 9
Th	16	*Ascension Day or Holy Thurs-*	4 54 —	5 13 —	6 7 29	6 9
F	17		5 40 —	6 1 —	6 7 38	6 9
S	18		6 27 —	6 50 —	6 7 47	6 10
Sun	19	Dunstan.—*Sun. after Ascen-*	7 16 —	7 39 —	6 7 57	6 10 1
M	20	[*sion.*	8 5 —	8 28 —	6 8 7	6 10 2
T	21		8 55 —	9 15 —	6 8 17	6 10 3
W	22		9 45 —	10 2 —	6 8 28	6 10 4
Th	23	[1819.	10 34 —	10 47 —	6 8 39	6 10 5
F	24	H. M. Queen Victoria born,	11 20 —	11 32 —	6 8 51	6 11 7
S	25	[*Sunday.*	0 12P.M.	—	6 9 3	6 11 15
Sun	26	Augustin.—*Pentecost or Whit*	1 3 —	0 16A.M.	6 9 15	6 11 32
M	27	Ven. Bede.—Calvin died, 1564.	1 54 —	1 2 —	6 9 27	6 11 44
T	28	[—Pr. Geo. of Han. b., 1819.	2 51 —	1 49 —	6 9 40	6 11 57
W	29	Restoration of King Charles	3 50 —	2 39 —	6 9 53	6 12 10
Th	30	[II.—Princess Sophia Ma-	4 53 —	3 34 —	6 10 6	6 12 23
F	31	[tilda born, 1773.	5 57 —	4 32 —	6 10 19	6 12 36

Hear much and speak little, for the tongue is the instrument of the greatest good and the greatest evil that is done in the world.—*Sir W. Raleigh.*

Corrupt company is more infectious than corrupt air.—*Lord Burleigh.*

He that knoweth *useful* things, not he that knoweth *many* things, is the wise man.

The most common things are the most useful; which shews both the wisdom and goodness of the great Lord of the family of the world.

DAYS OF THE MONTH.	AT APPARENT NOON. (GREENWICH.) THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be subtracted from Apparent Time.*	Diff. for 1 hour.
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	2 34 58·13	9·552	N.15 11 38·0	44·81	15 52·9	3 4·14	0.303
2	2 38 47·41	9·576	16 29 33·4	44·17	15 52·7	3 11·40	0 280
3	2 42 37·23	9·599	15 47 13·1	43·52	15 52·5	3 18·11	0 257
4	2 46 27·61	9 623	16 4 37·9	42·86	15 52 2	3 24·27	0 233
5	2 50 18·56	9·647	16 21 46·5	42·18	15 52·0	3 29·86	0 209
6	2 54 10 08	9·672	16 38 38·9	41·50	15 51·8	3 34·88	0·185
7	2 58 2·20	9·696	16 55 14 8	40·80	15 51·6	3 39·31	0 160
8	3 1 54·90	9·720	17 11 33·9	40·08	15 51·3	3 43·15	0 136
9	3 5 48·18	9·745	17 27 35·9	39·36	15 51·1	3 46·41	0 112
10	3 9 42·07	9 770	17 43 20·5	88 62	15 50·9	3 49·07	0 ·088
11	3 13 36·55	9·795	17 58 47·4	87 87	15 50·7	3 51·14	0 ·061
12	3 17 31·63	9 820	18 13 56·3	37·11	15 50 5	3 52 61	0 ·037
13	3 21 27·30	9·845	18 28 46·9	36·33	15 50·3	3 53·50	0 ·012
14	3 25 23 57	9·869	18 43 18 9	35·55	15 50·1	3 53·79	0 ·013
15	3 29 20·42	9·893	18 57 32·0	34 75	15 49·9	3 53·49	0 ·037
16	3 33 17·85	9·917	19 11 25·9	33 93	15 49·7	3 52·61	0 ·060
17	3 37 15·85	9 940	19 25 0·8	33 11	15 49·5	3 51·18	0 083
18	3 41 14 41	9·963	19 38 15·0	32·28	15 49·3	3 19·18	0 107
19	3 45 13·53	9·985	19 51 9·7	31 43	15 49·1	3 46·62	0 ·128
20	3 49 13·18	10·008	20 3 41·1	30·58	15 48·9	3 13·54	0 151
21	3 53 13·36	10·030	20 15 53 0	29 71	15 48 8	3 39·92	0 ·173
22	3 57 14·07	10·050	20 27 51·1	28 84	15 48 6	3 35 78	0 ·193
23	4 1 15 28	10·070	20 39 23·2	27·95	15 48·4	3 31 14	0 ·214
24	4 5 17·00	10·091	20 50 34·0	27·05	15 48·3	3 26 00	0 ·235
25	4 9 19·19	10·112	21 1 23.3	26·15	15 48·1	3 20·37	0 ·254
26	4 13 21·87	10·131	21 11 50·9	25·24	15 48 0	3 14 27	0 ·274
27	4 17 25·01	10·150	21 21 53·6	24·32	15 47·8	3 7·70	0 ·292
28	4 21 28·61	10·168	21 31 40·2	23·38	15 47 7	3 0·68	0 311
29	4 25 32·65	10·186	21 41 1·4	22·45	15 47·5	2 53·22	0 ·329
30	4 29 37·12	10 204	21 50 0·2	21·50	15 47·4	2 45·33	0 ·347
31	4 33 42·02	10·221	21 58 36·3	20·55	15 47·3	2 37·01	0 ·364

		Bills.	
		Receivable.	*Payable*
W	1		
Th	2		
F	3		
S	4		
Sun	5		
M	6		
T	7		
W	8		
Th	9		
F	10		
S	11		
Sun	12		
M	13		
T	14		
W	15		
Th	16		
F	17		
S	18		
Sun	19		
M	20		
T	21		
W	22		
Th	23		
F	24		
S	25		
Sun	26		
M	27		
T	28		
W	29		
Th	30		
F	31		

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.
Full Moon	1	4	6·4 A. M.
Last Quarter	8	1	48·5 A. M.
New Moon	16	5	45·3 A. M.
First Quarter	23	8	43·6 P.M.
Full Moon	30	11	35·9 A. M.

Correct time of setting of the Sun's lower and upper limbs at the 2nd story of the Light House Colombo.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.		Rises.	Sets.	Lower.	Upper
			H. M.	H. M.	H. M. S.	H M. S.
S	1	Nicomede.	7 1 P.M.	5 35 A.M.	6 10 33	6 12 50
Sun	2	*Trinity Sunday.*	8 4 —	6 39 —	6 10 46	6 13 4
M	3		9 1 —	7 42 —	6 11 0	6 13 18
T	4	[born, 1771.	9 53 —	8 43 —	6 11 14	6 13 32
W	5	Boniface.—King of Hanover	10 41 —	9 39 —	6 11 28	6 13 46
Th	6	*Corpus Christi.*	11 25 —	10 32 —	6 11 42	6 14 0
F	7		—	11 21 —	6 11 57	6 14 15
S	8		0 7 A.M.	0 7 P.M.	6 12 11	6 14 29
Sun	9	*1st Sunday after Trinity.*—	0 48.—	0 53 —	6 12 26	6 14 44
M	10		1·28 —	1 32 —	6 12 41	6 14 59
T	11	*St. Barnabas.*	2 10 —	2 24 —	6 12 55	6 15 13
W	12		2 52 —	3 10 —	6 13 10	6 15 28
Th	13		3 37 —	3 58 —	6 13 24	6 15 42
F	14		4 24 —	4 46 —	6 13 39	6 15 57
S	15		5 12 —	5 35 —	6 13 53	6 16 11
Sun	16	*2nd Sunday after Trinity.*—	6 2 —	6 24 —	6 14 7	6 16 25
M	17	St. Alban.	6 52 —	7 13 —	6 14 21	6 16 39
T	18	Battle of Waterloo, 18 5.—	7 42 —	S 0 —	6 14 35	6 16 53
W	19	Magna Charta signed, 1215—	8 32 —	8 46 —	6 14 48	6 17 7
Th	20	H.M.Q.Victoria, Access., 1837.	9 20 —	9 31 —	6 15 2	6 17 20
F	21	H. M. Q. Victoria, Proclama-	10 9 —	10 15 —	6 15 15	6 17 33
S	22	[tion, 1837.	10 58 —	10 59 —	6 15 28	6 17 46
Sun	23	*3rd Sunday after Trinity.*—	11 49 —	11 44 —	6 15 40	6 17 59
M	24	*St. John the Baptist.*—Mid-	0 41 P.M.	—	6 15 52	6.18 11
T	25	[summer Day.	1 37 —	0 31 A.M.	6 16 4	6 18 22
W	26		2 36 —	1 22 —	6 16 15	6 18 34
Th	27	[nation, 1838.	3 38 —	2 17 —	6 16 26	6 18 45
F	28	H. M. Queen Victoria, Coro-	4 41 —	3 16 —	6 16 37	6 18 55
S	29	*St. Peter.*	5 44 —	4 18 —	6 16 47	6 19 5
Sun	30	*4th Sunday after Trinity.*—	6 44 —	5 21 —	6 16 58	6 19 15

Order in affairs is one of the things on which a man's success in life especially depends; the rules of order are mostly summed up in these two precepts:—

1. A place for every thing, and every thing in its place.
2. A time for every thing, and every thing in its time.

He that will have the kernel, must crack the shell.

Poverty wants *some*, luxury *many*, avarice *all*, things.—*Cowley.*

AT APPARENT NOON. (GREENWICH.)

Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	THE SUN'S Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be subt. from* / *added to Apparent Time.*	D
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	4 37 47 ·38	10 ·238	N.22 6 49 ·4	19 ·59	15 47 ·1	2 28 ·27	0
2	4 41 53 ·03	10 ·255	22 11 39 ·5	18 ·62	15 47 0	2 19 ·15	0
3	4 45 59 ·14	10 ·270	22 22 6 ·4	17 ·65	15 46 ·9	2 9 64	0
4	4 50 5 ·61	10 285	22 29 9 ·9	16 ·66	15 46 ·7	1 59 ·75	0
5	4 54 12 ·41	10 299	22 35 49 8	15 ·68	15 46 6	1 49 ·51	0
6	4 58 19 ·62	10 ·313	22 42 6 0	14 ·69	15 46 ·5	1 38 ·91	0
7	5 2 27 ·12	10 ·325	22 47 58 ·4	13 ·69	15 46 ·4	1 28 ·00	0
8	5 6 34 ·93	10 ·337	22 53 26 9	12 ·68	15 46 ·3	1 16 77	0
9	5 10 43 ·03	10 ·349	22 58 31 ·2	11 ·67	15 46 2	1 5 26	0
10	5 14 51 ·40	10 359	23 3 11 ·3	10 ·65	15 46 1	0 53 ·48	0
11	5 19 0 ·02	10 ·368	23 7 27 ·0	9 ·61	15 46 ·0	0 41 ·45	0
12	5 23 8 ·85	10 ·376	23 11 18 ·4	8 62	15 45 9	0 29 ·21	0
13	5 27 17 ·88	10 ·383	23 14 45 2	7 ·59	15 45 8	0 16 ·78	0
14	5 31 27 ·08	10 ·389	23 17 47 ·4	6 ·57	15 45 ·7	0 4 ·17	0
15	5 35 36 ·42	10 ·393	23 20 25 ·0	5 ·54	15 45 ·6	0 8 ·58	0
16	5 39 45 ·86	10 ·398	23 22 37 ·9	4 ·51	15 45 6	0 21 ·43	0
17	5 43 55 ·41	10 ·400	23 24 26 ·1	3 17	15 45 ·5	0 34 ·38	0
18	5 48 5 ·00	10 ·401	23 25 49 ·4	2 ·44	15 45 ·4	0 47 ·38	0
19	5 52 14 ·68	10 ·401	23 26 48 ·0	1 ·41	15 45 ·4	1 0 ·42	0
20	5 56 24 ·26	10 400	23 27 21 ·8	0 ·38	15 45 ·3	1 13 ·46	0
21	6 0 33 ·87	10 398	23 27 30 8	0 ·65	15 45 ·3	1 26 ·47	0
22	6 4 43 ·42	10 395	23 27 15 ·1	1 ·69	15 45 ·2	1 39 ·43	0
23	6 8 52 ·91	10 391	23 26 34 ·5	2 ·72	15 45 ·2	1 52 ·33	0
24	6 13 2 ·30	10 ·386	23 25 29 3	3 ·75	15 45 ·2	2 5 13	0
25	6 17 11 ·57	10 ·380	23 23 59 ·3	4 ·78	15 45 ·1	2 17 ·80	0
26	6 21 20 ·69	10 ·374	23 22 4 ·7	5 ·80	15 45 ·1	2 30 ·33	0
27	6 25 29 ·66	10 ·366	23 19 45 ·5	6 ·83	15 45 ·1	2 42 ·71	0
28	6 29 38 ·44	10 358	23 17 1 ·7	7 ·85	15 45 ·1	2 54 ·90	0
29	6 33 47 ·02	10 349	23 13 53 ·4	8 86	15 45 ·1	3 6 ·89	0
30	6 37 55 ·39	10 ·339	23 10 20 ·8	9 ·88	15 45 ·1	3 18 ·67	0

		Bills.	
		Receivable.	*Payable.*
S	1		
Sun	2		
M	3		
T	4		
W	5		
Th	6		
F	7		
S	8		
Sun	9		
M	10		
T	11		
W	12		
Th	13		
F	14		
S	15		
Sun	16		
M	17		
T	18		
W	19		
Th	20		
F	21		
S	22		
Sun	23		
M	24		
T	25		
W	26		
Th	27		
F	28		
S	29		
Sun	30		

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.
Last Quarter——	7	4	9·2 P. M.
New Moon———	15	7	42·5 P.M.
First Quarter——	23	2	21·9 A.M.
Full Moon———	27	7	52·6 P. M.

Correct time setting of Sun's lower upper limb the 2nd stor the Light H Colombo.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.		Rises.	Sets.	Lower.	Up
			H. M.	H. M.	H. M. S.	H. M
M	1		7 40 P.M.	6 24 A.M.	6 17 0	6 19
T	2	Visitation of the V. Mary.——	8 31 —	7 23 —	6 17 15	6 19
W	3	——— [dependence, 1776.	9 17 —	8 19 —	6 17 23	6 19
Th	4	United States declare their In-	10 1 —	9 11 —	6 17 30	6 19
F	5		10 44 —	10 0 —	6 17 38	6 19
S	6		11 24 —	10 47 —	6 17 44	6 19
Sun	7	*5th Sunday after Trinity.*—	———	11 33 —	6 17 50	6 19
M	8		0 7 A.M.	0 19 P.M.	6 17 56	6 20
T	9		0 49 —	1 6 —	6 18 1	6 20
W	10		1 30 —	1 53 —	6 18 5	6 20
Th	11		2 19 —	2 41 —	6 18 8	6 20
F	12		3 7 —	3 30 —	6 18 11	6 20
S	13		3 57 —	4 20 —	6 18 14	6 20
Sun	14	*6th Sunday after Trinity.*—	4 47 —	5 9 —	6 18 15	6 20
M	15	Swithun.—	5 38 —	5 57 —	6 18 16	6 20
T	16		6 28 —	6 44 —	6 18 17	6 20
W	17		7 18 —	7 30 —	6 18 16	6 20
Th	18	——— bridge b., 1822.	S 7 —	8 14 —	6 18 15	6 20
F	19	Princess Augusta of Cam-	8 56 —	8 58 —	6 18 13	6 20
S	20	Margaret.—	9 46 —	9 43 —	6 18 11	6 20
Sun	21	*7th Sunday after Trinity.*—	10 37 —	10 29 —	6 18 7	6 20
M	22	St. Mary Magdalene. ——	11 31 —	11 18 —	6 18 3	6 20
T	23		0 27 P.M.	———	6 17 58	6 20
W	24	——— bridge b., 1797.	1 26 —	0 10 A.M.	6 17 52	6 20
Th	25	*St James.*—Duchess of Cam-	2 27 —	1 5 —	6 17 46	6 20
F	26	St. Anne.—	3 29 —	2 4 —	6 17 37	6 19
S	27		4 21 —	3 6 —	6 17 31	6 19
Sun	28	*8th Sunday after Trinity.*—	5 20 —	3 59 —	6 17 22	6 19
M	29		6 18 —	5 7 —	6 17 12	6 19
T	30		7 7 —	6 4 —	6 17 2	6 19
W	31		7 53 —	6 58 —	6 16 51	6 19

The great mass of mankind are destined inevitably to live by labor; some undoubtedly exempted from the necessity of working; they are few in comparis the number who must submit to live by industry;—but the wealth of the rich has from labor;—capital, money and property, are no more than savings made fro produce of labor, beyond the portion which was required for the preservation o individuals who have worked to raise it. Upon these grounds, the rich are as entitled to their large possessions as the cottager to his cottage.

AT APPARENT NOON. (GREENWICH.)

Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be added to Apparent Time.*	Diff. for 1 hour.
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	6 42 3·52	10·329	N.23 6 23·8	10·89	15 45 1	3 30·21	0·170
2	6 46 11·39	10·317	23 2 2·5	11·89	15 45 1	3 41·49	0·459
3	6 50 18·99	10·305	22 57 17·2	12·89	15 45·1	3 52·51	0·447
4	6 54 26·30	10·292	22 52 7·8	13·89	15 45·1	4 3·23	0·434
5	6 58 33·31	10·279	22 46 34·5	14·88	15 45·1	4 13·65	0·421
6	7 2 40·00	10·265	22 40 37·4	15·87	15 45·1	4 23·76	0·407
7	7 6 46·35	10·250	22 34 16·6	16·85	15 45·1	4 33·52	0 392
8	7 10 52·34	10·234	22 27 32·3	17·82	15 45.1	4 42·92	0 377
9	7 14 57·95	10·218	22 20 21·7	18·78	15 45·1	4 51·96	0 360
10	7 19 3·18	10·200	22 12 53·9	19·74	15 45.2	5 0·60	0·343
11	7 23 7·99	10·182	22 5 0·1	20·69	15 45 2	5 8·83	0·325
12	7 27 12·37	10·163	21 56 43·6	21·63	15 45·2	5 16·63	0 306
13	7 31 16·29	10·144	21 48 4 4	22·57	15 45·3	5 23·97	0 287
14	7 35 19·74	10·123	21 39 2·7	23·49	15 45·3	5 30·85	0·266
15	7 39 22·70	10·103	21 29 38 9	21·40	15 45·4	5 37·24	0·246
16	7 43 25·17	10·081	21 19 53·2	25·31	15 45·4	5 43·14	0·224
17	7 47 27·12	10·058	21 9 45·8	26 21	15 45·5	5 48 51	0·202
18	7 51 28·52	10·036	20 59 16·8	27·09	15 45 6	5 53 35	0·178
19	7 55 29·38	10·012	20 48 26·6	27·95	15 45·7	5 57·63	0·155
20	7 59 29·67	9·988	20 37 15·5	28. 83	15 45 7	6 1 30	0·131
21	8 3 29·39	9·964	20 25 43·6	29 68	15 45 8	6 4·51	0·107
22	8 7 28·52	9·939	20 13 51 2	30·53	15 45 9	6 7 08	0 082
23	8 11 27·05	9·914	20 1 38·6	31·36	15 46·0	6 9 05	0·057
24	8 15 24·99	9·889	19 49 5 9	32 18	15 46·1	6 10·13	0.032
25	8 19 22·32	9 861	19 36 13 5	32·99	15 46 2	6 11 20	0·007
26	8 23 19·05	9·838	19 23 1·7	33 79	15 46·4	6 11·37	0·018
27	8 27 15·16	9·813	19 9 30·7	34 58	15 46·5	6 10·93	0·043
28	8 31 10·67	9·788	18 55 40·7	35 36	15 46·6	6 9 89	0·069
29	8 35 5·57	9·763	18 41 32·0	36 11	15 45 7	6 8 21	0·094
30	8 38 59·87	9·738	18 27 4·7	36 89	15 46·8	6 5·99	0·119
31	8 42 53·57	9·713	18 12 19·4	37·64	15 47·0	6 3·14	0 144

		Bills.	
		Receivable.	*Payable.*
M	1		
T	2		
W	3		
Th	4		
F	5		
S	6		
Sun	7		
M	8		
T	9		
W	10		
Th	11		
F	12		
S	13		
Sun	14		
M	15		
T	16		
W	17		
Th	18		
F	19		
S	20		
Sun	21		
M	22		
T	23		
W	24		
Th	25		
F	26		
S	27		
Sun	28		
M	29		
T	30		
W	31		

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.	
Last Quarter——	6	8	45	6 *A.M.*
New Moon———	14	7	58	8 *A.M.*
First Quarter——	21	7	34	8 *A.M.*
Full Moon———	28	5	52	8 *A.M.*

Correct time of setting of the Sun's lower and upper limbs at the 2nd story of the Light House Colombo.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.		Rises.	Sets.	Lower.	Upper.
			H. M.	H. M.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
Th	1	Lammas Day.	8 37 P.M.	7 50 A.M.	6 16 39	6 18 53
F	2		9 20 —	8 38 —	6 16 27	6 18 40
S	3		10 1 —	9 26 —	6 16 14	6 18 27
Sun	4	*9th Sunday after Trinity.*	10 45 —	10 12 —	6 16 0	6 18 13
M	5		11 28 —	10 59 —	6 15 45	6 17 58
T	6	Transfiguration.	——	11 46 —	6 15 30	6 17 43
W	7	Name of Jesus.	0 14 A.M.	0 35 P.M.	6 15 14	6 17 27
Th	8		1 1 —	1 23 —	6 14 57	6 17 10
F	9		1 49 —	2 12 —	6 14 40	6 16 52
S	10	St. Lawrence.	2 39 —	3 1 —	6 14 22	6 16 34
Sun	11	*10th Sunday after Trinity.*	3 30 —	3 59 —	6 14 3	6 16 15
M	12	[1792.	4 21 —	4 39 —	6 13 44	6 15 56
T	13	Adelaide Queen Dowager b.,	5 21 —	5 25 —	6 13 24	6 15 36
W	14		6 1 —	6 10 —	6 13 3	6 15 15
Th	15		6 52 —	6 56 —	6 12 42	6 14 53
F	16		7 42 —	7 41 —	6 12 20	6 14 31
S	17	Duchess of Kent born, 1786.	8 34 —	8 27 —	6 11 58	6 14 9
Sun	18	*11th Sunday after Trinity.*	9 27 —	9 16 —	6 11 35	6 13 46
M	19		10 23 —	10 7 —	6 11 11	6 13 22
T	20		11 21 —	11 1 —	6 10 47	6 12 58
W	21		0 20 P.M.	11 58 —	6 10 22	6 12 33
Th	22		1 20 —	——	6 9 57	6 12 7
F	23		2 19 —	0 57 A.M.	6 9 31	6 11 41
S	24	*St. Bartholomew.*	3 16 —	1 57 —	6 9 5	6 11 15
Sun	25	*12th Sunday after Trinity.*	4 9 —	2 56 —	6 8 38	6 10 48
M	26	Prince Albert born, 1819.	4 59 —	3 53 —	6 8 11	6 10 20
T	27		5 45 —	4 47 —	6 7 43	6 9 53
W	28	St. Augustin.	6 30 —	5 39 —	6 7 15	6 9 24
Th	29	St. John the Baptist beheaded.	7 13 —	6 29 —	6 6 46	6 8 56
F	30		7 56 —	7 17 —	6 6 17	6 8 27
S	31		8 39 —	8 4 —	6 5 48	6 7 57

Concealment is a species of lie, and always betokens cowardice at the heart. All false appearances are lies; all shuffling and prevarications are lies.

One of the greatest objects of education is, that children, as is expressed in the church catechism, should learn and labor truly to get their own living, and to do their duty in that state of life unto which it shall please GOD to call them.

AT APPARENT NOON. (Greenwich.)

Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be added to Apparent Time.*
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.
1	8 46 46·67	9·688	N.17 57 16·0	38·87	15 47·1	5 59·69
2	8 50 39·17	9·663	17 41 55·1	39·10	15 47·2	6 55·65
3	8 54 31·08	9·639	17 26 16·8	39·81	15 47·3	5 51·02
4	8 58 22·41	9·615	17 10 21·4	40·51	15 47·5	5 45·80
5	9 2 13·15	9·590	16 54 9·1	41·20	15 47·6	5 40·00
6	9 6 3·32	9·566	16 37 40·4	41·87	15 47·7	5 33·63
7	9 9 52·91	9·542	16 20 55·5	42·51	15 47·9	5 26·69
8	9 13 41·93	9·519	16 3 51·6	43·18	15 48·0	5 19·17
9	9 17 30·39	9·496	15 46 38·2	43·82	15 48·2	5 11·10
10	9 21 18·29	9·473	15 29 6·4	44·41	15 48·3	5 2·47
11	9 25 5·64	9·450	15 11 19·8	45·05	15 48·5	4 53·29
12	9 28 52·43	9·426	14 53 18·5	45·65	15 48·7	4 43·56
13	9 32 38·66	9·404	14 35 3·0	46·23	15 48·8	4 33·26
14	9 36 24·35	9·381	14 16 33·5	46·80	15 49·0	4 22·42
15	9 40 9·50	9·359	13 57 50·3	47·35	15 49·2	4 11·05
16	9 43 54·11	9·338	13 38 53·9	47·89	15 49·4	3 59·14
17	9 47 38·21	9·316	13 19 44·5	48·42	15 49·6	3 46·72
18	9 51 21·79	9·295	13 0 22·5	48·93	15 49·8	3 33·78
19	9 55 4·86	9·273	12 40 48·2	49·43	15 50·0	3 20·33
20	9 58 47·42	9·253	12 21 2·0	49·91	15 50·2	3 6·37
21	10 2 29·49	9·233	12 1 4·1	50·38	15 50·4	2 51·93
22	10 6 11·09	9·214	11 40 54·9	50·85	15 50·6	2 37·02
23	10 9 52·22	9·195	11 20 34·6	51·30	15 50·8	2 21·64
24	10 13 32·91	9·177	11 0 3·6	51·72	15 51·0	2 5·82
25	10 17 13·17	9·160	10 39 22·2	52·14	15 51·3	1 49·57
26	10 20 53·02	9·144	10 18 30·8	52·55	15 51·5	1 32·91
27	10 24 32·47	9·128	9 57 29·5	52·95	15 51·7	1 15·85
28	10 28 11·53	9·113	9 36 18·6	53·33	15 51·9	0 58·41
29	10 31 50·24	9·099	9 14 58·6	53·71	15 52·2	0 40·61
30	10 35 28·62	9·086	8 53 29·6	54·07	15 52·4	0 22·49
31	10 39 6·68	9·074	8 31 52·0	54·41	15 52·6	0 4·05

		Bills.	
		Receivable.	*Payable.*
Th	1		
F	2		
S	3		
Sun	4		
M	5		
T	6		
W	7		
Th	8		
F	9		
S	10		
Sun	11		
M	12		
T	13		
W	14		
Th	15		
F	16		
S	17		
Sun	18		
M	19		
T	20		
W	21		
Th	22		
F	23		
S	24		
Sun	25		
M	26		
T	27		
W	28		
Th	29		
F	30		
S	31		

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.
Last Quarter——	5	3	2·6 *A. M.*
New Moon———	12	6	35·4 *P. M.*
First Quarter——	19	1	11·4 *P.M.*
Full Moon———	26	6	32·7 *P.M.*

Correct time setting of Sun's lower upper limb the 2nd for the Light Colombo.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.		Rises.	Sets.	Lower.	U
			H. M.	H. M.	H. M. S.	H. M
Sun	1	Giles.--13*th Sun. after Trinity.*	9 23 P.M.	8 52 A.M.	6 5 18	6 7
M	2		10 8 —	9 39 —	6 4 48	6 5
T	3	Cromwell died, 1658.	10 54 —	10 27 —	6 4 19	6 5
W	4		11 42 —	11 16 —	6 3 47	6 5
Th	5	Old Bartholomew.	—	0 4 P.M.	6 3 16	6 5
F	6		0 31 A.M.	0 53 —	6 2 45	6 4
S	7	Enurchus.	1 21 —	1 47 —	6 2 14	6 4
Sun	8	Nativity of the V. Mary.—14*th*	2 11 —	2 29 —	6 1 43	6 4
M	9	[*Sunday after Trinity.*	3 1 —	3 16 —	6 1 11	6 3
T	10		3 52 —	4 3 —	6 0 39	6 3
W	11		4 42 —	4 48 —	6 0 7	6 3
Th	12		5 33 —	5 34 —	5 59 35	6 2
F	13		6 26 —	6 22 —	5 59 3	6 2
S	14	Holy Cross Day.	7 20 —	7 10 —	5 58 31	6 1
Sun	15	15*th Sunday after Trinity.* —	8 16 —	8 2 —	5 57 58	6 1
M	16		9 15 —	8 56 —	5 57 26	6 0
T	17	Lambert.	10 14 —	9 53 —	5 56 53	6 0
W	18		11 15 —	10 52 —	5 56 21	5 59
Th	19		0 14 P.M.	11 51 —	5 55 48	5 59
F	20		1 11 —	—	5 55 16	5 58
S	21	*St. Matthew.*	2 4 —	0 50 A.M.	5 54 44	5 58
Sun	22	16*th Sunday after Trinity.* —	2 54 —	1 47 —	5 54 11	5 57
M	23		3 41 —	2 41 —	5 53 39	5 57
T	24		4 26 —	3 32 —	5 53 7	5 57
W	25		5 9 —	4 22 —	5 52 35	5 56
Th	26	St Cyprian.	5 51 —	5 10 —	5 52 4	5 56
F	27		6 34 —	5 57 —	5 51 32	5 55
S	28	[17*th Sunday after Trinity.*	7 17 —	6 45 —	5 51 1	5 55
Sun	29	*St. Michael.*--MichaelmasDay.	8 2 —	7 32 —	5 50 29	5 55
M	30	St. Jerom.	8 48 —	8 20 —	5 49 41	5 55

Our physical well-being, our moral worth, our social happiness, our tranquillity,—all depend on that control of our appetites and passions, the ancients designated by the cardinal virtue of temperance.—*Burke.*

Of all poverty, that of the mind is the most deplorable.

Remember that it makes a fault worse to endeavor to conceal it.

AT APPARENT NOON. (GREENWICH.)

Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	THE SUN'S Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	THE SUN'S Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be subtracted from Apparent Time.*	Diff. for 1 hour.
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	10 42 44·45	9·062	N.8 10 6·1	54·75	15 52·8	0 14·69	0·792
2	10 46 21·93	9·051	7 48 12·2	55·07	15 53·1	0 33·70	0·803
3	10 49 59 16	9·041	7 26 10·6	55·38	15 53·3	0 52·98	0·813
4	10 53 36·14	9·032	7 4 1·6	55·67	15 53·5	1 12·50	0·822
5	10 57 12·90	9·021	6 41 45·6	55·95	15 53·8	1 32·23	0·830
6	11 0 49·47	9·016	6 19 22·9	56·21	15 54·0	1 52·16	0.838
7	11 4 25·85	9·009	5 56 53·8	56·47	15 54·2	2 12·28	0·845
8	11 8 2·06	9·003	5 34 18·5	56·70	15 54·5	2 32·57	0·852
9	11 11 38·12	8·997	5 11 37·8	56·92	15 54·7	2 53·01	0·857
10	11 15 14·04	8·992	4 48 51·7	57·13	15 55·0	3 13·58	0·862
11	11 18 49·85	8·988	4 26 0·5	57·33	15 55·2	3 34·27	0·866
12	11 22 25·55	8·981	4 3 4·7	57·50	15 55·5	3 55·06	0·870
13	11 26 1·17	8·980	3 40 4·6	57·67	15 55·8	4 15·94	0·873
14	11 29 36·70	8·979	3 17 0·6	57·82	15 56·0	4 36·90	0·875
15	11 33 12·19	8·977	2 53 53·0	57·95	15 56·3	4 57·91	0·877
16	11 36 47·68	8·976	2 30 42·2	58·08	15 56·6	5 18·96	0·878
17	11 40 23·06	8 976	2 7 28·4	58·18	15 56·8	5 40·03	0·878
18	11 43 58·49	8·976	1 44 12·1	58·27	15 57·1	6 1·10	0·878
19	11 47 33·92	8·978	1 20 53·7	58·35	15 57·4	6 22·16	0·876
20	11 51 9·39	8·980	0 57 33·4	58·41	15 57·6	6 43·19	0·874
21	11 54 44·90	8·983	0 34 11·5	58·46	15 57·9	7 4·17	0·871
22	11 58 20·49	8·987	N.0 10 48·5	58·50	15 58·2	7 25·07	0·867
23	12 1 56·19	8·992	S. 0 12 35·5	58·52	15 58·5	7 45·87	0·862
24	12 5 32·01	8·998	0 36 0·0	58·53	15 58·7	8 6·55	0·855
25	12 9 7 97	9·005	0 59 24·8	58·53	15 59·0	8 27·08	0·849
26	12 12 44·10	9·013	1 22 49·4	58·51	15 59·3	8 47·45	0·841
27	12 16 20·42	9·022	1 46 13·7	58·48	15 59·6	9 7·63	0 832
28	12 19 56·95	9·032	2 9 37·2	58·43	15 59·8	9 27·59	0·822
29	12 23 33·73	9·043	2 32 59·6	58·38	16 0·1	9 47·32	0·810
30	12 27 10·77	9·055	2 56 20·7	58·30	16 0·4	10 6·77	0·799

			Bills.	
			Receivable.	*Payable.*
Sun	1			
M	2			
T	3			
W	4			
Th	5			
F	6			
S	7			
Sun	8			
M	9			
T	10			
W	11			
Th	12			
F	13			
S	14			
Sun	15			
M	16			
T	17			
W	18			
Th	19			
F	20			
S	21			
Sun	22			
M	23			
T	24			
W	25			
Th	26			
F	27			
S	28			
Sun	29			
M	30			

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.
Last Quarter	4	9	48·4 *P. M.*
New Moon	12	4	53·1 *A.M.*
First Quarter	18	8	35·0 *P.M.*
Full Moon	26	10	24·2 *A. M.*

Correct time of setting of the Sun's lower and upper limbs at the 2nd story of the Light House Colombo.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.		Rises.	Sets.	Lower.	Upper.
			H. M.	H. M.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
T	1	Remigius.	9 35 P.M.	9 9 A.M.	5 49 25	5 51 37
W	2		10 23 —	9 57 —	5 48 58	5 51 7
Th	3		11 12 —	10 46 —	5 48 28	5 50 38
F	4		— —	11 34 —	5 47 59	5 50 8
S	5	[*Trinity.*	0 2 A.M.	0 21 P.M.	5 47 30	5 49 39
Sun	6	Faith.—18*th Sunday after*	0 51 —	1 7 —	5 47 1	5 49 11
M	7		1 40 —	1 53 —	5 46 33	5 48 43
T	8		2 30 —	2 38 —	5 46 5	5 48 15
W	9	St. Denys.	3 20 —	3 24 —	5 45 38	5 47 48
Th	10		4 12 —	4 10 —	5 45 11	5 47 21
F	11		5 6 —	4 59 —	5 44 44	5 46 55
S	12		6 2 —	5 50 —	5 44 19	5 46 29
Sun	13	19*th Sunday after Trinity.*—	7 1 —	6 45 —	5 43 53	5 46 4
M	14		8 3 —	7 43 —	5 43 29	5 45 40
T	15		9 6 —	8 44 —	5 43 5	5 45 16
W	16		10 10 —	9 45 —	5 42 41	5 44 52
Th	17	Ethelreda.	11 5 —	10 45 —	5 42 18	5 44 30
F	18	*St. Luke.*	0 1 P.M.	11 43 —	5 41 56	5 44 8
S	19		0 51 —	— —	5 41 35	5 43 46
Sun	20	20*th Sunday after Trinity.*—	1 36 —	0 38 A.M.	5 41 14	5 43 26
M	21		2 23 —	1 29 —	5 40 53	5 43 6
T	22		3 6 —	2 19 —	5 40 34	5 42 46
W	23		3 49 —	3 7 —	5 40 15	5 42 28
Th	24		4 31 —	3 53 —	5 39 57	5 42 10
F	25	Crispin.	5 14 —	4 40 —	5 39 40	5 41 53
S	26		5 58 —	5 27 —	5 39 23	5 41 36
Sun	27	21*st Sunday after Trinity.* —	6 43 —	6 15 —	5 39 8	5 41 21
M	28	*St. Simon & St. Jude.*—	7 30 —	7 3 —	5 38 53	5 41 6
T	29		8 18 —	7 52 —	5 38 39	5 40 53
W	30		9 6 —	8 41 —	5 38 26	5 40 40
Th	31		9 55 —	9 28 —	5 38 13	5 40 28

Fine sense and exalted sense are not half so useful as common sense.—*Swift.*

An uncultivated mind, like unmanured ground, will soon be overrun with weeds.

Education and Instruction are the means,—the one by use; the other by precept,—to make our natural faculty of reason both the better and the sooner to judge rightly between truth and error, good and evil.

AT APPARENT NOON. (GREENWICH.)

Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be subtracted from Apparent Time.*	Diff. for 1 hour.
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	12 30 18·10	9·068	S. 3 19 40·0	58 22	16 0·7	10 25·94	0·785
2	12 34 25·74	9·083	3 12 57·2	58·12	16 0·9	10 41·80	0·772
3	12 38 3·72	9·097	4 6 12·0	58·00	16 1·2	11 3·32	0·757
4	12 41 42·06	9·113	4 29 24·0	57 87	16 1·5	11 21·49	0·741
5	12 45 20·77	9·129	4 52 32·9	57·72	16 1·7	11 39·28	0·725
6	12 48 59·87	9·147	5 15 38·2	57·55	16 2·0	11 56·68	0·708
7	12 52 39·39	9·165	5 38 39·5	57·38	16 2·3	12 13·67	0·690
8	12 56 19·35	9·183	6 1 36·6	57·18	16 2·6	12 30·22	0·671
9	12 59 59·75	9·203	6 24 29·0	50·97	16 2·8	12 46·33	0·651
10	13 3 40·63	9·223	6 47 16·4	56·75	16 3·1	13 1·96	0·631
11	13 7 21·98	9·244	7 9·58·3	56·50	16 3·4	13 17·11	0·611
12	13 11 3·83	9·265	7 32 31·3	56·21	16 3·7	13 31·78	0·590
13	13 14 46·19	9·287	7 55 4·1	55·96	16 3·9	13 45·93	0·568
14	13 18 29·08	9·310	8 17 27·2	55 67	16 4·2	13 59·55	0·545
15	13 22 12·52	9·333	8 39 43·3	55·36	16 4·5	14 12·61	0·522
16	13 25 56·51	9·357	9 1 52·0	55·03	16 4·8	14 25·10	0·498
17	13 29 41·07	9·381	9 23 52·8	51·69	16 5·0	14 37·12	0·474
18	13 33 26·22	9·406	9 45 45·4	54·33	16 5·3	14 48·49	0·449
19	13 37 11·97	9·432	10 7 29·4	53·95	16 5·6	14 59·27	0·424
20	13 40 58·33	9·458	10 29 4·8	53·57	16 5·9	15 9·41	0·397
21	13 44 45·32	9·485	10 50 29·9	53·16	16 6·2	15 18·97	0·370
22	13 48 32·97	9·513	11 11 45·7	52·71	16 6·4	15 27·86	0·342
23	13 52 21·28	9·542	11 32 51·4	52·30	16 6·7	15 36·07	0·314
24	13 56 10·29	9·571	11 53 46·6	51·85	16 7·0	15 43·60	0·285
25	13 59 59·99	9·601	12 14 31·0	51·37	16 7·2	15 50·43	0·255
26	14 3 50·42	9·632	12 35 3·9	50·89	16 7·5	15 56·54	0·224
27	14 7 41·58	9·663	12 55 25·2	50·38	16 7·7	16 1·92	0·193
28	14 11 33·50	9·695	13 15 34·4	49·87	16 8·0	16 6·54	0·161
29	14 15 26·19	9·728	13 35 31·2	49·33	16 8·2	16 10·40	0·128
30	14 19 19·65	9·761	13 55 15·1	48·78	16 8·5	16 13·48	0·095
31	14 23 13·92	9·795	14 14 45·8	48·21	16 8·7	16 15·76	0·061

		Bills.	
		Receivable.	*Payable.*
T	1		
W	2		
Th	3		
F	4		
S	5		
Sun	6		
M	7		
T	8		
W	9		
Th	10		
F	11		
S	12		
Sun	13		
M	14		
T	15		
W	16		
Th	17		
F	18		
S	19		
Sun	20		
M	21		
T	22		
W	23		
Th	24		
F	25		
S	26		
Sun	27		
M	28		
T	29		
W	30		
Th	31		

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.
Last Quarter	3	3	38·4 P.M.
New Moon	10	2	55·7 P.M.
First Quarter	17	6	50·0 A.M.
Full Moon	25	5	1·4 A. M.

Correct time of setting of the Sun's lower and upper limbs at the 2nd story of the Light House Colombo.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.		Rises.	Sets.	Lower.	Upper.
			H.M.	H.M.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
F	1	*All Saints' Day.*	10 43 P.M.	10 15 A.M.	5 38 2	5 40 17
S	2	[*Sunday after Trinity.*	11 32 —	11 2 —	5 37 52	5 40 7
Sun	3	Princess Sophia b., 1777.-22*nd*	—	11 46 —	5 37 43	5 39 57
M	4		0 20 A.M.	0 29 P.M.	5 37 34	5 39 49
T	5	Gunpowder Plot, 1605.	1 8 —	1 15 —	5 37 26	5 39 42
W	6	Leonard.	1 58 —	1 59 —	5 37 19	5 39 35
Th	7		2 50 —	2 45 —	5 37 14	5 39 30
F	8		3 44 —	3 35 —	5 37 9	5 39 25
S	9	Prince of Wales b., 1841.	4 42 —	4 28 —	5 37 5	5 39 22
Sun	10	23*rd Sunday after Trinity.*	5 43 —	5 25 —	5 37 3	5 39 19
M	11	St. Martin.	6 47 —	6 26 —	5 37 1	5 39 18
T	12		7 51 —	7 29 —	5 37 0	5 39 17
W	13	Britius.	6 54 —	8 32 —	5 37 1	5 39 18
Th	14		9 52 —	9 34 —	5 37 2	5 39 19
F	15	Machutus.	10 46 —	10 31 —	5 37 4	5 39 22
S	16	*Trinity.*	11 36 —	11 26 —	5 37 7	5 39 25
Sun	17	Hugh.—24*th Sunday after*	0 22 P.M.	—	5 37 11	5 39 29
M	18	Martin Luther born, 1483.—	1 6 —	0 16 A.M.	5 37 16	5 39 34
T	19		1 48 —	1 5 —	5 37 22	5 39 41
W	20	Edmund.	2 30 —	1 51 —	5 37 29	5 39 48
Th	21	Princess Royal born, 1840. —	3 12 —	2 38 —	5 37 37	5 39 56
F	22	Cecilia.	3 55 —	3 24 —	5 37 46	5 40 6
S	23	St. Clement.	4 40 —	4 11 —	5 37 56	5 40 16
Sun	24	25*th Sunday after Trinity.*	5 26 —	4 59 —	5 38 7	5 40 27
M	25	Catherine.	6 13 —	5 47 —	5 38 19	5 40 39
T	26	[born, 1833.	7 2 —	6 36 —	5 38 31	5 40 52
W	27	Princess Mary of Cambridge	7 51 —	7 24 —	5 38 45	5 41 6
Th	28		8 39 —	8 12 —	5 39 0	5 41 21
F	29	[Scotland.	9 27 —	8 58 —	5 39 16	5 41 37
S	30	*St. Andrew*, Tutelar Saint of	10 15 —	9 43 —	5 39 34	5 41 53

Ardent Spirits, of every description, are in their natures and ordinary effects, extremely unfriendly to the human constitution; and the art of distillation is, beyond all doubt, the most fatal discovery, in respect of the health of the community, which the ingenuity of man ever devised.—*Dr. Graham.*

Forget not in thy youth to be mindful of thy end, for though the old man cannot live long, yet the young man may die quickly.—*Lord Burleigh.*

AT APPARENT NOON. (GREENWICH.)

Days of the Month.	THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be subtracted from Apparent Time.*	Diff. for 1 hour.
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	14 27 9·00	9·830	S.14 34 2·8	47·62	16 9·0	16 17·23	0·021
2	14 31 4·91	9·864	14 53 5·7	47·02	16 9·2	16 17·87	0 008
3	14 35 1·65	9·899	15 11 51·2	46·40	16 9 5	16 17·69	0·043
4	14 38 59·23	9·935	15 30 27·8	45·76	16 9·7	16 16·66	0·078
5	14 42 57·66	9·970	15 48 46·1	45·11	16 9·9	16 14·79	0·113
6	14 46 56·95	10·005	16 6 48·7	44·43	16 10·2	16 12·07	0·149
7	14 50 57·08	10·041	16 24 35·1	43·75	16 10·4	16 8·50	0·185
8	14 54 58·07	10·077	16 42 5·0	43·01	16 10·6	16 4·07	0·220
9	14 58 59·92	10·113	16 59 17·9	42·31	16 10·8	15 58·80	0·255
10	15 3 2·62	10·148	17 16 13·3	41·57	16 11·1	15 52·67	0·291
11	15 7 6.17	10·184	17 32 51·0	40·81	16 11.3	15 45·69	0·326
12	15 11 10·58	10·218	17 49 10·4	40·03	16 11·5	15 37·87	0 361
13	15 15 15·82	10·254	18 5 11·2	39·21	16 11·7	15 29·20	0·396
14	15 19 21·91	10·288	18 20 53·0	38·43	16 11·9	15 19·69	0·430
15	15 23 28·82	10·323	18 36 15·3	37·60	16 12·2	15 9.37	0·465
16	15 27 36·57	10·357	18 51 17·8	36·76	16 12·4	14 58.21	0·499
17	15 31 45·13	10·391	19 6 0·1	35·91	16 12·6	14 46.23	0·533
18	15 35 54·51	10·421	19 20 21·9	35·03	16 12·8	14 33.45	0·567
19	15 40 4·69	10·458	19 34 22·6	34·15	16 13·0	14 19.85	0·600
20	15 44 15·68	10·492	19 48 2·1	33·24	16 13·2	14 5.46	0·633
21	15 48 27·46	10·523	20 1 19·9	32·33	16 13 4	13 50.28	0·665
22	15 52 40·02	10·555	20 14 15·7	31·39	16 13·6	13 34.32	0·697
23	15 56 53·35	10·588	20 26 49·0	30·45	16 13·7	13 17.59	0·730
24	16 1 7·46	10 620	20 38 59·7	29·48	16 13·9	13 0.08	0·761
25	16 5 22·33	10·651	20 50 47·3	28·51	16 14·1	12 41.82	0·792
26	16 9 37·95	10·681	21 2 11·5	27·53	16 14·3	12 22.81	0·823
27	16 13 54·30	10·712	21 13 12·1	26·52	16 14·4	12 3.07	0·853
28	16 18 11·38	10·741	21 23 48·6	25·51	16 14·6	11 42.60	0.882
29	16 22 29·17	10·770	21 34 0·8	24·48	16 14.7	11 21.43	0·911
30	16 26 47·66	10·799	21 43 48·3	23·44	16 14·9	10 59·56	0·940

		Bills.	
		Receivable.	*Payable.*
F	1		
S	2		
Sun	3		
M	4		
T	5		
W	6		
Th	7		
F	8		
S	9		
Sun	10		
M	11		
T	12		
W	13		
Th	14		
F	15		
S	16		
Sun	17		
M	18		
T	19		
W	20		
Th	21		
F	22		
S	23		
Sun	24		
M	25		
T	26		
W	27		
Th	28		
F	29		
S	30		

MOON.

	D.	H.	M.
Last Quarter	3	7	27·0 A.M.
New Moon	10	1	32·2 A.M.
First Quarter	16	8	40·8 P.M.
Full Moon	25	0	48·2 A.M.

Correct time of setting of the Sun's lower and upper limbs at the 2nd story of the Light House Colombo.

Days of the Week.	Days of the Month.		Rises.	Sets	Lower.	Upper.
			H. M.	H. M.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
Sun	1	1st Sunday in Advent.	11 1 P.M.	10 26 A.M.	5 39 49	5 42 11
M	2		11 49 —	11 9 —	5 40 8	5 42 29
T	3		—	11 52 —	5 40 27	5 42 48
W	4		0 38 A.M.	0 36 P.M.	5 40 47	5 43 8
Th	5		1 29 —	1 22 —	5 41 7	5 43 29
F	6	Nicholas.	2 23 —	2 12 —	5 41 29	5 43 51
S	7	[2nd Sunday in Advent.	3 22 —	3 5 —	5 41 51	5 44 13
Sun	8	Conception of the V. Mary.	4 23 —	4 3 —	5 42 14	5 44 36
M	9	Milton born, 1608.	5 28 —	5 6 —	5 42 38	5 45
T	10		6 32 —	6 10 —	5 43 2	5
W	11		7 35 —	7 15 —	5 43 28	
Th	12		8 33 —	8 16 —	5 43 53	
F	13	Lucy.	9 27 —	9 14 —	5 44 19	
S	14		10 16 —	10 8 —	5 44 46	
Sun	15	3rd Sunday in Advent.	11 2 —	10 59 —	5 45 14	
M	16	O Sapientia.	11 46 —	11 46 —	5 45 41	5
T	17		0 29 P.M.	—	5 46 10	5 48 5
W	18		1 11 —	0 35 A.M.	5 46 38	5 49 1
Th	19		1 54 —	1 22 —	5 47 8	5 49 31
F	20		2 38 —	2 8 —	5 47 37	5 50 0
S	21	St. Thomas.	3 24 —	2 57 —	5 48 7	5 50 30
Sun	22	4th Sunday in Advent.	4 10 —	3 44 —	5 48 37	5 51 0
M	23		4 59 —	4 32 —	5 49 7	5 51 30
T	24	[1642.	5 47 —	5 21 —	5 49 37	5 52 1
W	25	Christmas Day.—Newton b.,	6 36 —	6 9 —	5 50 8	5 52 31
Th	26	St. Stephen.	7 25 —	6 56 —	5 50 39	5 53 2
F	27	St. John the Evangelist.	8 12 —	7 41 —	5 51 10	5 53 33
S	28	Innocents' Day.	8 59 —	8 25 —	5 51 41	5 54 4
Sun	29	1st Sunday after Christmas.	9 46 —	9 8 —	5 52 12	5 54 35
M	30		10 34 —	9 51 —	5 52 41	5 55 6
T	31	Silvester.	11 22 —	10 33 —	5 53 15	5 55 37

Be master of thy anger.

If you would form a solid friendship, consult not only the heart but the head, not only the temper but the understanding.

"L'homme propose, et Dieu dispose," is never truer than in the great matter of matrimony.

Bishop Heber's Golden Rule.—Blessed are they that expect nothing, for they shall not be disappointed.

Days of the Month.	AT APPARENT NOON. (Greenwich.) THE SUN'S Apparent Right Ascension.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Apparent Declination.	Diff. for 1 hour.	Semi-diam.	Equation of Time, *to be subt. from / added to Apparent Time.*	Diff. for 1 hour.
	h. m. s.	s.	° ′ ″	″	′ ″	m. s.	s.
1	16 31 6·83	10·826	S 21 53 10·9	22·39	16 15·0	10 37·01	0·967
2	16 35 26·65	10·852	22 2 8·3	21·33	16 15·2	10 13·81	0·993
3	16 39 47·10	10 878	22 10 40·2	20·25	16 15·3	9 49·97	1·018
4	16 44 8·17	10·902	22 18 46·3	19·17	16 15·4	9 25·54	1·043
5	16 48 29·81	10·925	22 26 26·3	18·08	16 15·6	9 0·52	1·066
6	16 52 52 01	10·948	22 33 40·1	16·97	16 15·7	8 34·94	1·088
7	16 57 14·75	10·968	22 40 27·4	15·86	16 15·8	8 8·84	1·108
8	17 1 37·97	10·987	22 46 48·0	14·73	16 15·9	7 42·24	1·128
9	17 6 1·66	11 005	22 52 41·6	13 60	16 16·0	7 15·18	1·145
10	17 10 25·79	11·021	22 58 8·1	12·47	16 16·1	6 47·69	1·162
11	17 14 50 30	11·037	23 3 7·3	11·32	16 16·2	6 19·81	1·177
12	17 19 15·18	11·051	23 7 39·0	10·17	16 16·3	5 51·56	1·191
13	17 23 40·40	11·062	23 11 43·1	9·02	16 16·4	5 22·98	1·202
14	17 28 5·89	11·073	23 15 19·5	7·85	16 16·5	4 54·13	1·213
15	17 32 31·64	11·082	23 18 28·0	6·69	16 16·6	4 25·02	1·222
16	17 36 57·60	11·090	23 21 8·6	5·52	16 16·7	3 55·69	1·230
17	17 41 23·76	11·096	23 23 21·1	4·35	16 16·8	3 26·17	1·236
18	17 45 50·07	11·100	23 25 5·4	3·18	16 16·9	2 56·50	1·240
19	17 50 16·48	11·105	23 26 21·6	2·00	16 16·9	2 26·73	1·244
20	17 54 42 99	11·107	23 27 9·5	0·82	16 17·0	1 56·86	1·247
21	17 59 9·55	11·108	23 27 29·1	0·36	16 17·1	1 26 94	1·248
22	18 3 36·13	11·107	23 27 20 4	1·54	16 17·1	0 57·00	1·247
23	18 8 2·70	11·105	23 26 43·4	2·72	16 17·2	0 27·07	1·245
24	18 12 29·23	11·103	23 25 38·2	3·90	16 17·2	0 2·82	1·243
25	18 16 55 69	11·098	23 24 4·6	5·08	16 17·2	0 32·65	1·238
26	18 21 22·05	11·093	23 22 2·8	6·25	16 17·3	1 2·36	1·233
27	18 25 48·28	11·087	23 19 32·8	7·42	16 17·3	1 31·96	1 227
28	18 30 14·36	11·079	23 16 34·7	8·59	16 17·3	2 1·40	1·219
29	18 34 40·25	11·069	23 13 8·5	9·76	16 17·3	2 30·65	1·209
30	18 39 5·91	11·059	23 9 14·3	10·92	16 17·3	2 59·67	1·199
31	18 43 31·32	11·047	23 4 52·3	12·08	16 17·3	3 28·45	1·187

		Bills.	
		Receivable.	*Payable.*
Sun	1		
M	2		
T	3		
W	4		
Th	5		
F	6		
S	7		
Sun	8		
M	9		
T	10		
W	11		
Th	12		
F	13		
S	14		
Sun	15		
M	16		
T	17		
W	18		
Th	19		
F	20		
S	21		
Sun	22		
M	23		
T	24		
W	25		
Th	26		
F	27		
S	28		
Sun	29		
M	30		
T	31		

ECLIPSES OF THE SUN AND MOON.

MOON—Totally eclipsed on June 1st beginning at 2h. 28m. A. M. Moon sets eclipsed.

MOON—Totally eclipsed on November 25th beginning at 3h. 9m. A. M. Moon sets eclipsed.

SUN—eclipsed invisible at Colombo.

ENGLISH, SINGHALESE AND TAMIL NAMES OF THE MONTHS AND DAYS.

English.	*Singhalese.*	*Tamil.*
	MONTHS.	
January	Doorootoo-masse.	Thay-madam.
February	Navan-masse	Maasie-madam.
March	Meddien-dinne.	Pyrinkoonie-madam.
April	Bak-masse	Chittire-madam.
May	Wesak-masse	Vaykasie-madam.
June	Poson-masse	Aanie-madam.
July	Esselle-masse	Aadie-madam.
August	Nikini-masse	Awanie-madam.
September	Binnerre-masse	Pooratasie-madam.
October	Wak-masse	Atpasie-madam.
November	Il-masse	Kartige-madam.
December	Oondoowak-masse	Maarkalie-madam.
	DAYS OF THE WEEK.	
Sunday	Erie-da	Naytie-killemie.
Monday	Sandoo-da	Thingel-killemie.
Tuesday	Angeharroowa-da.	Sevvay-killemie.
Wednesday	Bada-da.	Pooden-killemie.
Thursday	Brahaspatin-da.	Vieyaile-killeme.
Friday	Sikkoora-da.	Vellie killemie.
Saturday	Sennesoora-da.	Sannie-killemie.

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

Dominical Letter	G F	Julian Period	6557
Epact	11	Roman Indiction	2
Golden Number	2	Solar Cycle	5

The Solar Cycle, or Cycle of the Sun, is a period of 28 years, in which all the varieties of the Dominical Letters will have happened, and they will return in the same order as they did 28 years before. This Cycle commenced 9 years before the Birth of Christ.

The Lunar Cycle, or Cycle of the Moon, commonly called the Golden Number, (and sometimes the Metonic Cycle, from Meton, an Athenian, who invented it about 432 years before the Birth of Christ), is a revolution of 19 years; in which time, the conjunctions, oppositions, and other aspects of the Moon, are within an hour and a half of being the same as they were on the same days of the months 19 years before. The prime, or Golden Number, is the number of years elapsed in this Cycle. At the Birth, the Golden Number was 2.

The Roman Indiction is a period of 15 years, used by the Romans for the time of taxing their provinces. Three years of this Cycle had elapsed at the Birth of Christ.

The Julian Period contains 7980 years, and arises by multiplying together 28, 19, and 15, being the Cycles of the Sun, Moon, and Indiction. This was also contrived as a period for chronological matters, and is assumed as a correct and fixed rule in calculations, by all the astronomers and chronologers throughout the Christian world. Its beginning is supposed to have commenced 710 years before the usual date of the creation of the world, or 4714 before the commencement of the Christian Era.

GOVERNMENT HOLIDAYS.

The following Days in the Year, besides Sundays, are observed as Holidays at the several Offices of Government.

New Year's-day.
Ash Wednesday.
Good Friday.
Easter Monday and Tuesday.
Ascension-day.
Her Majesty's Birth-day, 24th May.
Her Majesty's Coronation-day, 28th June.
Prince Albert's Birth-day, 26th Aug.
Prince of Wales' Birth-day, Nov. 9th.
Christmas-day and two days subsequent.

A GENERAL TABLE

SHOWING, by inspection, all the Dominical Letters that have been, since the correction of the Julian Calendar, by Pope Gregory XIII, which took place from the ides of October 1582, *or that can occur in any future times.*

	A G F. E. D.	C B A. G. F.	E D C. B. A.	G F E. D. C.	B A G. F. E.	D C B. A. G.	F E D. C. B.
	1584	88	92	96	.....	.....	.....
0	.....	.....	.....	.....	1600	4	8
	1612	16	20	24	28	32	36
	40	44	48	52	56	60	64
	68	72	76	80	84	88	92
	96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1704
	1708	12	16	20	24	28	32
	36	40	44	48	52	56	60
	64	68	72	76	80	84	88
	92	96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	1804	8	12	16	20	24	28
	32	36	40	44	48	52	56
	60	64	68	72	76	80	84
	88	92	96	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	1904	8	12	16	20	24
	28	32	36	40	44	48	52
	56	60	64	68	72	76	80
	84	88	92	96	.....	.....	.....
	.....	.....	.....	.....	2000	4	8

The letters for the first, second, and third years after every bissextile, are the three single letters placed under the double letters, in the same column with the bissextile they immediately follow. For example, as the Dominical letters for 1600 were B A, so the Dominical letter for 1601 was G, for 1602 F, and for 1603 E. So for 1796 the Dominical will be C B; consequently, 1797, 1798, and 1799 must have A, G, and F: and the letter for 1800, (which is to be accounted a common year,) will be E; therefore 1801, 1802, and 1803, must have the subsequent letters D, C, and B; and then 1804, being bissextile, will come under the letters A G: and from thence every *fourth* year will be Leap-year.

A PERPETUAL DIARY.

Month.	A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.	G.
January	O	Saturday	Friday	Thursday	Wednes.	Tuesday	Monday
February	Wednes.	Tuesday	Monday	O	Saturday	Friday	Thursday
March	Wednes.	Tuesday	Monday	O	Saturday	Friday	Thursday
April	Saturday	Friday	Thursday	Wednes.	Tuesday	Monday	O
May	Monday	O	Saturday	Friday	Thursday	Wednes.	Tuesday
June	Thursday	Wednes.	Tuesday	Monday	O	Saturday	Friday
July	Saturday	Friday	Thursday	Wednes.	Tuesday	Monday	O
August	Tuesday	Monday	O	Saturday	Friday	Thursday	Wednes.
September	Friday	Thursday	Wednes.	Tuesday	Monday	O	Saturday
October	O	Saturday	Friday	Thursday	Wednes.	Tuesday	Monday
November	Wednes.	Tuesday	Monday	O	Saturday	Friday	Thursday
December	Friday	Thursday	Wednes.	Tuesday	Monday	O	Saturday

Having the Dominical letter for the year at the top, the month in the side column will give the day of the week that begins the month.

AN ALMANAC

BY WHICH MAY BE FOUND

THE DAY OF THE MONTH IN ANY YEAR,

From A. D. 1840 to 1860, both inclusive.

Table I.		Table II.				Table III.							
Years.	Sunday Letters.	Golden Number.	Epact.	Solar Cycle.	Roman Indiction.		Sunday.						
1840	E D	17	26	1	13		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	C	18	7	2	14		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
2	B	19	18	3	15	MONTHS.	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
3	A	1	0	4	1		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
4	G F	2	11	5	2		29	30	31				
5	E	3	12	6	3	January October	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
6	D	4	3	7	4								
7	C	5	14	8	5	May	B	C	D	E	F	G	A
8	B A	6	25	9	6								
9	G	7	6	10	7	August	C	D	E	F	G	A	B
1850	F	8	17	11	8								
1	E	9	28	12	9	February March November	D	E	F	G	A	B	C
2	D C	10	9	13	10								
3	B	11	20	14	11								
4	A	12	1	15	12	June	E	F	G	A	B	C	D
5	G	13	12	16	13								
6	F E	14	23	17	14	September December	F	G	A	B	C	D	E
7	D	15	4	18	15								
8	C	16	15	19	1	April July	G	A	B	C	D	E	F
9	B	17	26	20	2								
1860	A G	18	7	21	3								

With the Dominical or Sunday letter for the year, enter Table III. and opposite the month find the same letter, over which are placed the days of the month, or every Sunday in that month.

N. B.—In every Leap-year there are two Sunday letters; one serves for January and February, and the other for the remainder of the year.

A PERPETUAL ALMANAC.

YEARS.							MONTHS.	SUNDAYS.						
A.	G.	F.	E.	D.	C.	B.		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1820	21	22	23		24	25		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
26	27		28	29	30	31		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	32	33	34	35		36		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
37	38	39		40	41	42		29	30	31				
43		44	45	46	47		Jan. } ..... Oct. }	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
48	49	50	51		52	53								
54	55	56		56	57	58	59	May.....	B	C	D	E	F	G	A
	60	61	62	63		64	Augt.....	C	D	E	F	G	A	B
65	66	67		68	69	70	Feb., Mar. } .... Nov. }	D	E	F	G	A	B	C
71		72	73	74	75									
76	77	78	79		80	81	June,.....	E	F	G	A	B	C	D
82	83		84	85	86	87	Sept. } ..... Dec. }	F	G	A	B	C	D	E
	88	89	90	91		92								
93	94	95		96	97	98	April } ..... July }	G	A	B	C	D	E	F
99		1900	01	02	03									

Under the word years, find the year; above which is the Dominical letter for that year: then against the months find the same letter, over which are placed the days of the month, for every Sunday in the month. In Leap-year, for January and February, use the letter above the blank space before the year; for all the rest of the months, use the letter for the year.

To find out when it is Leap-year, divide the year by 4; if there is no remainder, it is Leap-year; and if any remainder, it is 1, 2, or 3 years after Leap-year.

EXPLANATIONS OF FEASTS AND FESTIVALS.

THE DAY OF CIRCUMCISION, or NEW YEAR'S DAY.—This day was kept as a festival by the Greeks, in which they celebrated the completion of the sun's annual course, and rejoiced that it had again begun its enlivening progress; and in honor of Janus, by the Romans, who were in the habit of sending presents of dried figs, dates covered with leaf-gold, also honey and other sweetmeats, to their friends; expressing a wish that they might enjoy the *sweets* of the year into which they had just entered; they also visited and congratulated each other, and offered up vows for mutual preservation. The Day of Circumcision was instituted in the Christian Church, by Pope Felix III., A. D. 487, under the denomination of the *Octave of Christmas*; and introduced into the English Liturgy in 1550 in commemoration of the Circumcision of Jesus Christ, according to the Jewish ritual, on the 8th day after his nativity.

The First of January having been observed by Pagan nations as a day of rejoicing, and for offering up sacrifices to the idol Janus, the primitive Christians celebrated it as a Fast, in order to avoid even the semblance of joining in their customs and worship. According to the catholic legends, it was held in such high esteem by the Romans, that they would not sully it even by martyring the Christians at such a joyful period. It is still kept as a holiday throughout the several nations of Europe and America; the bells of most of the churches being rung at midnight to welcome the New Year.

EPIPHANY, TWELFTH DAY, or OLD CHRISTMAS DAY.—This day is kept as a festival throughout Christendom, in commemoration of the manifestation, or appearance, of Christ upon earth. The early Christians celebrated the feast of the *Nativity* of Jesus, during twelve days; namely, from *Christmas*, the day of his birth, until the *twelfth* day onwards: the *first* and *last* of these days were denominated *Epiphany*; namely, the *greater* and the *lesser* Epiphany; and they were observed with the greatest solemnity. The *first*, or greater one, was celebrated on account of Christ having, on that day, become *incarnate*, or assumed the human form; or, as the scriptural writers have it, "made his appearance in the flesh." The *second*, or lesser Epiphany, was observed on account of *three* manifestations, or appearances, which were all thought to have taken place on this day, although not in the same year; the *first* was the star which conducted the Magi, or wise men, from the east towards Bethlehem; the *second*, the descent of the *Holy Ghost*, in the form of a dove, at the baptism of Christ in the river Jordan; and the *third*, the turning of the *water into wine*, at the marriage at Cana, which was the first *miracle* that Jesus performed.

The EPIPHANY, or Twelfth Day, appears to have been observed as a *separate* Feast in the year 813; but Pope Julius I. is said to have distinguished the Feast of the Nativity and Epiphany, so early as the middle of the fourth century.

In order to commemorate the offerings of the ancient Magi, the King of Great Britain, either personally, or through his Grand Chamberlain, annually offers a quantity of gold, frankincense and myrrh, on this day,

at the altar of the Chapel Royal, St. James's. In Spain, where Epiphany is called the *Feast of the Three Kings*, the Sovereign is accustomed to make similar offerings.

From the circumstances of this festival being held twelve days after Christmas, it has derived the common name of TWELFTH DAY; by which appellation it is most generally known. Throughout Christendom, it is the custom to provide a fruit cake for each family, thence denominated *Twelfth Cake*.

England is not singular in the festive observance of *Twelfth Day*: for nearly the whole of Europe practises the like customs; which differ only in a few particular points arising from national, political, or religious prejudices. In Roman Catholic countries, the carnival commences on TWELFTH DAY, and usually lasts till Lent. Lighting fires in the wheat-fields on this day, is still common in some parts of Hereford and Gloucestershire; and in the evening concludes with feasting and dancing:—a similar custom in Scotland and Ireland, is denominated *Belleign*; that is, "The fire of the god Baal."

CANDLEMAS DAY. PURIFICATION OF THE VIRGIN MARY.—The feast of the Purification of the Blessed Virgin was formerly celebrated in this country, (and is still in Roman Catholic ones,) by torch-light processions and by the performance of *Mass* with a multitude of *Candles* in the several churches. These customs are said to have been derived from the Romans, who went about their city with lighted torches on this day, in honor of *Februa*, the mother of Mars, and to have been introduced into the church of Rome, by Pope Sergius. Such practices were continued in England, until the second year of the reign of Edward the Sixth, when Archbishop Cranmer suppressed them, by order of the King's Privy Council.

Anciently, this day was called that of *Christ's Presentation*; and in the Reformed Church it is still kept as a solemn festival in memory of the humiliation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, who, whilst submitting to the law which enjoined personal purification after child-birth, presented the infant Jesus in the Temple; for, to render the first-born son holy unto the Lord, it was enjoined by the Mosaical ordinances, (see *Leviticus*, ch. xii.) that attendance should be given in the Temple, and that an offering should at the same time be made of money, or sacrifice. The Virgin Mary accordingly attended with her first-born on the *Fortieth* day, and presented a pair of doves,—that being the offering suitable to her circumstances. From this pious obedience to the law, on the part of the Mother of our Lord, rose the rite of *Churching women* after child-birth; but, as the ancient Mosaical institution has been abrogated by the new and more perfect law, no other sacrifice than that of the *heart* is now enjoined; nor is any precise day fixed for the public performance of this act of piety.

SEPTUAGESIMA SUNDAY.—The three Sundays and weeks that precede LENT, have long been distinguished by the names of *Septuagesima*, *Sexagesima*, and *Quinquagesima*; which terms signify the Seventieth, Sixtieth, and Fiftieth. Many fanciful and absurd reasons have been assigned for these titles; but the most satisfactory one is as follows. When the words were first applied to denote the Sundays in question, the season of Lent had generally been extended to a fast of six weeks, or thirty-

six days, exclusive of Sundays, which were always celebrated as festivals. At this time, likewise, the Sunday which we call the *First Sunday in Lent*, was styled, simply, QUADRAGESIMA, or the *Fortieth day before Easter*; and Lent itself was denoted the *Quadragesimal*, or Forty days' Fast. Now, when the three weeks before Quadragesima ceased to be considered as weeks after the EPIPHANY, and were appointed to be observed as a time of preparation for LENT, it was perfectly conformable to the ordinary mode of computation, to reckon backwards, and, for the sake of even and round numbers, to count by decates or *tens*; therefore the compilers of the new ritual and of the proper offices, naturally styled the first Sunday before Quadragesima, *Quinquagesima*; the second, *Sexagesima*; and the third, *Septuagesima*.—*See* SHEPHERD'S *Elucidation of the Book of Common Prayer*.

SHROVE TUESDAY.—This, which is the day preceding the first day of Lent, is so called from the Saxon word *shrive*, to confess; hence *Shrove Tuesday* signifies Confession Tuesday, because, in Popish times, the people in every parish, throughout England, were obliged, one by one, to confess to their own parish priest, and in their own parish church. And that this might be done the more regularly, the great bell in every parish was rung at 10 o'clock, or perhaps sooner, so that all might attend. This custom of ringing the great bell in our ancient parish churches still continues; but, among the country people it has the name of *pancake bell*, because, after confession, it was anciently the custom to dine on pancakes and fritters. A most barbarous practice once prevailed of throwing at cocks with sticks, called *swingels*, on Shrove Tuesday; the poor birds were staked to the ground, and their owners, for a certain sum, permitted the bystanders to throw at them;—this cruelty has, however, been discontinued.

ASH WEDNESDAY. THE FIRST DAY OF LENT.—Ash Wednesday was originally so called from a custom among the Christians of the ancient church, of penitents expressing humiliation for their sins, by appearing in the church in *sack-cloth and ashes*, having ashes sprinkled on their heads, when admitted to do penance. For such discipline is now substituted the public reading of the curses denounced against impenitent sinners, the people saying "Amen" after each malediction. The word LENT in the ancient language signifies *spring*; therefore, this was denominated the Spring Fast, or Lenten Fast; that is, the time of humiliation and prayer observed by Christians before EASTER. At what period *forty days* were appointed for this solemn fast is unknown; but it seems probable that those who fixed that space of time, had respect to the forty days' fast of our Saviour in the wilderness.

LADY DAY.—This day is honored, and celebrated throughout the Christian world, under the title of *The Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary*, or the day on which Almighty God sent his Angel Gabriel to announce to her the fulfilment, in her person, of the prophecy of Isaiah,—*Behold a virgin shall conceive and bear a son*, &c.; to proclaim the *glad tidings of great joy*, on which rest the very basis of the Christian's faith, and his consequent hope of redemption. This festival is of great antiquity: the latest date assigned

to its establishment is the seventh century, while some authorities, of no light consideration, refer it to the year 350. In civil calculations, Lady Day is the first of the four quarter-days, as they are called, of the year; that is, days on which rents, annuities, interest of money, and any other sums of money payable quarterly, become due; and on which tenancy of lands, houses, &c. commence and terminate.

PALM SUNDAY.---The Sunday before Easter, commonly called PALM SUNDAY, has, from the earliest period, been held in high respect, "as the anniversary of our Saviour's last entry into Jerusalem, when the people took branches of palm, and went forth to meet him, and cried Hosanna: blessed is the King of Israel, who cometh in the name of the Lord." Although Roman Catholic ceremonies were generally abrogated by King Henry VIII., yet he made an exception in favor of the custom of bearing palm on this day, which was accordingly continued until the second year of King Edward VI.; and though no longer a religious ceremony, it is still customary in the neighbourhood of London, and in other parts of England, for men and boys to go "palming," as it is called, early in the morning of this day; that is, to collect branches of the willow or sallow tree, just then in full bud, with which they decorate their persons and houses. This day is also called by our Church, *Passion Sunday*, as the first day of Passion Week.

GOOD FRIDAY; a day which, from the earliest records of Christianity, has ever been held as a day of solemn fast, in awful remembrance of the Crucifixion of our blessed Saviour. Our Saxon ancestors called it LONG FRIDAY, from the length of the offices and fasting on that day; but its ancient and appropriate title was HOLY FRIDAY, by which it is still sometimes distinguished, as the whole of the week in which it occurs is by the name of Holy or Passion Week. The custom of eating on this day buns marked with a cross, is a remaining fragment of some of the superstitious observances of our ancestors connected with this day.

EASTER SUNDAY, or EASTER DAY.---If Good Friday is kept as a day of solemn fast and humiliation, this is no less one of joy and thanksgiving throughout all Christendom, as being set apart for the commemoration of our blessed Saviour's resurrection from the dead. It was anciently called the *Great Day*, the *Feast of Feasts*, and the *Sunday of Joy*. It is the most important, in secular transactions, of the moveable feasts, inasmuch as the day on which Easter falls, regulates all the rest. The first Sunday *after* the full moon immediately following the 21st of March, is ordained to be kept as Easter Sunday. Easter Day cannot fall earlier than the 22d of March, nor later than the 25th of April, in any year, and hence these two days have obtained the appellation of *Easter Limits*.

ROGATION SUNDAY received, and retains its title from the Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, which follow it, and which are called *rogation* days, from the latin word *rogare*, to beseech,---the earliest Christians having appropriated extraordinary prayers and supplications for these three days, as a preparation for the devout obser-

vance of our Saviour's Ascension on the day next succeeding them, namely Holy Thursday, or Ascension Day. In the reformed ritual, however, this day is simply called the "Fifth Sunday after Easter."

Holy Thursday, or Ascension Day.---On this day the church celebrates the glorious *Ascension* of the *Messiah* into heaven, the fortieth day after his resurrection from the dead. The Apostles frequently during that period conversed with our Lord, in proof of his *life after death*, and were, with others, to the number of 500, afforded a positive testimony of the resurrection of the Redeemer, who, the more fully to confirm their faith, and to comfort and uphold them in their future trials, ascended to the realms of bliss in their presence. This important festival has been constantly held on the Thursday next but one before Whit Sunday, even so early, according to some authors, as the year 68.

Whit Sunday, or Pentecost.---The Christian Church, at a very early period, set apart this day as a solemn festival, in perpetual commemoration of the miraculous descent of the Holy Ghost on the Apostles then assembled together in one place, when "suddenly there came a sound from heaven as of a rushing mighty wind, and it filled the house where they were sitting; and there appeared to them cloven tongues as of fire, which sat upon each of them: and they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and began to speak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance." The origin of the appellation of Whit Sunday has given rise to much learned and minute discussion, but the common derivation of *White* Sunday, from the candidates for baptism being clothed in white, seems the most probable.

Trinity Sunday.—This is always the Sunday next following the day of Pentecost, or Whit Sunday, and from this Sunday all the rest take their denomination until Advent Sunday.

Advent Sunday.---The season of Advent has been observed in all ages of the Church with peculiar reverence, as a solemn preparation for the festival of Christmas, and to impress our minds with a due sense of the inestimable blessings conferred on us by the coming of our blessed Saviour in the flesh, as well as to warn us most emphatically of his second Advent, when he will come with his holy angels to judge both the quick and the dead. To this end all the services which our Church has appointed for the four Advent Sundays, tend, and their due observance must have the effect of cherishing the growth of grateful piety in our hearts.

Christmas Day, or the Feast of the Nativity.—At what precise period, or why this particular day was set apart for the commemoration of our blessed Saviour's birth, is no where precisely accounted for; yet we may be assured that its observance is of the highest antiquity, since, so early as the fourth century, it was the custom of pious persons to date any remarkable event from the Festival of the Incarnation, which then, as now, was celebrated on this day.

USEFUL HINTS FOR HOME, &c.

HEALTH.—Sir Astley Cooper states, that the methods he employed for preserving his own health were:—temperance, early rising, and sponging the body with cold water every morning, immediately after getting out of bed. This practice, he says, he adopted for thirty years; and, though he went from the hot lecture-rooms of the hospital into the squares, in the severest winter nights, with merely silk stockings on his legs, yet he scarcely ever had a cold.

THE EYES.—Curtis, in his Treatise on the Eye, in regard to foreign bodies being forced into the eye by various causes, such as a gust of wind, mending a pen, &c., observes, that the method taken to remove them is generally unsuited to the end. The eyelids are first rubbed with the hand, which always produces unpleasant sensations, and not unfrequently inflammation, there being danger of forcing the offending substance into the eye, whence it cannot, without considerable difficulty, be removed. The proper mode of proceeding in such cases is as follows:—

"Let the head be leaned forward, and the upper eyelid raised by the person suffering, who will be more gentle than another can be; by this means he will commonly succeed in expelling it. The natural consequence of raising the eyelid, and retaining it in that position, is a flow of tears, which bring with them the intruding body, or carry it towards the canthus of the eye next to the nose, whence it may easily be removed. Should this, however, prove ineffectual, the finger may be gently passed over the eyelid, towards the nose, a few times, which seldom fails to cause the substance to descend to the lacrymal glands, and thus be dislodged.

"But should he still be unsuccessful, then it will be advisable to let another person introduce, between the eyelid and the ball, a small hair-pencil dipped in cream, beginning at the outer corner, and proceeding towards the nose, which usually effects the desired object. Further from this I would warn unprofessional individuals from going; as a serious lasting injury may be done to so delicate an organ before they are aware of it.

"When the eye has been stung by insects, such as wasps, bees, gnats, &c., the first thing to be done is to ascertain if the sting is left behind, and if so, to extract it by means of a small pair of forceps. Beyond that, all friction is dangerous, and will produce inflammation. The following is a simple mode of dissipating any incipient swell caused by such accidents. Mix a small quantity of vinegar with water, and apply it to the part affected."

SIMPLE CURE FOR THE RHEUMATISM.—Boil a small pot full of potatoes, and bathe the parts affected with the liquor in which they were boiled as hot as you can bear it, just before going to bed. The pains will be removed or greatly alleviated by the next morning. Some of the most obstinate rheumatic pains have been cured by one application of this simple remedy.—*Magazine of Domestic Economy.*

TOOTH-ACHE.—At a meeting of the London Medical Society, Dr. Blake stated, "that he was able to cure the most desperate cases of

tooth-ache (unless the disease was connected with rheumatism) by the application of the following remedy to the decayed tooth:—Alum, reduced to an impalpable powder, two drachms; nitrous spirit of ether, seven drachms. Mix and apply them to the tooth."

Kreasote, which may be obtained at any chemist's, has also been found very useful.

To PREVENT DROWNING.—Sinking in the water is occasioned by holding the arms above water, the unbuoyed weight of which depresses the head. When a man falls into deep water he will rise to the surface, and continue there, if he does not elevate his hands. If he moves his hands under water, in any manner, his head will rise high enough to allow him liberty to breathe; and if he moves his legs as if in the act of walking upstairs, his shoulders will rise above water, so that he may use less exertion with his hands.

SUSPENDED ANIMATION IF APPARENTLY DROWNED.—CAUTIONS. I. Lose no time.—2. Avoid all rough usage.—3. Never hold the body up by the feet.—4. Nor roll the body on casks.—5. Nor rub the body with salts or spirits.—6. Nor inject tobacco-smoke or infusion of tobacco.

RESTORATIVE MEANS.—Send quickly for medical assistance, but do not delay the following means:—1. Convey the body carefully, with the head and shoulders supported in a raised position, to the nearest house.—II. Strip the body and rub it dry; then wrap it in hot blankets, and place it in a warm bed in a warm chamber.—III. Wipe and cleanse the mouth and nostrils.—IV. In order to restore the natural warmth of the body: 1. Move a heated covered warming pan over the back and spine.—2. Put bladders or bottles of hot water or heated bricks to the pit of the stomach, the arm-pits, between the thighs, and to the soles of the feet.—3. Foment the body with hot flannels; but, if possible,—4. Immerse the body in a warm bath as hot as the hand can bear without pain, as this is preferable to the other means for restoring warmth.—5. Rub the body briskly with the hand; do not, however, suspend the use of the other means at the same time.—V. In order to restore breathing, introduce the pipe of a common bellows into one nostril, carefully closing the other and the mouth; at the same time drawing downwards, and pushing gently backward, the upper part of the windpipe, to allow a more free admission of air; blow the bellows gently, in order to inflate the lungs, till the breast be a little raised; the mouth and nostrils should then be set free, and a moderate pressure made with the hand upon the chest. Repeat this process till life appears.—VI. Electricity to be employed early by a medical assistant.—VII. Inject into the stomach, by means of an elastic tube and syringe, half a pint of warm brandy and water, or wine and water.—VIII. Apply sal volatile or hartshorn to the nostrils.

On restoration to life, a tea-spoonful of warm water should be given; and then, if the power of swallowing be returned, small quantities of warm wine, or weak brandy and water, warm; the patient should be kept in bed, and a disposition to sleep encouraged. Great care is requisite to maintain the restored vital actions, and at the same time to prevent undue excitement.

This treatment, recommended by the Royal Humane Society, is to be persevered in for three or four hours.

Precautions against Lightning.—When overtaken by lightning, instead of getting under a tree, or standing by a wall, hedge, &c., rather seek those places which are most open; as the middle of a field where there are no high objects very near. It is particularly dangerous to stand near leaden spouts, iron gates, or palisadoes; for metals of all kinds have a powerful attraction for the electric fluid. Lakes and large collections of water, and even streams, particularly those which are the result of recent rains, should be avoided. When at home during a thunder-storm, the best situation is the middle of the room, where one may seat himself on a hair mattrass or thick woollen rug. Avoid the fire-place, the wire-ropes, and indeed every description of metallic article.

Clothes on Fire.—Flame ascends upwards; therefore when the clothes of a female catch fire, she should directly throw herself on the floor, and roll round; if there be at hand a carpet, rug, blanket &c., or any thing which she can wrap round herself, she should immediately press it round her, and roll on the floor. Avoid rushing out of the door, for the current of air imparts energy and power to the devouring element.

To extinguish a Chimney on Fire.—Shut the doors and windows, throw water on the fire in the grate, and then stop up the bottom of the chimney.

COOKERY FOR THE SICK.

For the successful treatment of many complaints, we often depend more upon the cook than upon the doctor, and it is, therefore, of consequence that in every family there should be some one acquainted with the manner of preparing aliments most suited to a weak digestion, or to the season of returning health. Subjoined are a few receipts for this purpose, recommended for their simplicity and economy.

Beef Tea.—To one pound of lean beef, cut in slices, add a quart of water; let it gently simmer for twenty minutes, and skim it clean. If wanted in haste, it will now be ready, but it would be better if simmered half an hour longer.

Mutton Broth.—One pound and a half of neck of mutton; three pints of water. Pare the skin and the fat off the mutton, and let it stew in the water very gently. Take off the scum, and let it continue to simmer for an hour; then strain it off. It should be left to become cold, when all the greasy particles coming to and hardening on the surface can be readily removed, and the broth can be drawn off quite clear from the settlings to be re warmed.

Barley Water.—To two quarts of water put two ounces of pearl or Scotch barley; when it boils, strain it very clear, then put fresh water to it with a bit of lemon peel, and let it boil gently till reduced to nearly one half. Strain it off, and add sugar and lemon-juice to the taste. If lemon cannot be readily procured, about half an ounce of cream of tartar will give to the drink a pleasant flavor.

If required in haste, barley-water may be made with prepared barley, in little more than ten minutes.

BARLEY MILK.—Half a pound of pearl barley, one quart of milk, and half a pint of water. Boil for three hours and a half, strain the drink and sweeten with sugar.

RICE GRUEL.—Wash a quarter of a pound of rice in water, then put to it a pint and a quarter of new milk, and six or seven grains of all-spice; stew the whole gently until the rice is sufficiently tender to pulp through a sieve; return the pulp and the milk into the pan; simmer for ten minutes. If too thick, add very gradually a small quantity more of milk or water; add sugar to the taste.

Another cheaper and very nice gruel may be obtained with less trouble. Boil gently a quarter of a pound of rice in two pints and a half of water during four hours, the rice will then be quite dissolved, forming, with the water, a thick gruel; add nutmeg and sugar. This simple nourishment may be found extremely serviceable in some disorders.

WATER GRUEL.—Stir two table-spoonsful of oatmeal by degrees in a pint of water, and, when smooth, boil it for five minutes, stirring it all the time. Butter and salt are sometimes taken with this, or sugar and nutmeg. To convert it into caudle, add a little ale, wine, or brandy.

WATER GRUEL MADE WITH GROATS.—Boil a table-spoonful of groats for two hours in a pint of water, occasionally stirring it.

SAGO.—Soak a tea-cupful of sago in cold water for an hour; pour this off and wash it well, then set it with a quart of water to simmer by the fire; lemon-peel and all-spice may be added; when it looks clear, then it is sufficiently boiled; add wine and sugar. It may likewise be made with milk instead of water, omitting the wine.

ARROW-ROOT.—Take a tea-spoonful of arrow-root, and mix it with double its quantity of cold water; pour this gradually into a quarter of a pint of boiling water while yet on the fire, stirring it all the time; this will immediately thicken the water to the consistence of gruel; add a dessert-spoonful of wine, some grated nutmeg, and a little sugar: for infants, the wine and nutmeg must be omitted. Arrow-root, like sago, is also extremely nice made with milk instead of water, the quantity to be used of course varying with the thickness required.

VINEGAR WHEY.—Pour into boiling milk as much vinegar as will separate the curds from the whey; strain this off, and dilute with hot water to an agreeable acid, and sweeten with sugar.

TREACLE POSSET is made in a manner nearly similar to whey, treacle being used instead of vinegar. When the curd has subsided, strain off the posset, to which it is not necessary to make any additions.

BREAD JELLY.—Toast a slice of bread very dry and brown, pour water over this sufficient to cover it, and let it boil very gently; as the water evaporates, more is added during four hours, it will then be a complete jelly, strain it, and as it is used add some sugar and a little new milk. This is a very light, nourishing food for an invalid.

	Lat. ° ′ ″	Long. ° ′ ″	
Madras observatory		80 13 47	
Colombo Flag Staff	6 56 6	79 49 48	The latitude is the mean from 348 altitudes, taken at Mr. Templeton's house, and reduced to the Flag Staff. The longitude is derived from that of Madras, and other well fixed positions on the Coast, from Run's of the *Melville*, *Curassao*, *Benares* and *Royal Tiger*. A comparison of very exact observations made during the year 1840 has required the longitude formerly given to be encreased 6″.
Negombo Fort	7 12 34	79 50 42	Recent observations.
Chilaw	7 34	79 36	Approximate.
Putlam	8 2 50	79 53 38	Recent observations.
Calpentyn	8 14 45	79 47 48	Do.
Dutch Bay	8 18 15	79 45 16	Do.
Mutual Point	8 18 53		The extreme north point at the Entrance to Dutch Bay. Mr. Quintom.
Kardremalle Point	8 32 27	79 51 29	Mr. Quintom.
Arippo	8 47 56	79 54 43	The Fort lodge (Old Ruins). Mr Quintom.
Carativo	8 30 41	79 47 29	Northern extremity, sandy point. Lt. Powell.
Manaar Channel		79 52 34	Western South Entrance. Lt. Powel.
Manaar	8 58 42	79 54 2	South East end of the fort. Lt. Powell.
Paumban, Flag Staff	9 17 1	79 11 49	Recent observations—Lat, 9o 17′ 5″. Lt. Powell.
Ramisseram	9 18 7	79 17 31	The great Pagoda. Deduced from the operations of the Great Trigonometrical Survey of India.
Delft	9 32 0	79 41 58	The Old Dutch House. Lt. Powell.
Jaffna	9 39 54	80 1 3	Recent observations.
Amsterdam Island	9 43 50	79 49 4	N. W. Point. Longitude deduced from that of Trincomalie. Mr. Higgs.
Point Calymere	10 18 30	79 49 22	Near the most eastern Bungalow. Lt. Powell.
Tondemanar	9 48 6	80 9 11	Searcher's House. Eastern side of the Inlet. Latitude measured from Point Pedro. Longitude deduced from that of Trincomalie. Mr. Higgs.
Point Palmyra	9 50 10	80 12 37	North Eastern Pt. of Ceylon.

	Lat.	*Long.*	
Point Pedro (Harbour)	9 50 29	80 14 33	Lat. observed. Long. deduced from that of Trincomalie. Mr. Higgs. Long. 80° 14′ 42″ Recent observations.
Moelativoe House	9 14 4	80 48 55	By bearing and estimated distance from the shoal. Mr. Higgs.
Moelativoe Shoal	9 14 50	80 51 19	Eastern edge Lat. observed. Long. from Trincomalie. Mr. Higgs.
Trincomalie	8 35 38	86 14 27	Fort Frederick Flag Staff. Mr. Higgs.
	8 33 31	81 13 11	Dock yard Flag Staff. Mr. Higgs. Lat. 8° 33′ 26″ Lt. Powell. The Longitude must be considered very nearly exact. The Latitude is derived from the mean of very consistent observations.
Foul Point	8 32 22	81 18 53	By measurement. Mr. Higgs.
Venloos Bay	8 0	81 35	Approximate.
Friar's Hood	7 28	81 40	Do.
Komene Aar	6 31 10	81 45 10	The Entrance to Kombochan River.
Little Basses	6 25 40	81 47 54	Centre of the Group. Derived from the survey made in 1826 by H.M.S. *Tamar*.
—— Point	6 28 40	81 43 55	The nearest point of Land to the little Basses.
Elephant Rock	6 23 48	81 28 20	A conspicuous object a little Inland.
Great Basses	6 12 0	81 28 54	Longitude given by Mr. Higgs being 15′ 43″ E. of Trincomalie dock yard.
Amedowe Point	6 17 10	81 24 55	The nearest land to the Great Basses
Batticaloa	7 40 47	81 41 41	Fort. Latitude reduced from the observed latitude of the Harbour mouth. The longitude from that of Trincomalie. Mr. Higgs.
	7 43 32	81 41 24	Harbour mouth. Latitude observed. Mr. Higgs.
Hambantotte	6 6 58	81 6 49	Mr. Twynam. The longitude being altered to suit the emended longitude of Galle.
Calamatra Bay	6 4 7	80 55 7	Do.
Mahawelle Bay	5 59 30	80 44 24	Do.
Tangalle	6 1 16	80 46 57	Do.
Nilewelle Bay	5 57 37	80 42 30	Do.
Gandore	5 55 42	80 36 39	Do.
Dondra Head	5 55 15	80 34 59	Do.
Matura	5 56 26	80 32 16	Do.

	Lat.	Long.	
Belligam Bay	5 57 30	80 25 29	Mr. Twynam. The longitude being altered to suit the emended longitude of Galle.
Dodandowe Bay	6 6 47	80 6 33	Do.
Galle	6 1 40	80 12 18	The longitude formerly allotted to Galle, which was deduced from numerous run's of the *Royal Tiger* and *Benares*, has been encreased 12″ to suit more recent observations, and a more carefull comparison of those formerly collected.
Bentotte	6 24 41	79 59 11	Rest House.
Barberyn Island	6 27 40	79 57 10	
Caltura Fort	6 35 1	79 56 56	Approximate.
Pantura	6 42 51	79 53 14	Do.
Pantura Rock	6 42 2	79 52 31	
Mt. Livinia House	6 50 0	79 51 0	By bearing and measured distance from Colombo.

A comparison of Occultations observed at Madras, the Cape, Greenwich, Cambridge, and Edinburgh, afford the following results for the Longitude of Madras—

	H.	M.	S.
Madras and the Cape	5	20	56.6
Greenwich			54·9
Cambridge			53·9
Edinburgh			58·0

H.	M.	S.	°	′	″
5	20	55·1	80	13	47

The Longitude 5 20 55·1 or in space 80 13 47 has been adopted for Madras and an equivalent alteration been made in all the Longitudes given in the Calendar of former years, to agree with it.

The Officers of Her Majesty's Navy and the Masters of Merchant Vessels are earnestly requested to forward, under cover to the Colonial Secretary, any information they may collect, which can tend to encrease the accuracy, or extend the limits of the preceding Table.

A CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF EVENTS
CONNECTED WITH CEYLON.

A. D.

1505.—The Portuguese, under Don Lorenzo de Almeyda, first visit Ceylon, and are permitted to trade.

1518.—Lopez Suaar Alverenga arrives in Ceylon with a fleet of nineteen ships, and after some ineffectual opposition from the Singhalese, erects a Fort at Colombo, and forces the King, Dharma Prakrama Bahoo 9th, then reigning at Cotta, to acknowledge himself tributary to the Crown of Portugal.

1520.—The Singhalese, exasperated by the cruelties of the Portuguese, invest the Fort at Colombo, and keep it beseiged for seven months.

1524.—By order of Emanuel, King of Portugal, the Portuguese demolish the Fort at Colombo.

An Arab Chieftain endeavours by stratagem to get the Portuguese, who were left at Colombo, into his power.

1527.—Dharma Prakrama Bahoo 9th dies, and is succeeded by his brother Wijaya Bahoo 7th.

1534.—Wijaya Bahoo 7th is murdered, and his eldest son Bhuwaneka Bahoo 7th succeeds him.

1536.—Bhuwaneka Bahoo 7th places his grandson Dharma Paala under the protection of the King of Portugal, and sends an Embassy to that Court, with an image of the young Prince, and a Crown of gold.

Juaz Monteiro, the first Bishop of Ceylon dies at Colombo.

1541.—The image of Dharma Paala ceremoniously crowned by John III in the Great Hall of his Palace at Lisbon.

Bhuwaneka Bahoo 7th is accidentally killed, being shot through the heart by a Portuguese gentleman, while accompanying a party of European friends on the Kallania.

1542.—The Portuguese raise Dharma Paala to the throne, after baptizing him by the name of Don John. He is vigorously opposed by Raja Singha 1st, and forced to fly from Cotta and take refuge at Colombo.

1544.—The Roman Catholic religion first preached at Manar by Xavier, or some of his colleagues; and 600 of the inhabitants, who had embraced it, are massacred by the King of Jaffna.

1545.—A Portuguese fleet attempts to wrest Manar from the King of Jaffna.

1548.—Xavier visits Jaffna, and persuades the King to form an alliance with the Portuguese.

1574.—Some Roman medals discovered at Mantottee.

1580.—Dharma Paala bequeathes the whole Island to the Crown of Portugal.

The Portuguese are permitted by the King of Jaffna to build a Franciscan Church in his capital.

1581.—Raja Singha 1st proclaims himself King of Ceylon, and afterwards lays seige to Colombo, but is soon obliged to raise it, in consequence of the Portuguese sending Konappoo Bandar with an army to Kandy, to make a diversion in their favour.

1591.—The Portuguese obtain possession of Kandy, where they raise Don Philip to the throne in violation of their engagement to Konaapoo Bandar.

1592.—Konaapoo Bandar poisons his rival, and after expelling the Portuguese troops from Kandy, turns his arms against Raja Singha 1st, whom he defeats in a battle at Kukulbittrawella.

Raja Singha 1st dies, aged 120 years; and Konaapoo Bandar proclaims himself King in his stead under the title of Wimala Dharma.

Don Pedro de Sousa is sent from Goa in command of a strong force. He makes himself master of Kandy, and in order to favor the desire of the Singhalese, proclaims as Queen, Donna Catharina, daughter of a former King of Kandy, who had been placed under the guardianship of the Portuguese at Manar, and educated as a Christian.

1593.—Wimala Dharma defeats De Sousa and captures Donna Catharina, whom he afterwards marries.

1596.—The Portuguese, under Don Jeronimo de Azevedo, march to Kandy, but are met by Wimala Dharma at Wellane, and suffer a severe defeat.

Dominicus Correa goes over to Wimala Dharma, who sends him with an army against Galle, where he is routed, made prisoner, and put to death by the Portuguese.

1597.—Dharma Paala dies at Colombo, and is buried in the Franciscan Convent in the Fort, May 26th or 28th.

1602.—The Dutch visit Ceylon: Admiral Joris Spilbergen offers to the King the friendship and alliance of the Prince of Orange and the States General of Holland, which are accepted.

1603.—Admiral Serald de Weerd, in a fit of intoxication, insults the King and is killed, together with many of his attendants.

1604.—Wimala Dharma dies, and is succeeded by his brother Senerat.

1612.—Marcellus de Boschouder arrives from Amboyna, and enters into a treaty with the King, May 11th.

The Dutch commence erecting a fort at Cottiar, but are surprised and massacred by the Portuguese.

1613.—Boschouder quells a rebellion at Panoa, and defeats a Portuguese fleet between Cape Comorin and Ceylon.

The Queen Donna Catharina dies, July 20th.

1614.—Don Munno de Fereira arrived at Colombo in the quality of Viceroy of Goa, to relieve Don Jeronimus de Azevedo, March 4th.

He sends Don Francisco de Menezes as his Envoy to Kandy to propose a Treaty of Peace, which is refused, June 3d.

1615.—Boschouder is sent to Holland to procure succour against the Portuguese; but in consequence of the very cold reception he met with from the Directors of the Dutch East India Company, he proceeds to Copenhagen.

1618.—Boschouder on the part of his Kandyan Majesty concludes a treaty with Christian IV. King of Denmark, and sets out with some ships for Ceylon, but dies upon his passage.

1620.—The Danish ships reach Ceylon; but, being rejected by the King, they sail back to Denmark.

1624.—The Portuguese commenced erecting a fort at Jaffnapatam.

1627.—The Portuguese erect a Fort at Trincomale, and another at Batticalao.

1630.—General CONSTANTINE DE SAA takes the field with a large army against the Prince of Ouwa, is defeated and killed.

1632.—The fort at Jaffnapatam completed.

1635.—SENERAT dies, and is succeeded by his son RAJA SINGHA 2d.

Matale and the adjacent provinces formed into a separate Kingdom for WIJAYA PAALA, the King's brother, who resided at Godapola.

1637.—The Dutch Deputies JOHN THEYZEN and ADRIAN HELMOND arrives at Batticalao, Oct. 26th.

The Portuguese army, amounting to 2,300 Europeans and Mistizos and 6,000 Caffres, under the command of DIEGO DE MELHO and DAMIAN BOTTADO, again penetrate into the interior, and after ransacking Kandy, retire to Gannaruwa; but RAJA SINGHA 2d surrounds them with his forces, puts them all to the sword and has their heads cut off, and piled up in the form of a pyramid, March.

1638.—Admiral WESTERWOLD wrests Batticalao from the Portuguese; and concludes a treaty with the King, highly advantageous to the Dutch, May 23rd

The King sends two Ambassadors to Batavia with presents to the General and Council of the Indies.

1639.—Trincomale taken by the Dutch.

1640.—The Dutch take Negombo. Feb. 9th

Point de Galle stormed and taken by the Dutch, under Commodore KOSTER. March 13th.

KOSTER murdered on the road from Kandy to Batticalao.

The Portuguese re-capture Negombo, Nov. 8th.

1644.—Negombo again taken by the Dutch.

1645.—WIJAYA PAALA makes war with RAJA SINGHA 2d, and being defeated, repairs to Colombo and embarks for Goa, where he embraces Christianity.

1646.—A temporary pacification ensues between the Dutch and the Portuguese.

The Dutch authorities at Negombo having carried off some of the King's tame Elephants, he surrounds their troops in the Seven Corles, and after slaying the Commander, ADRIAN VANDERSTELL, cuts off his head, and sends it in a silken bag to his countrymen on the sea Coast.

1652.—A mutiny among the Portuguese Soldiers and principal inhabitants of Colombo is raised against the Governor MANUEL MASCARENHAS HOMEN, whom they take into custody.

1655.—Caltura taken by the Dutch, under General HULST, October 15th.

ANTONIO ADIRAL DE MENEZES Governor of Jaffnapatam, taken prisoner by the Dutch at Mutwal on his way from Manar to Colombo, Dec. 10th.

1656.—General GERARD HULST, who commanded the Dutch Forces at the seige of Colombo killed by a Musket Bullet, April 10th.

The Dutch lay seige to Colombo; and the Portuguese, after an obstinate resistance of seven months, surrender it by capitulation, May 12th.

1658.—Manar taken by the Dutch, Feb. 22d.
Fort Hammenheil taken by the Dutch, April 10th.
Jaffna surrendered to the Dutch after a seige of 3½ months, June 22d.
The Reformed Religion first introduced into Jaffna by the Rev. Dr. BALDEUS, August.
A conspiracy formed against the Dutch at Jaffna by DON LOUIS POODA TAMBY and some Portuguese are discovered by DON MANUEL DE ANDRADO, Modliar, and the conspirators executed, Sept.
A dreadful inundation at Kaits, by which a considerable number of the inhabitants and cattle perish.

1659.—Captain ROBERT KNOX, his son and several of the crew of the *Ann* Frigate are taken prisoners at Batticalao, and removed to Kandy.

1661.—A Pearl Fishery.

1663.—A Pearl Fishery.

1664.—A serious insurrection breaks out at Kandy, and the King narrowly escapes being murdered.

1666.—The Dutch erect a fort at Arrandorre.

1672.—Monsieur DE LA HAYE, the Commander of a French squadron, arrives at Cottiar, and opens a correspondence with the King, who permits the French to erect a fort near the bay of Trincomalie; but, being attacked and defeated by the Dutch Admiral, VAN GOENS, he sails for the coast of Coromandel.

1679.—Governor VAN GOENS sends an Embassy to Kandy.
KNOX effects his escape from Kandy and reaches Arippo, October 18th.

1685.—RAJA SINGEA 2d dies, and is succeeded by his son WIMALA DHARMA SURYA.

1687.—The Venerable Father JOSE VAZ arrives from Goa.

1692.—He penetrates into Kandy and endeavours to re-establish the Roman Catholic religion in that city.

1707.—WIMALA DHARMA SURYA dies, and is succeeded by his son NARENDRA SINGHA.

1709.—SUSUNAN MANGKURAT MAS, Ex-King of Java is banished to Ceylon by the Dutch.

1711.—The Venerable Father JOSE VAZ dies at Kandy, January 7th.

1721.—An Embassy of Condolence sent to Kandy by Governor RUMPH upon the death of the Queen.

1723.—Fiscal BARENT VANDER SWAAN and his wife murdered at Colombo, in an insurrection of their slaves, June 11th.

1723.—The Javanese Princes and Chiefs, in revolt against the Dutch, surrender themselves at Batavia to the number of forty-four persons, and are banished to Ceylon.

1729.—Governor VUYST makes an attempt to render himself an independent sovereign; and, in the prosecution of that attempt, has recourse to the most atrocious cruelties. He is arrested, and sent to Batavia, where he is sentenced to be broken alive upon the wheel, his body to be quartered, and those quarters to be burnt upon a pile of wood, when his ashes were to be collected and thrown into the sea.

1732.—A Pearl Fishery.

1734.—DANURAJO, first Minister in the Court of Java, having thwarted the ambitious designs of the Dutch, incurs their displeasure, is given over to them, and banished to Ceylon.

1736.—Taxes upon Imports and Exports first established in Ceylon.

1737.—SUSUNAN MANGKURAT MAS dies at Colombo, and his family, with the regalia are sent back to Java.

1739.—NARENDRA SINGHA dies, and is succeeded by his brother in law SREEWIJAYA RAJA SINGHA.

1740.—The Rev. Messrs. ELLER and NITSCHMAN, Moravian Missionaries, visit Ceylon.

1745.—SREEWIJAYA RAJA SINGHA sends a deputation of Chiefs to Siam, to bring over priests to restore the neglected ordinances of Budha.

SUSUNAN KUNING, King of Java surrenders himself to the Dutch, and is banished to Ceylon.

1746.—A Pearl Fishery—yielded £4.766 13 4.

1747.—SREEWIJAYA RAJA SINGHA dies, and is succeeded by his brother in law KIRTISREE RAJA SINGHA.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded £21.400.

1748.—A Pearl Fishery—yielded £38,580.

1749.—A Pearl Fishery—yielded £68,375.

1750.—KIRTISREE RAJA SINGHA sends another deputation of Chiefs to Siam.

1753.—The Chiefs return to Ceylon accompanied by some Siamese priests. Wellewitte is placed at the head of the Buddhist establishment on the Island with the title of SANGA RAJA.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded £6.360.

1754.—A Pearl Fishery—yielded £1,469.

1761.—The violent measure of Governor SCREUDER occasions an insurrection in the west coast; and the Kandyans, by aiding the insurgents, involve themselves in hostilities with the Dutch.

1763.—Mr. PYBUS sent as Ambassador to the King of Kandy by the Madras Government.

The Dutch make themselves masters of Kandy and the surrounding districts of Matelle, Doombera and Wallapana, but they only keep possession about nine months.

1766.—A peace concluded with the King of Kandy by a Treaty, which insured to the Dutch the unmolested possession of all the places on the Coast.

1768.—The last Pearl Fishery under the Dutch.

1769.—The Rev. Mr. SWARTZ visits Ceylon.

1781.—KIRTISREE RAJA SINGHA dies, and is succeeded by his brother RAJADHI RAJA SINGHA.

1782.—A British squadron, under the command of Sir EDWARD HUGHES, and some land forces, under Sir HECTOR MUNRO, take possession of Trincomalie, January 11th.

Mr. BOYD sent as Ambassador to the King of Kandy, Feb. 5th.

The French fleet; under SUFFREIN, retake Trincomalie for the Dutch, August 31st.

1785.—Paper Currency first introduced in Ceylon by Governor VANDER GRAAFF.

1789.—An enumeration made, by the order of Governor VANDER GRAAFF, of all the inhabitants in the maritime districts subject to the

Dutch East India Company, and that reckoning gave 817,000 inhabitants of both sexes, and all ages.

1795.—Trincomalie again taken by the British forces, under Colonel STEWART, after a seige of three weeks, August 26th.

The crew of a boat belonging to his Majesty's ship *Orpheaus* massacred by the Malays at Barbareen.

Jaffna surrendered to the British Forces under Colonel STEWART, September.

Calpentyn surrendered to the British Forces under Colonel BOWSON, November 5th.

1796.—MIGASTHANA ADIKAR is sent to Madras as Ambassador from the King of Kandy and concludes a Preliminary Treaty with Lord HOBART, Governor of Fort St. George, Feb. 12th.

Mr. ANDREWS on the part of the Government of Madras proceeds to Kandy, in order to obtain the King's ratification to the Preliminary Treaty, and to negotiate a definitive one on more enlarged principles, but fails in his object, the King requiring certain alterations in the Treaty which he was not authorized to accede to.

Colombo surrendered to the British forces, under Colonel STEWART and Captain GARDINER, R. N., by capitulation, Feb. 16th.

The first Pearl Fishery under the English: yielded £60,000.

1797.—The employment of the Coast Dubashees, in collecting the revenue and other duties, occasions an insurrection in the Korles.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded £110,000.

Overtures made from the Court of Kandy for a renewal of the negotiation.

1798.—Colonel BONNAVAUX, Commander of the Forces at Colombo, killed by the upsetting of his curricle.

Ceylon made a King's Colony; and the Hon'ble FREDERICK NORTH appointed Governor, Oct. 12th.

RAJADHI RAJA SINGHA dies: and a nephew of one of his Queen's is raised to the throne by PILIMI TALAWE, the first ADIKAR, under the title of SRI WIKRAMA RAJA SINGHA.

Prince MOOTOO SAWMI and his adherents escape from Kandy, and place themselves under the protection of the British Government.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded £140,000.

1799.—The importation of Slaves into Ceylon prohibited, January 15th.

Mr. NORTH has an interview with PILIMI TALAWA, Feb. 14th.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded £30,000.

A violent thunder-storm at Colombo, May.

The Dutch Governor VAN ANGELBEEK died at Colombo Sept. 3d.

Torture and barbarous modes of punishment abolished in Ceylon Sept. 23rd.

PILMI TALAWA offers to assassinate the King, if the British would assist him to ascend the throne, December.

The Small-Pox raged violently in Trincomalie and the adjoining country.

The first English Seminary for Natives founded at Colombo.

1800.—MONSIEUR DUBUC, General in the service of the late Tippo SULTAN and his Ambassador Extra-Ordinary to the French Directory, who was taken prisoner by His Majesty's Ship the *Braave*, Captain Alexander, disembarked at Galle, Jan. 15th.

General MACDOWALL sent as Ambassador to the King of Kandy, March 12th.

A Tumult at Manar, on account of the *Jaie* tax, June.

A murrain carried off four-fifths of the Cattle in the northern provinces.

1802.—The second Adikar arrived at Colombo as Ambassador from the King of Kandy, February 5th.

His Majesty's Ship *La Sensible*, Captain SAUCE, lost on a quicksand about 20 miles to the southward of Mullativoe, March 3rd.

The publication of the Ceylon Government *Gazette* commenced, March 15th.

A tremendous whirl-wind at Colombo, April 14th.

The Kandyans committed the first act of aggression by despoiling some British subjects, who had purchased Arekanuts in the Four Korles, of their property.

The Supreme Court of Judicature instituted.

Vaccine Inoculation commenced at Trincomalie August 11th.

A severe storm in Ceylon; several square-rigged vessels were driven on shore, many boats lost at sea, and considerable damage was done to the country, December 5th.

1803.—Hostilities against the King of Kandy commenced, January 21st.

Two divisions of the British army, one under the command of General MACDOWALL and the other under the command of Colonel BARBUT, take possession of Kandy, February 21st.

MOOTOO SAWMY proclaimed King, and a treaty concluded with him, March 8th.

A force is sent to Hangranketty in pursuit of the fugitive King but without success, March 13th.

The second Adikar treats with General MACDOWALL for the surrender of the fugitive King on condition that PILIMI TALAWA should have supreme authority in Kandy and MOOTOO SAWMY retire on a pension to Jaffnapatam, March 28th.

A Pearl Fishery at Chilaw—yielded £15,000.

General MACDOWALL returns to Colombo with a part of the forces, April 1st.

Mr. NORTH has an interview with PILIMI TALAWA at Dambadenia, May 3rd.

General MACDOWALL again proceeds to Kandy, May 16th.

Colonel BARBUT is seized with fever, and being conveyed to Colombo, dies there May 23rd.

General MACDOWALL leaves Kandy ill with fever, June 11th.

The Kandyans attack the British Garrison in Kandy, under Major DAVIE, Commandant; Major DAVIE capitulates, and is allowed to March to Wattapolawa, on the Trincomalie road, with the troops consisting of 17 Officers, 20 British soldiers, 250 Malays, 140 Gun Lascars, and MOOTOO SAWMY and his attendants, June 24th.

Major DAVIE in vain attempts to get the troops across the river; and MOOTOO SAWMY is delivered up at the desire of the Kandyans and put to death, June 25th.

The Kandyans first massacre all the sick, to the number of 150, left in the hospital at Kandy, and then order the troops on the bank of the river to deliver up their arms and return to Kandy:

this is complied with, but on the way they are massacred likewise, with the excepion of Major DAVIE and Captain RUMLEY, whom the King spared, and Captain HUMPHREYS and a Medical Sub-Assistant of the Malay Regiment, who escaped, as also such Malays as accepted the offer to serve the King, June 26th.

Desultory warfare and ravage commenced, August.

The King attacks Hangwelle and suffers a severe defeat, Sept. 6th.

The Ceylon Civil Fund established, October.

Lood VALENTIA visited Ceylon, December.

1804.—General MACDOWALL relieved from the command of the Forces in Ceylon, February.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded about £75,000.

The Kandyans prepare for a general invasion of the British settlements, March.

PILIMI TALAWA renews his treacherous overtues, which are rejected with scorn.

The Brig *Echo*, Captain JOHN ARTHUR, wrecked off the coast of Chilaw, Sept. 2d.

1805.—The Kandyans again invade the British territory, and are repulsed on all sides, with great loss, February.

The King of Kandy seized with the Small-Pox, May.

Missionaries from the London Missionary Society arrived in Ceylon.

THOMAS FARRELL Esq., Sitting Magistrate of Colombo assassinated, May 20th.

Lieutenant NESBETT of His Majesty's 2d Ceylon Regiment, accidentally drowned in the Chilaw river, Sept. 7th.

1806.—The renewal of the Stamp Duties in the transfer of property, January 1st.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded £35,000.

The Hon'ble ALEXANDER JOHNSTON appointed Provisional Chief Justice, April 2d.

The Bark *Anna*, Captain DOIG, lost at Wondemale, May 20th.

The Roman Catholics of Ceylon relieved of the restrictions imposed upon them by the Dutch, June 4th.

The French privateer *Henrietta*, captured by Her Majesty's Ship *Powerful* off the Friar's Hood, June 13th.

A number of gang robberies having taken place in the Talpepattoo, the Agent of Revenue and Commerce of Galle and Matura was invested with Criminal Jurisdiction, and ordered to proceed on a Circuit throughout every village of that pattoo, July.

Police Vidahns first appointed.

The French Privateer *Bellona* captured by His Majesty's Ships *Powerful* and *Rattlesnake* off the Basses, the *Powerful* had two men killed and eleven wounded, July 12th.

A cartel Ship arrived at Colombo for the purpose of transporting the Dutch Prisoners of War to Batavia, Oct.

1807.—The Bazar Tax first established.

The Hon'ble E. C. LOSHINGTON, Esq., appointed Chief Justice and the Hon'ble ALEXANDER JOHNSTON, Esq., Puisne Justice, April 15th.

1808.—Captain HARDINGE of His Majesty's Ship *St. Fiorenzo* killed in an engagement with the French Frigate *La Piedmonteze* in

the gulf of Manaar, March 8th.
A Pearl Fishery—yielded £90,000.

1809.—An Embargo laid on all vessels in the Port and Roads of Colombo, January 16th.
The Hon'ble ALEXANDER JOHNSTON, Esq., Puisne Justice, embarked for England, February 14th.
A Pearl Fishery—yielded £25,000.
The Hon'ble WM. COKE, Esq., appointed Provisional Chief Justice, March 6th.

1810.—Major DAVIE died in captivity at Kandy.

1811.—Sir THOMAS MAITLAND embarked on the Hon'ble Company's Ship *Thomas Granville* for England, March 15th.
The Hon'ble WM. COKE, Esq., sworn in as Puisne Justice, April 29th.
Arrival of the Hon'ble Sir ALEXANDER JOHNSTON, Kt., Chief Justice and President of His Majesty's Council in Ceylon, November 6th.
A new Charter of Justice read and promulgated, by which the Supreme Court became divided into two divisions, the first consisting of the Chief Justice to sit at Colombo, and the second consisting of the Puisne Justice to sit at Jaffnapatam; the benefit of Trial by Jury in Criminal cases was extended to all His Majesty's subjects in Ceylon; the Provincial Courts abolished, and the Land Raad Courts revived, November 8th.
The Trial of Captain PARKER of the 2d Ceylon Regiment for the murder of Captain BROWN of the same Regiment in a Duel. The Jury brought in a verdict of guilty of culpable Homicide, December 9th.

1812.—His Excellency Lieutenant General ROBERT BROWNRIGG appointed Governor and Commander in Chief of the British Settlements in Ceylon, arrived at Colombo, March 10th.
A new Charter of Justice, read and promulgated, March 16th.
The Land Raad Courts abolished and the Provincial Courts re-established, March 18th.
The Colombo Auxiliary Bible Society instituted, August 1st.
A Royal Botanic Garden established in Ceylon, August 11th.
The Cutcherry of Matura robbed, July 20th.
The Colombo Library established.
PILIMI TALAWA beheaded for a conspiracy against the King, and is succeeded by EHEYLAPOLA.
A scarcity of Grain, which continued throughout the year.
The Baptist Missionary Society commenced a Mission in Ceylon.

1813.—A Private subscription for the relief of the distressed poor opened at Colombo, January 18th.
The Bazar Tax repealed, August 10th.
The Remains of the Dutch Governors and of their families buried in the Fort, were removed and deposited to the Wolfendahl Church, September 4th.
The foundation stone of the Fort at Pallitoopane laid by Sir ROBERT BROWNRIGG, September 11th.

1814.—A Pearl Fishery—yielded £64,000.
The division of the Supreme Court put an end to, February 1st.
EHEYLAPOLA rebels against the King and takes refuge at Colom-

bo; his wife and four children are barbarously butchered at Kandy, May.

Three Soldiers of His Majesty's 19th Regiment accidentally drowned in the Sea behind the Fort of Matura, June 12th.

Mr. J. Rabot, Master of the Brig *Catharina*, drowned in the sea near Manar by accidentally falling overboard, June 15th.

A smart shock of an earthquake felt at Batticaloa, July 13th.

Ten Native Traders from the British territory cruelly tortured and mutilated at Kandy, by order of the King, November.

Arrival of the Wesleyan Missionaries in Ceylon.

Dreadful Hurricane in the north and north-west coast of Ceylon, by which great devastation was made in Jaffna, Wertaltivoe, and Manar, November 5th.

1815.—Declaration of the renewal of Hostilities against the King of Kandy, January 10th.

The British troops entered the Kandyan territory, January 11th.

Sir Robert Brownrigg established his Head Quarters at Kandy, February 14th.

The King taken prisoner at Gallchewatte in Dumbera, February 18th.

A Convention concluded between Sir Robert Brownrigg and the Chiefs, for deposing the King and establishing the British Government in the Kandyan Provinces, March 2d.

An Epedemic broke out amongst the Cattle in the Chilaw District, October.

1816.—The Ex-King of Kandy and his family embarked in His Majesty's Ship *Cornwallis* for Madras, January 24th.

A Pearl Fishery.

Arrival of the American Missionaries at Colombo, March 23rd.

The Alphandigo Duties abolished, May 1st.

Two Budhist Priests baptized in the Fort Church, by the Hon'ble and Rev. T. J. Twisleton, June 9th.

Heavy falls of rain in the interior; the Mahawelliganga at the Gannaruwa ferry rose 50 feet above its level at low water, July 10th.

St. Thomas' Church at Colombo opened, July 28th.

The proprietors of Slaves in the Maritime Provinces, 763 in number, declared that all children born of their Slaves after the 12th August should be thenceforward free.

St. Paul's Church at Colombo opened, September 1st.

Bishop Middleton visited Ceylon. October 21st.

The ancient Royal Crown and Sword of State of the Kandyan Government discovered, November.

A desperate attempt made to rob the General Treasury at Colombo, November 26th.

A gang of depredators plunder the Salt Leways in the Mahagampattoo; Orakkimine Mohandiram, the ringleader, taken by Mr. Backhouse, December 3rd.

The Wesleyan Mission Chapel at Colombo opened, December 22d.

The Moorish Ship *Rupparah*, from Point de Galle bound to Calcutta, lost off Nilawally, December 24th.

1817.—The Ship *Albion*, lost off Trincomalie, January 14th.

The Ship *Good Hope*, Captain DAVIS, from Bengal, driven on shore near Catahawelle, January 17th.

The Brig *Henry*, Captain COWCHER, from Madras, lost near Cattakadoo in Jaffna, January 23rd.

Lieutenant SAUNDERS of His Majesty's Ship *Iphiginea*. Ensigns CAMPBELL, HASWELL and COANE of the 73rd Regiment, two Seamen and a boy drowned in the harbour of Colombo, by the upsetting of the Cutter, in which they were proceeding from the Ship to the shore, January 27th.

The Ship *Mauritius*, Captain GREIG, from Bengal, abandoned by her Officers and crew off Provicien Island, 12 leagues south of the Foul Point, March 1st.

The Church in the Fort at Galle struck by lightning, April 5th.

The Kandyan Rebellion commenced by a few of the Chiefs of Welasse, September 10th.

Mr. WILSON, the British Resident in Ouva, killed by the rebels at Welasse, September 16th.

A reward of Rds. 1,000 proclaimed by Sir ROBERT BROWNRIGG for the apprehension of the Pretender. November 6th.

Assistant Surgeon MCNULTY killed by the rebels in the neighbourhood of Taldenia, November 20th.

A severe storm at Colombo and parts adjacent, in which the Transport Ship *Eliza*, the Ship *Pembroke*, the Brig *Zephyr*, the Brig *Eliza*, the Ketch *Ardasier* and about 40 Dhoneys perished, November 26th.

Assistant Surgeon KENNEDY, and DASSANAIKA Mohandiram killed by the rebels near Tibbatgodde, December 9th.

1818.—EHEYLAPOLA MAHA NILAMA removed from Kandy to Colombo, March 3d.

Lieutenant STUTZER of the 1st Ceylon regiment, killed by the rebels, on his way from Raloowalevelle to Wellawaye, February 18th.

Martial Law proclaimed in the Kandyan Provinces, February 21st.

A grand meeting of the Pretender and the Chiefs held at Deyabetmewala in Ouva, May 17th.

Arrival of the Church Missionaries in Ceylon, July 17th

Sir WM. COKE, Puisne Justice of the Supreme Court died at Trincomalie, September 1st.

The Hon'ble and Rev. T. J. TWISLETON instituted to the Archdeaconry of Colombo, September 18th.

ELLEPOLA Adikar captured, October 1st and beheaded at Kandy, October 27th.

KAPPITTIPOLA and PILIMI TALAWA, the two ringleaders of the Rebellion, captured, October 30th.

Kiwulgedera Mohatalle captured, November 20th.

KAPPITIPOLA and MADUGALLA beheaded at Kandy, November 26th.

The Hon'ble H. BYRNE, Esq., Acting Puisne Justice sworn in, November 30th.

The execution of Kiwulgedera Mohattale at Badulla, December 18th.

1819.—An affray occurred between a party of Bengal Volunteers and

some Malays at Slave Island, in which many were severely wounded on both sides and one was killed, January 1st.

The Cholera Morbus for the first time appeared at Colombo, January 20th.

The administration of Martial Law in the Kandyan Provinces ceased, February 12th.

Adam's Peak ascended, and its extreme summit explored by the Hon'ble Mrs. TWISLETON, Mrs. SHULDAM and Mrs. WALKER, March 24th.

A heavy shower of hail stones fell at Kornegalle, April 6th.

The Brig *Maria Das Nevis* lost in a squall in the harbour of Colombo, April 18th.

MajorGeneral Sir EDWARD BARNES K. C. B., landed at Galle, July 19th.

A heavy shower of hail stones fell at Allipoot, July 27th.

Four Malay soldiers and a Moorman executed near the Lewelle ferry for the murder of DIGULEDORA LEKAM and his family, at Dunibera, Aug. 2d.

Mr. FARRELL, Collector of Tangalle, tried before the Supreme Court for the murder of a Native, and acquitted, Nov. 18th.

1828.—The Schooner *Shreedang*, NICHOLAS CHANDER, Master from Tavoy Point, wrecked at the mouth of the Batticaloa river, Jan. 1st.

A person assuming the title of King of the Kandyan Provinces, collected the Vedahs of Bintenne, and created new disturbances; but was almost immediately apprehended, Jan. 12th.

General Sir ROBERT BROWNRIGG, Bart., G.C.B., left Colombo for England in the Ship *Eclipse*. Captain JAMES STEWART, and Major General Sir EDWARD BARNES, K. C. B., assumed the office of Lieutenant Governor, Feb. 1st.

The Hon'ble Sir HARDINGE GIFFARD Kt. L. L. D., Chief Justice, sworn in, Feb. 16th.

Wertehivo ceased to be a port of entry and export, May 1st.

A most unprecedented fall of rain at Colombo, accompanied with strong gales from the Southward, in which the Ketch *Hope* was driven on shore and went to pieces. The Lake of Colombo was so surcharged that it overflowed the bank, which forms its western boundary and separates it from the Sea, and carried a considerable portion of it away, May 4th.

KOBEKADUWE Dissave, a Kandyan rebel chief, who escaped being captured in 1818, makes an attempt to excite commotions in the interior, and is made prisoner, May 30th.

Mons. LESCHENAULT DE LATOUR, Naturalist to His Majesty LOUIS 18th, arrived at Colombo, July 25th.

The Brig *L'Actif*, L. SAGET, from the Mauritius, bound to Calcutta, driven on shore at Odepenkarre.

The Free Trader *Tanjore*, destroyed by lightning off the Vendeloos' Bay, Sept. 6th.

The Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE BYRNE left Colombo for Madras, Sept. 15th.

The Hon'ble Sir RICHARD OTTLEY, Kt. Puisne Justice sworn in, Oct. 7th.

A violent thunder storm at Colombo, in which the Pettah Church

was struck by lightning, but the damage was not considerable, Oct. 14th.

The Ceylon Literary Society instituted, Dec. 11th.

1821.—The Wesleyan Mission Chapel at Caltura opened, Jan. 18th.

Bishop MIDDLETON held his first visitation at Colombo, April 27th.

The new burying ground near Wolfendhal Church consecrated by Bishop MIDDLETON, May 29th.

The Country Ship *Fattalvahood*, Captain RICHARDSON, foundered off Ambelapokene in Wanny, June 25th.

The Wesleyan Mission Chapel at Kornegalle opened, Dec. 30th.

1822.—The new Bridge over the Hingoal Oya in the Four Korles opened, Jan. 28th.

Lieut. General Sir EDWARD PAGET K. C. B., assumed the Government of the Colony, Feb. 2d.

Major General Sir JAMES CAMPBELL K. C. B., appointed to the Staff of the Army in Ceylon, arrived at Trincomalie, July 22d.

Lieut. General Sir EDWARD PAGET K.C.B., left Colombo for Calcutta, and Major General Sir JAMES CAMPBELL K. C. B., took his seat in Council as Lieutenant Governor, Nov. 6th.

1823.—Two slight shocks of Earthquake felt at Colombo and several other parts of the Island, Feb. 9th.

The Wesleyan Mission Chapel at Trincomalie opened, March 23d.

An unsuccessful attempt at insurrection made in the northwest part of the province of Matelle by a Budhist Priest, May.

Extensive inundations in the Saffragam, Matura and Galle Provinces owing to heavy falls of rain. The loss in cattle and grain and the destruction of habitations were of an unprecedented nature.

The Surat Brig *Doola Dawla*, from Bombay bound to the Malay Coast, destroyed by fire off Wellitotte, June 11th.

The Wesleyan Mission Academy at Colombo commenced, July 1st.

The Batticotta Seminary established.

MOLLIGODDE, 1st Adikar, died, October 26th.

The Kandy Tunnel, completed, December 8th.

Plantations of Potatoes established in the Kandyan Provinces under the direction and at the expense of the Ceylon Literary and Agricultural Society.

1824.—Lieutenant General Sir EDWARD BARNES K. C. B., appointed Governor and Commander in Chief of Ceylon, arrived and took his seat in Council, January 18th

The Church Mission Chapel at Baddagamme opened, March 11th.

A Thunder-storm at Colombo, in which the Flag-staff was struck by lightning and split from top to bottom, April 29th.

The Hon'ble Sir JOHN DOYLY, Bt. President and First Commissioner in the Kandyan Provinces, died at Kandy May 25th.

The Hon'ble and Venerable T. J. TWISLETON, D. D. Archdeacon of Colombo, died at Hambantotte, Aug. 25th.

Some Vedah Chiefs of the north part of Bintenne created disturbances in Matale.

1825.—Bishop HEBER held his Primary Visitation at Colombo, September 1st.

Christ Church at Baddegamme consecrated by Bishop HEBER, September 25th.

EHEYLAPOLA MAHA NILAMA removed to the Mauritius.

1826.—The infliction of Capital Punishment upon women by drowning in the Kandyan Provinces abolished, March 23d.

Major General Sir HUDSON LOWE, appointed to the Staff of the Army in Ceylon, arrived at Colombo, August 18th.

A Subscription set in foot for erecting a Mural Tablet in St. PETER'S Church, Colombo, to the memory of the late Bishop HEBER, August 26th.

1827.—The Hon'ble Sir HARDINGE GIFFARD, Kt. L. L. D. Chief Justice, embarked for England, March 2d.

A Budhist High Priest publicly renounces idolatry, and is baptized in the Wesleyan Mission Chapel at Caltura March 18th.

The Hon'ble Sir RICHARD OTTLEY, Kt., sworn in as Chief Justice, and HENRY MATTHEWS, Esq., as Puisne Justice, October 10th.

The foundation stone of the Christian Institution Building at Cotta laid by His Excellency The Governor, November 8th.

Grand Fancy Ball given at the King's House by His Excellency The Governor and Lady BARNES, November 20th.

1828.—Nuwera-Ellia established as a Military Convalescent Station, January.

The Rev. J. M. S. GLENIE instituted to the Archdeaconry of Colombo, February 23d.

Major General Sir HUDSON LOWE embarked for England, April 4th.

A Pearl Fishery; yielded £29,072 5 3¾.

The Hon'ble HENRY MATTHEWS, Esq., Puisne Justice, died at Colombo May 21st.

Public exhibition of the Dalada Relic at Kandy May 28th.

The Honble CHARLES MARSHALL, Esq., sworn in as Puisne Justice, June 14th.

Major HADDOCK of His Majesty's 97th Regiment, killed by an Elephant near Ruanwelle, June 26th.

1829.—A Pearl Fishery—yielded £37,307 13 4.

Major COLEBROOKE, one of His Majesty's Commissioners of Enquiry, arrived at Colombo, April 11th.

EHEYLAPOLA MAHA NILAMA died at Mauritius, April.

The Colombo Pettah Library instituted by the Burghers.

A severe gale in Jaffna and parts adjacent, December.

1830.—A Pearl Fishery—yielded £21,529 19.

HOLDMAN, the Blind Traveller, visited Ceylon, March.

A meeting held at Colombo for considering the plan of Mr. TAYLOR for opening a communication between India and London by way of the Mediterranean and Red Sea, and also between Ceylon and the various parts of India, June 8th.

The Wesleyan Mission Chapel at Velligamme opened, September 8th.

1831.—Bishop TURNER held his Primary Visitation at Colombo, March 1st.

The Colombo Friend in Need Society formed, March 16th.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded £28,332 0 8½.

The American Mission Buildings at Manipy consumed by fire, March 30th.

The Hon'ble CHARLES MARSHALL Esq., Acting Chief Justice, left Colombo for Madras on his way to England, September.

A magnificent entertainment given to Sir EDWARD and Lady BARNES by the Kandyan Adikars and Modliars at Colombo, October 7th.

Lieutenant General Sir EDWARD BARNES K. C. B., left Colombo for Calcutta, and Major General Sir JOHN WILSON K. C. B., assumed the post of Lieutenant Governor, October 13th.

The Right Honourable Sir ROBERT WILMOT HORTON, appointed Governor and Commander in Chief of Ceylon, arrived and took his seat in Council, October 23d.

1832.—The Ceylon Literary and Agricultural Society changed its name to the Ceylon Improvement Society, January 7th.

A fire broke out in the Bazar at Condatchy, and property to the value of about 2,500 Rds. destroyed, January 9th.

The Ex-King of Kandy died at Vellore, January 30th.

The Kandy Mail Coach first started, February 1st.

A Fancy-ball given at the Chetties-quarter in Checkoo Street, which His Excellency the Governor, Lady WILMOT HORTON and family honoured with their presence, February 10th.

Hailstones fell at Mawanella, February 17th.

An extraordinary Meteor appeared at Colombo, Galle, Trincomalie, Jaffna, and other parts of the island, February 18th

A Pearl Fishery at Calpentyn Mutual—yielded £3,887 5 3½.

The Mahawelliganga explored by Mr. BROOKE, March.

A Thunder-storm at Galle, in which the Dutch Church sustained much damage, May 1st.

The Governor of Batavia sent a remittance of 6,100 florins for the relief of the widows and orphans of the servants of the late Dutch East India Company in Ceylon.

Moors and Tamils first allowed to own houses and grounds in the Fort and Pettah of Colombo, June 1st.

The Colombo Saving's Bank opened, August 6th.

A Cricket Club established at Colombo, September 8th.

The order of the King in Council abolishing Compulsory Labour in the Colony proclaimed, September 28th.

The General Treasury at Colombo robbed, October 27th, or 28th.

1833.—The Honourable Sir CHARLES MARSHALL, Kt. Chief Justice, installed into Office, January 21st.

A Pearl Fishery at Arippo—yielded £25,043 10.

The Cinnamon monopoly abolished, July 10th.

The new Charter of Justice proclaimed, August 31st.

A Parcel Tappal established between Colombo and Galle, September 27th.

The Division of Districts, and the appointment of the District Courts under the new Charter took place, October 1st.

The Council of Government dissolved, and the members of the Legislative and Executive Councils sworn in: The new Supreme Court opened.

1834.—General Sir EDWARD BARNES arrived at Colombo on his way to England, February 29th.

The Horton Plains hitherto unknown to Europeans visited by

Lieutenant WATSON of the 58th Regiment and Lieutenant FISHER of the 78th Regiment, March 28th.

The School Commission constituted, May 19th.

The first Meeting of the Legislative Council held at Colombo, May 22d.

At a public meeting of the Inhabitants, held at Colombo, a Memorial to his Majesty on the non-appointment of Un-official Members to the Legislative Council is resolved upon Octr. 25th.

Mr. G. WINTER, Editor of the *Colombo Observer* tried for a Libel and acquitted, November 8th.

Extensive inundation in the Western Province owing to heavy falls of rain.

1835.—The trial of MOLLIGODDA, 1st Adikar, and several others for high treason before the Supreme Court at Kandy, and which terminated in their acquittal, January 12th.

The Galle Ladies' Benevolent Society formed, January 11th.

MAHAWELLATENNA Dissave invested with the Office of 1st Adikar, February 13th.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded £40,346 0 9.

The Buildings erected by Messrs. ACKLAND BOYD & Co., on their Coffee Estate at Kondesale, set fire to by some persons unknown, and entirely destroyed, May 2d.

The foundation stone of St. PETER'S Church at Calpentyn laid, June 29th.

The foundation stone of the Mess-House of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment in the Marandhan Cinnamon gardens laid by the Honourable Major General Sir JOHN WILSON, C. B. & K. T. S., August 24th.

1836.—The Ceylon Temperance Society formed February 6th.

The Honourable Sir CHARLES MARSHALL embarked for England, March 3d.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded £25,816 3 11½.

The Honourable Sir WM. NORRIS sworn in as Chief Justice, April 27th.

The Wesleyan Mission Chapel in the Fort of Colombo opened, May 17th.

1837.—A numerous meeting of the society of Colombo resolved to present Lady WILMOT HORTON, previous to her departure from Ceylon, with a set of Pearl Ornaments en suite, as a token of respect and esteem, January 14th.

Lady WILMOT HORTON embarked for England, February 12th.

The Jaffna Pettah Library formed, March 13th.

The Calpentyn Friend in Need Society formed, March 17th.

A Pearl Fishery—yielded £10,631 4 9¾.

Extensive inundation; several Bridges carried away on the Kandy road, and upwards of 1,200 houses in the neighbourhood of Colombo destroyed, May 28th.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies awarded to SIMON CASIE CHITTY, Esq., the sum of One Hundred Guineas as an acknowledgement of his Literary exertions in the compilation of the Ceylon Gazetteer.

MAHAWALLATENA Adikar died at Colombo, June 6th.

Messrs. PARLETT and ARCHER sworn in as Un-Official members of the Legislative Council, July 10th.

The Point de Galle Library formed, September 26th.

Prince D'ECMUHL arrived at Colombo, September 28th.

The Kandy Friend in Need Society formed, November 4th.

The Right Honorable J. A. STEWART MACKENZIE, appointed Governor and Commander in chief of Ceylon, arrived and took his seat in Council, November 7th.

A Farewell entertainment given to the Right Honorable Sir ROBERT WILMOT HORTON by the Modliars and other Native Headmen of Colombo, November 13th.

The Right Honorable Sir ROBERT WILMOT HORTON left Colombo for Bombay, November 15th.

The Colombo Ladies Branch Society for Female Education established, December 6th. The first Sugar Plantation formed in Ceylon, in the Vale of Doombere, by Messrs. AGKLAND BOYD & Co.

1838.—Installation of the Right Reverend VICENTE DE ROSAIRO, Bishop of Tamacene and Vicar Apostolic of Ceylon, January 14th.

The Honorable Sir WM. ROUGH, Serjeant at Law, Chief Justice, died at Nuwera-Ellia, May 19th.

At a Public meeting of the friends of the late General Sir EDWARD BARNES held at Colombo, a Subscription for the erection of a monument to his memory set on foot, May 29th.

The Honorable JOHN JEREMIE, Esq. sworn in as Acting Chief Justice, June 2d.

DOLOSWELLE, Dissave of Saffragam, manumitted the whole of his Slaves, 39 in number, June 21st.

The Galle Mail Coach, first started, July 2d.

Messrs. ACKLAND and CASIE CHITTY sworn in as un-official mem-members of the Legislative Council, July 28th.

Major General Sir R. ARBUTHNOT took the command of the Forces, January 14th.

1839.—A meeting of the British and Parsee Merchants held at Colombo for forming a Chamber of Commerce, February 20th.

MADIGAY NILAME, a Kandyan Chief, killed by an elephant near Ambegamuwa.

The Ceylon Chamber of Commerce organized, March 25th.

The Honorable J. F. STODDART, Esq., Puisne Justice, died at Colombo, August 19th.

1840.—The Fish tax abolished, Jan. 4th.

The Honorable W. O. CARR, Esq., sworn in as Senior Puisne Justice, February 1st.

An extensive conflagration in the Marandhan Cinnamon Garden, March 8th.

A general meeting of the Society of Kandy vote a Ball and Supper to the Honorable Mrs. STEWART MACKENZIE, previous to her departure to England, April 9th.

A meeting held at Colombo for considering a congratulatory Address to the Queen on the occasion of her Marriage, May 8th.

St. Peter's Church at Calpentyn opened, June 28th.

Thirty-three persons poisoned by eating Turtle at Pantura, Oct.

1841.—A Mail Coach commenced running from Colombo to Negombo and vice versa, January 18th.

The foundation stone of the Scotch Presbyterian Church at Colombo laid by His Excellency the Governor. Feb. 26th.

The Jaffna Friend in Need Society founded. March 9th.

The Central School Commission constituted, March 27th.

Farewell Public Dinner given to His Excellency the Governor by the Society of Colombo. March 30th.

His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir COLIN CAMPBELL, K. C. B., appointed Governor and Commander in Chief of Ceylon, arrived and took his seat in Council. April 5th.

The Right Honourable J. A. STEWART MACKENZIE left Colombo for Bombay. April 7th.

The Hon'ble W. O. CARR Esq. sworn in as Senior Puisne Justice, and the Hon'ble J. STARK Esq. as second Puisne Justice.

The Ceylon Bank opened. June 1st.

The Ceylon Agricultural Joint Stock Company dissolved, Dec. 15th.

1842.—The Ceylon Agricultural Society established at Kandy, Jan. 1st.

The Charitable Society of St. MARY DOLOUROSA established by the Roman Catholics of Colombo, March 27th.

The Roman Catholic Bishop VICENTE DE ROSAIRO died. April 29th.

The Flag Staff at Colombo struck by lightning, Oct. 21st.

The Scotch Presbyterian Church at Colombo opened, Oct. 23d.

H. RITCHIE, Esq., sworn in as un-official member of the Legislative Council, July 11th.

C. U. STUART Esq., sworn in as un-official member of the Legislative Council, July 21st.

The Right Hon'ble Lord ELPHINSTONE arrived at Colombo, December 30th.

St. STEPHEN'S Church at Trincomale consecrated by Bishop SPENCER.

1843.—The Ship *Allavie*, Captain CLARK from Bengal, bound to Bombay lost on a rock opposite to Vendeloos' bay, 22 miles from Batticalao. Jan. 3d.

Bishop WILSON held his first Metropolitan visitation at Colombo, Jan. 11th.

The Right Hon'ble Lord ELPHINSTONE embarked for Suez from Galle on the Steamer *Hindostan*. Jan. 26th.

Bishop SPENCER held his second visitation at Colombo, Jan. 27th.

A fearful affray occurred between the Moormen and the Gun Lascars in Colombo during the Hassen Hossain procession, in which seven Moormen were severely injured, and one mortally wounded. Feb. 10th.

St. THOMAS'S Church at Colombo consecrated by Bishop SPENCER, February 11th.

CHRIST'S Church at Galkisse consecrated by Bishop SPENCER, February 16th.

MOLLIGODEE, the 1st Adikar re-instated to his former office of Dessave of the Four Korles, March 3d.

A tremendous storm of Thunder and Lightning occurred at Colombo and parts adjacent, March 12th.

The Corner stone of the first EPISCOPAL Church in Kandy laid by Bishop SPENCER, March 16th.

An Association in aid of the Ceylon Mission of the Church Missionary Society established at Colombo, March 21st.

Public exhibition of the Dalada Relic at Kandy before the Siamese Priests, March 27th

The Brig *Hamido* driven on shore near Tetapoly in the Calpentyn district, May.

Excessive rains accompanied by strong gales of wind commenced in Colombo and parts adjacent, May 18th

The Brig *Hydros* from Trincomalie drove on shore and wrecked at Colombo, May 19th.

Mr. BARCLAY, the Chief Mate of the *Ranger* drowned by the upsetting of a boat in the Colombo roads, May 29th.

A slight shock of an Earthquake felt at Colombo, June 17th.

Messrs. DARLEY, GIFFENING and DIAS sworn in as un-official members of the Legislative Council, Augt. 10th.

The Jaffna Native Improvement Society established, Augt. 13th.

Trial and conviction of the Priest CHANDRAGOTY for High Treason before the Supreme Court at Badulla.

The son of the ex-king of Kandy died at Vellore, Oct. 11th.

Installation of the Right Reverend CAJETAN ANTONIO, Bishop of Usula and Vicar Apostolic of Ceylon, Oct. 15th.

Lord ALTAMONT arrived at Galle in the *Hindostan* Steamer, November 23d.

The Catholic Press established at Colombo, Nov. 12th.

The Dutch Church in the Fort of Jaffna struck by lightning, November 13th.

A severe gale at Jaffna, Dec. 2d.

The American Frigate *Brandy-wine*, Commodore PARKER, from Bombay anchored in the Roads, Dec. 8th.

A Ball given by the inhabitants of Colombo to His Excellency the Governor, Commodore and the Honble Mr. CUSHING, United State Minister to China, Dec. 15th.

OBSERVATIONS OF THE COMET WHICH APPEARED IN MARCH 1843.

Angles roughly taken with a Sextant and a common Watch, by Colonel J. FRASER Deputy Quarter Master General in Ceylon.

5TH MARCH 1843.

Angular Distances between

	°	′	″	h.	m.	s.	
Comet and Canopus	81.	30.	00.	at 7.	8.	00.	P. M.
Comet and Aldebaran	67.	20.	50.	at 7.	10.	00.	P. M.
Comet and Sirius	90.	47.	10.	at 7.	13.	00.	P. M.
Comet and Moon	35.	1.	00.	at 7.	16.	00.	P. M.

Comparing the Comet's Tail with the Distance between the Comet and the Moon, the former appeared to be about 30°.

Error of Sextant—35″

6TH MARCH 1843.

Angular Distances between

	° ′ ″	h. m. s.	
Comet and Canopus	78. 35. 15.	at 7. 13. 50.	P. M.
Comet and Sirius	87. 35. 30.	at 7. 17. 18.	
Comet and Rigel	67. 12. 10.		
Comet and Aldebaran	64. 27. 00.	at 7. 22. 52.	

Timekeeper 4m. 11s. fast.
Comet's Motion direct.

Observations made by J. HIGGS Esq. Master Attendant of Trincomale.

6TH MARCH 1843.

Angular Distances between

	° ′	
Aldebaran and Comet	64. 42.	at 7h. 25m. P. M.
Canopus and Comet	78. 44.	mean time.

Comet's Right Ascension 0h. 30m. and Declination 11. 45S.

14TH MARCH 1843.

Angular Distances between

	° ′	
Aldebaran and Comet.	42. 9.	at 7h. 15m. P. M.
Canopus and Comet.....	64. 51.	mean time.

Comet's Right Ascension 1h. 40m. and Declination 10. 30S.

Comet's Motion direct at the rate of 12m. or 3° in Right Ascension and 9′ N. Declination in 24 hours.

Tail pointed directly towards Sirius and terminated by a line drawn through the Stars Rigel and Betelquese extending from the Nucleus 38°.

19TH MARCH 1843.

Angular Distances between

	° ′	
Pole Star and Comet	98. 30.	at 7h. 30m. P. M.
Aldebaran and Comet.....	34. 40.	mean time.
Canopus and Comet	59. 50.	

Comet's Right Ascension 2h. 50m. and Declination 10h. 00m. S.

22ND MARCH 1843.

Angular Distances between

	° ′	
Aldebaran and Comet	30. 30.	at 7h. 35m. P. M.
Canopus and Comet	58. 03	mean time.
α Ursae Majoris and Comet	109. 14.	

Comet's Right Ascension 3h. 15m. and Declination 9h. 05m. S.

THE

COMPANION TO THE CEYLON ALMANAC

FOR THE YEAR

MDCCCXLIV.

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THE EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS.

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Don Cornelis Dassenaike Goonewardene Abeyeratne—*Modliar.*

Don Cornelis Ameresekere Ekenayke—*Mohandiram.*

Don Simon Paulus Ameresekere Kuletilake—*Mohandiram.*

CALTURA.

David de Alwis Goonesekere Senewiratne—*Modliar.*

Simon de Rodrigo Wijeyesekere Senewiratne—*Mohandiram of do.*

Cumaremulle Mohottegey Don Johanes Abeyesundere Gooneratne—*Mohandiram of do.*

Don William Adrian Dias Bandarenayke—*Mohandiram of the Governor's Gate.*

Welhelmus Nicholas Pieris Wickremesinhe Sirewardene *Mohanderam of the Governor's Gate, and Mohandiram of the Adicary and Meddepattoos Cina Corle.*

GerardusGysbertusPhilipszWijeysekere Panditteratne—*Mohanderam of the Governor's Gate.*

Don Johannes Wickremesundere Goenetileke—*Mohandiram of the Governor's Gate.*

John de Silva Jayetilleke Siriwardene *do.*

Don John Dias WijeyesekereSenewiratne Bandarenayeke--*do.*

Don Cornelis Dias Wijewickreme Bandernayke--*Titular Mohandiram of the Governor's Gate.*

Abraham De Silva Abeyawardene Jayatilleke *Titular Moh. of do.*

Don Hendrick De Silva Rajekakarcona Jayewardene—*Basnaike Mohandiram.*

Carolis Perera Jayesekere Samaresinge—*Padikare Mohandiram*

Paulus Gomes Abeyesinhe Jayawardene—*Dadeyakkare Mohandiram*

NATIVE HEADMEN ATTACHED TO THE GOVERNMENT AGENT FOR THE WESTERN PROVINCE.

COLOMBO.

Louis de Lewera Wijeyawickreme Senewiratne Tennekoon—*Modliar of the Attepattoo, and Interpreter of the Colombo Cutcherry.*

Don Hendrick Dassenaike Abeyawardene Wickremeratne—*Mohotty Modliar of the Attepattoo, and Cingalese Translator in the Fiscal's Office Colombo.*

Don Joseph de Zilva Wijevasoondere Goonesekere — *Mohotty Mohandiram of the Attepattoo and Modliar of Colombo.*

John Abraham Perera Wijeyesekere Goonawardene—*Mohotty Mohandiram of the Attepattoo and Interpreter of the Commissioner of Roads Office.*

Don Philip de Saw Wijeyegoonaratne Sirewardene—*Mohandiram of the Attepattoo*

John Godfried Cornelis Pieris Samarewiere Sirewardene *Mohandiram of the Attepattoo*

Jeronimus Joseph de Silva Wijetoonge Gunesekere—*Mohandiram of the Attepattoo*

Carolis Dias Abeyserewardene Tilekeratne—*Mohm. of the Attepattoo.*

Sosew Pieris Senanayeke Wierekoon— *Titular Mohandiram of the Attepattoo*

Don Johannes Tillekeratne Abeyesekere—*Titular Mohandiram of the Colombo Cutcherry*

Cornelis De Lewera Samerenaieke Rajekarona Senewiratne—*Mohandiram of the Government Agent's Office Colombo.*

Don Louis Martinus De Silva Wijetoongey Wickremeratne—*do.*

SALPITTY CORLE.

John Gerrard Perera Samerewire Goonewardene—*Modliar*

Louis de Saram Weeresinhe Sirewardene—*Mohandiram*

Don Carolis Sewickreme—*Titular Mohandiram of Wellewatte*

Don Juanis Abeyesekere Wirasinhe—*Titular Vidahn Mohandiram*

HEWAGAM CORLE.

Don Simon de Livera Samaranayke Senewiratne—*Modliar of the Hewagam Corle with the Rank of third Attepattoo Mohottie of Colombo*

Don David De Lewera Wijeyewickreme Senewiratne, *Senior Mohandiram*

Amerasekere Soorawira Atchegay Don Paulee—*Titular Mohandiram.*

Amerasekera Soorawira Atchigey Don Daniel *do.*

David Perera Abeyagoonawardene Samarasinhe—*Vidahn Mohandiram of Ambetelenpahale.*

Don Louis Wijeyesekere Sooria—*Vidahn Mohandiram of Mulleriyawa.*

Don Johannes Perera Jayatillake—*Titular Vidahn Mohandiram of Ambetelanpahale.*

CINA CORLE.

Adicary and Modda Pattoos.

John Louis Pieris Samarasinhe Siriwardene—*Modliar.*

Wilhelmus Nicholas Pieris Wickremesinhe Serewardene—*Mohandiram.*

Don Frederick Dias Wijeyewickreme Bandarnayke—*Titular Mohandiram.*

Don Carolis Ameresekere Wijeyeratne Goonawardene—*Vidahn Mohandiram of Mahare*

Don Costantiane Samerewiere Goonewardene, *Vidahn Mohandiram of Medjepattoo.*

Palihewadane Aratchigey Bastian Perera Wijeyegoonawardene—*Titular Mohandiram of Pelliagodde.*

Gangebodde and Odoogaha Pattoos.

Don Salomon Dias Wijeyewickreme Jayetilleke Senewiratne Bandarenayeke—*Modliar.*

Don Narmanis Abeyesekere Senewiratne—*Vidahn Mohandiram of Gernagebodde Pattoo.*

Don Simoere Wijesinhe Ratnayeke *Vidahn Mohandiram of Odoogaha Pattoo with the Rank of Modliar Mapakse*

ALOOTCOOR *comodere District*

Simon Corea Senewiratne Abeyesekere—*Modliar.*

Don Hendrick Abrew Wijapakse Perera Senanayeke—*do.*

Don Jolle Johannes Abraham Amerasekere—*Vidhan Mohandiram of Dasia Pattoo.*

COLOMBO.

Don Abraham Suddrahara Goonesekere Senayeke—*do. of Dönagaha Pattoo.*

Daniel Gomes Abeyesinhe Wirakoon—*Mohandiram over the Lascareens of the Wellale Cast of Negombo*

Don Carolis Ameresekere Wijeyeratne Goonawardene—*Titular Modliar.*

HAPITIG AM CORLE.

Don Cornelis Dassenaike Goonewardene Abeyeratne—*Modliar.*

Don Cornelis Ameresekere Ekenayke—*Mohandiram.*

Don Simon Paulus Ameresekere Kulatilake—*Mohandiram.*

CALTURA.

David de Alwis Goonesekere Senewiratne—*Modliar.*

Simon de Rodrigo Wijeyesekere Senewiratne—*Mohandiram of do.*

Cumaremulle Mohottegey Don Johanes Abeyesundere Gooneratne—*Mohandiram of do.*

Don David Tennekoon—*Vidahn Mohandiram of do.*

Mahamadoo Lebbe Seyadoo Mira Lebbe—*Head-moorman of do.*

RAYGAM CORLE.

David de Alwis Goonesekere Senewiratne—*Modliar*

Don Constan de Lee[illegible]a Sameredewakere—*M[illegible]andiram.*

PASDOON CORLE

Harmanis Pattera Sameresinhe Jayewar[illegible] *the Ge[illegible]Modliar of the Pasdoon* [illegible]es Wi[illegible] *Walallawitty Corles* [illegible]e—

Don David Sa[illegible]eresekere Abeyeratne Dassenayke—*Mohandiram of the Pasdoon Corle.*

COEROEWE DEPARTMENT.

John Louis Perera Abeyasekere Goenewardene —— *Coeroewe Modliar.*

Domingo de Liwera—*Mohandiram.*

Don Simon Wanigeratne *do.*

COLOMBO.

Tooppahigey Cornelis Vanroyn, *Vidahn Mohandiram of the Four Gravets of Colombo.*

Johannes Perera Wijeyewardene Caroonanayke—*Mohandiram of Colombo*

Don Nicholas Goonetilleke Senewiratne—*Mohandiram of do.*

Silvester Perera Aresekoole Wijeyesooria Tillekeratne—*Mohandiram of the Guides*

Sawmenaden Edrimanesingem Moodely—*Head of the Heathen Chetties of Colombo.*

Oedooma Lebbe Markair Sekady Markan — *Head-moorman of Colombo and Salpitty Corle*

Sesima Lebbe Sidde Lebbe Markan—*Interpreter to Government in the Maldivian Language*

Gregory De Soysa Wijegonneratne Siriwardene—*Interpreter Modliar to the Colonial Chaplain and Cingalese Translator in the Ecclesiastical and School Departments, also Interpreter and Translator in the Hindoostania & Bengalese Languages for the Courts of Justice in Colombo.*

Daniel de Jansz Abeyeratne Jayetileke—*Mohandiram of the Fiscal's Office Colombo.*

NATIVE HEADMEN OF THE FISHERS

Colombo

Francisco Fernando Arresekuleratne Coorukule Sooriya—*Modliar of the Fishers*

Gregory Fernando Kurukulesooriye Gooneratne—*First Patengentyn Mohandiram*

Johannes de Silva Wijeyewiereme Jayewardene—*Titular do.*

Galkisse and Morotto

Alexander Dharmeratne—*Maha Vidahn Mohandiram*

Negombo

Jeronimus de Mendis Seneviratne—*Maha Vidahn Mohandiram*

Johannes Fernande Mehedoecoelesorieye — *Pattengatyn Mohandiram of Doewe*

Dandogam

Warnekoelesuria Jusey Rowel—*Maha Vidahn Mohandiram of the Bands of Lascoreens of the Fishers Caste, Porwecareas, Angoolkareas and other Fishers of the Alootcoor corle.*

Caltura.

Manuel De Fonseka Wijeyetoenge Samerenayeke—*Maha Vidahn Modliar of the Fishers of Caltura and Pantura*

David Fonseka Warnesooriye Wieresinhe Aresecooleratne—*Mohandiram of the Fishers of Caltura*

Jacob Francisco de Fonseka Samerewickreme Arsekuleratne *Maha Vidahn Mohandiram of do.*

Karuwikankanigey Don Philippoo—*Vidahn Mohandiram of Maccoon*

Silversmith

Gabriel De Sampave Abeyeratne Jayetilleke—*Maha Vidhan of the Gold Silver and Copper Smiths Casts as well Cingalese as Malabar residing within the four gravets and district of Colombo and Corles.*

Kandeyadderé Jalgey Don Louis Wierenarayene Senewiratne—*Maha Vidahn of the Blacksmiths of Colombo*

Baddelaratchigey Don Juan—*Vidahn Mohandiram of the Silversmiths of Caltura*

Washermen Caste Colombo.

Matthew Gomes Samereratne Rajepakse—*Modliar*

Julius Gomes Rajepakse—*Vidahn Mohandiram*

MAHABADDE HEADMEN.

Vacant——*Modliar of Mutual and Wellisere Districts*

Adrian De Abrew Wijeye Goeneratne Rajepakse—*Second Modliar of the Mutual, Weliesere, and Caluamodere Districts*

Harembe de Soysa Jayetilleke—*Modliar of the Mahabadde.*

William Arnold Mendis Wijewardene Wickremesinhe—*Mohandiram of Mutual District*

Migel Fernando Abeyesekere Goonesekere—*Moh. of Wellisere District*

Solomon de Zoysa Wejeveserewardane Rajepakse—*Modliar of the Calloamodere District*

William de Abrew Abeyesinhe *Mohandiram of do.*

Gerardus de Abrew Wijesundere Rajapakse—*Mohandiram of Ehelle Cinnamon Plantation*

Belichorro Perera Samerewiere Sirivardene—*Mohandiram.*

Cornelies de Abrew Wijeyesunderre Wickremeratne Rajepakse—*Mohanderam.*

Don Hendrick de Zilva Wickremesekere—*Mohandiram.*

NATIVE HEADMEN OF THE SEVEN CORLES.

Don David de Sylva Wijeyetoonge Abegoene Rajekarona Senewiratne—*Modliar of the Cutcherry and Interpreter to the Assistant Government Agent.*

Don Luis de Alvis Goonetileka Samerediwakere Dassenaike—*Mohandiram of the Cutcherry and Translator.*

William David Perera Wijeyewickreme Senewiratne—*Mohandiram Translator of the Commutation Department*

Cornelis Johannes D'Werder Wijetoonge Senewiratne—*Wiebaddey Mohandiram of the Cutcherry*

KANDYAN CHIEFS & HEADMEN OF THE SEVEN CORLES.

Dodanwattewene Ratnaike Mudianselagey Punchiraale-*Rattemahatmea of Kirialle hatpattoo of Ehilledolospattoo.*

Kambuwattewenne Basnaike Mudianselagey Banda—*Rattemahatmea of Vionde Ville hatpattoo of Ehelledalospattoo*

Pannelle Mudianselagey Appoohamy—*Rattemahatmea of Katugampolle Hatpattoo of Pahalledolospattoo.*

John Graham Javetilleke Sameresinhe Naweratne Chanderesekere Wanninayeke Mudianse—*Rattemahatmea of Dewemedde Hatpattoo of do.*

Parrekumbure Wannesinge Mudianselagey Appoohamy—*Rattemahatmea of Wanniehatpattoo of do.*

Dambeliade Sameredewakera Wickremesinge Jayesoondere Mudianselagey Banda—*Basnaike Nileme of Gonewe Dewale of Pahalle Dolospattoo.*

Kotowele Balesoria Hangekoon Mudianselagey Appoohamy—*Basnaike nileme of Wilbawe Dewale of Ehelled dospattoo.*

Midelewe Senanaike Balesurie Mudianselage Punchiraale—*Basnaike Nileme of Innkoore Dewaale of Ehelledolospattoo.*

Attepaxenate Rajekaroona Wiebadde Telleke Attenaike Seerange Narayene Bamunudianselagey Kandepolle Banda—*Basnaike Nileme of Kandewelle Dewaale of Ehelledolospattoo.*

Nillewe Rajepakse Nawaratne Heratmudianselage Appoohamy—*Basnaike Nileme of Kirindegalle Dewale of do.*

KANDYAN CHIEFS & HEADMEN OF THE FOUR AND THREE CORLES AND LOWER BULATGAME.

Molligodde Rajekaroona Senewiratne Abeyekoon Heratwahale Mudianse—*Desawe of four Korles*

Ehelleyegodde Dassanaike Ranesinghe Mudianse—*Dissave of three Korles and Chief of lower Bulatgame*

Dodantelle Jayetilleke Senewiratne Wijeyekoon Mudianse—*Ratemahatmea of Bellegal Korle.*

Rankotdiwelle Dewekare Wijeyakoon Mudiansey — *Rattemahatmea of Galbodde and Kinnigodde Korles.*

Weregodde Rajekaroone Amoortehaste Wickremesinhe Senanayke Mudianse— *Rattemahatmea of Parne Koor Korle.*

Yattegame Roopesinhe Teleke Wasele Tennekoo Mudianse—*Basnayeke Nileme of Katregam Dewale in Gandoluha Pattoo*

Weregode Rajekaroona Amoortehaste Wikeremesinhe Senanayeke Mudianse—*Basnayeke Nileme of Katygamo Dewale in Medella Toonpalate pattoo*

Molligode Rajekaroona Senewiratne Abeyekoon Heratwahale Mudianse junior — *Koroiwe Lekam of the four Korles*

NATIVE HEADMEN IN THE DISTRICT OF CHILAW.

Don Bastian Ferdinandus Wijeyesceregooneratne Oebeyesekere, *Mod. & Interpreter*

Don Daniel De Alvis Karoonanayke Jayesinhe—*Modliar of the Jagum and Kaymel pattoos and the Medde and Oterepallates*

Don Mattes Wickremeratne—*Ditto of Yattegelle.*

Don Juan Dessanaike Moonesinhe—*Ditto of Girawapattoo.*

Don Sirriwardene Dassanaike—*Basnaike Nilleme of Maha Katteregam Dewalle*

Migohawelle Bindoralle- *Vidahn of Bootel.*

Nieloneway Modeanselagay Ahangameralle — *Vidahn of Bootel Vederatte.*

Don William de Alwies—*Vidahn of Koongale Pintenne.*

Head of the Moors.

Sinne Ahamado Nayna Yosboo Lebbe Markan—*Head of the Moors.*

Head Fishermen.

D. C. de Silva—*Maha Vidahn Mohandiram of the Fishers of Girawapattoo.*

Hetty Hewagey Don Christian—*Maha Vidahn of Mahagam pattoo.*

Mahamade Callopowegey Don Juan de Silva—*Maha Vidahn of the Fishers of Hambantotte*

RATNAPOORA.

Eknalegodde Mahapalla Ackra Kuroppo Wickremesinhe Nileme—*Dessave of the Nawedoon, Kukool & Kuruwity Corles.*

Iddemalgodde Abeyekoon Attepattoo Mudianse—*Koral of Nawedoon Corle.*

Walendure Jasinhe Manampery Mudianse—*Korale of Kurruwitty Corle.*

Ellewelle Rajepakse Ekenaike Mudianse—*Korale of Kukul Corle.*

Alutnuwere Wattegere Chandresekere Wickreme Herat Pandete Mudianse—*Rattemahatmeya Kadewette and Medde Corles.*

Ekneligode Akkrakuruppoo Wickremesinhe Maheepale Basnaike Mudianse—*Korale of Medde Corle.*

Molemure Rajepakse Wehelleke Mudianselagey Punchy Banda—*Korale of Kadewity Corle*

Makandure Dharmelankare Senerat Panditte Moodeligey Banda—*Rattemahatmea of Kolona and Attecallan Corles.*

Bogahawatte Ratnaike Korale—*Korale of Kolone Corle.*

Idumalgodde Abeyekoon Attepattoo Mudianse—*Basnaike Nilleme of Saffragam Dewalle.*

Makandure Dharme Alankare Senerat Panditte Mudeligey Madduma Banda—*Basnaike Rale of Amado Dewale.*

Warigame Abeyesiriwardene Alehakkoon Mudeanselagey Punchy Banda—*Basnaike Nileme of Allootnuwere Dewale.*

Welengey Weeresinhe Mudianse—*Basnaike Nilleme of Bottombe Dewale.*

Don Moses Sameredewakere Tillekeratne—*Modeliar of the Cutcherry and Interpreter and Translator.*

NATIVE HEADMEN ATTACHED TO THE GOVERNMENT AGENT FOR THE EASTERN PROVINCE.

TRINCOMALE.

Sekadie Markair Casiem Lebbe Markair—*Chief Modliar of the Eastern Province, Modliar of the Trincomalie Cutcherry and Interpreter to the Government Agent.*

Vacant—*Mohandiram & Translator of the Agents. Office.*

Nawesewayen Cadramen—*Wanniah of Tamblegam*

Cander Somenaden—*Wanniah of Cattocolom*

Eromarewetuye Edirweresinga Nalla Pulalen—*Wanniah of Cottiar*

Mohamadoe Alifa Agamadoelebbe—*Modliar and Wanniah of the Moor & Singalese Pattoes in Tumankadua*

Anathana Modr. Cadramatamby—*Odear of Trincomalie*

Armogam Weloepulle—*Odear of Trincomalie*

Caderawalie Moergappen—*do. of Tamblagam*

Wettyweloe Cadraman—*Odear of Cattukulem*

Cannaweddy Murgappen—*Odear of Cottiar*

Neyna Marcair Meerasayboo Marcair—*Headmoorman of Trincomalie*

Weerappen Mootan—*Maniagar of the Fishers of Trincomalie*

BATTICALOA.

Ramenaden Daniel Sominaden—*First Modeliar & Interpreter*

Pamecuttypody Cannapapody—*Wanniah of Corlepattoo and Eraoorpattoo*

Chinnetamby Marcair Alliar—*Odear of Eraoorpattoo*

Ismalebbe Alliar—*do. of Corlepattoo*

Cadramapody Robert Cunjeleapody—*Wanniah of Manmonepattoo.*

Estavoe Selestinoe—*Odear of Manmonepattoo North*

Alliar Marcair—*Odear of Manmonepottoo South*

Welayder Tambymottoe Modliar—*Wanniah of Nindoor Ackra and Panvapattoos*

Managepody Mundepody—*Odear of Ackrapattoo*

Egealebbe Aratchy Adampody—*Odear of Nindoorpattoo*

Punchiralle Agemeralle—*Odear of Panvapattoo*

Vettewelar Joshua Swaminadepulle—*Wanniah of Samantorre and Nadoccadnepattoos*

Allilebbe Oedoemalebbe—*Odear of Samantorrepattoos*

Aresecoen Andrew Ambagapandarem—*Odear of Nadoeccadoeputtoo*

Nileme Chinetambypody—*Wanniah of Erovil Poretivoe and Carrewawpattoo*

Welachypody Palipody—*Odear of Erovilpattoo*

Moetapody Porwere Candepody—*Odear of Poretivoepattoo*

Allegepody Murendepody—*Odear of Carrewawpattoo*

Siembelamdoewe Siatoe—*Vidahn of Mahavaderatte*

Siebadere Vadepichy—*Vidahn of Nickawatte*

Siranderalle—*Vidahn of Dambegalle*

Velayder John Supermanien—*Wanniah of Bintenne*

Juan Pasqual—*Odear of Ragampalate*

Rate Banda Dingeralle—*do. of Odnepalate*

Peter Punchiralle—*do. of Pallepalates*

NATIVE HEADMEN ATTACHED TO THE GOVERNMENT AGENT FOR THE NORTHERN PROVINCE.

JAFFNA.

Sandresegra Modliar Saweri-mootloo—*1st Cutcherry Modliar of Jaffna.*

Satrokelsinga Modliar Asierwadam—*2d Modliar and Interpreter*

Vacant—*Maniagar of Town and Gravels.*

Kallepiram Ambiepager—*Odear of Nelloor.*

Ramenather Armogam (Acting) —*ditto of Tirnelvely*

Vacant—*Odear of Kocoville*

Ramenather Armogam—*ditto of Kondaville*

Vacant————*ditto of Vanarponne, East*

Armogam Vitianaden—*ditto of ditto West*

Armogam Kanthen—*ditto of Sundicooly*

Anthony Swanden—*ditto of Kareoor*

Ramenather Velaythen—*ditto of Sivialarroe*

Valligammo East.

Maleweraya Modliar Sittambelam—*Maniagar of Valligammo East.*

Wisowanathen Kanther—*Odear —of Kopay North & Irovale*

Vacant—*ditto of ditto South*

Sittambelam Arnaselam—*ditto of Niernaly*

Wyrewenader Mapaner—*ditto of Ponttoor and Avarenkul*

Ramer Kanther—*do. of Atchelvo and Seropitty*

Kadiitamby Sinnetamby—*ditto of Atchovely and Navokiry*

Vacant—*ditto of Kaderipay and Valleley*

Valligammo North.

Rasenayega Modliar Iregonaden—*Maniager of Valligamo North*

Vandarsokonde Modliar—*Odear of Mallagam*

Moorgeser Ambelewanen—*ditto of Allavitty*

Poder Cadergamer—*ditto of Punalchattoven*

Supermanier Kander—*ditto of Elaly*

Naresinga Modliar Vyrevenaden —*ditto of Tellipaly*

Pooder Kadreser—*ditto of ditto*

Vytianada Modliar Tamben—*Odear of Mavittypuram*

Kener Kander—*ditto of Vemengamen*

Mana Modliar Velayden—*ditto of Odoville*

Naraner Swaminaden—*ditto of Sunagam*

Podetambiar Kasinaden—*ditto of Sangovaly and Kanderodey*

Modelitamby Swaminaden—*do of Innoville*

Amblevaner Kadergamer—*ditto of Vasavoluan*

Armogam Swaminaden—*ditto of Mylitty*

Vayrawe Kadramen—*ditto of Wirenanikitewentorre*

Walligammo West.

Vacant—*Maniagar of Valligammo West*

Alasopulle Marsal—*Odear of Pandeleripo & Cillale*

Sidemberenaden Tillenaden—*do. of Mudagel*

Anthonypulle Philip—*ditto of Pariavolen and Sirovolan*

Sooriangerer Amblewaner—*ditto of Magiaputty*

Sanmogam Tambinadapulle—*do of Sangane*
Armogam Supermanien—*ditto of Saliporam*
Sittamblewer Sadasivam—*ditto of Tolporam*
Velayther Kanavathipulle—*ditto of Vattokotte West*
Amblewaner Vyrewenader—*do. of ditto East*
Sidembranader Armogam (Acting) *ditto of Araly*
Kanagasave Modliar Karalapulle—*ditto of Manipay*
Kadergamer Velyden—*ditto of Sandlipay*
Iromarwentoya Modr. Verasingam—*ditto of Nawaly*
Sivaramalingam Vytianathen—*ditto of Anecotte & Sodonaly*

Vadde-Moratche.

Vacant—*Maniager of Vaddemoratche*
Sidembrenader Vallipuram—*Odear of Imeanencuritche &c.*
Kanther Kathergamer—*ditto of Karnavay*
Vyreven Velythen—*ditto of Vallovittytorre*
Viragattiar Kadergamen—*ditto of Tanacaracuritche*
Sidembrenader Kartigeser *ditto of Vandecuritche*
Kadergamer Ayenpulle—*ditto of Korilecuritche*
Kander Supper—*ditto Vaddricuritche*
Kadergamer Sittambelam *ditto of Alaway*
Palanyar Kander *ditto of ditto*
Vacant—*ditto of Tonnaly &c.*
Vacant—*ditto of Segalcodite-wencuritche*
Kander Kadergamen—*ditto of Maleverayeuritche*
Vallier Kander—*ditto of Vandipagotevencuritche*
Vacant—*ditto of Sangopagote vencuritche*
Vinayeger Armogam—*ditto of Tompally*
Sangerapulle Eramben—*ditto of Point Pedro*

Ten Moratche.

Vacant—*Maniagar of Ten Moratche*
Vacant—*Odear of Nevacooly*
Vacant—*ditto of Kaythaddy Nunaville*
Vacant—*ditto of Kaythaddy Navaculy*
Varitamby Moorgeser (Acting)—*ditto of Savagachery*
Varitamby Moorgesen—*ditto of Misale*
Velyder Kartigesen—*ditto of Sarasaly*
Vacant—*ditto of Tanenkalepoo*
Pooder Moorgasen *ditto of Nunawille*
Sandresegra Modliar Kasinaden—*ditto of Mattoville*
Amblewaner Ayampulle—*ditto of ditto*
Rayaritna Modliar Velyden—*ditto of Mandoville*
Vacant—*do. of Edecuritche*
Kander Velyden—*ditto of Kodamean*
Myler Nitsinger—*ditto of Tawaly Eataly*
Tamer Kander—*ditto of Vadacocuritche*
Komareveler Kolootoonger—*do. of Kodetanne*
Kadergamer Viragatty (Acting)—*do. of Eludomatloowil*
Vacant—*ditto of Karambegam*
Kanavadiar Kasinaden—*ditto of Mirsawill*
Variar Modelitamby—*ditto of Katchay*
Viresaritna Modliar Swampille—*ditto of Kodigamma*

Patchelapalle & Karetche

Nitcheya Senadaraya Modliar—*Maniagar of Patchelapalle*

Vacant—*Odear of Mogomoley*

Sawry Philip—*ditto of Klaly*

Kolantiar Punniar—*ditto of Tambogamma*

Mapaner Sader—*ditto of Sembianpatto*

Vacant—*ditto of Plopally*

Aroner Velvthen (Acting)—*ditto of Tanmakany*

Kandappasagara Modliar Sayambonathen (Acting)—*ditto of Mogavil*

Sidemberenaden Velyden—*ditto of Oorvanienpatto*

Vacant—*ditto of Marudenkany*

Kakayer Visovanathen (Acting)—*Odear of Pandisottan &c.*

Moorger Velyden *ditto of Moresomottay*

Vinayeger Kanther—*ditto of Oppar &c.*

Kylayer Ayempulle—*ditto of Kundavalle*

Supper Vyrewenader—*ditto of Koonjoparenden*

Welene Karativo and Islands.

Karthigeser Tiager (Acting)—*Maniagar of Velene &c.*

Kadireweloe Vitianathen—*Odear of Velene East*

Sangerapulle Velyden—*ditto of ditto West*

Velayter Supermanien—*ditto of Sarewany*

Allesopully Soosepully—*ditto of Narantanne*

Madever Somenathen—*ditto of Karamben*

Kolanayega Modliar Ayempulle—*ditto of Mandativo & Mankopan*

Sinnetamby Amblewanen—*do. of Karativo East &c.*

Sanmogam Kandappen—*ditto of ditto West &c.*

Ayampulle Aromogam—*Odear of Pungoortivoe East*

Kadergamer Kanden—(Acting) *ditto of ditto West*

Motokomaro Aromogam—*ditto of Nynativo*

Vacant—*Odear of Anelativo*

Poneryn.

Suppermanier Sangarapulle—*Maniagar of Poneryn*

Sayamber Kadergamer—*Odear of Tiagem*

Ramenader Tilleambelam—*ditto of Ottipaney*

Vacant—*Odear of Matowilnado*

ditto—*ditto of Wannary*

Neelen Ayampulle—*do. of Pallawarayekatto*

Delft.

Perominar Nagenaden—*Maniager of Delft*

Manaar Division.

Suspended—*Modliar and Interpreter to the Assistant Agent at Manar*

Manaar Island

Don J. M. Patchico—*Adigar of Manar Island*

Anthonypulle Vastianpulle—*Odear of Manaar East*

M. Sinnevapo Marcair—*ditto of ditto West*

Nanathan and Moselly.

Kasinada Modliar Tanepaler—*Adigar of Nanathan and Moselly*

Vacant—*Odear of ditto East*

Don Talgadorena Modikatte Korogolanatootaven—*ditto of ditto West*

Ayenepulle Ossen Nynah—*ditto of Moselly North*

Vacant—*ditto of ditto South*

Mantotte &c.

Veendcrkoon Modliar—*Adigar of Mantotte*

Don Christovo Wyremodikatte Sakkravatty Fernando—*Odear of Mantotte North*

Don Warnacolasoria Modliar—*ditto of ditto South*

Velvder Kartigeser—*ditto of Paringally*

Morgaser Armogam—*ditto of Ilipecadawe*

Toonekay and Pannengamo and Oodiaoor

Solengesenaderaya Modliar——*Modliar of Tunekay &c.*

Ayenpulle Kylayer—*Odear of Tunekay*

Sandragara Modr. Mader—*ditto of Panengammo*

Moorger Veloo—*ditto of Odeaoor*

Sinne Chettycolom & Meerkomole.

Rasasegra Modliar—*Modliar of Sinne Chittycolom*

Adrian Anthonipulle—*Odear of Sinne Chittycolom West*

Nielen Kanden—*ditto of ditto West*

Seden Wygaly—*ditto of Meerkomole*

Naddo Chettycolom Keakomole North, and South.

Tamothera Modliar—*Modliar of Nadochetty colom*

Vinayeger Vyravy—*Odear of Keakomole North*

A. Modliar Segonader—*ditto of ditto South*

Vygaly Kanden—*ditto of Nado Chittycolom*

MULLATIVO DIVISION.

NatconasegraModliar—*Modliar and Interpreter of the Mullativoe Cutcherry*

Meelpatto East, North & South and Kareñattomole South.

Rasasegare Modliar—*Modliar of Meelpatto East &c.*

Rasekemberar Armogam—*ditto of Meelpattoo South*

Nilaynar Armogam—*ditto of ditto North*

Variar Maroden—*ditto of ditto East*

Sitter Kolandian—*ditto of Karekattomole South*

Karakatomole North, Mulliavalle—Poodokoodiropo and Karnavelpatto South

Mylevagena Modliar—*Modliar of Karrekattomole North &c.*

Kadergamer Armogam—*Odear of ditto North*

Kasinader Kanevaddy—*ditto of Karnavelpatto South*

Senaderave Modliar Sennatamby—*Odear of ditto*

Kander Kasy—*ditto of Mulliavallay*

Vacant—*ditto of Poodokoodirpo East*

Poodetamby Moorgaser—*ditto of ditto West*

NUVERAKALAVIA DIVISION.

Illengesingha Kalookoomara Tamaraveve Banda Modianse—*Rattamahatmeya of the Eastern division*

Walpalewahale Modianselage Poonchiappohamy—*Korale of Mahapotane Korle*

Appohamy of Nikeveve—*Korale of Halpehorle*

Rangamy Appohamy—*ditto of Ooddiangkorle*

Naimba Appohamy *ditto of Mutoombovakorle*

Vamkesere Ooderay Appohamy—*ditto of Oolugallekorle*

Ilengasingha KoolatoongaRajakaroona Paloogasveve Banda Modianse—*Rattamahatmeya of the Western division*

Poonchiralle of Kaendarewe—*Koralle of Kanederakorle*
Kauralle of Ettambagaskadeve—*ditto of Kaddevatkorle*
Poonchiralle of Talava—*ditto of Nooveregangkorle*
Poonchiralle of Ralaepanaewewe—*ditto of Velletcheyekorle*
Appohamy Koolatoonga—*ditto of Eppawallekorle*
Rajakarna Ameyna Banda Modianse—*Rattamahatmeya of the Southern division*
Rajakarona Appohamy—*Korale of Kalagamkorle*
Vacant—*ditto of Mamniakorle*
Alootwewe Ekanayke Modyansala Poonchiralle—*ditto of Indooroovekorle*
Kiribanda of Hingoorooweipitye—*ditto of Kerolovekorle*
Alootveve Codiyary Appohamy—*ditto of Neugampahakorle*
Banda of Kakale—*ditto of Kahale and Paravugakorle*

FISHER HEADMEN.

Jaffna.

Arasonellayitta Modliar Santiagopulle—*Maniager of Karreoer*
Vacant—*Adippen of Kareoer*
Pedro Nicolapulle—*do. of Navantorre*
Kander Meorger—*Pattangatty of Colombogam*
Sangerapulle Eramben—*Adippen of Point Pedro*
Vyravanather Velythen—*do. of Valloovettytorre*

Manaar.

Ioranemo Pedro Rotche—*Pattangatty of Manaar*
Wieren, Katheren—*Pattengatty of Mullativo*

KANDYAN CHIEFS ATTACHED TO THE GOVERNMENT AGENT FOR THE CENTRAL PROVINCE.

Errawoowawele Senanaicke Buwaneka Baha Narayane Rajaguru Pandita Wahale Mudianse, *Ratemahatmeya of Oedonuwara.*

Dehigama Naweratne Attepattoo Wahale Mudianse, *Rate Mahatmeya of Yatiinuwara.*

Kadigomuwe Tilekeratne Mudianse, *Ratte Mahmeya of Tumpaney.*

Wattarantenne Mologodde Rajepakse Mudianse—*Rattemahatmeya of Harispattoo.*

Madugalle Karunetilleke Jayesundere Weeresekere Wahale Nayeke Nisi Mudianse—*Ratemahatmeya of Lower Dumbera.*

Moledande Rajepakse Attepattoo Samerekoon Mudianse, —*Ratemahatmeya of Hewahette.*

Mampitiye Amaretehaste Naweratne Wikreme Sinhe Senanayeke Pandite Wahale Mudianse, *ditto of Upper Doombere.*

Angammene Sameradiwakere Wikkremesinhe Illangekon Senanayeke Rajepakse Rajekaroona Mudianse, *ditto of Udapalate.*

Halpey Chandresakere Ekenaike Wijeyesundere Wahale Mudianse, *ditto of Upper Bulatgame.*

PRINCIPALS OF THE TEMPLES.

Dulewe Naveratne Wickramesinhe Samerkoon Jayetilleke

Panditte Mudianse—*Deawadene Nileme Principal of the great Temple Dalada Maligawe in Kandy.*

Gonigodc Wijaykoon Wijayaraja Mudianse, *Basnaike Nileme of Maha Vishnu Dewole.*

Dunuwille Rajekarunadare Ekenayeke Dharmakeerte Pandite Mudianse, *ditto of Nate Dewale in do.*

Dehigame Naweratne Attepattoo Wahale Mudianse, *do. of Kattregam Dewale in do.*

Nugewelle Rajakaruna Chandra Sakare Wahale Mudianse, *ditto of Patteny Dewale.*

Gallegodde Rajepakse Rajekaruna Pandite Wahale Mudianse, *do. of Pasgame Dewale*

Errawwawele Senanayke Buanaikebahoo Narayene Rajegooroo Wahale Pandita Mudianse, *Basnaike Nileme of Wegiriye Dewale*

Galegode Rajepakse Rajekaroona Pandite Wahale Mudianse, *ditto of Maha Dewale in Hangooranhatte.*

Naranwale Jayesundere Mudianse, *ditto of Lankatilleke and Goduladenia Dewale in Udunuwere.*

Udulpole Wikkremesinhe Jayesundera Ratnayake Mudianse *Basnayeke Nilleme of Allewatogode Dewale in Harrispattoo.*

Dodanwele Wikkreme Sinhe Chandresekere Senarratne Karunatileke Pandite Wahale Mudianse, *ditto of Embekke Dewale in Udunuera.*

Delankare Angammene Ranpanhinde Dewakare Senanayeke Seneweratne Mudianse, *ditto of Ganegode Dewale in Udapalate.*

Dewelgame Amurtehaste Naweratne Wickremesinhe Senanayeke Pandite Wahale Mudianse, *ditto of Wallahagodde Dewale in Udapalate.*

Kirebatcumbure Rajepakse Mudianse, *Basnayeke Nileme of Dodanwale in Yatinuwere.*

MATELLE.

Weagodapole Bandare Nayeke Wahale Mudianse, *Rate Mahatmeya of the Southern Division.*

Golahele Sameradiwakere Chanderesakere Wahale Koorooppo Mudianse—*Rate Mahatmeya of the Northern Division.*

Maningomuwe Upatissaham Wahale Attapattoo Mudianse *Rate Mahatmeya of the Eastern Division.*

PRINCIPAL OF THE TEMPLE.

Palama Kumbure Wihadde Wirakon Mudianselage Appoohamy *Basnayeke Nilleme of Ambokke Dewale.*

DISTRICT OF BADULLA.

Dimbcolane Senenayeke Herat Mudianse, *Dissave of Gampaha and Udukinde in Ouvah.*

Rambopota Seneweratne Mudianse, *Dissave of Sorenatote, Oyepalate, Bogode, and Ritpolepalate of Yatekinde and Pattepole Polwatte of Wellasse.*

Kadigomowe Ratneyeke Mudianse, *Dissave of Gombadde.*

Katugaha Bandare Nayeke Herat Mudianse, *Ratemahatmeya of Medekidde and Kandepatte Korles.*

Bibile Jayesundere Mudianse—*Ratemahatmeya of Wellasse*

Taldena Samarekon Jagasundre Mudianselagey Banda *do. of Wialoowa and Polwatte.*

Pusselawe Appohamy—*Ratemahatmeya of Bintenne.*

Principals of the Temples

Katugaha Bandare Nayeke Mudianse, *junior, Basnaike Nileme of Maha Katregam Dewale in Budulla.*

Dangomoowa Banda. *Basnaike Nileme of Horegune Dewale in Medekinde.*

Pussellawey Appoohamy—*Basnaike Nileme of Saman Dewale in Bintenne.*

DISTRICT OF NUWERA ELLIA.

Galegode Rajapakse Rajakaroona Pandito Walhale Mudianse, *Dissawe of Wolepotay.*

Giragome Rajekaruna Nawaratne Herat Mudianse, *Rate Mahatmeya of Kotmelie.*

Principals of the Temples.

Mullegama Heratdawonda Wikkremesinhe Ekenaike Abeyekoon Pandita Rajepakse Mudians, *Basnayeke Nilleme of Morepe Dewale in Kotmelie.*

NATIVE HEADMEN.

Henry de Alwis Wijeyesiriwardene Gunatilleke—*Modliar of the Cutcherry and Interpreter to the Govt. Agent.*

Don David de Silva Welaratne Jayetileke Ameresiriwardena—*Modliar and Translator of the Government Agent's Office*

Don Hendrick Telekaratne—*Modliar and Translator of the Govt. Agent's Office.*

Cornelius Perera Abeyesekere Goongratne—*Modliar of the Govt. Agent's Office.*

Don Andrews de Alwis Appoohamy *Translator of the Govt. Agent's Office.*

MILITARY ESTABLISHMENTS.

GENERAL STAFF.

His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir COLIN CAMPBELL, K.C.B., *Commanding the Forces.*

Captain A. W. CAMPBELL, 14th Regiment, *Aide-de-Camp to the Lieutenant General and Assistant Military Secretary.*

Captain G. MACLEAN, Royal Artillery, *Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Governor.*

Lieutenant L. S. C. FRASER, Ceylon Rifle Regiment *do.* *do.*

Bt. Lieutenant Colonel E. CHARLTON, K. H., half-pay(unattached), *Deputy Adjutant General.*

Bt. Colonel J. FRASER, half-pay 1st Royal Veteran Battalion, *Deputy Quarter Master General.*

MEDICAL STAFF.

		Stations.
Dep. Inspector Genl. of Hospitals	A. Stewart, M. D.	*Absent on leave.*
Staff Surgeon 1st Class	G. Barclay, M. D.	*Colombo.*
Staff Surgeon 2d Class	P. Robertson	*Galle.*
Ditto	G. Rumley, M. D.	*Trincomale.*
Staff Assistant Surgeon	J. C. Cameron, M. D.	*Colombo.*
Ditto	G. Galland, M. D.	*Badulla.*
Ditto	J. Grant	*Jaffna.*
Ditto	G. S. Beatson, M. D.	*Colombo.*
Ditto	T. R. Dyce	*Nuwera Ellia.*
Ditto		
Ditto		

DISTRICTS AND GARRISONS.

Rank.	*Stations and Names.*
	COLOMBO DISTRICT.
Commanding the Fortress of Colombo	The Honble Colonel W. G. Power, C.B. & K.H., Royal Artillery.
Staff Officer	Capt. W. Fisher, 95th Regiment.
	PUTLAM.
Commandant	Lieut. J. Burleigh, Ceylon Rifle Regiment.
	TRINCOMALE DISTRICT.
Commanding the District	Major J. Walter, 95th Regiment.
Staff Officer	Captain T. St. Leger Alcock, 95th Regiment.
	JAFFNAPATAM.
Commandant	Bt. Major G. Cochrane, Ceylon Rifle Regiment.
	GALLE DISTRICT.
Commanding the District	Lt. Colonel J. Anderson, Ceylon Rifle Regiment.
Staff Officer	Bt. Major P. B. Reyne, Ceylon Rifle Regiment.
	HAMBANTOTTE.
Commandant	Lieut. F. B. Bayly, Ceylon Rifle Regiment.

c

KANDYAN PROVINCES.

STAFF.

Commanding the Interior, Bt. Colonel J. Campbell. K. H., 95th Regiment.
Staff Officer at Kandy, Captain T. Lillie, Ceylon Rifle Regiment.

DISTRICTS AND GARRISONS.

Rank.	*Names.*	*Stations.*
	OUVAH.	
Commandant	Bt. Major T. W. Rogers, Ceylon Rifle Regt.	Badulla.
	KOTMALEE.	
Commandant	Capt. C. Kelson, Ceylon Rifle Regiment	Nuwera Ellia.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

Capt. A. W. CAMPBELL, 14th Regt.—*Asst. Mily. Secy.* 9*s* 6*d* per diem.

Clerk, Mr. B. Brohier 135*l*
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Bt. Lt. Col. E. CHARLTON, K. H., h. p. Unatt.—*Dep. Adj. Gen.* 19*s* per diem.

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Clerk, Mr. H. Elders 27*l*

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Captain W. FISHER, 95th Regt.—*Staff Officer* 10*s* per diem.
Clerk, Mr. L. P. Christoffelsz 67*l* 10*s*

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Lt. Col. W. H. SLADE—*Commanding Royal Engineer.*
Lieutenant A. P. G. Ross—*Royal Engineer.*
Lieut. H. DUVERNETT, C.R. Regt.—*Asst. Engineer* 7*s.* 6*d.* per diem.

Clerk, Mr. W. F. Lourensz 96*l*
ditto „ J. G. Lourensz 27*l*
employed at Trincomale with 30*l temporarily.*
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Clerk, Mr. P. J. Ebert 7*s* per diem. | *Clerk*, Mr. J. H. Constz 54*l*

STAFF OFFICER'S OFFICE AT KANDY.

Capt. T. LILLIE, Cey. Rifle Regt.—*Staff Officer* 10*s* per diem.

Clerk, Mr. W. F. Brohier 54*l*

ROYAL ENGINEER'S OFFICE AT KANDY.

Lieut. Colonel G. PHILLPOTTS—*Chief Engineer Kandyan Provinces.*

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STAFF OFFICER'S OFFICE AT TRINCOMALE.

Captain T. St. LEGER ALCOCK, 95th Regiment—*Staff Officer* 10*s* per diem.

Clerk, Mr. G. H. De With 54*l*

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Rank.	*Names.*	*Stations.*
Depy. Inspr. General of Hospitals	A. Stewart, M.D. 1*l* 10*s* per diem	*Absent on leave.*
Staff Surgeon 1st Class ...	G. Barclay, M. D. 1*l* 4*s*	*Colombo.*
Staff Surgeon 2d Class....	P. Robertson 15*s*	*Galle.*
Ditto	G. Rumley, M. D. 15*s*.....	*Trincomale.*
Staff Asst. Surgeon	J. C. Cameron, M. D. 7*s* 6*d*..	*Colombo.*
Ditto	G. Galland, M. D. 7*s* 6*d*	*Badulla.*
Ditto	J. Grant 7*s* 6*d*	*Jaffna.*
Ditto	G. S. Beatson, M. D. 7*s*. 6*d*....	*Colombo.*
Ditto	T. R. Dyce 7*s*. 6*d*	*Nuwera Ellia.*
Ditto		
Ditto		

COLONIAL MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Asst. Apothecary—Mr. W. H. Kelaart 135*l*—*Colombo,*

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Names.	*Rank in the Regiment.*	*Army.*	*Remarks.*
Colonel.			
W. G. Power, C.B. & K.H.	12th June 35		
Captains.			
R. Hardinge, *Bt. M.* ..	17th July 23	.....	*Exmpd. at Woolwich.*
W. J. Stokes	29th June 36		
E. W. Crofton	2d Augt. 42		
1st Lieutenants.			
E. Maberly	24th June 37		
M. C. Dickson	11th April 41		
G. Burrell	17th July „		
M. Adye	28th April 42		
Asst. Surgeon.			
R. Templeton	6th May 33		

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Names.	*Rank in the Regiment.*	*Army.*	*Remarks.*
Lieut. Colonel.			
W. H. Slade	10th Jan. 37		
Captains.			[*Provs.*
G. Phillpotts, *Bt. Lt. Col.*	23d March 25	.....	*Com. R. E. Kandyan*
F. H. Baddeley	25th June 35	.....	*at Trincomale.*
1st Lieutenants.			
A. P. G. Ross	10th Jan. 37		
G. Sorell	1st Sept. 41	.....	*at Galle.*

CIVIL BRANCH OF THE ORDNANCE.

Rank.	*Names.*	*Remarks.*
COLOMBO.		
Storekeeper	T Dawson, Esq.	
Established Clerks .. { 1.	Mr. W. H. Trant.	
3.	„ A. Gun.	
4.	„ H. S. Bagenall.	
Assistant Clerk	„ G. C. Holden.	
TRINCOMALE.		
Storekeeper	H. St. Hill, Esq.	
Established Clerk	Mr. T. Thomson.	
Temporary do.	„ H. A. De With.	
GALLE.		
Clerk in charge	Mr. D. J. Freisz	*2d Clerk at Colombo.*

90TH (PERTHSH. VOL.) LIGHT INFANTRY—*(Head-Quarters, Colombo.)*

Mandura—The Sphinx—Egypt—Martinique—Guadaloupe.

Names.	*Rank in the Regiment.*		*Rank in the Army.*		*Remarks.*
Colonel.					
Sir A. Leith, K. C. B.	2 Sept.	1841	Lt.G. 23 Nov.	41	
Lieut. Colonel.					
J. Singleton, K. H.	17 July	40			
Majors.					
T. W. Eyles, *d.*	7 Feb.	,,			
H. Vaughan, *Bt. Lt. Col.*	28 July	43			*Not joined since appointed.*
Captains.					
F. Eld, *d.*	27 Sept.	41			
H. R. Thurlow	27 March	35			
G. S. Deverill, *d.*	2 ,,	38	7 March	34	
G. D. Bowyer	21 Sept.	,,	.....		*On leave to England.*
J. B. Mann	2 Augt.	39	2 June	38	
M. Geal	11 April	40			*[Dept.*
P. P. Gallwey	17 July	,,	.....		*Empd. in the Surv. Gen'l's*
J. D. G. Tulloch, *d.*	22 Augt.	41			
T. Webb	3 Sept.	,,	.....		*On leave to England.*
J. H. Brinkhurst, *d.*	30 ,,	42			
Lieutenants.					
C. M. Chester, *d.*	22 Sept.	38			
F. Woodgate, *D. P. M.*	25 Jan.	39			
C. V. Pugh	11 April	40			
J. M. N. Walter	8 May	,,	3 July	39	*[Roads.*
R. Owen	5 June	,,	.....		*Empd. under the Commr. of*
K. W. S. Mackenzie, *d.*	17 July	,,			
T. Ross	19 May	41			
W. P. Purnell	25 June	,,			*[Roads.*
H. A. Evatt	22 Augt.	,,	.....		*Empd. under the Commr. of*
H. Leckey	30 Sept.	42			
Ensigns.					
J. W. B. Peddie	25 Oct.	39	.....		*On leave to India.*
R. Grove, *d.*	7 Feb.	40			
D. Davies	11 April	,,	Adjt. 30 Oct.	40	
W. V. Johnson	12 June	,,			
C. F. Thruston	18 May	41			
T. Smith	16 July	,,			*[gineer Dept.*
H. J. Suckling	24 Sept.	,,	.....		*Employed in the Royal En-*
C. S. Dowson, *d.*	3 June	42			
T. D. Hamilton, *d.*	30 Sept.	,,			
R. R. Wyvill, *d.*	14 April	43			
S. K. F. Nazer, *d.*	28 July	,,			
Paymaster.					
H. Y. Eagar	30 Nov.	30	16 April	18	
Adjutant.					
D. Davies	30 Oct.	40	Ens. 11 April	40	
Quarter Master.					
W. Newland	15 Sept.	37			
Surgeon.					
R. Ellson	16 Feb.	41			
Asst. Surgeons.					
R. K. Prendergast	7 Oct.	36			
W. Maclise	27 Dec.	42			

Facing Buff.—Lace Gold—Agents, Messrs. Stoddart and McGrigor, Ireland Agents, Sir E. R. Borough Bt. Armit and Co, Embarked for Foreign Service in 1835.

95TH (DERBYSHIRE) REGIMENT—*(Head Quarters, Kandy.)*

Names.	*Rank in the Regiment.*		*Army.*		*Remarks.*
Colonel.					
G. G. C. L'Estrange	12 June	1843	Lt.G. 23Nov.	41	
Lieut. Colonel.					
J. Campbell, K. H.	27 Sept.	31	Col. 28 June	38	*Commandant Kandy.*
Majors.					
J. Walter	7 „	38	13 July	32	*Commandant Trincomale.*
A. H. Travor, *Bt. Lt. Col.* K. H., *d.*	17 Nov.	40			
Captains.					
H. C. Tathwell, *Bt. M. d.*	7 June	31			
T. St. Leger Alcock	20 April	32	.....		*Staff Officer Trincomale.*
J. R. Raines, *Bt M. d.*			2 June	25	
D. Dickson	26 Jan.	38			
J. G. Champion	2 Feb.	„			
J. R. Currie, *d.*	8 June	„			
W. Fisher	28 Augt.	„	20 July	38	*Staff Officer Colombo.*
W. A. Rogers	14 May	42			
A. T. Heyland	13 Dec.	„			
J. R. Ford	27 „	„			
Lieutenants.					
E. J. Cruice	24 July	35	13 June	20	
H. Hume, *Adjt. d.*	1 Dec.	37			
H. O. C. Master	2 Feb.	38			
G. Cornwall	9 March	„			
E. Thompson	16 „	„			[*Roads.*
J. F. T. Dennis	30 Oct.	„	.....		*Empd. under the Commr. of*
Hon. E. S. Plunkett	4 Dec.	41			
G. J. Dowdall	14 May	42			
H. J. Baines, *D. P. M.*	3 June	„			
J. H. Carew	13 Dec.	„			
A. Taylor	27 „	„			
G. M Hicks, *d.*	20 Jan.	43			
C. A. Cobb	20 May	„	Adjt. 30 May	43	
Ensigns.					
W. Bridges, *d.*	19 Nov.	41			
J. Raines, *d.*	28 Jan.	42			
J. Davis, *d.*	20 May	„			
J. G. Eddington	3 June	„			
H. G. Hayes	24 „	„			
R. W. Maxwell	20 Dec.	„			
A. Mosley, *d.*	27 „	„			
G. C. Vialls, *d.*	20 Jan.	43			
Paymaster.					
F. Feneran	15 Dec.	37	1 Dec.	23	
Adjutant.					
C. A. Cobb	30 May	43	Lt. 20 May	43	
Quarter Master.					
W. Holt	3 Dec.	„			
Surgeon.					
J. Ewing	28 June	36	7 Sept.	09	
Asst. Surgeons.					
H. G. Gordon, M. D.	18 Feb.	42	31 Dec,	41	
G. R. Richardson	30 June	43			

Facing Yellow—Lace Gold—Agents, Messrs. Cox & Co.
Embarked for Foreign Service in 1839.

CEYLON RIFLE REGIMENT.—(Head Quarters, Kandy.)

Names.	Rank in the Regiment.		Rank in the Army.		Remarks.
Lieut. Colonels.					
T. Fletcher	27 Feb.	1835			
J. Anderson	29 April	42	.....		*Commandant Galle.*
Majors.					
S. Braybrooke	27 Feb.	35			
A. Montresor	29 April	42	23d Nov.	41	*On leave to England.*
Captains.					
G. A. Tranchell	9 Oct.	26	Maj. 23 Nov.	41	
P. B. Reyne	21 Dec.	,,	ditto		*Staff Officer Galle.*
T. W. Rogers	7 June	27	ditto		*Commandant Badulla.*
G. Cochrane	13 Feb.	,,	ditto		*do. Jaffna.*
H. A. Atchison	27 ,,	,,	.....		*On leave to England.*
T. Skinner	3 April	36	.....		*Commissioner of Roads.*
B. E. Layard	14 May	,,	.....		*On leave to England.*
C. Kelson	5 ,,	37	10 June	32	*Commandant Nuwera Ellia.*
G. T. Parke	27 Oct.	,,	Maj. 23 Nov.	41	*Depy. Commy. General.*
T. Bonnor	27 ,,	,,	,, 28 June	38	
W. T. Layard	18 Augt.	39			
T. Lillie	8 Nov.	,,	.....		*Staff Officer Kandy.*
W. Caldwell	29 April	42			
W. Driberg	27 June	,,			
R. Mylius	9 Oct.	,,	.....		*On leave to England.*
A. Mackay	29 March	43			
Lieutenants.					
C. Warburton	18 June	25	.....		[*Dept. Employed in the Civ. Engr's.*
J. Burleigh	24 June	29	23 March	21	*Commandant Puttam.*
L. Clare	28 April	30	2 Jan.	14	*On leave to England.*
F. B. Bayly	8 May	35	.....		*Commandant Hambantotte.*
W. Hardisty	8 Jan.	36			[*Dept.*
A. Watson	1 April	,,	14 Jan.	30	*Employed in the Civ. Engr's.*
J. M. Macdonald	29 June	,,			
G. B. Tattersall	23 April	37	.....		*On leave to England.*
W. J. Kirk	27 Oct.	,,	.....		*ditto.*
W. N. Price	8 May	38	.....		*Asst. Commy. Genl. Colombo.*
H. Bird	22 ,,	,,	.....		*Dep. Asst. Commy. Kandy.*
N. Fenwick	17 Sept.	,,	.....		*On leave to England.*
B. B. Keane	11 Jan.	39	.....		*Employed under the Commissioner of Roads.*
E. J. Holworthy	25 March	,,			
H. G. Remmett	28 June	,,	Adjt. 30 May	43	
H. A. Raitt	5 July	,,	.....		*ditto.*
H. Duvernett	8 Augt.	,,	.....		*On leave to England.*
C. T. Smith	29 May	40			
W. H. Underwood	2 Oct.	,,	13 March	40	
L. S. O. Fraser	18 May	41	18 Sept.	40	*A. D. C. to the Governor.*
R. Watson	29 June	42	.....		*Dep. Asst. Com. Trincomale.*
W. Bagenall	29 April	,,			
J. B. Kerstemaz	17 June	,,			

c

Names.	Rank in the Regiment.	Army.	Remarks.
Lieutenants.			
H. Lucas	22 Sept. 1812		
W. C. Vanderspar	9 Oct. ,,		
W. Brett	13 Jan. 43		
H. Skinner	29 March ,,		
C. T. Clement	30 May ,,		
2d Lieutenants.			
W. Werge	19 Nov. 41		
H. Agar	29 Dec. ,,		
A. F. Colley	31 ,, ,,		
B. Fenwick	29 Jan. 42		
A. Denne	29 April ,,		
J. A. Layard	29 May ,,		{*Dept.*
W. H. Kelson	21 ,, ,,	.....	*Employed in the Civ. Engr's.*
J. Dwyer	22 ,, ,,		
G. T. Dawson	17 June ,,		
H. J. Bews	22 July ,,		
J. Bird	27 Sept. ,,		
P. O. Gorman	3 Feb. 43		
C. C. Durnford	10 ,, ,,		
E. F. Tranchell	30 May ,,		
H. Swettenham	23 June ,,		
Paymaster.			
R. Jefferson	6 May 36	.....	*On leave to England.*
Adjutant.			
H. G. Remmett	30 May 43	Lt. 28 June 39	
Quarter Master.			
C. Macdonald	30 ,, ,,		
Surgeon.			
Asst. Surgeons.			
W. K. Swettenham, M. D.	20 Augt. 41		
G. W. Powell, M. D.	22 April 42		

Regimentals Green—Facing Black—Agent, Sir John Kirkland.

MOUNTED ORDERLIES.

Names.	Date of Appointment.	Rank in the Army.	Remarks.
Capt. A. W. Campbell	6 Jan. 1842	28 Jan. 1842	*Capt. 14th Regiment.*

CEYLON GUN LASCARS.

2d Lieut. J. Robertson	14 Oct. 41		*Adjutant.*

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3*d* *ditto* „ A. Siebel 45*l*
4*th Clerk*, Mr. J. Maas 45*l*
5*th do.* „ F. S. Thomasz 18*l*
Shroff, L. P. Asserappa 24*l*

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Extra Clerk, Mr. J. Wittensleger 27*l*

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Lieutenant ..... *Flag Lieutenant.*
BENJAMIN CHIMMO, Esq. ..... *Secretary.*

His Excellency Sir THOMAS JOHN COCHRANE, K. C. B.—Rear Admiral of the Blue and Second in Command of Her Majesty's Ships and Vessels.

Lieutenant JAMES T. CALDWELL... *Flag Lieutenant.*
EDWARD WELLER, Esq..... *Secretary.*

CORNWALLIS, 72 GUNS—FLAG SHIP.

Captain	.. Peter Richards
Commander	.. Charles Wise
Lieutenant	.. Charles R. Carter
do.	.. Arthur Vyner
do.	.. Robert St. Aubyn
do.	.. Henry Need
do.	.. L. G. Halsted
do.	.. Frederick E. Rose
do.	.. George H. Hodgson
Captain Marines	.. Fortescue Graham
Supernumerary do.	.. F. S. Hamilton (Major)
1st Lieut. Marines	.. George Elliott
do.	.. F. J. White
2d do.	.. Thos. A. M. D. V. Pennington
Master	.. John Jackson
Chaplain and Naval Instructor	.. The Rev. Joseph A. Burrough
Surgeon	.. Daniel King, M. D.
Addl. do.	.. James Allan
Purser	.. John Tapson
2d Master	.. B. J. Hooper
Asst. Surgeon	.. C. P. Blake, M. D.
do.	.. Archibald Little, M. D.
do.	.. David Thomas
do.	.. Charles A. Winchester, M. D.
do.	.. James Patrick

AGINCOURT, 72 GUNS—FLAG SHIP.

Captain	.. Henry W. Bruce
Commander	.. Henry Lyster
Lieutenant	.. James Rawstorne
do.	.. P. P. Egerton
do.	.. Fitzjames S. McGregor
do.	.. T. C. O. D. Whipple
do.	.. David A. Buchan
do.	.. James A. Paynter
Captain Marines	.. P. M. McKellar
Supernumerary do.	.. Samuel Hawkins
2d Lieut. Marines	.. Thomas Forrest
do.	.. D. J. Sloggett
do.	.. Wm. M. Mansell
do.	.. J. J. Harvey

Master	
Chaplain	The Rev. Wm. S. Parish
Naval Instructor	Wm. S. Parish
Surgeon	John W. Reid
Purser	Henry B. H. Long
2d Master	Stephen Johns
Asst. Surgeon	Richard M. Isbell
do.	Robert Anderson

THALIA, 42 GUNS.

Captain	Charles Hope
Lieutenant	Montagu Thomas
do.	J. P. Thurburn
do.	John Borlase
do.	Frederick B. P. Seymour
do.	Roger L. Curtis
1st *Lieut. Marines*	
2d do.	John Elliott
Chaplain	The Rev. James L. Moody
Master	Peter Wellington
Surgeon	Richard Douglas
Purser	Walter Clatworthy
Naval Instructor	F. H. Needham
Asst. Surgeon	J. B. Nicolson

CAMBRIAN, 36 GUNS.

Captain	Henry D. Chads, C. B.
Lieutenant	Fred. A. Campbell
do.	Graham Ogle
do.	Charles Bullen
do.	A. S. Austin
do.	G. H. Wood
1st *Lieut. Marines*	G. W. R. Yule
Supernumerary	J. J. Winne
2d Lieut. Marines	Samuel B. Ellis
Master	Joseph N. King
Surgeon	John Smith
Purser	Robert M. Read
Naval Instructor	Wm. E. Shaw
Asst. Surgeon	N. L. Dolling

NORTH STAR, 26 GUNS.

Captain	Sir James E. Home, Bt. C. B.
Lieutenant	George Johnson
do.	Charles R. Egerton
do.	Dennys Lane
do.	Alfred J. Curtis
1st *Lieut. Marines*	W. B. Langford
Master	Richard O. Stuart
Surgeon	Alexander Sanderson
Purser	K. L. Sutherland
Asst. Surgeon	Wm. M. K. Saunders

SAMARANG, 26 GUNS.

Captain	Sir Edward Belcher, Kt. C. B.
Lieutenant	Charles F. Wade
do.	Thomas Heard
do.	Edward A. Inglefield
do.	Henry W. Baugh
Master	F. J. Loney
Surgeon	Henry W. Mahon, M. D.
Purser	H. S. Hooper
2d Master	John Richards
Asst. Surgeon	Arthur Adams

NIMROD, 20 GUNS.

Commander	Frederick H. H. Glasse
Lieutenant	John V. Willyams
do.	Charles S. Norman
do.	Henry Chads
Master	William E. Hyne
Surgeon	R. D. Pritchard
Purser	W. D. Bateman
Asst. Surgeon	Wm. Scott, M. D.

DIDO, 18 GUNS.

Captain	John Erle Henry Keppel
Lieutenant	Hunt
do.	Wm. MaCottenham
do.	Edmund H. Gunnell
Master	James E. Elliott
Surgeon	Anthony Donoghoe
Purser	James Chimmo
Asst. Surgeon	John Simpson, M. D.

FAVORITE, 18 GUNS.

Commander	Thomas R. Sullivan
Lieutenant	Gustavus A. Ellerman
do.	
Master	Thomas B. Codnor
Surgeon	Alexander Kilroy
Purser	
Asst. Surgeon	George F. Mumro

FLY, 18 GUNS.

Captain	Francis P. Blackwood
Lieutenant	Charles F. A. Shadwell
do.	John E. F. Risk
do.	John M. R. Ince
Master	Frederick J. O. Evans
Surgeon	Alexander Muirhead
Purser	John Bell
Asst. Surgeon	Archibald Sibbald

HAZARD, 18 GUNS.

Commander	Charles Bell
Lieutenant	Robert Robinson
do.	David Robertson
Master	F. W. Paul
Surgeon	John W. Bowler
Purser	W. A. Herries
Asst. Surgeon	

PYLADES, 18 GUNS.

Commander	Louis S. Tindal
Lieutenant	James C. M. Touzeau
do.	William R. Rolland
Master	George Nosworthy
Surgeon	John Stewart
Purser	William P. Carrigan
Asst. Surgeon	John [illegible]. Tweeddale

WOLF, 18 Guns.

Commander	Co[illegible]enay O. Hayes
Lieutenant	H[illegible]y D. Rogers
do.	[illegible]orge E. Patey
do.	[illegible]obert B. Harvey
Master	Henry Paul
Surgeon	
Purser	Stephen Rains
Asst. Surgeon	[illegible]IBRIAN, [illegible]illiam Macdonald

HAR[illegible] Guns.

Commander	[illegible]. Fr[illegible]ble George F. Hastings
Lieutenant	Henry G. Morris
do.	Samuel Fowell
Master	Francis Edington
Surgeon	Charles K. Nutt
Purser	Charles S. Giles
Asst. Surgeon	William G. Goldin

PELICAN, 16 GUNS.

Commander	Philip Justice
Lieutenant	Robert C. Whyte
do.	John Daly
do.	John M. Cooke
Master	Richard Stokes
Surgeon	
Purser	Henry S. Collins
Asst. Surgeon	Thomas C. Miller

SERPENT, 16 GUNS.

Commander	William Nevill
Lieutenant	Seymour Y. Brown
do.	Edward M. Noble
Master	W. J. B. Hilliard
Surgeon	James Lambert
Purser	Richard A. Godson
Asst. Surgeon	George S. Roberts

SIREN, 16 GUNS.

Commander	William Smith
Lieutenant	Edward B. Nott
do.	Henry Bernard
Master	Peter Loney
Surgeon	Stephen Stanley
Purser	John Brickwood
Asst. Surgeon	John Cockin

WANDERER, 16 GUNS.

Commander	George H. Seymour
Lieutenant	J. J. C. H. Tracy
do.	John Allen
do.	Byron Drury
Master	James Bowler
Surgeon	James Gordon
Purser	John N. De Vries
Asst. Surgeon	William T. Alexander

WOLVERENE, 16 GUNS.

Commander	J. S. W. Johnson
Lieutenant	A. P. E. Wilmot
do.	James B. Kinsman
do.	E. L. Hoblyn
Master	Miles Hammett
Surgeon	John Bower, M. D.
Purser	
Asst. Surgeon	Wm. Macleod, M. D.

CHILDERS, 16 GUNS.

Commander	George G. Wellesley
Lieutenant	Ralph Milbanke
do.	Matthew Nolloth
do.	William S. Miller
Master	Joseph W. Wilkins
Surgeon	Joseph Plimsolt
Purser	Fred. Gransmore
Asst Surgeon	George Rue, M. D.

CLIO, 16 GUNS.

Commander	James Fitzjames
Lieutenant	Henry E. B. Bennett
do.	John H. Crang
do.	H. T. D. Le Vesconte
Master	William H. Langtry
Surgeon	John Sloan
Purser	James Biggs
Asst. Surgeon	Andrew Moffitt

ROYALIST—BRIG.

Lieutenant Commander	Philip Chetwode
2d Master	
Asst. Surgeon	John A. Corbett
Clerk in charge	John King

DRIVER, 6 GUNS—STEAM FRIGATE.

Commander	Samuel F. Harmer
Lieutenant	Thomas Kisbee
do.	Thomas H. Downes
1*st do. Marines*	G. G. Alexander
Master	John Jarvis
Surgeon	William Houghton
Purser	Robert T. Crispin
Asst. Surgeon	Thomas M. Castello

VIXEN, 6 GUNS—STEAM FRIGATE.

Commander	George Giffard
Lieutenant	George Phillpotts
do.	William Bailey
do.	William Moorsom
Master	Robert C. Allan
Surgeon	John Naulty
Purser	John Harshaw
Asst. Surgeon	William Webber, M. D.

SPITEFUL, 6 GUNS—STEAM FRIGATE.

Commander	William Maitland
Lieutenant	Charles F. Newland
do.	Augustus C. Murray
do.	James Willcox
Master	John Gurner
Surgeon	Morris Pritchett, M. D.
Purser	W. B. V. Farror
Asst. Surgeon	Marcus J. Dill, M. D.

CAMELION, 10 GUNS.

Lieutenant Commander	George M. Hunter
2d Master	
Asst. Surgeon	Robert J. B. Chambers
Clerk in charge	

PLOVER—SURVEYING VESSEL.

Captain	Richard Collinson, C. B.
Lieutenant	William T. Bate
2d Master	Cornelius Fox
Asst. Surgeon	Henry S. Wilmott
Clerk in charge	George H. Ellis

STARLING 4 CUTTER—SURVEYING VESSEL.

Captain	Henry Kellett, C. B.
2d Master	
Asst. Surgeon	John Davidson
Clerk in charge	George F. Knox

BRAMBLE 10 CUTTER.

Lieutenant Commander	Charles B. Yule

BELLEISLE, 20 GUNS—TROOP SHIP.

Captain	.. John Kingcome
Lieutenant	.. George Winsor
do.	.. Adam D. Ferguson
do.	.. Philip D. Saumarez
do.	.. Philip Somerville
Chaplain	.. Rev. E. S. Phelps
Master	.. George L. Bradley
Surgeon	.. Thomas McDonald
Purser	.. Alexander Penprase
Asst. Surgeon	.. Edward Heath

SAPPHIRE, 20 GUNS—TROOP SHIP.

Master Commanding ..	.. John R. Fittock
2d Master	.. J. M. O'Brien
do.	.. William Johnston
Asst. Surgeon	.. Thomas J. Layton, M. D.

APOLLO, 8 GUNS—TROOP SHIP.

Captain	.. Charles Frederick
Lieutenant	.. John G. Robins
do.	.. Frederick G. Leigh
Master	.. William S. Hele
Surgeon	.. W. Graham
Purser	.. Thomas D. Gulliver
Asst. Surgeon	.. William Bule
Supernumerary do.	.. Robert Beith

JUPITER, 12 GUNS—TROOP SHIP.

Master Commanding ..	.. G. B. Hoffmeister
2d Master	.. Jabez S. Benstead
do.	.. G. H. Forster
Asst. Surgeon	.. William Crofton

RATTLESNAKE, 2 GUNS—TROOP SHIP.

Master Commanding ..	.. James Spcent
2d Master	..
Asst. Surgeon	.. Edward H. Cree

ALLIGATOR, 2 GUNS—TROOP SHIP.

Master Commanding ..	.. Richard Browne
2d Master	.. A. G. Whichelo
Asst. Surgeon	.. Henry Richardson, M. D.

MINDEN, 20 GUNS—HOSPITAL SHIP—*HONGKONG.*

Captain	.. Michael Quin
Lieutenant	.. Arthur Mellersh
do.	.. Humphrey J. Julian
do.	.. John W. Dorville
do.	.. Wm. H. J. Lowe
Captain Marines	.. C. W. Pearce
Supernumerary do.	.. A. D. L. Farrant
do.	.. Edward Rea

2d Lieutenant Marines ..	.. E. T. T. Jones
Supernumerary do. ..	.. S. L. Wilson
do.	.. R. V. Allen
Master	.. Thomas Hancorn
Inspector of Hospitals ..	.. John Wilson, M. D.
Surgeon	.. Alfred G. G. Tucker
Purser	.. John H. Cook
Asst. Surgeon	.. James M. Mustard
do.	.. William Rogers
do.	.. D. B. Whipple
do.	.. Guernsey St. G. Bowen
do.	.. F. W. R. Saddler

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Clerk to do.	.. Mr. Isaac Crabb
Foreman of Shipwrights ..	.. „ Henry Tremeer

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" G. A. Ebert
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" J. Drieberg
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" C. Beling
" J. Booth
" H. C. Prins
" W. Morgan
" L. Jumeaux.
" W. Stork
" J. C. Dias
" J. L. Vanderstraaten
" F. A. Prins
" James Stewart
" A. Walles
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" P. J. L. Vanderstraaten
" F. J. de Saram

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" H. W. Drieberg
" P. J. L. Vanderstraaten
" H. Dabrera
" V. W. Vanderstraaten, *Junior*
" S. Backhouse

District Court of Colombo No. 4. (Caltura.)

All the Proctors of the District Court of Colombo No. 1 and
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" D. Williams
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" G. M. Koenitsz

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All the Proctors of the District Court of Colombo No. 1 and
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Don Simon Cangan
Hetty Aratchegey Don Abraham Appoo
Mr. J. E. Van Hagt
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Mr. Robert Herft
" J. Evertsz
" H. W. Drieberg
" P. J. L. Vanderstraaten
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Mr. John Paulus Tamber
" J. W. Trouw
" W. Lobendahn
" P. A. Vanderwall
" Charles Greve

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Mr. C. Vanderwall
" G. A. Van Hagt
" E. L. Drieberg
" G. De Zilva

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District Court of Galle.

Mr. C. M. Anthonisz
" W. Meurling
" L. De Rosairoe
" W. J. De Silva
" M. Perera
" J. D. Robertsen
" D. E. De Silva
" G. H. Poulier
" T. F. Morgan
" G. A. Visser
" A. E. Andree
" G. A. De Silva
" H. Matthysz
" G. C. Gersse
" J. De Vos

District Court of Matura.

Mr. A. E. Andree
„ G. A. Poulier
„ W. Kemps
„ G. A. Visser
„ John Henry Vollenhoven
„ J. D. Robertson
„ J. D. B. Keuneman
„ T. F. Morgan
„ W. A. Claessen
„ C. W. Poulier
„ D. E. De Zilva
„ J. H. De Vos

District Court of Amblangodde.

Mr. P. E. Vanderstraaten
„ J. D. Robertson
Andris Mendis Abeyewardene Gonesekere
Mr. H. Matthysz
„ D. E. De Zilva
„ T. F. Morgan
„ G. A. De Silva
„ G. C. Gerssé

District Court of Hambantotte.

Mr. W. Lambias
„ N. P. Gerssé
„ W. A. Claessen
„ C. H. Andreé
„ —— Lourensz
„ J. H Vollenhoven
„ A. W. Kemps

District Court of Tangalle.

Mr. W. Lambias
„ N. P. Gressé
„ W. A Claessen
„ G. A.Visser
„ A. E.Andreé
„ C. H Andree
„ J. H. Vollenhoven
„ A. W. Kemps
„ D E. De Silva

NORTHERN PROVINCE.

District Court of Jaffna.

Mr. C. G. Koch
„ J. Modder
„ F. W. Van Rossem
„ G. Toussaint.
„ J. G. De Vos
„ P. F. Toussaint
„ Thomas Anderson
Mr. G. W. Collette
„ H. J. Kriekenbeek
„ C. Speldewinde
Wissewenade Modliar Maylwagenam
Mr. C. E. Albrecht
„ H. Ruloch
„ E. Jobsz
„ E. G. Williamsz
„ J. Koch
Suppernada Amblewanen
Mr. J. W. Tou-saint
„ D. E. Krusse
„ W. D. Niese

District Court of Manar.

Casper Anthony Markoe
Enomanewentuya Tesseweling Mapane Modliar
Maddelapully Mamma Lebbe
Philip Manuel Colas
Mr. W. De Niese
Wesewenader Modliar Maylwagenam
Mr. W. Marsh

District Court of Walligamo (Mallagam.)

All the Proctors of the District Court of Jaffna and
Anthony Pulle Soosay Pulle
Ramenade Modliar Christoffel Ollesegerepulle
Supermania Ambalawan
Mr. Daniel Edward Krasse

District Court of Waddemoratchie (Point Pedro.)

All the Proctors of the District Court of Jaffna and
Mr. D. B. Van Schoonbeek
„ L. H. Koch
„ W. Maartensz

District Court of Tenmoratchie and Patchelapalle (Chavagacherry)

All the Proctors of the District Court of Jaffna and
Murogan Moottoo

District Court of the Islands (Kaits.)

All the Proctors of the District Court of Jaffna and
Mr. J. J. De Lele
„ E. W. Theile

District Court of the Wanny (Mullettivo)

Anthony Pieries Savery Mottoo
Mr. A. H. Buëltjens
Murrogen Moottoo

District Court of Anarajapoora.

Mr. W. De Niese

EASTERN PROVINCE.

District Court of Trincomale.

Mr. G. B. De Visser
„ H. F. Redlich
Swaminader Cadrama
Cadrawille Weeragatty
Sappermanian Tamber
Mr. James Dudley
„ G. A. Gambs

District Court of Batticaloa.

Mr. A. G. Vander Gucht
Sinnetamby Cadremen
Waygale Cadrewaly
Chinnepulle Ahamadoe Lebbe
Mr. E. G. Collette
„ J. H. Leembruggen

CENTRAL PROVINCE.

District Court of Kandy South.

Mahamadoe Lebbe Siddie Lebbe
Mr. H. Erhardt
„ W. A. Staples
„ E. P. Wilmot
„ J. W. Drieberg
„ G. W. Edema
Mr. G. Braker
Meera Lebbe Coeppe Tamby

District Court of Kandy North.

All the Proctors of the District Court of Kandy South and
Weerekonmudianselagegethere appoohamy Wattowearachy
Yappamudianselagedere appohamy Kadewatte aratchy
Duckgameralegedere appoohamy
Henegedere appoohamy Walapole Aratchy
Polkootooway late Lekam Mahatmea
Parnagame Maduma Mudianse

District Court of Matele.

All the Proctors of the District Court of Kandy and
Mr. W. H. Drieberg
„ G. A. Pereira
„ H. Hughes
„ Charles Greve
„ F. P. Vanhouten

District Court of Nuwera Ellia.

All the Proctors of the District Court of Kandy and
Mr. G. Pereira
„ M. L. Davidson

District Court of Badulla.

All the Proctors of the District Court of Kandy and
Mr. W. Vandendriesen
„ S. Landsberger
„ T. Rulofsz
„ M. L. Davidson

LICENSED NOTARIES PUBLIC.

District of Colombo No. 1 North and No. 1 South.

Mr. William Godfrey Reckerman.
„ Gerrit William Stork.
„ William Abraham Kriekenbeek.
„ John Frederick Giffening.
„ Peter Lodewyk de Vos.
„ Henry Joseph Staples.
„ William Taylor.
„ Cecil Arnold Morgan.
„ Lourens de Run.
Mr. Andris Nicholas Martensz.
„ John Driberg.
„ Joseph Booth.
„ Stephen Charles Vanderstraaten.
„ Henry Carmichael Prins.
„ Jacob Piachaud.
„ Selestinus Daniels.
„ John Louis Vanderstraaten
„ William Nicol Robertson

NATIVE NOTARIES.

Mahamarekele Koeroekoelesooreye Pattebendigay Silvestry Perera Juyesinhe of Morottoo.

Carolis Rowel Jayetilleke of Dandogamme

Johannes de Silva Samerewire of Odanmitte

Don Joronis of Salpity Corle.

Siman Arnoldus de Silva of Mutual.

Wahale Tantrigay Hendrick Perera of Cottah.

Weeresinhegay Carolis Perera of Kerewelle.

Wickreme Aratchigey Don Abraham of Wellisere.

Noegegodegay Don LourensoeAmeresekere of Mattomagelle

Don Abraham Paulus Goonetilleke Samerenayeke of Peteyagodde.

Mahamarackele Sameresinge Sakelesoerie Maha Vidanelagey Simon Coorey of Morottoo.

Johannes Frederick Alvis of Hewagam Corle.

Patmeperoome Aratchigay Don Floris of Hewagam Corle.

Don Mathes Ranesinhe of Salpitty Corle.

Coswattegay Sarpin Perera of Hiena Corle.

Rannesinhe Aratchegay Don Francisco of Mahare

Mohanderangay Andries Rodrigo of Bambelepittya.

Johannes Pinto Jayewardene of Silpity Corle.

DanelPereraAbeyesekere of Salpity Corle.

Makewittegey Anthonis Perera of Daloogam.

Lindemoellegay Pedroe de Silva of Colombo.

Wijelattantrigay Louis Perera of Welianpittya.

Mahamarakkele Wieresinhe Jayesooreye Pattebendegey Francisco Dias of Morottoo.

Mr. John Orr of Colombo.

Robert de Silva of Wattelle.

Coonjie Markair Mohamadoe Lebbe of Colombo.

Cader Lebbe Seka Lebbe of Colombo.

Andre Nonis Pulle of Colombo.

Soose Rammenadenpulle of Colombo.

Panagoddegay Don Johannes Perera of Talangamme.

Don Siman Perera Abeyesekere of Colombo.

Rupesinhe Aratchigay Custantino Perera of Webodde.

Welecalle Appoohamillagay Don David of Grandpass.

Don Balthazar Dias of Wellicede.

Sinne Lebbe Casin Tamby of Colombo.

Saviel Wanniappa pulle of Colombo.

Don Johannes Dias Jayetilleke of Salpitty Corle.

Indurewegay Jacovis Perera of Grandpass.

Wieresinhe Aratchigay Mathis Fernando of Welligampittiye.

Jayemanne Mohottigay Don Lorensoe of Pamoenoegame.

Ameretoongay Arratchigay Harmanus Dias of Calany.

Wickreme Aratchegey Don Abraham of Pelliyegodde.

District of Colombo No. 2.

Dehiwellegay Don Anthony Philipo of Koerene.

Malnaydelagay Francisco Fernando of Koerene.

Franciscoe Peries of Grand street Negombo.

Mendis Perera of Madewelle.

Mallewearatchigay Abraham Perera Sameresekere.

Talangamegay Daniel Perera Abeyewardene.

Pasqualgay Don Abraham.

Ameresinhe Don David of Panlanchene.

Elaris De Zoysa Sameresekere of Negombo.

Manan Peris De Silva of Negombo

Korokolesoria Weresinhe Manual Fernando Aratchy.

Ellegay Christian Perera of Negombo.

Toppahigay Pauloo Fernando of Negombo.

Pedro Peris of Bambokoley.

Weresinhegay Fransisco Fernando Abraham Karoonadakse.

Mr. Henry Dabrera of Negombo.

Soebesinhe Aratchygay Don Siman Aratchy of Oedoegampolle.

District of Colombo No. 4.

Mr. John Lewis Vanderstraaten of Caltura, now at Colombo.

Don David Djssanayeke of Desaster Caltura.

Tirremanchettigey Don David Vidane Aratchy of Alikam.

Wahaletantiregey Don Agiries Appoohamy of Payagalle.

Waddoegey Franciscus Fernando Jayesooriye of Pantura.

Mr. Peter Engelbert Vanderstraaten of Caltura.

Baminehennedegey Juanies Pieries of Payagalle.

Hettigey Don Franciscu of Makkoon.

Calapoogey Don Carolis of Waddowe.

Boosabadoogey Stephen Fernando of Payagalle.

Delkandure Aratchigey Christian de Silva of Kattenulle.

Mutukudegey Cornelis Dias Wiresinhe of Kehelwatte.

Wauter Carolis Van Royen of Barbaryn.

Bodeabadoogey Bastian Perera Wijeratne of Barbaryn.

Ederemony Salomon De Soose Wikkremesinhe of Poadderemulle.

Don Johannes of Diagamme.

Theodoris De Fonseka Abeyesekere Goonuratne of Waskadoowe.

Oddeweregey Pedroe Silva of Patekede.

Manuel Doora Theodoris Perera of Indigastoodoewa.

Assuramuny Edoris of Waskadoowa.

Don David de Alwis Goenesekere Appoohamy of Widagama.

Meera Lebbe Comisteer Sadekky Lebbe of Pantura.

Pattenehennedigey Jerimias Rodrigo Warnedeepte Kurucole-Soriye of Dikbedde.

Lewis Pieries Gunewarnesooriye Pattebendy of Pattiya.

Dewegey Don Bastian of Pattiya.

Daniel Pieries Vidhans Aratchy of Pantura.

Don Hendrick Kurooppoo Jayewardene Appoohamy of Pantura.

Gooneratne Weeresinhe Nicholas De Silva of Alikem.

David Caldera Dessa Sekere of Caltura.

Jayewardene Wickremeratne Mahavidanehigey Juan Siman of Payagalle.

Edirimuny Harmanis de Soysa Wickremesinge of Pinwatte.

Odoeweregey Widiam De Sodris Silva of Pinwatte.

Don Cornelis Dias Appoohamy of Pantura.

Mettiyegey Don Joronis Gunetileke of Talpitya.

Wickremeratchigey Don David of Payagalle.

Wickremesooriye Palamandedigey Juanis Fernando of Pattea.

Pattenehennedigay Carolis Rodrigoe Warnedeeptiye Coorucolesooriye of Pantura.

District of Colombo No. 6.

Ratnaike Mohanderameley Don Bastian Appoohamy of Ratnapoora.
Wijetungey Mudianseley Don Jeronimus Appoohamy of Kuruwitte Korle.
Kaletuaratchelleye Maturuhamy of Wattupittia Pallawelle.
Meddeganima Leanegay Don Dinis Appoohamy of Meddagame.
Lodewyk Arensegay Harmanus Arense Appoohamy of Balangodde.

District of Chilaw, Puttam and Calpentyn.

Assenmeera Lebbe.
Philip Brito Pulle.
Abraham Perera.
Wappoocando.
Don Sebastian Naweratne Appoohamy.
Bodieyebadoogay Bastian Perera.
Agamadoo Nina, Nina Lebbe Marcan.
Segoe Sikander Assen Nina Marcan.
Christian Maddurenaygen Moorgappa Pulle.
Seynamarkan Assena Marikan.
Marimottoo ChittyCandapa Chitty.
Don David de Abrew Wijeyesoondere Goonesekere.
Imiahamilagey Sinjho AppooVederaale.

District of Manar.

Don Jeronimo Juan De Croos Patchie.
Don Gabriel Ritnamoddygatta Corogolasória Edermanasinga Aresenelitta Modliar.
Awakker Lebbe Kooppe Mawola

District of Jaffna.

Mr. John De Niese of Jaffna and throughout the district of Jaffna.
„ Charles Francis Riberg of Jaffna and ditto.
Cander Wiesowenaden of Copay and do.
Madeweraya Mudliar Supermanien of Manipay and do.
Welayder Periatomby of Odowille and do.
Siwicoornada Mudliar Irigoenaden of Vannarpoone and do.
Manepuly Modeliar Aresegesary of Nalloor and do.
Amblewaner Siniewaseger of Vannarponne and do.
Armogam Cander of Copay and do.
Candapper Wisoewenaden of Nalloor and do.
Suppermanien Armogam of Odowille and do.
Sinnetamby Eramber of Odowille and do.
Winayeger Cannawady of Neervely and do.
Cander Tiager of Nalloor and do.
Wisowenader Sidemberenader of Manipay and do.
Suppermanien Mottocomaroe of Pottoor and do.
Mapane Mudliar Amblewaner of Sunagam and do.
WisoewesingaMudliar Canegasawe of Manipay and do.
Modeletamby Chinnetamby of Manipay and do.
Chinne Tamby Cander, of Ponoryn and do.
Weeder Tamoderam of Pottoor.
Madelenayga Modliar Ponambelam of Odowille and do.

District of Walligamo.

Amblewaner Sarewannemottoe.
Mottoecomaren Swaminaden.
Ponner Wayrewenader.
Canagerayer Mapaner.
Amblewaner Sarewannemottoe.
Tandegakanagaray Modeliar Poodetpulle.
Candapper Ramanaden.
Candapper Ramanaden.
Cadereeser Colletoonger.
Pasopadiar Amblewanen.
Sittambellam Supermanier.
Keseger Sidembrepulle.
Irogonader Armogam.
Pagoteva Mudliar Raphiel.
Sidembrenader Christo.
Moorgeser Ameresingam.
Settambelam Caylayer.
Peroemeynar Marimotto.
Sangerapulle Visovenader.
Poodertamby Candewenam
Ponnamblam Visowenaden.
Ayempermal Cadretamby

District of Waddemoratchie.

Mayler Swam Supermanien.
Welayder Alwaynar.
Welayder Cader.
Cadergamer Sidemberenader.
Cander Moorgen.
Cander Sidemberen.
Naraner Caderweler

District of Tenmoratchie and Patchelapalle.

Mr. Theodorus Roedolphus Vandergucht
Cadergamer Tanepolisingam.
Sidembernaden Mudliar Ramalingam.
Canewadiar Sarewannemottoo.
Aroener Welayden.
Armogam Canawadiar.
Sidemberenader Arnasalem.
Pooloogasinga Modeliar Sangerapulle.
Welyder Sinnetamby.
Moorger Welayder.
Valer Vinasy Tamby.
Elenganarrana Mudliar Sangerapulle.
Supper Moorger.
Sewasangoe Chittiar Verepateresamy
Moorger Sooper.
Canawadiar Armogam.
Cadergamer Vallapurnaden.

District of the Islands.

Sarrewannemottoe Tilleambelam.
Cadiritamby Sinnetamby.
Cartigeser Tamodiren.
Nalletamby Philipoo Rasingen.
Candappa Mudliar Mottoecomaren.
Ramer Nageenderen.
Ramanader Sidemberenader.
Nilynar Lingepulle.
Sidover Sangerepulle.

District of Trincomale.

Mr. F Dornhorst.
Wayrepermaal Cadiratamby.
Mr J. B. Raux.

District of Batticaloa.

Lewe Gandoo Lewe Oemar Lewe.
Oedoema Lebbe Marcair Peria Calendar Lebbe Markair.
Cadramer Christoffel Casipady.
Tambicandoe Lebbe Ahamadoe Lebbe.
Parumecutty Casinaden
Meerakanny Habiboe Neyna Markair.
Vemapody Aleegipody.
Segenayege Modeliar Colesegram.
Tainegerepulle Mark Yanemottoe.
Chettepoddy Chinnewepody.
Nina Pulle Meera Lebbe Markair.
Mamoeneyna Poelewen Ahamadoe Lebbe.
Casinader Conicoply Sidembrepulle.

Savery Joosaymoettoo.
Agamado Neyna Markair Meera Lebbe.
Cadramepody Caylayedy
Cadramer Philip Coomareweloe.
Cadramapody RobertMeendepody.
Ramenaden Wayramootoo Chattenby.
Segoewadepulle Paregary Aliar.
Chinnepodien Daniel Nagappen.
Cadramer Cannoweddy Moettoe.
Meera Lebbe Isa Lebbe.
Magamadoepulle Omer Candoe.
Alipulle Markair Omor Lebbe.
Moettoepulle Chinnepulle.
Meeralebbe Aliem Ismayl lebbe.

District of Amblangodde.

Charles Mendis Carooneratne Appohamy
Henry Mendis Karonaratne Appoohamy
Cornelies de Soza Abeyegooneratne Rajepakse Mohandiram.
Don Selvestry Perera Rajekaroone.
Don David Dias Jayewira Abeyesekere.
Don Salman De Silva Wijenaike Abeysekere.
Abraham de Silva Jayewardene.
Don Coosman De Alwies Abeyesiriwardene.
Don William De Silva.

District of Galle.

Mr. Petrus Jacobus Ludovice.
„ Andreas Cornelis De Vos
„ Cornelis Martinus Anthonisz.
Don Bartholomeus De Silva Wickremenaike.
Don Adrian de Silva Madenaike Appoohamy.
Mr. James Dunbar Robertson
Mira Lebbe Markair Segoe Saiboo.
Don Elias De Silva Senewiratne Appoohamy.
Don David Goonewardene Appoohamy.
Mr. William Charles Meurling.
Segoe Mira Lebbe Lewe Tamby.
Nanedery Johannes Mendis Gonesekere.
Don Siman De Sielwe Wejesinhe Abeyesekere Appoohamy.
Mr. Henry Matthcysz
Manuel Perera Abeyewardene
Don Carolis de Silva Ameresiriwardene Jayesekere.
Don Jacobus de Silva Wickremeratne Goonesekere Candamby Appoohamy.
Dionysius De Silva Wijesinhe Appoohamy.
Don Samuel De Silva Ameresirigoonewardene Appoohamy.
Don Adrian de Silva Wijesinhe Appoohamy.
Don Bastian De Silva Dissanayke Appoohamy.
Don Theodoris De Silva Ameresinghe.
Don Cornelies de Silva Ekenaike Sameresinhe Appoohamy.
Don Siman de Silva Ameresinhe.
Don Johannes Gerardes de Silva Wijaratne Allehakkoon Appoohamy.
Don Juan Dingooroo Wimelesery Juannarayene.
Johannes de Silva Wickremesekere Samereratne.
Don Thomas Ferdinandes Senewiratne Obeyesekere Appoohamy.
Mr. Andreas Everhardus Andree.

District of Matura.

Mr. A. E. Andree.
Don Mattes De Silva Amerewera.
Don Francisco Weretunge Yapa.
Don Alwies Samerewikreme Wellapolly.
Mahammado Lebbe Odear Idros Lebbe Markar.
Rajah Marcan Mahamadoe Lebbe Marcan.
Don Christian Samerewiere.

Don Johannes De Silva.
Don Jandries Abeiedeere.
Don Siman Dewendra.
Don Louis Johannes Jayesinhe.
Don Louis Ratnaike Senerat.

District of Hambantotte.

Don Andries Wijesundere Siriwardene Dassenaike.
Mahamadde Callepowegay Don Juan De Silva Wickremeratne.

District of Tangalle.

Don Louis Amerregonewardene
Don Nicholas de Silva Wijesirriwardene.
Don Samuel Jayewardene Dissenaike.
Don Hendrick Monesinge Dissenaike.
Feloris Fredrick Pojitte Gonewardene.
Padrey Segoe Ismail Lebbe Ibrahim Lebbe.
Don David de Silva Wikkremesinhe.

District of Four & Three Korles.

Lebbe Saib.
Don Johannes Perera
Don Cornelis Amerescekere Appoohamy.
Mr. Gerhardus de Zilva.
Ationopandittegey Punchy Appoo.
Pakier Tamby Cader Tamby.
Segoe Isma Lebbe Segoe Saib

District of Seven Korles.

Mr. William Jacob Felsinger.
Ratmalegode Dassanaike Mudiyanselegey Ranghamy Mohandram.
Kotowelle Amerekoon Mudiyanselagey Punchy Appoohamy Arachille.
Kongahagedere Dassenaike Mudiyanselagey Sohondiralle.
Tillekeratne Abeyekoon Chandereseker Herat Mudiyanselagey Mudiyanse Mohandram.

District of Matele.

Don Gabriel Wejesooria Appoohamy.
Wewegedere D. R. Fernando.
Gongawelle Packier Tamby.
L. P. Ranesinhe.

District of Badulla.

Audakano Lebbe Packir Tamby.
Cassie Udayar Tilleambelam Chitty

District of Kandy South.

Kuruwitte Samerekody Mudianselagey Modelyhamy Mohattale.
Koralliegey Don Anoris John Appoohamy.
Mr. Peter William de Waas.
Madera Sayboo Kader Meedin.
Seima Lebbe Sultan Marikan.
Dunuwille Tickery Banda.
Pahende Korallegey Don Lowis Dasenayke.
Mr. John William Driberg.
„ William Adolphus Staples.
Bebeley Vejekoon Heratmudianselagey Ranghamy.
Mr. George William Edema.

District of Kandy North.

Don Cornelius Appoohamy.
Dassanaike Mudianselagey Hamy.
Abeyekoonwahuwe Ukkoo Banda.
Illepolle Madugalle Banda.
Don Johannes Goonetileke Appoohamy.
Mr. William Adolphus Staples.

District of Nuwera-Ellia.

Mr. G. Perera.

List of Her Majesty's Civil Servants on the Ceylon Establishment.—1st January 1844.

Name.	Date of Rank.	Office.	Date of Appointment to Office.
The Hon'ble H. Wright, Esq.	5th Jan. 1811	*Auditor & Accountant General and Controller of Revenue (Absent on leave.)*	1st Feb. 1841
The Hon'ble F. J. Templer, Esq.	17th Jan. 1817	*Treasurer, Deputy Paymaster General to the Queen's Troops & Commissioner of Stamps, and a Member of the Executive & Legislative Councils*	1st Nov. 1843
The Hon'ble P. Anstruther, Esq.	18th Dec. 1819	*Colonial Secretary, and a Member of the Executive & Legislative Councils*	1st May 1833
J. Price, Esq.	1st Jan. 1821	*District Judge of Jaffna*	1st Oct. 1833
The Hon'ble J. N. Mooyaart, Esq.	23d March 1822	*Acting Auditor & Accountant General & Controller of Revenue, and a Member of the Executive & Legislative Councils*	1st Nov. 1843
P. A. Dyke, Esq.	15th May 1822	*Government Agent & Fiscal for the Northern Province, and Collector of Customs for the Northern & Eastern Provinces*	1st Oct. 1833

Name.	Date of Rank.	Office.	Date of Appointment to Office.
G. H. Cripps, Esq. ..	25th Nov. 1822	Government Agent, Collector of Customs and Fiscal for the Southern Province	1st Nov. 1838
C. R. Buller, Esq. ..	9th May 1825	Government Agent & Fiscal for the Central Province, and a Member of the Legislative Council	1st Nov. 1843
J. S. Rodney, Esq....	1st June 1825	Government Agent and Fiscal for the Eastern Province	21st Sept. 1842
W. H. Whiting, Esq..	20th June 1826	District Judge of Colombo No. 1 North (Absent on leave).....	14th July 1839
P. E. Wodehouse, Esq.	14th May 1828	Government Agent for the Western Province (Absent on leave.).....	1st Nov. 1843
C. P. Layard, Esq....	10th Dec. 1828	District Judge of Trincomale	1st March 1840
A. Stewart, Esq.....	9th March 1830	District Judge of Galle.....	1st Augt. 1840
G. R. Mercer, Esq....	26th June 1830	Assistant Government Agent in the Districts of Manar and Nuwerakalawiya (Absent on leave.)	1st April 1843

List of Members of the new Civil Service of Ceylon.—1st January 1844.

Name.	Date of Rank.	Office.	Date of Appointment to Office.
W. C. Gibson, Esq. . .	10th Sept. 1832	*Assistant Colonial Secretary and Clerk to the Councils*	1st July 1840
		Acting Government Agent for the Western Province, and, a Member of the Legislative Council	23d Oct. 1841
A. Walker, Esq.	12th Oct. 1832	*District Judge of Kandy North*	1st Nov. 1843
E. S. Waring, Esq. . . .	12th Oct. 1832	*District Judge of Matele.*	1st May 1842
J. Caulfield, Esq. . . .	12th Oct. 1832	*District Judge of Manar and Nuwerahalawiya* . .	1st May 1843
F. Price, Esq.	12th Oct. 1832	*Assistant Government Agent at Ratnapoora and District Judge of Colombo No. 6.*	1st May 1840
R. Atherton, Esq. . . .	4th Nov. 1832	*Assistant Government Agent, Sub-Collector of Customs and District Judge of Batticaloa.* . .	14th July 1839
E. R. Power, Esq. . . .	16th Oct. 1837	*Assistant Government Agent at Kaigalle and District Judge of Four & Three Korles* . .	1st Oct. 1837
C. P. Walker, Esq. . . .	16th Oct. 1837	*District Judge of Colombo No. 2 (Negombo).* . . .	1st Nov. 1843
The Hon'ble G.C.Talbot	23d June 1838	*Assistant Government Agent at Mulura.*	1st Feb. 1843

Name.	Date of Rank.	Office.	Date of Appointment to Office.
W. G. Forbes, Esq....	5th Sept. 1838	*Asst. Government Agent at Chilaw and District Judge of Chilaw & Puttam*	1st May 1843
W. Morris, Esq.	29th Sept. 1838	*Assistant Government Agent at Kurnegalle*....	1st May 1840
J. T. Tranchell, Esq...	29th Sept. 1838	*Assistant Government Agent at Trincomale*....	1st Feb. 1842
J. G. Layard, Esq....	30th July 1839	*District Judge of Badulla*	1st May 1843
H. O'Grady, Esq.....	31st July 1839	*Assistant Government Agent at Jaffna*	1st Augt. 1840
		Acting Assistant Government Agent in the Districts of Manar and Nuwerakalawiya	1st April 1843
H. Templer, Esq....	4th Augt. 1840	*Assistant Government Agent at Galle*.....	1st Feb. 1843
K. Mackenzie, Esq. ..	29th Sept. 1840	*Assistant Government Agent at Kandy*	1st May 1843
		Acting Assistant Colonial Secretary and Acting Clerk to the Councils	23d Oct. 1841
R. H. F. Somerset, Esq.	26th Dec. 1840	*Assistant Government Agent at Colombo*... ..	1st May 1842
P. W. Braybrooke, Esq.	24th Augt. 1841	*Assistant Government Agent and District Judge of Hambantotte*.....	1st Nov. 1843
E. H. Smedley, Esq...	24th Augt. 1841	*Acting Assistant Government Agent at Jaffna*..	10th Feb. 1843
T. C. Power, Esq....		*Acting Assistant Government Agent at Kandy*..	1st Feb. 1843

LIST of HER MAJESTY'S CIVIL SERVANTS who have retired on Pensions.—1st January 1844.

NAME.	OFFICE AT THE PERIOD OF RETIREMENT.	DATE OF RETIREMENT.	AMOUNT OF ANNUITY.
Sir A. Wood	*Commissioner of Revenue*	1st April 1811	700
L. Gibson, Esq.	*Garrison Storekeeper of Galle*	1st Jan. 1814	400
Sir R. Plasket	*Civil Auditor General*	12th Augt. 1814	600
W. H. Ker, Esq.	*Provincial Judge of Jaffna*	1st Sept. 1819	500
J. Gay, Esq.	*Judicial Commissioner of Kandy*	1st Jan. 1820	600
H. R. Sneyd, Esq.	*Provincial Judge of Galle*	1st Jan. 1821	400
J. Richardson, Esq.	*Collector of Trincomale*	1st Jan. 1822	500
E. D. Boyd, Esq.	*Provincial Judge of Galle*	1st Jan. 1822	400
E. Nolan, Esq.	*Superintendent of Delft*	1st Jan. 1826	400
W. H. Hooper, Esq.	*ProvincialJudge of Colombo*	27th June 1826	500
S. Sawers, Esq.	*Judicial Commissioner of Kandy*	3d July 1827	600
J. A. Farrell, Esq.	*Provincial Judge of Colombo*	1st Sept. 1828	500
J. W. Carrington, Esq.	*Vice Treasurer*	27th May 1829	600
H. Pennell, Esq.	*Provincial Judge of Colombo*	1st Oct. 1829	500
T. Eden, Esq.	*Deputy Secretary to Government*	1st March 1830	600
J. Downing, Esq.	*Judicial Commissioner of Kandy*	1st March 1830	500
Hon. J. Rodney	*Chief Secretary to Government*	4th June 1832	360
C. Brownrigg, Esq.	*Provincial Judge of Colombo*	1st April 1833	600
J. Barnett, Esq.	*Government Agent for the Southern Province*	1st Feb. 1836	450
R. Boyd, Esq.	*Commissioner of Revenue*	1st April 1836	1,000
J. G. Forbes, Esq.	*District Judge of Colombo No. 1 North*	20th Augt. 1836	600

Name.	Office at the period of retirement.	Date of retirement.	Amount of Annuity.		
R. M. Sneyd, Esq.	*District Judge of Galle*	6th Sept. 1837	550		
J. Bone, Esq.	*Asst. Govt. Agent and District Judge of Batticaloa*	1st Oct. 1837	400		
M. Wilmot, Esq.	*Government Agent for the Southern Province*	1st Sept. 1838	450		
D. A. Blair, Esq.	*District Judge of Colombo No. 1 South*	1st June 1839	450		
C. E. Layard, Esq.	*District Judge of Colombo No. 1 North*	15th July 1839	800		
W. Granville, Esq.	*Treasurer*	1st April 1840	550		
W. Moir, Esq.	*Asst. Govt. Agent at Ratnapoora and District Judge of Colombo No. 6*	1st May 1840	450		
H. R. Scott, Esq.	*District Judge of Galle*	1st Augt. 1840	450		
R. Wells, Esq.	*District Judge of Kandy North*	1st Feb. 1842	400		
J. W. Huskisson, Esq.	*Government Agent for the Eastern Province*	2d Augt. 1842	400		
C. Webster, Esq.	*Asst. Govt. Agent and District Judge of Manar*	14th March 1843	400		
				16,610	
	Pensions to Judges of the Supreme Court.				
Sir E. Carrington	*Chief Justice*	16th March 1809	1,200		
Sir A. Johnston	*do.*	1st March 1819	1,600	4,000	
Sir R. Ottley	*do.*	1st Jan. 1832	1,200		
				20,610	
Pensions to Widows of Civil Servants				3,300	
Other Pensions paid during 1842	Civil		5,836 18 9½		
	Military		3,820 9 1½	13,039	4 9
	State		3,381 16 10		
Pauper do. do. do.				2,733	11 10
				£ 39,682	16 7½

PART II.

CONTENTS.

The Directory.
Public Institutions.
Charitable Institutions.
Central School Commission.
Government Schools.
Schools in the Island.
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Name.	Place of Abode.	Province.	Partner in what Firm; if belonging to any.
Adie, W.	*Madoolkelle, Dumbera*	Central.	
Adley, Revd. W.	*Nellore*	Northern.	
Allison, J.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Anderson, D.	*ditto*	do.	
Anderson, J. T.	*Jaffna*	Northern.	
Anstruther, P.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Armitage, B.	*Galle*	Southern	Messrs. Armitage, Scott & Co.
Armitage, J.	*Colombo*	Western	do.
Armour, J.	*Kurnegalle*	do.	
Arnaud, [illegible]	*Odoeyamme, Gangeboddepattoo*	Southern.	
Ackey, T.	*Weraloogastenne, Upper Bulatgamme*	Central.	
Atherton, R.	*Batticaloa*	Eastern.	
Austin, D.	*Kurnegalle*	Western.	
Austin, W.	*Hunasgiria Estate, Matele*	Central.	
Bailey, J. B. H.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Bailey A. M., Revd. B.	*ditto*	do.	
Bates, M. W. B.	*Ballywindle, Bulatgamme*	Central.	
Batheward, G.		do.	
Bayly, M. B.	*Madoolkelle, Dumbera*	do.	
Bell, J.	*Morankande Plantation, Harrispattoo*	do.	
Bell, J. R.	*Gomeratenne, Dumbera*	do.	
Bells, A.		do.	
Bird, L.	*Nillambe & Kallugamme*	do.	

Name.	Place of Abode.	Province.	Partner in what Firm, if belonging to any.
Black, J.	Galle	Southern.	
Black, R.	Maplegamme, Gangeboddepattoo	do.	
Blainey, T. M.	Greenwood Estate	Central.	
Boake, Revd. B.	Colombo	Western.	
Bogue, G.	Wewelhaina, Badulla	Central.	
Boileau, S. J.	Colombo	Western.	
Boston, P.		Central.	
Boston, R.	Nuwera Ellia	do.	
Boultbie, J.		do.	
Boyd, W.	Pallekelle, Dumbera	do.	
Boyd, W.	Cannewerelle, Badulla	do.	
Bracken, J.	Colombo	Western.	
Braybrooke, P. W.	Hambantotte	Southern.	
Brett, J. W.	Colombo	Western.	
Bridgnell, Revd. W.	Galle	Southern.	
Brown, A. F.	Anniahande, Aloetkoer Korle	Western.	
Brown, C. F.	Mailegommetenne	Central.	
Browning, T. W.	Weraloogastenne, Upper Bulatgamme	do.	
Buller, A.	Colombo	Western.	
Buller, C. R.	Kandy	Central.	
Bulmer, J. A.	Cotta	Western.	
Burke, J.	Colombo	do.	
Burleigh, V.	Jaffna	Northern.	
Burleigh, W. K.	Mallagam	do.	
Butcher, S. J.	Nawelle, Badulla	Central.	
Butler, S.	Uda [illegible]ate	do.	Messrs. Ackl[illegible]
Byles, J.	Sore[illegible]ttoo		

Byrne, H.	*Jaffna*	Central.	
Cameron, J.	*Goodlands, Hewahette*	Western.	
Campbell, D.	*Colombo*	do.	
Campbell, S. J. D.	*ditto*	do.	
Canny, G. G.	*ditto*	Central.	
Capper, B.	*Matele*	Western.	
Capper, J.	*Colombo*	do.	Messrs. Ackland, Boyd & Co.
Carr, W. O.	*ditto*	Central.	
Caulfield, H.	*Kandy*	Northern.	
Caulfield, J.	*Mannar*	Western.	
Chandler, N.	*Colombo*	do.	Messrs. Hudson, Chandler & Co.
Chermont, M.	*ditto*	do.	
Chermont, W. P.	*Kattokende, Aloetkoer Korle*	do.	
Chinner, H.	*Colombo*	do.	
Christian, R.	*ditto*	do.	Messrs. A. & R. Crowe & Co.
Clark,	*Hethodde, Kotmale*	Central.	
Clark, O.	*Moolaya*	do.	
Clark, T.	*Masar*	Northern.	
Clark, W.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Clement, R.	*Cooroopanawelle, Wallapane*	Central.	
Coate, C.	*Hindagalle, Udapalate*	do.	
Collier, E.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Cook, G.	*Mawekumbere, Udunuwere*	Central.	
Cornell, J.	*Rambodde*	do.	
Cowper, T.	*ditto*	do.	
Cowper, W.	*ditto*	do.	
Coxon, H.	*Allegalle, Yattinuwere*	do.	
Crabbe, C.	*Colombo*	Western.	Messrs. A. & R. Crowe & Co.
Craig, R.	*ditto*	do.	
Craven, T.	*Trincomale*	Eastern.	
Crawford, G.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Crewell, G.	*Maplegamme, Gangeboddepattoo*	Southern.	
Cripps, G. H.	*Dangeddere, Galle*	do.	

Name.	Place of Abode.	Province.	Partner in what Firm, if belonging to any.
Crozier, J.	*Maplegamme, Gangebodepattoo*	Southern.	
Cumming, S. F.	*Kandy*	Central.	
Dalziel, J.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Daniel, Revd. E.	*ditto*	do.	
Darley, E. J.	*ditto*	do.	Messrs. Ackland, Boyd & Co.
Davidson, A.	*ditto*	do.	
Davidson, A.	*Cannewerelle, Badulla*	Central.	
Davidson, A. H.	*Monaragalle, Udapalate*	do.	
Davidson, Alexander	*Carandenie, Bentotte Wallallawitty Korle*	Southern.	
Davidson, D.	*Colombo*	Western.	Messrs. W. C. Gibson, Read, Davidson and Co.
Davidson, J.	*Kandy*	Central.	
Davidson, M. L.	*Badulla & Nuwera Ellia*	do.	
Davis, G.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Dawson, J.	*Meemadoma, Gangebodepattoo*	Southern.	
Dawson, R.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Dawson, Revd. C. C.	*Kandy*	Central.	
Delacie, C. F.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Delegal, C.	*Kandy*	Central.	
Dick, F. L.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Dick, F. W.	*ditto*	do.	
Dodsworth, B.	*Galmadana & Talwatte, Dumbera*	Central.	
Domett, W. C.	*Kandy*	do.	
Dowdall, J. B. W.	*Gomeratenne, Dumbera*	do.	
Downey, R.	*Bamberagamme, Hewahette*	do.	
Doyle, C. M.	*Dombecadua, Hewagam Korle*	Western.	
Duncan, G.	*Morankande Estate, Harrispattoo*	Central.	
Duncan, W.	*Hinnasgiria, Matele*	do.	

Dann, A.	—	*Ballywindle, Bulatgamme*	do.
Dean, R. D.	—		do.
Dwyer, R.	—	*Karagahada, Hewahette*	do.
Dyke, T. A.	—	*Jaffna* — —	Northern.
Elliott, C.	—	*Colombo* — —	Western.
Evans, J.	—	*Cattagamme, Matele*	Central.
Falconer, J.	—	*Matele* — —	do.
Falconer, James	—	*Weraloogastenne, Upper Bulatgamme* —	do.
Farrenge, R.	—	*Colombo* — —	Western.
Fell, W.	—	*Allegalle, Yattinuwere*	Central.
Ferguson, A. H.	—	*Point Pedro* — —	Northern.
Ferguson, W.	—	*Jaffna* — —	do.
Fletcher, H.	—	*Kotmale* — —	Central.
Forbes, W. C.	—	*Colpetty* — —	Western.
Ford, H. A.	—	*Kuzagiria, Matele* —	Central.
Ford, J. —	—	*ditto* —	do.
Forrescue, W. H.	—	*Kandy* — —	do.
Francis, E.	—	*Belmont Estate, Dellotte*	do.
Francis, G.	—	*Colombo* — —	Western.
Fraser,	—	*Moreltey* — —	do.
Fraser, H.	—	*Weraloogastenne, Upper Bulatgamme* — —	Central.
Fraser, Hugh	—	*Ratnalane* — —	Western.
Fraser, L. J.	—	*Goddepolle, Matele* —	Central.
French, W. J.	—	*Kandy* — —	do.
Fulton, J. R.	—	*ditto* — —	do.
Garstin LL. D., Revd. N.	—	*Galle* — —	Southern.
Gaskell, W. R.	—	*Narrankaine, Hewahette*	Central.
Gauder, J. A.	—	*Colombo* — —	Western.
Gerard, R. D.	—	*Deegalle, Dambera* —	Central.
Gibb, A. J.	—	*Colombo* — —	Western—— Messrs. Gibb, Clark and Co.
Gibson, T. L.	—	*ditto* — —	do.

Name.	Place of Abode.	Province.	Partner in what Firm, if belonging to any.
Gibson, W. C.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Gidland, J.	*Hunasgiria Estate, Matele*	Central.	
Glenie, Archdeacon	*Colombo*	Western.	
Glenie, H.	*Walasamby, Nuwera Ellia*	Central.	
Glenie, H. S.	*Glenlock & Milford, Udapalate*	do.	
Glenie, Revd. S. O.	*Kandy*	Central.	
Godfrey, R.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Gogerly, Revd. D. J.	*ditto*	do.	
Gordon, J.	*Hunasgiria Estate. Matele*	Central.	
Gottlieiersz. A.	*Kattokende, Aloetkoer Korle*	Western.	
Gray, A.	*Allegalle, Yattinuwere*	Central.	
Gray, F.	*Jaffna*	Northern.	
Greenwood, Revd. C.	*Kandy*	Central.	
Gygax, R.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Hadden, C. S.	*Wegolle, Hewaheite*	Central.	
Hadden, F. J.	*ditto*	do.	
Hadly, J.	*Carandenie, Bentotte Wallalawitty Korle*	Southern.	
Halliley, W. A.	*Barberyn*	Western.	
Hanna, S.	*Kandy*	Central.	
Harding,		do.	
Harding, J.	*Irregandaha Korle*	Western.	
Hardy, Revd. R. S.	*Negombo*	do.	
Hardy, T.	*Tammekeny*	Northern.	
Harley, J.	*Gonawelle, Badulla*	Central.	
Haskin, R.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Hawke, J.	*Naiwelle, Aloetkoer Kor[illegible]te*	do.	
Haynes, J.	*Wedigoone, Badulla*	Central	
[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	

Henry, T.			
Hicks, W. F.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Higgs, J.	*Trincomale*	Eastern.	
Hole, Revd G.	*ditto*	do.	
Horsford, Revd. J. P.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Howie, G.	*Kandy*	Central.	
Hudson, F.	*Peradenia*	do.	Messrs. Hudson, Chandler & Co.
Hume, D.	*Dambara*	do.	
Hume, J. A.	*ditto*	do.	
Huskisson, J. W.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Hutchinson, W.	*ditto*	do.	
Ingham, G.	*ditto*	do.	
Ingleton, C. H.		Central.	
Ingleton, J.	*Dolosbage, Udapalate*	do.	
Jackson, J.	*Galle*	Southern.	
James,	*Colegamme, Gangeboddepattoo*	do.	
Jeffery, R.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Jeffry, J.	*Badulla*	Central.	
Johnston, J.		do.	
Johnston, Revd. J.	*Sundicooly*	Northern.	
Jolly, J. K.	*Udawelle, Hewahette*	Central.	
Jones, E.	*Nawera Ellia*	do.	
Jones, J.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Jonestone, J.	*Dodantalawe, Wegodde Korle*	do.	
Keir, J. L.	*Udehaina, Harrispattoo*	Central.	
Keir, W. J. L.	*ditto*	do.	
Kelly, J.		do.	
Kelly, J.	*Honogolkande*	Western.	
Kelson, C. H. M.	*Golgantenne, Badulla*	Central.	
Kennendri, N.	*Matura*	Southern.	
Kern, A.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Kersteman, W.	*Hindagalle, Udapalate*	Central.	
Kessels, J.	*Colombo*	Western.	

Name.	Place of Abode.	Province.	Partner in what Firm, if belonging to any.
Kessen A. B., Revd. A.	Colombo	Western.	
Kidd, B.	Orakande	do.	
Kingsly, F.	Bamberagamme, Hewahette	Central.	
Kinnear, G.	Colombo	Western.	
Klynton, T.	Goodlands, Hewahette	Central.	
Knighton, W.	Colombo	Western.	
Laing, J.	ditto	do.	
Lamb.	Moretley	do.	
Lambe, C. M.	Kandelewewe, Udapalate	Central.	
Lambe, F.	Colombo	Western	Messrs. Lambe, Reinals & Co.
Lambert, J.	Kandy, Pallehelle & Dumbera	Central.	
Lambert jr., J.	Udehaina, Harrispattoo	do.	
Langslow, R.	Colombo	Western.	
Langslow, R. W.	ditto	do.	
Langslow, W.	ditto	do.	
Lavalliere, T.	Caltura	do.	
Lawson, W.		Central.	
Layard, C. E.	Colombo	Western.	
Layard, C. P.	Trincomale	Eastern.	
Layard, H. L.	Colombo	Western.	
Layard, J. G.	Badulla	Central.	
Lee, G.	Colombo	Western.	
Leech, R.	Balecadua, Harrispattoo	Central.	
Lennon, J.	Colombo	Western.	
Lewis, R. E.	Pettcatenne, Saffragam	Southern.	
Lindsay, D. B.	Rajawelle Estate, Dumbera	Central.	
Lindsay, D. W.	Colombo	Western.	
Little, J., W.	Dehanayeke Estate, Ambegamua	Central.	
Haynes, J.	Wedigoope, Badulla	Central.	
Byles, J.	[illegible]		

Lorenz, J. F.	—	—	*Matura* — — —	do.
Lyall, J.	—	—	*Gadadesse* — — —	Central.
Lyford, J.	—	—	*Wewelhaina, Badulla* — —	do.
McCarthy, Revd. E.	—	—	*Kurnegalle* — — —	Western.
McCormick, T.	—	—		Central.
MacCulloch, D.	—	—	*Kandy* — — — —	do.
McCulloch, W.	—	—	*Carolina Estate, Upper Bulatgamme* — — —	do.
McDonald, A.	—	—	*Migalwatte, Hewahette* —	do.
McDonald, D.	—	—	*Bamberagaha, Nuwera Ellia* —	do.
McDonald, David	—	—	*Carandenie, Bentotte Wallatlawitty Korle* — — —	Southern.
McDowall, H.	—	—	*Ockowitte, Gangeboddepattoo* —	do.
MacEnery, J.	—	—	*Balecadua, Harrispattoo* —	Central.
Macfarlane, A.	—	—	*Algolleenne Estate, Matele* —	do.
McFarlane, W.	—	—	*Hegodde Korle* — —	Western.
MacGowan,	—	—		Central.
MacGregor, G.	—	—	*Migalwatte, Hewahette* —	do.
McGregor, L.	—	—	*Horagolle, Upper Bulatgamme* —	do.
MacGregor, W.	—	—		do.
Mackay, H.	—	—	*Wattawalle Mukelane, Saffragam* — — — —	Southern.
Mackellar, R.	—	—	*Colombo* — — —	Western.
Mackenzie, J.	—	—	*Odocgamme, Gangeboddepattoo* —	Southern.
Mackenzie, K.	—	—	*Kandy* — — — —	Central.
McKirdy, R. M. D.	—	—	*Canneweralle, Badulla* — —	do.
Mackwood, W.	—	—	*Colombo* — —	Western.
McLellan, W.	—	—	*ditto* — —	do.
McMillan,	—	—		Central.
MacPherson, J.	—	—	*Helbodde, Kotmale* — —	do.
McPherson, John	—	—	*ditto* — —	do.
Mactavish, D. C.	—	—	*Kaduganawe, Yattinuwere* —	do.

Name.	Place of Abode.	Province.	Partner in what Firm, if belonging to any.
Macvicar, Revd. J. G.	*Mount Lavinia, Colombo*	Western.	
Marshall, J.	*Allegalle, Yatinuwere*	Central.	
Martin, J.	*ditto*	do.	
Mathew, H. J.		do.	
Mathison, R.	*Kintail, Wernioogastenne, Upper Bulalgamme*	do.	
Maurice, D.		do.	
Meylor,	*Gallegodde, Welleboddepattoo*	Southern.	
Millar, J.	*Galle*	do.	
Miller, H.	*Trincomale*	Eastern.	
Miller, J.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Miller, J. L.	*Kandy*	Central.	
Millington, H.	*Goodlands, Hewahette*	do.	
Mitford, E. L.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Moir, J. F.	*Goddepolle Estate, Matele*	Central.	
Moir, P.	*Elcadua do.*	do.	
Moir, Peter	*Algalletenne do. Matele*	do.	
Moir, S.	*Upper Bulalgamme*	do.	
Mooyaart, J. N.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Mooyaart A. B., Revd. E.	*Matara*	Southern.	
Morphew, J.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Morris, W.	*Kurnegalle*	do.	
Mustard, J.	*Kattebedey, Hewagam Korle*	do.	
Napier, J. A.	*Colombo*	do.	
Nelson, J. B.	*Peradenia*	Central.	
Newman, W.	*Uduwalle, Hewahette*	do.	
Nicol, R.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Nicoll, J.		Central.	

			gamme — — —		do.
Norris, F. B.	—	—	*Colombo* — — —		Western.
Northway, J.	—	—	*Gannaruwe, Yattinuwere* —		Central.
Northway, S.	—	—	*ditto* — —		do.
Oakley, G.	—	—	*Gonary, Hewahette* — —		do.
Oakley, Revd. W.	—	—	*Kandy* — — —		do.
Ogilvie, W.	—	—	*South Morotoowa Estate, Upper Bulatgamme* — — —		do.
O'Grady, H.	—	—	*Manaar* — — —		Northern.
O'Grady, W.	—	—	*Vembodokeny* — — —		do.
Oliphant Kt., Sir A.	—	—	*Colombo* — — —		Western.
Oliver, A.	—	—	*Beddagamme, Badulla* —		Central.
Ondaatje, W. C.	—	—	*Botanic Garden, Peradenia* —		do.
Orr, A.	—	—	*Gonelegodde, Gangeboddepattoo*		Southern.
Oswin, H.	—	—	*Colombo* — — —		Western.
Palm, Revd. J. D.	—	—	*ditto* — — —		do.
Palmer, G.	—	—	*Batticaloa* — — —		Eastern.
Parsons, G. M.	—	—	*Colombo* — — —		Western.
Passe, B.	—	—	*ditto* — — —		do.
Peace, T.	—	—	*ditto* — — —		do.
Percival, Revd. P.	—	—	*Jaffna* — — —		Northern.
Pitts, C.	—	—			Central.
Powell, Revd. H.	—	—	*Baddegamme, Gangeboddepattoo* — — — —		Southern.
Power, E. R.	—	—	*Kaigalle* — — —		Western.
Power, T. C.	—	—	*ditto* — — —		do.
Preston, W. S.	—	—	*Colombo* — — —		do.
Price, F.	—	—	*Ratnapoora* — — —		Southern.
Price, J.	—	—	*Jaffna* — — —		Northern.
Pride, G.	—	—	*Narangashaina, Hewahette* —		Central.
Pritchett, J.	—	—	*Colombo* — — —		Western.
Quintom, D.	—	—	*Jaffna* — — —		Northern.

Name.	Place of Abode.	Province.	Partner in what Firm, if belonging to any.
Rainals, M. O.	*Colombo*	Western	Messrs. Lambe, Rainals & Co.
Ralph, J.	*Springwood, Saffragam*	Southern.	
Read,	*Morettey*	Western.	
Read, J.	*Colombo*	do.	Messrs. W. C. Gibson. Read, Davidson & Co.
Reed. A.	*Madoolkelle, Dumbera*	Central.	
Reed, C. Y.	*Mianegolle, Udapalate*	do.	
Reed, G.	*Rajawelle, Dumbera*	do.	
Reed, James	*ditto*	do.	
Reed, John		do.	
Reed, W.	*North Morotoowa Estate, Upper Butalgamme*	do.	
Reed, William	*Beddagamme, Badulla*	do.	
Reid, H. W.	*Mianegolle, Udapalate*	do.	
Rigg, C. R.	*Kandy*	do.	
Ritchie, H.	*Colombo*	Western	Messrs. Wilson, Ritchie & Co.
Robb, A.	*Hindagalle, Udapalate*	Central.	
Roberts, D.	*Algolletenne, Matele*	do.	
Robertson,	*Morettey*	Western.	
Robertson, A.	*Kondesalle*	Central.	
Robertson, Arthur	*Kandy*	do.	
Robertson, W.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Robertson, W. N.	*ditto*	do.	
Robinson, J.		Central.	
Rodney, J. S.	*Trincomale*	Eastern.	
Rogers, W.		Central.	
Rose, J. M.	*Kandy*	do.	
Rossiy, T. W.		do.	
Rudd, H.	*Yahaletenne, Harrispattoo*	do.	
Rudd, W.	*Hindagalle, Deltotte & Hantanne*	do.	
Sabatier, G.	*Colombo*		
Sargent, J. N.			

Name.	Place of Abode.	Province.	Partner in what Firm, if belonging to any.
Rainals, M. O.	*Colombo*	Western	Messrs. Lambe, Rainals & Co.
Ralph, J.	*Springwood, Saffragam*	Southern.	
Read,	*Morettey*	Western.	
Read, J.	*Colombo*	do.	Messrs. W. C. Gibson. Read, [Davidson & Co.
Reed. A.	*Madoolkelle, Dumbera*	Central.	
Reed, C. Y.	*Mianegolle, Udapalate*	do.	
Reed. G.	*Rajawelle, Dumbera*	do.	
Reed, James	*ditto*	do.	
Reed. John		do.	
Reed, W.	*North Moratoowa Estate, Upper Bulatgamme*	do.	
Reed, William	*Beddagamme, Badulla*	do.	
Reid, H. W.	*Mianegolle, Udapalate*	do.	
Rigg, C. R.	*Kandy*	do.	
Ritchie, H.	*Colombo*	Western	Messrs. Wilson, Ritchie & Co.
Robb, A.	*Hindagalle, Udapalate*	Central.	
Roberts, D.	*Algolletenne, Matele*	do.	
Robertson,	*Morettey*	Western.	
Robertson, A.	*Kondesalle*	Central.	
Robertson, Arthur	*Kandy*	do.	
Robertson, W.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Robertson, W. N.	*ditto*	do.	
Robinson, J.		Central.	
Rodney, J. S.	*Trincomale*	Eastern.	
Rogers, W.		Central.	
Ross, J. M.	*Kandy*	do.	
Rossiy, T. W.		do.	
Rudd, H.	*Yahaletenne, Harrispattoo*	do.	

Rudd, W.	*Hindagalle, Dettotte & ...*	
Sabatier, G.	*Colombo*	Western.
Sargent, J. N.	*Pitcorthic, Upper Bulatgamme*	Central.
Saunders, F.	*Colombo*	Western.
Scarlett,	*Peradenia*	Central.
Scott, A. B.	*Colombo*	Western.
Scott, A. N.		Central.
Scott, T. P.	*Bamberagamme, Hewahette*	do.
Segar, J.	*Kandy*	do.
Shand, C.	*Springwood, Saffragam*	Southern.
Shand, J. R.		Central.
Shand, T. L. R.	*Springwood, Saffragam*	Southern.
Sim, W.	*Colombo*	Western.
Simpson, J.		Central.
Sims, W.	*Colombo*	Western.
Smedley, E. H.	*Jaffna*	Northern.
Smith, E. K.	*Masar*	do.
Smith, F.	*Colombo*	Western.
Smith, J.	*ditto*	do.
Smith, J.	*ditto*	do.
Sobanadier, F.	*Black Forest, Udapalate*	Central.
Somerset, R. H. F.	*Colombo*	Western.
Sonnencalb, H.	*Maplegamme, Gangeboddepattoo*	Southern.
Sortain, J. C.	*Batticaloa*	Eastern.
Sparks, S.	*Gowoorakande, Udapalate*	Central.
Spencer, R.	*Kandy*	do.
Sproule, W. B.	*Colombo*	Western.
Standevens, W.	*Halgaranaoya, Wallapane*	Central.
Stanton, F. W.	*Colombo*	Western.
Stark, J.	*ditto*	do.
Steuart, G.	*ditto*	do.
Steuart, J.	*ditto*	do.
Stewart, A.	*Dangeddere, Galle*	Southern.

Name.	Place of Abode.	Province.	Partner in what Firm, if belonging to any.
Stott, Revd. R.	*Batticaloa*	Eastern.	
Strachan. J. I.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Stuart, C. U.	*Pusselawe*	Central.	
Stuart, H.	*Madawalatenne, Tumpane*	do.	
Suckling, F.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Sullivan, D.	*Halgaranaoya, Wallapane*	Central.	
Swan, J.	*Morankande Plantation, Harrispattoo*	do.	
Swan, R. D.	*Handrookande, Kurnegalle*	Western.	
Swan, W.	*Morankande, Harrispattoo*	Central.	
Swan jr., W.	*Katagahakotuwe, Kandy*	do.	
Tailer,	*Morettey*	Western.	
Talbot, Honble G. C.	*Matura*	Southern.	
Tate, J. R.	*Rothschild Estate, Pusselawe*	Central.	
Taylor. J.		do.	
Taynton, F.	*Kandelewewe, Udapalate*	do.	
Temple, C.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Templer, F. J.	*ditto*	do.	
Templer, H.	*Coembalwelle, Galle*	Southern.	
Thompson, W.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Thwaites M. D., J.	*ditto*	do.	
Torrance, P.	*ditto*	do.	
Trimnell, Revd. G. C.	*Baddegamme, Gangeboddepattoo*	Southern.	
Turnour. W.	*Kattebedey, Hewagam Korle*	Western.	
Twynam, T. H.	*Galle*	Southern.	
Tytler, G.		Central.	
Tytler, R. B.		do.	
Wallace, A.	*Kattebedey, Hewagam Korle*	Western.	

Vallance, S.	*ditto*		do.
Vanderstraaten, C. A.	*Mulletivoe*		Northern.
Varney, J.	*Colombo*		Western.
Venn, J. W.	*ditto*		do.
Viscardie, J.	*Peradenia*		Central.
Von Dadelszen, Revd. H.	*Nuwera Ellia*		do.
Von Ranzow, Count C. F.	*Colombo*		Western.
Walker, A.	*Kandy*		Central.
Walker, C. P.	*Negombo*		Western.
Walker, J.	*Colombo*		do.
Walker, J.	*ditto*		do.
Walker, P. T.	*Kurnegalle*		do.
Walkinshaw,	*Kattebedey, Hewagam Korle*		do.
Walter, W.	*Madawalatenne, Tumpane*		Central.
Waring, E. S.	*Matele*		do.
Watson, G. S.	*Paranapattia, Udunuwere*		do.
Watson, J.	*Colombo*		Western.
Watt, D. A.	*Algolletenne Estate, Matele*		Central.
Watt, J. R.			do.
Webb,			do.
Webster, A.	*Odoegamme, Gangeboddepattoo*		Southern.
Webster, W.	*Wattegodde, Udapalate*		Central.
Webster, William	*Bomboa, Soffragam*		Southern.
Wells,			Central.
White, A. C.	*Madoolkelle, Dumbera*		do.
White, A. S.	*Colombo*		Western.
Whitehouse, C. A.	*Mohomale*		Northern.
Whitehouse, E. S.	*ditto*		do.
Williamson, E.			Central.
Wilmot, E. P.	*Kandy*		do.
Wilson, A.	*Pallekelle, Dumbera*		do.
Wilson, D.	*Colombo*		Western — Messrs. Wilson, Ritchie & Co.
Wilson, J.	*Gemmellegaha, Gangeboddepattoo*		Southern.

Name.	Place of Abode.	Province.	Partner in what Firm, if belonging to any.
Winter, G.	*Meemadoma, Gangeboddepattoo*	Southern	Messrs. George & James Winter.
Winter, J.	*Ginduruh, Galle*	do.	Messrs. George & James Winter.
Wise, A.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Wise, W.		Central.	
Wodehouse, P. E.	*Colombo*	Western.	
Wood, E. J.	*Savagaserry*	Northern.	
Woods, J.	*Helbodde, Kolmale*	Central.	
Worms, G. B.	*Harmony Estate, Pusselawe*	do.	
Worms, M. B.	*ditto*	do.	
Wright, J.	*Galle oya, Udapalate*	do.	
Wright, W.	*Delgahadenia, Upper Bulatgamme*	do.	
Wylie, N.		do.	
Young, A.		do.	
Young, Dr.		do.	
Young, F.	*Gampola*	do.	
Young, H. E. A.	*Ijanal, Saffragam*	Southern.	
Young, J. D.	*ditto*	do.	
Young, W.	*ditto*	do.	
Young, W. M.		Central.	

do.
Western

PUBLIC INSTI[TUTIONS]

COLOMBO DISTRICT COMMITTEE

OF THE SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE.

[ESTABLISHED 1816.]

sident.—THE RIGHT REV. THE LORD BISHOP OF THE DIOCESE.
e-President.—THE VENERABLE THE ARCHDEACON.
asurer.—J. STEUART, ESQ.
retary.—THE REV. S. W. DIAS.

Subscribers to the Parent Society re[siding in and about Colombo,
Members of this District Commit[tee, the object of which is to
operate with the Parent Society i[n the diffusion of Christian
general knowledge conformably [with the principles of the
rch of England, by circulating th[e various excellent publica-
of that Society among the inhabit[ants of this Island. It holds
yearly general meetings in St. P[ETER'S Vestry, on the last
days in June and December.

The Ordinary business is conduc[ted by a Standing Com-
tee of which, the Lord Bishop of [Madras, or in his absence
Archdeason of Colombo, is Cha[irman, and the Rev. the
ergy being Subscribers to the Co[lombo District Committee
Ex-Officio Members. The Standi[ng Committee meets (also
St. PETER'S Vestry) on the first [Monday in every month at
o'clock P. M.

Applications for books to be made to [the Secretary, or to Mr. H.
inner, Clerk to the Colombo Distri[ct Committee, No. 5, First
oss Street Pettah.

COLOMBO AUXILIARY B[IBLE SOCIETY.

HIS EXCELLENCY LIEUTEN[ANT GENERAL SIR
COLIN CAMPBEL[L, K. C. B.

PATRON.

GOVERNOR OF CE[YLON.

VICE-PRESIDEN[TS.

Hon'ble SIR A. OLIPHANT, K[T. Chief Justice.
„ P. ANSTRUTHER, [Esq. Colonial Secretary.
„ H. WRIGHT, Esq.
„ Colonel W. G. Po[LWER.
„ F. J. TEMPLER, E[sq.

Partner in what Firm ... ning to any

James Win... James Wint...

...E.

... P. HORSFORD.	Lieut. Colonel W. H. SLADE, R.
J. H. DE SARAM, A. ...	Captain T. SKINNER, C. R. R.
„ D. J. GOGERLY.	Dr. J. C. CAMERON, M. D., Staff.
„ W. BRIDGNELL.	Lieut. E. MABERLY, R. A.
„ J. G. MACVICAR.	Dr. J. THWAITES.
„ J. D. PALM.	Captain B. E. LAYARD.
„ E. DANIEL.	J. A. BULMER, Esq.
„ A. KESSEN.	J. B. H. BAILEY, Esq.
„ J. ANTHONISZ.	H. C. SELBY, Esq.
J. STEUART, Esq.	Major G. T. PARKE, C. R. R.

TREASURER.

Rev. J. BAILEY.

SECRETARIES.

H. L. LAYARD, Esq.—*Minute Secretary.*
Rev. R. S. HARDY—*Bible Secretary.*

*** *The appointed days for the Meetings of the Committee are the second Mondays in January, April, July and October.*

COLOMBO LIBRARY.

Patron.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

J. STEUART, Esq.—*Secretary.*

Librarian—Mr. D. De Neys.

MILITARY MEDICAL LIBRARY AND MUSEUM.

Patron.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

President.

The Principal Medical Officer.

Curator, Vacant.

Secretary, J. C. CAMERON, Esq. M. D., *Asst. Staff Surgeon.*

Draftsman—Mr. H. Silvaf 60*l.*

COLOMBO PETTAH LIBRARY.

Mr. W. A. JOSEPH—*Treasurer.*
„ JAS. SWAN—*Secretary.*
Under Librarian—Mr. L. Demmer.

GALLE READING ROOM.

Patron.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

P. ROBERSON, Esq.—*Secretary.*

TRINCOMALE LIBRARY.

J. Higgs, Esq.—*Treasurer and Secretary.*

TRINCOMALE PETTAH LIBRARY.

Mr. F. Dornhorst—*President.*
Mr. G. E. Colomb—*Treasurer.*
Mr. W. F. Redlich—*Secretary.*

JAFFNA PETTAH LIBRARY.

Mr. F. A. Toussaint—*Treasurer.*
Mr. E. Meyer—*Secretary.*

JAFFNA NATIVE IMPROVEMENT SOCIETY.

Patron.

Hon'ble Sir A. Oliphant, Kt. Chief Justice.

Office-bearers.

S. M. Savarimootoo, Esq.—*President.*
A. Mootooveloe, Esq.—*Vice-President.*
Mr. S. Tambiapillay—*Treasurer.*
„ G. R. Mootookistna—*Secretary.*

KANDY LIBRARY.

Patron.

His Excellency the Governor.

Lieutenant E. Maberly, R. A.—*Secretary.*

KANDY CENTRAL TOWN LIBRARY.

Mr. T. W. Ferdinands—*Treasurer.*
Mr. R. J. Smith—*Secretary and Librarian.*

BANK OF CEYLON.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, September 24, 1840.

Capital £125,000.

With power to encrease the same to £250,000
And as circumstances may require to „ 750,000

Directors.

Thomas Young Esq. *Chairman.*

J. Albrecht, Esq. | Col. Sir F. Hankey.
De Arrovave, Esq. | Thos. A. Hankey, Esq.
s. Jno. Cummins, Esq. | William Sloane, Esq.
liver Farrer, Esq. | Thomas Stooks, Esq.

Bankers ..... Messrs. Hankey.
Solicitors ..... Messrs. Amory, Sewel & Coles.
Secretary ..... R. Bayly, Esq.

COLONIAL ESTABLISHMENT.

COLOMBO.

Local Directors.

JOHN ARMITAGE, Esq. | HENRY RITCHIE, Esq.
F. B. NORRIS, Esq.

Manager..... F. W. STANTON, Esq.
Accountant..... J. WALKER, Esq.
Shroff..... Mr. W. J. Ondatjie.
Conicoply..... J. M. Ondatjie
Ditto..... S. Tambo

KANDY BRANCH.

Manager..... J. R. FULTON, Esq.

This Corporation has had a Charter granted to it by the Crown for the purpose of introducing Capital in aid of Commercial and Agricultural enterprize into the Island of Ceylon. The Bank is one of *Exchange, Discount, Deposit,* and *Issue,* and in all respects similar to other *Metropolitan Colonial Banks.*—The Bank was opened in Colombo for the transaction of all sorts of Banking Business on the first day of June 1841.

Current Deposit Accounts

Are opened with Commercial Houses, and Private Individuals for sums of not less than £20 on the plan generally adopted by the London Bankers, neither allowing Interest nor charging Commission upon the amount of the transactions therein.—To those parties however to whom it may be more convenient *to use the whole of their Capital* a small commission for keeping the Account would be charged.

Cash Credits

On the Scotch system, are granted to Customers of the Bank, under Special Agreement, in sums from £100 to £500, upon Security being given by a Joint Bond of the Borrower, and two other approved parties.

Discounts.

Local Paper having the names of two or more approved parties and having not more than 3 to 6 months Currency, is discounted at such rate as may be agreed upon.

Exchanges.

Drafts on England, drawn against Shipments of Produce hypothecated to the Bank, and also *without* Documents but with *approved endorsements*, on *the Presidencies* are purchased at such rates as may from time to time be fixed upon. Bills are granted to Remitters on the Court of Directors, drawn at 30 days sight.

Loans.

Are made to Planters of undoubted respectability for the bonâ fidé purpose of securing crops upon Agreement with the Bank that the same shall be redeemed by hypothecated Shipping Documents of their Produce when Shipment thereof has been effected.

Investments.

In, and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected.

Dividends.

Army, Naval and Civil Pay and Pensions received and Financial business in general transacted.

By order of the Directors,

F. W. STANTON, *Manager.*

RULES OF BUSINESS.

OBSERVED AT THE BANK OF CEYLON—COLOMBO.

In Accounts Current and Cash Credit Accounts.

1. No account can be opened for a less sum than £20.
2. No Money can be received nor paid after 4 P. M. and on Saturdays after 2 P. M.
3. No other receipt is given than an authenticated entry in the Bank Books.
4. The Bank furnishes Blank Cheques and Pass Books.
5. The Bank allows no Interest nor charges any commission except under special circumstances.
6. The Bank does not allow any account to be overdraw.
7. The Bank pays no Notes, but those of its own Issue.
8. The Bank sends out Bills and Notes for acceptance and payment in Colombo, taking the Notarial step in case of non-acceptance or of non-payment.
9. The Bank does not correspond on matters relating to accounts. Parties are therefore requested to transact their business with the Bank in person or by their Agents.
10. The bank does not recognize *post dated* Cheques.

Hours of Business.

From 10 A. M. until 4. P. M. except on Saturdays when the Bank closes at 2 P. M.

Private Bills and Notes for discount received until 12 o'clock.—Received after 12 o'clock for the following day.

Bank Post Bills granted from 10 A. M. until 3 P. M.

Holidays.

Good Friday and Xmas-day.

By order of the Board,

F. W. STANTON, *Manager.*

BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.

CONSTITUTION.

CAPITAL.

The Capital of the Company is Rupees 5,000,000 (with power to encrease the same) in 10,000 Shares of Rs. 500 each, divided into two series of 5,000 Shares each.

The first series has been entirely issued and Rs. 300 per Share paid thereon.

Of the second series which was reserved for issue in proportion to the encreased operations of the Bank, a portion has been issued at a premium of Rs. 30 per Share the amount of premiums received on the sale of Shares is carried to a reserved fund for the benefit of the Shareholders in general.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AT BOMBAY.

WILLIAM SIMSON, Esq. C. S.—*Chairman.*
THOMAS ROBSON, Esq. Bombay Medl. Establ.—*Depy. Chairman.*

JUGGONAUTH SUNKERSETT. Esq.—*Merchant.*
ARCHIBALD SPENS, Esq.—*Civil Service.*
WM. F. HUNTER, Esq.—*Merchant.*
ARDASEER HORMASJEE, Esq.—*do.*
JOHN A. RUSSELL, Esq.—*do.*
GREGOR GRANT, Esq.—*Civil Service.*
A. S. AYRTON, Esq.—*Solicitor.*

TRUSTEES.

DR. JAMES BURNES, K. H. | ARCHIBALD SPENS, Esq.

MANAGING DIRECTOR.

WILLIAM WALTER CARGILL, Esq.

LONDON AGENTS.

THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

MANAGER IN CEYLON.

S. J. D. CAMPBELL, Esq.

SUB-MANAGER AT KANDY.

JOHN FORBES MOIR, Esq.

PRINCIPLES OF BUSINESS AS ADAPTED TO CEYLON.

DEPOSITS.

The Bank will receive Money in deposit at Interest in sums not under £20 under two Classes, viz:

1st.—*Fixed Deposits*, bearing Interest to the date of repayment and not withdrawable without thirty day's notice.

2d.—*Current Deposit Account*, bearing Interest on the Balance remaining in the Account, at the close of each day's transactions, to be operated upon by Cheeques as convenient to the Customer; and affording, in the collection of Drafts, Cheeques, &c., and

taking charge of valuable Deeds, Government and other Securities, and realizing the Interest or Dividends thereon, every advantage to be derived from an Agency Account.

INVESTMENTS.

The Bank will lend Money either in Cash Credit Account, or Fixed Loans not exceeding 4 months, on the following Securities:

Class 1st.—Deposit of Government Securities, Bullion, or Shares in approved Public Companies.

Class 2d.—On Goods not of a perishable nature, protected by Fire Insurance—Bills of Lading, with Policy of Insurance, of Goods shipped for importation into Ceylon—Adjusted Policies of Insurance by Public Companies—Joint Bonds with two approved Securities—and Acceptances and Promisory notes bearing two approved names and representing bonâ-fidé transactions.

DISCOUNT.

The Bank will discount Private Bills and Notes bearing at least two approved names (unconnected with each other in general partnership), and not having more than 4 months to run, or in the case of Notes payable by instalments, an average not exceeding that term.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank will purchase Bills on London and the Presidencies (giving its customers the advantage of any favorable rates ruling on the Continent of India), of the following descriptions, viz:

Bills of the Ceylon Government.
do. Missionary Societies.
do. Commercial Houses—secured by Shipping Documents and orders for Insurance—the amount of advance not to exceed ¾ths of the Invoice value of the Goods Shipped.
do. Commercial Houses, and Private parties, bearing at least two approved names.
do. Commercial Houses, and Private parties drawn under special Letters of Credit.

AGENCY.

The Bank will act as Agents for the Purchase and Sale of Investments in the Loans of the East India Company, and other Public Securities in India and elsewhere.

RATES OF INTEREST, DISCOUNT AND COMMISSION.

INTEREST ALLOWED BY THE BANK.

1st.—On Fixed Deposits, repayable at 30 days notice—4 pr. cent
2d.—On Current Deposit Accounts, to be operated upon at pleasure—2½ per annum.

INTEREST CHARGED BY THE BANK.

1st.	On Fixed Loans on Security.....	Class 1st—	6	pr. cent per annum.
2d.	.....do.....	„ 2d—	7	
3d.	On Cash Credit Accounts.....	„ 1st—	7	
4th.	.....do.....	„ 2d—	8	

DISCOUNT.

On Government Bills—5 } per cent per annum.
On Private..... do.—6 }

EXCHANGE.

The Bank's rates for purchase and sale of bills on England and the different Presidencies are constantly exhibited in the public office and are inserted once every week in each of the public Journals.

COMMISSION.

On Purchase or Sale of Investments in Public Securities, and on other special acts of Agency .... } ½ per cent.
On remittances to Kandy ..... }

The Bank of Western India makes all payments in Government Notes or Cash and accommodates the public with change for Government Notes on presentation.

A supply of *Stamped* Bills of Exchange and Promissory Note forms, is kept at the Bank for the accommodation of Customers.

CEYLON SAVINGS' BANK.

[*OPENED AUGUST* 6, 1832.]

THE BANK is opened for the purpose of receiving deposits and transacting business, between the hours of twelve and three in the afternoon on the 1st and 3d Monday in every month, and in case of extra business on the 2d and 4th Monday from one to three o'clock.

Trustees of the Bank.

Major G. T. PARKE, C. R. R.—W. C. GIBSON, Esq. and K. MACKENZIE, Esq.

Legal Adviser—J. G. HILLEBRAND, Esq.

Notary and Proctor—J. F. GIFFENING, Esq.

Treasurer of the Bank.
The Honble F. J. TEMPLER, Esq.

Superintending Committee.

H. Y. EAGAR, Esq.—Paymaster 90th Regt.—*Chairman*, 100*l*.

T. DAWSON, Esq. O. D
J. DALZIEL, Esq.
R. H. F. SOMERSET, Esq.
Lieut. R. H. OWEN, 90th Regt.
W. H. TRANT, Esq. O. D.
J. C. CAMERON, Esq. M. D., Staff Asst. Surgeon.
Qr. Mr. W. NEWLAND, 90th Regt.
Lieut. A. P. G. ROSS, R. E.
Lieut. W. P. PURNELL, 90th Regt.
Captain H. R. THURLOW, 90th Regt.

Actuary—J. PIACHAUD, Esq. 120*l*

Clerks { Mr. P. W. Hertt 25*l*
A. Piachard 20*l*

Amount deposited up to 31st July 1843.....	90,293	0	11
Do. withdrawn..... do.	62,109	4	10
	£28,183	16	1

BRANCH COMMITTEES.

Appointed at the principal Stations of the Island, to receive and remit deposits.

KANDY.

C. R. BULLER, Esq.
Capt. W. T. LAYARD, C. R. R.
Pay-Master F. FENERAN, 95th Regt.
Lieut. E. MADERLY, R. A.

TRINCOMALIE.

C. P. LAYARD, Esq.
Major J. WALTER, 95th Regt.
J. HIGGS, Esq.
The Chief Modliar

NUWERA-ELLIA.

Capt. C. KELSON, C. R. R.
Lieut. E. J. CRUICE, 95th Regt.

GALLE.

G. H. CRIPPS, Esq.
Lt. Col. J. ANDERSON, C. R. R.
Lieut. H. AGAR, C. R. R.
The Attepattoo Modliar

JAFFNA.

Revd. J. T. JOHNSTON,
Capt. G. COCHRANE, C. R. R.
J. GRANT, Esq. Staff Asst. Surgeon

BATTICALOA.

R. ATHERTON, Esq.

NEGOMBO.

C. P. WALKER, Esq.
Revd. R. S. HARDY
Mr. J. DABRERA
D. L. E. PERERA, Modliar.

RULES TO BE OBSERVED ON APPLICATION FOR LOANS.

1.—Any person desirous of obtaining a loan from the Colombo Savings' Bank must make an application by letter addressed to "The Chairman of the Superintending Committee" in which he is to state the sum required, the nature of the security he intends to offer,—whether immoveable or moveable property, the Title-deeds are to be forwarded at the same time. On superscription to be written "Immediate" when it will forthwith be attended to.

2.—The Chairman of the Committee, on receiving an application for Loan, will forward the same together with the Title-deeds to the Trustees, who if satisfied as to the legality, will cause the property to be appraised, and examine the sureties as to their sufficiency.

3.—On the Trustees acquainting the Committee that they are satisfied with the security tendered, the applicant will be entitled to receive as a loan one-half, and in case he gives two or more securities, two-thirds of the sum at which his property may have been appraised.

4.—The applicant must deposit with the Accountant the appraisers' fees on the sum applied for, at the time of making his application; but should a Loan of less amount than that applied for be sanctioned, the surplus fees will be returned.

5.—Where moveable property is offered to be pledged, the applicant will be informed when and where it is to be produced for the purpose of being appraised.

6.—The fixed allowance of the appraisers to be employed one-half per cent, on the amount lent, and where the property to be appraised is situated without the Pettah and Fort of Colombo, then each appraiser is allowed in addition one shilling per mile travelling expences.

7.—In all cases where the borrower is not subject to, or the property to be mortgaged is situate without the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, or of the District Courts of Colombo, such borrower will be required to execute, in addition to his Bond, a Warrant of Attorney to confess judgment.

LOAN OFFICE.

TREASURER TO GOVERNMENT
REGISTRAR OF THE SUPRMEME COURT } *Commissioners.*
J. STEUART, ESQ. £200

RULES

1st—Respecting Loans.

Original rules framed in accordance with the order of the Supreme Court, dated 7th July 1824.

1. THE Titles must be produced, where real property is offered as security.

2. The Articles themselves, where gold, silver &c. is offered.

3. The property hypothecated must appear to be equal in value, if real property, to one-third more than the sum required to be borrowed; or, if it consists of gold, silver, &c., one-fourth more. But if the property offered for hypothecation by the borrower, fall short of that amount, the property of another person may be received to make up the deficiency. In such case, the person so contributing must be a party to the bond, which will state the circumstance of the case.

4. Every applicant must, besides the property hypothecated, enter into a bond with two securities for the repayment of the principal sum borrowed, whenever the same shall be demanded, and of the interest as it becomes due.

Order of the Supreme Court dated 21st November 1833.

5. Each of the sureties will be required to give such an account of his property as may satisfy the Board that he is worth the amount of half the sum borrowed, after payment of all his debts; and should the Board deem it necessary, he shall be required to make affidavit to the truth of his statement.

Original rules as above.

6. If the borrower should be unable to procure persons to become securities for him, the Board will, at its discretion, waive this condition, on the borrower pledging property to double the value of the sum required.

If either of the securities should not have property to the value of the sum borrowed, others may be added, not exceeding four in all, to make up the deficiency.

Where the securities intend to rely on landed property in proving themselves worth the sum required, they should bring with them the title by

which they hold such landed property, (provided it be not mortgaged,) when they attend for the purpose of justifying.

Original rules as above.

7. A Certificate, a copy of which will be given by the Clerk of the Board, must be obtained from the Collector of the District, (Agent of the Province,) in which the applicant resides, that neither himself nor either of his securities is a Government Renter or Security for a Government Renter.

Order of Court—21st November 1833.

In all cases in which the Board may deem it necessary, the oath of the parties (principal or security) will be required, in addition to the Collector's certificate, to the effect that he is not a Government Debtor or Renter, or Security for any such persons.

Original rules as above.

8. The property offered for hypothecation must in all cases be valued at the expense of the applicant by appraisers to be appointed by the Board: and the applicant must, if required, deposit with the Clerk of the Board the per-centage, to which the appraisers will be entitled, and which will be settled by the Board.

N. B. The rate allowed in ordinary circumstances is ½ per Cent on the amount of the Loan.

Order of Supreme Court dated 15th December 1830.

Government Regulation No. 9 of 1824.

9. The Interest to be paid on all Loans is 7 per Cent, which is to be paid monthly; in default of which parate execution may be taken out for the recovery of the same.

2d—Respecting Dividends of Interest.

Order of Supreme Court dated 21st November 1835.

1. The Loan Board will have one head of account with each Court; such account shall include all sums in deposit from that Court, whether the same be Suitors' monies, Estate monies, or otherwise; but the Loan Office will only take account of the aggregate sum.

2. The accounts of the Office will be made up, and the interest divided quarterly, commencing from 1st January 1834.

3. Every pound sterling of principal, which has been for one complete quarter available for the purpose of making Loans, shall be entitled to a dividend of the Interest; such quarter is to be calculated from one dividend day to the subsequent dividend day, i. e., 1st January, 1st April, 1st July and 1st October.

4. Dividends shall not be calculated of lower fractions than one farthing on a pound sterling of principal, and any sum, the retaining of which would render such calculations necessary, shall be set over till the next dividend day.

5. The funds of the Weeskamer and Boedelkamer shall be kept separate from the accounts of the different Courts,—the interest derived therefrom being wholly paid over to Government.

6. At the end of each quarter the Board will audit the accounts of the interest received, and declare the dividend to be allowed; in the first place setting over two-sixths thereof to the use of Government, towards the expenses of the establishment, as heretofore.

Government Regulation No. 6 of 1827 Clause 4.

7. The surplus fund which has been accumulated by deductions from interest received in former years, now amounts to £720 or thereabouts, or about 8 per Cent on the capital lent out; and as it is equitable that the Cash in the District Courts, now about to receive the protection of that fund, should contribute towards it, a deduction of one-sixth of the interest received on monies from District Courts shall be made quarterly, until such deduction shall have accumulated to a similar amount per cent on the principal sums lent out on account of those Courts; after which such deduction shall cease, and the whole shall be formed into one general fund to provide for unforeseen losses of principal lent out.

8. After the deductions have been made, the residue of interest received shall be divided as declared in the 4th and 5th Rules; and the amount set over to the credit of each Court according to the total sums, which they may have in deposit, and entitled to interest under article 3.

N.B. The average rate of Dividends (Eighteen in number) paid over to the use of the Intestate Estates and Suitors since the establishment of the Loan Office in 1824, amounts to six pounds two shillings per cent per annum, but as the rate of interest charged on Loans has been reduced from 9 to 7 per cent it is not expected that future dividends will average more than 5 per cent per annum.

CEYLON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED 1st JANUARY 1849.

Patron.

His Excellency Lieut. General Sir COLIN CAMPBELL, K. C. B.
Governor and Commander in Chief.

President.

The Hon'ble PHILIP ANSTRUTHER, Esq.—*Colonial Secretary.*

Vice-Presidents.

The Hon'ble J. N. MOOYAART. Esq.—*Acting Auditor General.*
JOSIAS LAMBERT. Esq. F. G. S.

Secretary and Treasurer.

CHARLES DELEGAL, Esq.

Members.

Ackland, George
Albrecht, H. J.
Alvis, H. De
Anstruther, The Hon'ble P.
Armitage, Scott and Co.
Armour, John
Atchison, Captain
Atherton, R.
Austin, Wm. (*Hunasgeria.*)
Bayly, M. B.
Baynes, F. W.
Bell, J. R.
Bird, George
Bird, Lieut. H.—C. R. R.
Bird, Louis
Boyd, A. P.
Boyd, Wm.
Boyd, W. S.
Braybrooke, Major Samuel—C.R.R.
Buller, Charles R.
Butler, Samuel
Campbell, Captain
Campbell, Sir Colin, Patron
Capper, Benjamin F.
Capper, John
Casie Chitty, Simon
Champion, Captain
Chermont, M. (*Negombo.*)
Crowe, A. & R.
Darley, E. J.
Davidson, A. H.
Delegal, Charles
Dennison, Wm.
Dodsworth, Dr.
Domett, W. C.
Dowdell, J. B. W.
Dunn, Captain
Elphinstone, Lord
Fletcher, Lieut. Colonel
Forbes, W. G.
Francis, Edward
Fraser, Lieut. Colonel
French
Galland, Dr.
Garstin, Dr.
Gaskill, W. R.
Gepp, E. F.
Gerard, R. D.
Gibson, W. C.
Gibson, W. C. Read, Davidson & Co.
Greentree, Thos.
Hadden, C.
Hadden, F.
Hall, W. G.
Hicks, W. F.
Hudson, F.
Hume, J. A.
Howie, J.
Jayetilleke, Don Cornelis
Jefferson, Captain R.—C. R. R.
Jeffery, R.
Jolly, J. K.
Keir, J. L.
Lambert, Josias, Junior
Lambert, Josias, V. P.
Layard, Captain B. E.—C. R. R.
Layard, Captain W. T.—C. R. R.
Lillie, Captain
Lindsay, Colonel
Lindsay, D. B.

Llewelyn, J.
Maberly, Lieut. E.—R. A.
Maclean, Captain George
Marcus, George
Miller, J. L.
Mooyaart, The Hon'ble J. N.
Morris, Wm. *(Kurunegalle.)*
Norris, F. B.
Northway, C.
Northway, J.
Parke, Major G. T.—C. R. R.
Parlett & Co.
Parsons, G. M.
Potts, R. H.
Power, E. Rawdon
Preston, Dr.
Putt, J. H. Honorary Member.
Reed, Charles
Reed, Dr. H. W.
Reed, James *(Rajahville.)*
Reid, A. *(Madoolhelle.)*
Ross, John Mackenzie
Rudd, William
Sabonadiere
Scott, A. N.
Skinner, Captain T.—C. R. R.
Staples, H. J.
Staples, J. J.—*D. J.*
Staples, W. A.
Stewart, Hew
Stuart, C. Urquhart
Swan, James
Swan, R. D.
Swan, William
Swan, Wm. A.
Thomas, W. H.
Tindall, Wm.
Tytler, George
Tytler, R. B.
Vallance, A.
Vertue & Co.
Walkinshaw, J.
Webster, Chas.
White, A. S.
Wilson, A.
Wilson, Sir John
Wise, Wm.
Wright, The Hon'ble H.

LLOYD'S AGENTS IN CEYLON.

W. C. GIBSON, READ, DAVIDSON & Co.

EAGLE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

3 Crescent, Bridge Street, Blackfriars, London—Clyde Street, Edinburgh—and College Green, Dublin.

ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1807.

DIRECTORS.

JOHN RICHARDS Esq. *Chairman*, SIR JAMES MACGREGOR, Bt. *Dep. Chairman.*

Rt. Hon. Sir GORE OUSELEY Bt.
Sir ARCHER DENMAN CROFT Bt.
CHARLES B. BALDWIN Esq. M. P.
Lt. Genl. Sir JOHN WILSON, K. C. B.
CHARLES T. HOLCOMBE Esq.
W. A. PEACOCK Esq.
PETER SKIPPER Esq.
JOHN SPURGIN Esq. M. D.
HENRY TUFNELL Esq. M. P.
WILLIAM WYDROW Esq.

H. PORTER SMITH, Esq.—*Actuary.*

Agent of the Company in Ceylon, GEORGE LEE, Esq.
Medical Adviser, R. TEMPLETON, Esq. R. A.

1—The EAGLE LIFE ASSURANCE Company is empowered by Act of Parliament, and its establishment is of older date than that of most of the Societies now in existence; certainly older than any offering terms equally advantageous.

2—The Public is secured by an ample subscribed capital, now exceeding a Million Sterling, on which ten per cent has been paid since 1807.

3—All payments are set apart to accumulate in a distinct and inviolable fund; the payments which have been calculated expressly for the Institution from the data published by order of the House of Commons, though lower than most of the other established offices, have yet been kept sufficiently high to protect them from the fluctuation of the laws of mortality and of interest, and by all these precautions, security, the first great object of the assured, is effectually provided for, and the possibility of mischance for ever removed.

4—The rank and character of the Directors, no person being placed in that situation who is not himself assured to a large and specified amount; and the same law applying to the Auditors, the government of the Company and the inspection of its affairs, are placed in the hands of the assured, who are the most deeply interested in its welfare.

5—At the end of every seven years a strict investigation is made into the funds, the full value of each existing claim determined, its amount retained, and the surplus apportioned. Four fifths of the profits of these periodical divisions are then allotted to the Assured, and they have a right to apply it either to the reduction of the premium, or the encrease of the future claim.

6—All claims are paid within three months after death, and no fine whatever is imposed for entrance or non-appearance.

7—Persons whose lives have been assured in this company in England have a right to go to whatever part of the world they please, at a pre-established and published rate of Foreign assurance, and are not, as in many other similar Institutions, obliged to ask permission, and to submit to pay an arbitrary and often extravagant rate.

8—When persons assured in any Colony or Foreign settlement return to Europe, they pay only the British premium of their age at the commencement of the Assurance. A general annual premium is laid down, calculated upon the dangers incidental to the profession of the person insured, and permitting him to fill all the duties of his vocation in any part of the world to which he may be destined; or a special premium, to meet a particular risk, is determined, to commence at the departure of the person assured from England, and to terminate at his return.

EXAMPLES FROM THE FOREIGN TABLES,

shewing the Annual Premium required for the assurance for the term of life, of £100, in CEYLON,

Age.	*Civil Service*			*Military do.*		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
20	4	4	9	4	18	4
25	4	8	4	5	1	11
30	4	13	6	5	7	1
35	5	1	6	5	15	0
40	5	13	9	6	7	4
45	6	10	9	7	4	4

The following is the Form of a Proposal to the Eagle Life Assurance Company.

1—The name, residence, and profession of the Person in whose behalf the Policy is to be—or whose Life is proposed for Insurance.

2—The place and date of Birth.

3—Amount of the proposed Insurance, and whether for Life or for seven years.

4—The name and address of the ordinary Medical Attendant of the Person whose life is to be insured.

5—The name and address of a private Friend able to certify as to the health of the Party.

Letters containing these particulars should be addressed to "the Agent of the Eagle Life Insurance Company", who will afford whatever further information may be required.

Arrangements have been made by which parties desirous to pay the total amount of their premiums in five or ten years, so as to have no further payments to make after those terms, may have an opportunity of doing so.

Endowments for childeren, on their arrival at the age of 21, may be guaranteed either by payments made in one sum, or by annual payments at certain rates until the child attains that age.

ASYLUM FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIFE OFFICE.

70, CORNHILL, LONDON,

ESTABLISHED IN 1824.

DIRECTORS.

The Honorable WILLIAM FRASER, *Chairman.*

Major-General Sir JAMES LAW LUSHINGTON, G. C. B. *Dep. Chairman:*

J. CLARMONT WHITEMAN, Esq.
FOSTER REYNOLDS, Esq.
WILLIAM PRATT, Esq.
GEO. PALMER, *Jun.* Esq.
C. W. HALLETT, Esq.
WILLIAM EDMUND FERRERS, Esq.
THOMAS FENN, Esq.
G. FARREN, Esq. *Resident Director.*

EXTRACTS FROM MILITARY RATES IN INDIA.

AGE.	7 Yrs.	whole life.	AGE.	7 Yrs.	whole life.
20	6 3 5	6 6 7	30	6 3 5	6 11 7

EXTRACTS FROM CIVIL RATES IN INDIA.

AGE.	7 Yrs.	whole life.	AGE.	7 Yrs.	whole life.
20	2 11 0	3 6 7	30	2 15 7	4 2 2

PARTICULARS REQUIRED ON A PROPOSAL FOR INSURANCE.

Name and residence of the Party proposing the Assurance.

Amount and Term of Assurance.

Name and Rank, or profession of the Party whose Life is to be assured.

Place and Date of Birth.

Present Residence.

If employed in any Military, Naval, or Preventive Service.

If had the usual Diseases incidental to Infancy.

If had the Small-Pox, or undergone Vaccination, and which?

Is the party of moderate and temperate habits of Life?

If by Birth or otherwise predisposed to any Malady tending to shorten Life, to what?

If formerly afflicted by any Malady or Maladies tending to shorten Life,—when?

If at present afflicted with any such Malady, the time of its Commencement?

Reference to two Persons of good repute (one of the Medical Profession) to ascertain the present and ordinary state of Health and Habits of the Person whose Life is to be Assured.

Answers to these should be committed to paper and certificates of health and habits obtained thereon (the Medical Officer being in the service of the East India Company, and the other Referee a private friend.) If the Proposer be a Military man serving with his Regiment, those certificates must be authenticated by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment; under other circumstances by a Magistrate; and the documents transmitted to the Resident Director, 70 Cornhill, London, accompanied by an intimation of some person, through whom the premium will be paid in London, if the insurance be accepted, and to whom the policy may, in such case, be delivered.

Transactions may be facilitated by application to

Messrs.	W. C. GIBSON, READ, DAVIDSON & Co.	Ceylon
„	MACKILL P. STEWART & Co.	Calcutta
„	WM. NICOL & Co.	Bombay
„	BINNY & Co.	Madras
„	A. L. JOHNSTON & Co.	Singapore.

Who are in direct communication with Messrs. PALMER, MACKILL P. DENT & Co. of London.

ALTERNATIVE.

Two thirds, only, of the even rates, whether for select or diseased lives, or for the risks of foreign climates, may be paid down and the balance with interest at 4 per cent, deducted from sum assured.

FOREIGN, AND MILITARY AND NAVAL INSURANCE.

Distinct classifications of places, according to salubrity of climate, a specific price for any particular place, or a voyage or voyages.

Officers whose destinations are not known, covered to all parts of the world at a small but fixed extra rate of premium.

GEO. FARREN,
Resident Director.

CALCUTTA MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

AGENCY ESTABLISHED IN COLOMBO 1838.

All descriptions of Marine Insurances taken in approved Ships on Merchandize, Goods, Treasure, &c.

Policies made payable at the Branch Establishments at any of the following places, viz.

CALCUTTA.
CEYLON.
CANTON.
LONDON.
MADRAS.

Agents in Colombo..... C. D. PARLETT & Co.

OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established 1st October, 1837.

Capital Company's Rupees 1,000,000.

Directors.

A. DE H. LARPENT.
W. C. RADDON.
G. F. HODGKINSON.
SAMUEL SMITH & JOSEPH AGABEG.

Agents.

In London..... Messrs. GLEDSTANE, KERR & Co.
„ Liverpool.... „ T. & H. MURRAY.
„ China ..... „ LINDSAY & Co.
„ Madras..... „ PARRY & Co.
„ Colombo.... „ C. D. PARLETT & Co.

BOMBAY INSURANCE SOCIETY.

1843-1846.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

R. F. REMINGTON, Esq.
C. B. SKINNER, Esq.
CURSETJEE JAMSETJEE, Esq.

Bombay Agents..... Messrs. REMINGTON & Co.
London „ ..... „ CRAWFORD, COLVIN & Co.
China „ ..... „ JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

A branch of the above Society is now established in Ceylon.

Agents.. ... Messrs. WILSON, RITCHIE & Co.

THE AUSTRALASIAN COLONIAL AND GENERAL *LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITY COMPANY.*

126, BISHOPSGATE-STREET, CORNER OF CORNHILL.

CAPITAL, £200,000—IN 2,000 SHARES.

DIRECTORS:

EDWARD BARNARD, Esq.
HENRY BUCKLE, Esq.
JOHN H. CAPPER, Esq.
GIDEON COLQUHOUN, Jun. Esq.
JOHN EDWARDES LYALL, Esq.
CHARLES E. MANGLES, Esq.
J. BARROW MONTEFIORE, Esq.
JOHN H. RAVENSHAW, Esq.
SIR JAMES STIRLING
WILLIAM WALKER, Esq.

TRUSTEES.

EDWARD BARNARD, Esq.; J. H. CAPPER, Esq.; THOMAS RICHARDSON, Esq.

Auditors, Sir FRANCIS HASTINGS DOYLE, Bart., and C. RICHARDSON, Esq., (72, Cornhill.)
Solicitors, Messrs. SWAIN, STEVENS, and Co.
Bankers, THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Physician, ROBERT DUNDAS THOMSON, Esq., M. D., 20, Gower Street, Bedford Square.
Manager, Major J. A. WILLOWS, E. I. C. Service.
Secretary, EDWARD RYLEY, Esq.

AGENTS.

At Ceylon—Messrs. ACKLAND, BOYD and Co.
At Bombay—Messrs. SKINNER and Co.
At Calcutta—Messrs. BOYD, BERRY and Co.
At Madras—Messrs. LISE and Co.

PHYSICIANS.

At Ceylon—J. C. CAMERON, Esq. M. D.
At Bombay—WM. MACKIE, Esq.
At Calcutta—H. H. SPRY, Esq. M. D.
At Madras—GEORGE HARDING, Esq.

The leading features of this Company are, PARTICIPATION IN PROFITS, and LOWER RATES OF PREMIUM THAN THOSE OF MOST SOCIETIES WHICH DO NOT GIVE PROFITS TO THE ASSURED.

To accomplish the union of these desirable objects, the Directors will invest such portion of the Funds of this Company as they may think fit in deposits or otherwise, in the Joint Stock Banks of the Australasian Colonies, the Incorporated Australasian Bank, and in mortgage.

Mortgages of the first class in Australasia are as secure as those upon English lands, with this great advantage, that the latter have probably attained their maximum of value, and may be much depreciated by alterations in the Corn or other laws, whilst in these Colonies the money so borrowed is usually laid out in extended and improved cultivation, whereby the security is increased year by year; to which may be added, that a public registry of all mortgages affords both facility and security to this mode of employing Capital.

The subscribed Capital of the Company, whilst it affords ample security to the assured, will, by yielding a higher rate of interest than is paid to the shareholders, contribute to the general profits; whereas in the case of some of the English Companies, with Capitals unnecessarily large, the premiums paid by the Assured are materially drawn upon to supply the difference between the interest paid to Shareholders, and interest yielded by investments; thus diminishing instead of increasing, the security of the policy holder

In addition to the advantage of the low rate of premium required by this society, one half of the profits will be divided among the ASSURED and ANNUITANTS; but in the first instance one-fifth of the whole will be retained to form an extra precautionary fund.

Two Directors and one Auditor may be chosen from the ASSURED.

For the Profits to which the ASSURED may become entitled, at each quinquennial rest and division, a separate policy will be issued, which being unincumbered by the payment of premium, will be an absolute reversion, payable at the death of the assured, and increasing without cost, in value every year, and therefore readily available for private sale or deposit; and which the Society will always purchase on equitable terms, or receive in commutation of future premiums on the original policy.

To the purchasers of ANNUITIES this Society holds out advantages never before offered—a much higher rate than can with safety be

granted from English Investments, and participation to the extent of one half in the profits as above stated, including those of life Assurance, for which an equivalent additional annuity will be granted at each quinquennial rest.

Participation in Profits to ANNUITANTS has not been offered, with one recent exception, but to it they are as much entitled, if they have paid a proper price for their Annuity, including a fair allowance for the selection of life, as their converse associates, the contributors of annual payments to secure sums payable at their decease.

Two Directors and one Auditor may be chosen from the ANNUITANTS, thereby giving them cognizance of, and control over, the disposal of the fund.

The benefited members of the Company will consist of the first 1,000 POLICY HOLDERS for the time being, for the whole of life for £500 or upwards, in one or more policies, and of the first 1,000 ANNUITANTS for the time being, who have paid £500 or upwards for their Annuities:—every vacancy in the 1,000 benefited Policy holders to be filled up by the next oldest policy of Assurance, on the plan of the Equitable Society of London; and, in like manner, every vacancy in the 1,000 benefited Annuitants, by the next oldest Deed of Annuity. The ASSURED and ANNUITANTS however, will only succeed to the vacancies in their respective Class.

Such reduction of premium will be made to persons whose lives are assured for residence in India upon their arrival in England or in the Australasian Colonies for the purposes of permanent residence, as shall appear safe and equitable to the Board of Directors; on the appearance of such persons before the Board, or its Agents and Medical advisers.

Premiums on policies WHEREVER EFFECTED, may be paid at any settlement in Australasia where there is a Bank authorized to receive the same, but always at the same Bank, unless permission to change shall have been given.

Policies, whether effected in India, in England, or the Australasian Colonies, may be made payable in either by endorsement, provided the party do not quit the country in which the policy is made payable, without notice to the Directors.

TABLES.

NOTE.—The age of the Individual is always in ASSURANCE cases, taken at his age NEXT birth day, and in ANNUITY cases at his age LAST birth day.

TABLES of PREMIUMS for Assurance of £100: on the lives of Officers on Military and Naval or Civil Service in the East Indies.

	CIVIL.			*NAVAL AND MILITARY.*		
Age.	1 year.	7 years.	Life.	1 year.	7 years	Life.
18	2 7 6	2 9 6	3 10 6	2 12 0	2 14 6	4 10 6
19	2 8 0	2 10 0	3 12 6	2 13 0	2 16 0	4 12 6
20	2 8 6	2 12 0	3 15 0	2 14 0	2 17 6	4 13 0
21	2 9 0	2 14 0	3 16 0	2 15 0	2 19 6	4 13 6
22	2 10 0	2 15 0	3 17 0	2 16 0	3 1 6	4 14 6
23	2 11 0	2 16 0	3 18 0	2 17 0	3 3 6	4 15 6
24	2 12 6	2 17 6	3 19 0	2 18 0	3 5 0	4 16 6
25	2 14 0	2 18 6	4 2 0	2 19 0	3 7 0	4 18 0
26	2 16 0	3 1 0	4 4 0	3 1 6	3 9 6	4 18 6
27	2 18 0	3 4 0	4 6 0	3 4 0	3 12 0	5 0 6
28	3 0 0	3 7 0	4 7 6	3 6 0	3 14 6	5 2 6
29	3 3 0	3 9 0	4 9 0	3 8 0	3 17 0	5 4 6
30	3 5 0	3 10 6	4 9 6	3 10 0	3 19 6	5 5 0
31	3 7 0	3 12 0	4 11 6	3 12 0	4 2 0	5 6 0
32	3 9 0	3 13 6	4 13 6	3 14 0	4 4 0	5 6 0
33	3 10 0	3 14 6	4 15 6	3 16 0	4 6 0	5 8 0
34	3 10 6	3 15 6	4 17 0	3 18 0	4 8 0	5 10 0
35	3 11 6	3 16 6	4 19 0	4 0 0	4 10 0	5 12 0
36	3 12 6	3 17 0	5 0 6	4 2 0	4 12 0	5 14 0
37	3 15 6	3 18 0	5 2 6	4 4 0	4 14 0	5 15 6
38	3 14 0	3 19 0	5 4 6	4 6 0	4 16 0	5 17 6
39	3 14 6	4 0 0	5 9 0	4 8 0	4 18 0	5 19 0
40	3 15 6	4 1 0	5 10 6	4 10 0	5 0 0	6 1 0
41	3 16 6	4 2 0	5 12 6	4 12 0	5 2 0	6 3 0
42	3 17 6	4 3 0	5 16 6	4 14 0	5 4 0	6 5 6
43	3 18 6	4 4 0	5 18 0	4 16 0	5 6 0	6 7 6
44	4 0 6	4 5 6	6 0 0	4 18 0	5 8 0	6 10 0
45	4 2 6	4 7 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 10 0	6 13 6
46	4 4 6	4 10 0	6 8 0	5 2 0	5 12 0	6 17 0
47	4 7 0	4 16 0	6 12 0	5 4 0	5 15 0	6 19 0
48	4 9 6	5 4 0	6 18 0	5 6 0	5 18 0	7 3 0
49	4 12 0	5 12 0	7 1 6	5 8 0	6 1 0	7 7 0
50	4 17 6	6 0 0	7 7 0	5 11 0	6 4 6	7 11 0
51	5 4 0	6 6 0	7 8 0	5 15 0	6 9 0	7 17 0
52	5 12 0	6 12 0	7 13 0	5 19 6	6 15 0	8 3 0
53	6 0 0	6 18 0	7 19 0	6 5 0	7 3 0	8 9 0
54	6 8 0	7 4 0	8 5 0	6 10 0	7 10 0	8 13 6
55	6 15 0	7 12 0	8 11 0	6 16 0	7 16 0	9 0 6
56	7 [illegible]	8 0 0	8 18 0	7 2 0	8 2 0	9 7 0
57	7 9 0	8 8 0	9 3 6	7 9 6	8 8 0	9 15 6
58	7 16 0	8 16 0	9 13 6	7 17 0	8 17 0	10 3 6
59	8 3 0	9 4 0	10 1 0	8 4 0	9 5 0	10 14 0

ANNUITIES (payable half-yearly) granted for every £100 of Purchase Money.

Age.	Males.	Females.	Age.	Males.	Females.	Age.	Males.	Females.
20	6 11 6	6 3 6	40	7 8 3	6 18 2	60	10 16 3	9 9 0
21	6 12 1	6 3 11	41	7 9 11	6 19 3	61	11 2 2	9 14 2
22	6 12 6	6 4 5	42	7 11 9	7 0 6	62	11 8 8	9 19 8
23	6 12 10	6 4 11	43	7 13 10	7 1 10	63	11 16 0	10 5 8
24	6 13 2	6 5 6	44	7 15 10	7 3 3	64	12 3 9	10 12 1
25	6 13 6	6 6 0	45	7 18 1	7 4 9	65	12 12 0	10 19 0
26	6 13 11	6 6 8	46	8 0 9	7 6 4	66	13 1 1	11 6 4
27	6 14 5	6 7 3	47	8 3 6	7 8 2	67	13 10 1	11 14 4
28	6 15 1	6 7 11	48	8 6 7	7 10 1	68	13 19 8	12 2 11
92	6 15 9	6 8 7	49	8 10 0	7 12 1	69	14 9 11	12 12 4
30	6 16 6	6 9 4	50	8 13 6	7 14 4	70	15 0 8	13 2 6
31	6 17 4	6 10 1	51	8 17 4	7 16 9	71	15 12 1	13 13 2
32	6 18 3	6 10 10	52	9 1 0	7 19 5	72	16 4 2	14 4 7
33	6 19 2	6 11 5	53	9 4 11	8 2 4	73		14 16 10
34	7 0 3	6 12 6	54	9 8 10	8 5 5	74		15 9 9
35	7 1 5	6 13 5	55	9 13 0	8 8 9			
36	7 2 7	6 14 3	56	9 17 2	8 12 7			
37	7 3 11	6 15 2	57	10 1 6	8 16 0			
38	7 5 4	6 16 1	58	10 6 9	9 0 1			
39	7 7 9	6 17 1	59	10 11 0	9 4 5			

ACKLAND, BOYD & Co.
Agents at Colombo.

KANDY ROYAL MAIL COACH.

[*Established at the commencement of 1832—by a Joint Stock Company.*]

THE MAIL leaves Colombo daily, at 5 A. M. (Sundays excepted) and arrives at Kandy at ½ past 4 P. M.—Leaves Kandy daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 A. M. and reaches Colombo at 4 P. M.

(Offices in King Street, Colombo, & Post Office, Kandy.)

Clerks, Mr. P. De Silva, *Colombo.*
" " A. C. Savapatley, *Kandy.*

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Major G. T. PARKE, *Chairman & Manager.*

F. SAUNDERS, Esq.
R. H. FITZROY SOMERSET, Esq.
E. R. POWER, Esq.
R. JEFFERY, Esq.
R. CHRISTIAN, Esq.
Lieut. BIRD
D. DAVIDSON, Esq.
S. BUTLER, Esq.
HEW STEUART, Esq.
Mr. H. A. JANSZ
" J. P. EBERT

FARES.

	£	s.	d.
From Colombo to Kandy and vice versâ.....	2	10	0
———————— Maha Haine and intermediate stations	1	5	0
———————— Ootoocankandy.	2	0	0

No seat to be booked without the Fare is paid, half only to be forfeited in case 24 hours notice is given of the seat not being required.

The charge for an Annual seat is £30.

Each passenger allowed 10 lbs. Luggage free, after that weight to be charged as follows, viz:

1 lb. to 20 lbs. 3 pence per lb.
20 lbs. to 60 lbs. 6 pence per lb.

No passenger to carry more than 60 lbs. exclusive of the 10 lbs. allowed.

Any person wishing to convey more weight than is above provided for, may take a seat for which 150 lbs. equal to 600 in Silver may be carried instead of a passenger.

An annual contract may be made to convey specie to Kandy once in a month at the rate of £22 10, the party making the contract certifying that he will not send any but his own money under such contract—weight allowed each trip 150 lbs.

The Mail Coach Company do not hold themselves responsible for money sent by the Coach under any circumstances.

PARCELS.

Not exceeding 1lb.....	0	0	6*d.*
Ditto from 1 to 4lbs.....	0	1	0

All parcels exceeding the above but not 20lbs. weight will be charged for at the rate of 3 pence per lb.

Parcels exceeding 20lbs. or of too large a size to fit into the boot, will be sent by coolies, or by the Coach on days when there are no passengers.

Parcels sent to Kandy will be forwarded from the Coach Office there to all the Kandyan Outstations by coolies.—Half the coolie hire is to be paid at the office at which the parcels are booked, the other half on delivery.

KANDY COMMERCIAL COACH.

[*ESTABLISHED 31ST JULY* 1843.]

The Coach leaves Colombo regularly every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday morning at gun-fire, and arrives at Kandy between 4 and 5 in the evening—Leaves Kandy every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday morning at the same hour, and reaches Colombo about 4 P. M.

(Offices in Baillie Street Colombo, and Mr. Wolff's Shop, Main Street Kandy.)

PROPRIETORS.

Mr. J. C. OORLOFF 2, Mr. J. P. WOLFF 2, Mr. J. DE FRANSZ 2, Mr. JAMSETJEE JAMASJEE 1, Mr. C. F. FERNANDO 1, Mr. BYRAMJEE SAPOORJEE 1, Miss M. C. OORLOFF 1, Miss P. WOLFF 1.

FARES.	£	s.	d.
From Colombo to Kandy & vice versâ, each place	2	10	0
——————— Ambepusse	1	5	0
——————— Uttuwankandy	2	0	0
Intermediate Stations (when no passengers direct) per mile	0	0	9

PARCELS.

Not exceeding 1 lb. in weight	0	0	6
From 1 lb. and under 4 lb. „	0	1	0
„ 4 „ „ 8 lb. „	0	2	0

„ 8 „ „ 20 lb. „ at 3*d* per lb.—All parcels exceeding 28 lb. in weight will not be sent on full Coach days, and any parcel, although light but of too great a size to fit into the boot, will be sent either by Coolies or by the Coach when not full (with Passengers.)

Clerks.—Mr. J. H. PERERA, *Colombo;* Mr. H. DEMELSZ, *Kandy.*

Office hours from 6 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Mr. J. C. OORLOFF,—*Manager.*

GALLE MAIL COACH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1828.

The following Fares will be charged to Passengers travelling in the Coach between Colombo and Galle.

PASSENGERS.	*For English Gentlemen and Proctors.*			*For persons above the rank of a Clerk, Modrs. & their descendants.*			*For Clerks and Natives &c.*		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
From Colombo									
To Mount Lavinia.....	0	5	0	0	3	0	0	2	6
— Morotto	0	7	0	0	4	0	0	3	6
— Pantura	0	11	0	0	6	0	0	5	6
— Caltura	0	19	6	0	10	6	0	7	6
— Bentotte	1	6	6	0	15	0	0	10	0
— Cosgodde	1	10	6	0	18	0	0	12	6
— Balepittymodere.....	1	15	0	1	0	0	0	14	6
— Hicadde	2	5	0	1	3	6	0	17	0
— Galle	2	10	0	1	10	0	1	0	0
Intermediate stages for every mile	0	0	9	0	0	7½	0	0	6

Passengers travelling in the Coach will only be allowed to take 10lbs. weight of luggage free; any above that weight will be charged at the rate of 1½*d.* per lb.

PARCELS.

Parcels not exceeding 1lb. £0 0 6
Parcels from 1 to 8lbs..... 0 1 0

All parcels exceeding the above weight will be charged at the rate of 1½d. per lb.

Parcels exceeding 24lbs. or of too large a size to fit into the boot, will be sent by coolies, or by the Coach on days when there are no passengers.

Parcels being large in size, though light in weight, to be charged in proportion to their size; the price will be mentioned by the Clerk at the Office where they are booked.

The fare of all parcels sent to this office to be forwarded to Galle to the address of gentlemen at outstations, must be paid previously to their being booked.

The establishment is not answerable for any parcel or luggage containing Jewels or plate, or of any parcels above the value of three Pounds Sterling, unless registered and paid for as such.

The Coach leaves Colombo for Galle every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning between the hours of 3 & 4 o'clock A. M., and returns every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday leaving Galle at the same hour.

No parcels will be allowed to be removed from the office until the Fares are paid for.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 11 A. M. and from 3 P. M. to 6 P. M.—No parcels to be booked or delivered except during office hours.

When passengers book their names either at Colombo or Galle, the full fare must be paid at the time. Any passenger being unable by business &c., to take his seat on the date booked for, must give 24 hours notice to the Clerk, and in failure of doing so, will forfeit half of his fare paid.

Gentlemen desirous of securing seats for any of the intermediate stations must pay the full fare, but on days when three are vacant seats they can get them at the fixed rates.

H. D. KOELMAN, *Proprietor.*

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

THE ORPHAN ASYLUM.

Under the Superintendence of The Revd. B. BAILEY, A. M.—*Senior Colonial Chaplain.*

Matron, ... Mrs. M. Craig | *Writing Master*, Mr. D. Van
Asst. Mistress. . „ A. Butler | Hoff.

PAUPER AND LEPER HOSPITALS.

Under the Superintendence of the Principal Civil Medical Officer

PAUPER HOSPITAL.	LEPER HOSPITAL.
Medical Attendant, Mr. J. Coopman	*Medical Attendant*, Mr. H. Rose

COLOMBO FRIEND IN NEED SOCIETY.

PATRON:

HIS EXCELLENCY

LIEUT. GENERAL SIR COLIN CAMPBELL, K. C. B.

GOVERNOR OF CEYLON.

OFFICERS:

The Rev. B. BAILEY, *Senior Colonial Chaplain—President.*

J. B. BAILEY Esq.—*Treasurer.*

The Rev. J. P. HORSFORD—*Secretary.*

Mr. J. SCHROTER—*Assistant Secretary.*

COMMITTEE:

Not Visitors:—

Lieut. Colonel SLADE,
Major PARKE,
F. SAUNDERS, Esq.
W. C. GIBSON, Esq.
G. LEE, Esq.
J. DALZIEL, Esq.
J. E. DARLEY, Esq.
J. ARMITAGE, Esq.
Rev. J. G. MACVICAR,
Rev. J. D. PALM,
Rev. Mr. GOGERLY,
Rev. Mr. BOAKE.

Visitors:—

Mr. G. H. ANTHONISZ,
„ J. HESSE,
„ J. L. SIEBEL,
Mr. J. SCHROTER,
„ H. EBERT,
Rev. Mr. KESSEN,
Mr. CRAIG,
„ CHRISTOFFELSZ,
Rev. J. ANTHONISZ,
Mr. J. SWAN,
„ J. APPLETON,
„ JAMES SWAN,
„ SANSONI
„ C. LOOS,
„ H. SCHOKMAN,
„ C. KEITH,
„ T. SMITH,
„ SPROUL,
„ J. N. KEITH,
„ J. E. VANDERSTRAATEN,
„ ANDERSON,
„ C. CHRISTOFFELSZ,

THE FRIEND-IN-NEED SOCIETY is supported by voluntary contributions. Its object is to relieve the really necessitous, and, as far as possible, to suppress mendicity in the Settlement; and the means employed for the attainment of these objects are the personal investigation of the cases referred to the Society for relief; the detection and exposure of the pretences of unworthy objects; the relief of the really necessitous, either temporarily or permanently, as the cases require, and the funds of the Society admit; or by obtaining for them relief from other sources, or the means of employment, if capable of working.

The Committee meet for the despatch of business, on the last Friday of every month, at seven o'clock P. M., in the Wolvendahl Church.

GALLE FRIEND IN NEED SOCIETY.

PATRON:

HIS EXCELLENCY

LIEUTENANT GENERAL SIR COLIN CAMPBELL, K. C. B.

GOVERNOR OF CEYLON.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

OFFICERS:

ALGERNON STEWART, Esq., District Judge———*President.*
G. H. CRIPPS, Esq., Agent of Government ———*Treasurer.*
The Rev. W. BRIDGNELL, Wesleyan Missionary——*Secretary*

VISITORS:

P. C. ROSEMALE-OCQ, Esq.
W. AUSTIN, Esq.
Mr. G. H. ANTHONISZ
„ H. M. ANTHONISZ
Mr. W. GIBSON
„ J. EATON
„ A. ANTHONISZ, *Asst. Secy.*
„ A. DE SILVA

NOT VISITORS.

The Rev. Dr. GARSTIN	Lieutenant SKINNER
Major REYNE	J. SONNENCALL, Esq.
T. H. TWYNAM, Esq.	J. D. ROBERTSON, Esq.
Dr. ROBERTSON	J. J. VANDERSPAAR, Esq.
G. M. PARSONS, Esq.	

The Galle Friend in Need Society is supported by voluntary subscriptions and donations, and an annual grant of £50 from Government. The annual expenditure of the Society, as stated in its last published report, was £128 5 1½. In the distribution of this amount, relief was afforded to one hundred and six weekly and monthly pensioners, and to many others, travellers in distress, and sick persons admitted into the Society's Hospital for Paupers.

The Committee of management meet on the first Saturday in each month at noon, in the Galle Reading Room.

TRINCOMALE FRIEND IN NEED SOCIETY.

OFFICERS:

C. P. LAYARD, Esq. ——*President.*
Lieut. R. WATSON C. R. R.—*Treasurer.*
Mr. J. B. RAUX ——*Secretary.*
„ H. E. WILLIAMS——*Asst. do.*

COMMITTEE AND VISITORS.

H. WARRINGTON, Esq., R. N.	Major WALTER, 95th Regt.
T. CRAVEN, Esq., R. N.	Captain ALCOCK, do.
F. GRAY, Esq.	Mr. J. A. ROELOFSZ
Mr. F. DORNHORST	„ W. CRABB
„ W. F. REDLICK	„ J. CRABB
„ J. A. GIBSON	„ A. R. SPAAR
„ R. B. HOLGATE	Chief Modliar of Trincomalie
„ J. G. BUTTERY	JOSEPH MENDIS, Modliar

VISITORS OF FORT FREDERICK.

THE COMMANDANT AND THE MILITARY CHAPLAIN OF TRINCOMALE

SUB COMMITTEE SUPERINTENDING THE PAUPER HOSPITAL.

Major WALTER	Captain ALCOCK
F. GRAY, Esq.	Mr. A. R. SPAAR

This Society is supported by voluntary monthly contributions and occasional donations. Its object is to relieve by pensions or otherwise cases of such of the applicants for relief as upon the personal investigation of Visitors, are considered to be really necessitous. By these means not only has mendicity been greatly suppressed in the Town of Trincomale, but the pretences of unworthy objects have been, from time to time, detected and discouraged.

Since the institution of the Society 128 cases have shared its bounty, the monthly average No. of paupers on the receipt of fixed pensions and donations was 48¼. The maximum at any one month was 63 and the minimum 23 (on the first month after the institution.)

Several sick paupers have been admitted and treated in the Society's Hospital, to which a medical attendent is attached, and towards which Government has allowed a supply of medicine. The patients are provided with every desirable comfort, and separate wards are alloted for the accommodation of paupers of different sexes according to the nature of the disease.

A special Sub-Committee were appointed at the last Annual Meeting for the purpose of superintending the working of the Hospital.

The Committee meet for the despatch of business at the "Trincomalie Reading Room" on the first Monday of every month, at ½ past 6 o'clock P. M.

JAFFNA FRIEND IN NEED SOCIETY.

OFFICERS:

Major COCKRANE——*President.*
Rev. P. PERCIVAL——*Secretary.*
E. H. SMEDLEY, Esq.—— *Treasurer.*

COMMITTEE:

J. GRANT, Esq., M. D.
Mr. P. TOUSSAINT
„ F. C. GRENIER
„ J. E. GRATIAEN
„ F. TOUSSAINT
„ B. TOUSSAINT
„ G. TOUSSAINT
„ J. MARGENOUT
Mr. G. MEYER
„ J. T. ANDERSON
„ C. R. MOTTOOKISTNA
SAVERIMOTTOO Modliar
ASERVADA Modliar
NICHOLAS Modliar
A. MUTUVELUE Esq.

The above Society was instituted in March 1841; and is supported by voluntary subscription.

Its design is to suppress mendicity as far as possible in Jaffna and its immediate suburbs, by relieving either by donations or monthly pensions cases of real distress, which cases are to be personally investigated and reported upon by visiting members of the committee, who meet once in a month at the Queen's House for the despatch of business. The Society has about sixty persons on its list; but its funds it is to be regretted have of late fallen off considerably.

KANDY FRIEND IN NEED SOCIETY.

PATRON:

His Excellency

Lieutenant General Sir COLIN CAMPBELL, K. C. B.

Governor of Ceylon.

PRESIDENT:

VICE PRESIDENT.

Colonel Campbell, K. H., Commandant.

COMMITTEE:

Captain W. Layard	Rev. W. Oakley
C. Webster, Esq.	Rev. C. Greenwood
S. Butler, Esq.	C. U. Stuart, Esq.
Lieut. Maberly	Dr. Swettenham
Mr. D. C. Jayatileke	Mr. J. A. Casie Chitty

Secretary & Treasurer.

Lieutenant H. Bird.

VISITORS.

District No. 1	Rev. W. Oakley. .	Katukalle, the suburbs of Kandy & the Pauper Hospital.
do. No. 2	Rev. C. Greenwood	Castle Hill Street, Brownrigg Street & Trincomalie Street.
do. No. 3	Mr. D. C. Jayatileke	Colombo Street and King Street.
do. No. 4	Mr. J. A. Casie Chitty	Hill Street, Cross Street and Malabar Street.

This Society is supported by monthly subscriptions and donations. All deserving objects, in Kandy and its vicinity are relieved by the Visitors. Medical relief and food are afforded gratuitously in a Hospital connected with the Society, into which sick labourers from Estates are also admitted.

The receipts of the Society during the year 1842 was £207·7 and the expenditure £205 13 4. Increased subscriptions are greatly required on account of the increasing malabar population and the consequent increase in the number of sick.

The Committee meet for the despatch of business at the Kandy Library once a month.

CENTRAL SCHOOL COMMISSION.

Extract from a Minute dated 19th May 1834.

IT will be the duty of the principal Commission at Colombo to superintend the School Establishments generally throughout the Island, and to submit to the Government the measures they consider it expedient to adopt for the establishment of efficient Schools and for the extension of Education.

The Committees at outstations will inspect the Schools in the several divisions and report to the Central Commission upon their efficiency and management.

To the Commission will be entrusted also the duty of fixing the proportion in which the funds, which Government may be enabled to appropriate for purposes of education, should be distributed in the several Provinces.

The Schoolmasters will be appointed on the recommendation of the Commission, and will in all cases be required to possess a competent knowledge of English.

MINUTE

BY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR.

UNDER instructions from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Governor is pleased to declare that the School Commission constituted by the Minute of the 19th May 1834 is dissolved, and a new Commission substituted under the following Regulations:

The new Commission shall be denominated "The Central School Commission for the instruction of the population of Ceylon," and shall consist of, not exceeding, nine Members, three of whom when practicable shall be, a Clergyman of the Church of England, a Presbyterian Minister and a Roman Catholic Priest or Layman; to this Commission will be attached a paid Officer who shall act as Secretary to the Commission and Inspector of Schools under their orders.

A diary shall be kept of the proceedings of the Commission which shall be submitted to the Governor monthly for his information.

A half yearly report shall be printed and published in the months of January and July of each year, and laid on the table of the Legislative Council at the first meeting of that body after the report becoming due, and shall be brought under their consideration before the annual grant for the support of Schools is voted.

In execution of the above instructions, the Governor has the sanction of the Secretary of State to declare that the Commission shall be composed as follows:

1. The Hon'ble P. ANSTRUTHER, Esq., to be President of the Commission.
2. A Colonial Chaplain.
3. The Revd. Mr. MACVICAR.
4. A Roman Catholic Member.
5. P. E. WODEHOUSE, Esq., Government Agent for the Western Province.
6. A Non-official Member of the Legislative Council.
7. A Member of one of the Missions in Ceylon.

Two additional members may be nominated by the Governor and submitted to the other Members for their approval. If by a majority they reject the members named by the Governor, they must lay before him for the appointment the names of two other members who shall have been selected by not less than 5-7ths of the members.

C. LEE, Esq., to be Secretary and Inspector of Schools, on a salary of £200 per annum and his travelling expenses.

The Secretary to the School Commission hereby dissolved will be released to hand over all the documents in his charge to Mr. LEE, and the Central Commission will enter upon its duties forthwith.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 27th March 1841.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

MINUTE

BY THE GOVERNOR.

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The tain Central Commission of Education having now been established under direction of the Right Hon'ble The Secretary of State, of the Governor proceeds to offer some observations for their guidan porti

The mediommission has been generally composed of Gentlemen selecte T not with reference to their official position, but to their dispos corn on to exert themselves in promoting the highly important objec of enfided to them.

T gestGovernment Agent for the Western Province is a Member, beca the through his Agency it is desired that their pecuniary trans t Tons should be conducted.

It cert be necessary to constitute Sub-Committees at outstations on t ron same principles. The Government Agent in each Province will conduct the pecuniary transactions of the Commission there if he should therefore be a Member of the Sub-Committee; the other Members are to be selected by the Central Commission on the same principles upon which they have themselves been appointed.

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Members have been selected for the Central Commiss[ion] the Clergy and some of the Missions in Ceylon, in addit[ion] the lay Members—The Committee will understand that it is [their] duty, by every means in their power, to promote the educat[ion] in the English language of their fellow-subjects of all religi[ous] opinions in the Colony. They will therefore be particularly ca[re]ful to introduce into their Schools no books or system of [in]struction which might have the effect of excluding Scholars any religious belief whatever.

Whatever may have been the defects of the late Commissio[n] will be found that in their Schools the Scriptures are read w[ith]out objection by all; it will be the especial care of the Cer[tain] Commission to exercise such caution as to raise no religi[ous] scruples on the part of any.

But tho' the general education of the whole population [is] the duty of the Commission—it will also be a most impo[rtant] portion of their duty to promote the religious education of [those] of the community as belong to the Christian faith, and the [Schools] under their management will therefore be equally applica[ble] this purpose. It is highly desirable that Sunday Schools should be established, and perhaps that an hour daily should be set a[part] for religious instruction, and such instruction may be conduc[ted] by the Schoolmasters of the Establishment, provided it is m[ade] clearly and distinctly made known that it is not obligat[ory] upon those Scholars (who bring forward conscientious objection[s] to attend the Sunday Schools, or at the hour set apart for religious instruction, which should be arranged so as not to interfere with secular Education. The Commission would [do] well to consider whether an attempt might not be made to establish Infant Schools.

Subject to these observations the Commission will have the administration of the funds voted by the Legislature for purposes of Education; the appointment of all Schoolmasters and the fixing of their Salaries—the purchase of school-books and furniture &c. will be vested in them, but they are not to incur any charge for erecting or repairing buildings without the sanction of Government. Besides the establishment of Government Schools, the Commission will be at liberty to grant sums in aid of any Private Schools which they may consider deserving of encouragement, but always on condition that they shall have full right of inspection and examination without interfering in any way in the management.

Referring to the circular letter of the 1st March, a copy of which is annexed, the Commission should endeavour, as far as possible, to maintain a friendly communication with Educational Institutions throughout the Colony, and obtain permission to inspect their Schools, as well as any Private Schools

hich may be established from time to time, in the manner erein proposed, but without exercising the smallest right of interference.

For the execution of this duty the Secretary of the School ommission has also been appointed Inspector of Schools. and he Commissioners will be good enough to frame rules for his uidance in the execution of his duty.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, *Colombo, 26th May* 1841.

P. ANSTRUTHER, *Col. Secretary.*

Circular.

Colonial Secretary's Office, *Colombo, 1st March* 1838.

GENTLEMEN,

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR having it in contemplation to remodel the Education Commission established some time ago in Ceylon, and being desirous that it should be the medium of obtaining more extensive information as to the progress of Education in this Island, as well as to secure for it the advice which the experience of the Members of the different Educational Societies enables them to afford, directs me to address you on the subject.

One of the objects His Excellency would have in view, independent altogether of the spread and diffusion of instruction generally throughout the population, would be to constantly obtain from the different Members of the several Educational Institutions in the Island correct information as to the exact state of instruction and the extent of their efforts in instructing that portion of the Inhabitants, with whom they are each more immediately conversant and connected.

To invite the heads of the Educational Institutions to become corresponding Members of the School Commission, with the view of enabling the Commission to obtain the assistance and suggestions of the Members of these Institutions as to furthering the general object of Education.

To fix an annual examination at which the Archdeacon and certain of those who constitute the Education Commission, in conjunction with the persons belonging to the other Educational Institutions above alluded to, should ascertain the relative qualifications of the Scholars from the several places of instruction, who had attained such a proficiency, and were of such age, as would fit them either to be sent to Bishop's College, Calcutta (and to the number of three, His Excellency would be desirous to send thither annually) or to commence attendance at a Normal Institution, to be established at Colombo as shall be here-

after arranged for the purpose of instructing Teachers, having in view, in the case of those who go to Calcutta, that eventually some of them might enter the Ministry and become Colonial Chaplains, and in the other case, that after a period, not exceeding eighteen months, of instruction at the Normal Institution, such as have attended so long, should be sent as Schoolmasters to the different outstations in the Island, according to the selection made, and to the order fixed upon by the Examiners at the annual examination.

With a view to the efficiency of these arrangements, in addition to the Secretary to the Education Commission, through whom its correspondence is conducted, it is proposed that a Visitor should be appointed, whose special business and duty will be, to visit every School and Station of whatever character, where youths are instructed, and regularly to report to the Secretary of the Commission, the state of such School, by whatever funds or from whatever society supported.

His Excellency requests therefore that he may be informed by you in reference to the object above explained, whether you consider that the Rules and Regulations of the Society which sent you to this Island would allow of your giving the assistance above prescribed, and whether your other avocations would admit of your doing so. The Governor would wish you, not to consider this enquiry as confined to yourself only, who are the head of but also to extend to the several Members, your coadjutors in the work of Education, who have been sent out by your Society to Ceylon.

His Excellency would further be glad to know, if the Rules and Regulations of your Society would admit of the above proposed periodical inspections of your Schools, it being distinctly understood that no interference or controul whatever is contemplated on the part of Government, either through the medium of the Visitor, or in any other way—the object being simply to place Government and the Public in possession of complete information, as to the progress of Education generally in the Island.

When you reply to these several enquiries, His Excellency would be glad to receive at the same time an Abstract from you, of the Names and Stations of your Teachers, of the number of Scholars at each station, and the nature of the education afforded, the amount of Expenditure from the Funds of the Society of in each year, and the date of your Society's labour in this Colony.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your most obedient Servant,

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

RESOLUTIONS PASSED BY THE CENTRAL SCHOOL COMMISSION, AT A MEETING HELD ON THE 1ST SEPTEMBER 1843.

1st. That when any Minister or Missionary is desirous of establishing, in his vicinity, a School or Schools for the education of boys or girls through the medium of the English language, and submits an application to the Central School Commission for that purpose, if upon examination such School or Schools shall appear to be desirable, they may be established according to the following Rules:

1. Each School shall contain at least 30 pupils.

2. The Minister upon whose request the School is established shall be the sole Superintendent.

3. The Teachers for such Schools shall be appointed and dismissed by the Superintendent, with the concurrence of the Central School Commission.

4. The salaries of the Teachers shall be regulated by the Central School Commission, as in the other Schools under their direction, and may be increased, if requisite, upon the recommendation of the Superintendent and the Inspector of Schools, or upon the joint recommendation of the Superintendent and the Sub-Committee of Education of the Province where the School is situated.

5. The usual returns shall be made to the Central School Commission through the Sub-Committee of the Province.

6. The Sub-Committee shall inspect and examine the School with respect to both secular and religious instruction: and receive the Reports from the Superintendents, and forward them to the Central School Commission with such remarks as they may deem necessary.

7. If the Sub-Committee perceive anything they regard as objectionable in the management of the School, they shall intimate the same to the Superintendent, and if he will not adopt their views, the matter shall be submitted by them to the Central School Commission.

8. If the School do not continue to give satisfaction to the Central School Commission the allowance for its support may be withdrawn, but the School shall not be removed from the care of the Minister superintending it, or placed under another Superintendent, without the consent of the Minister holding that appointment.

9. The Superintendent shall always be requested to be a member of the Sub-Committee of the province where the School is situated.

RESOLUTION PASSED AT A GENERAL MEETING OF THE CENTRAL SCHOOL COMMISSION HELD ON THE 1ST SEPTEMBER 1843,

RESOLVED—That there be supplied to every elementary School, when necessary, the means of giving instruction in the native language, so as to afford the requisite preparation for English education.

CENTRAL SCHOOL COMMISSION.

APPOINTED MARCH 27, 1841.

President.

1. The Hon'ble P. ANSTRUTHER, Esq.—*Colonial Secretary.*

Members.

2. The Revd. J. P. HORSFORD,—*Colonial Chaplain.*
3. The Revd. J. G. MACVICAR—*Presbyterian Minister.*
4. Rt. Revd. C. ANTONIO.—*Roman Catholic Bishop.*
5. P. E. WODEHOUSE, Esq.—*Government Agent for the Western Province.*
6. JOHN ARMITAGE, Esq.—*Un-official Member of the Legislative Council*
7. The Revd. JOSEPH BAILEY—*Church Missionary.*

Additional Members.

8. The Hon'ble Sir A. OLIPHANT—*Kt. Chief Justice.*
9. The Revd. D. J. GOGERLY—*Wesleyan Missionary.*

GEORGE LEE, Esq.—*Secretary.*
Clerk, Mr. George Ebert.

Inspector of Schools throughout the Island, GEORGE LEE, Esq.

GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS.

Schools.	No. of Scholars.	Masters.	Salaries. £.	s.	d.	Remarks.
WESTERN PROVINCE.						
The Colombo Academy....	46	*Principal*, Rev. B. Boake	500	„	„	*The pupils of the Academy pay 6s. monthly, those of the Model School 3s. and the total of these payments is placed at the disposal of the Central Commission to lessen the expense of education generally. The average amount of fees at present is £30 monthly.*
The Model School of do...	161	*Asst. Master* Mr. W. B. Sproule..	120	„	„	
		Chief Asst. Model School, Mr. T. J. Smith.....	100	„	„	
		Assistant Mr. A. de Saram	60	„	„	
		do. A. Goonewardene Mohn.	60	„	„	
		do. Mr. L. Goonewardene	33	„	„	
The Colombo Central School	51	*Head Master*, W. Knighton, Esq. .	200	„	„	
Normal Class attached to do.	12	.....	.....			*These Students receive subsistence-money from Government at the rate of £10 each yearly.*
The Colombo Female Seminary.....	55	*Head Mistress*, Miss R. Douglas ..	120	„	„	*The Scholars pay a fee of 1s. 6d. each monthly.*
		Assistant Miss S. Wootler	30	„	„	
St. Paul's Boys' School	51	*Master*, Mr. H. Chinner	60	„	„	*The Scholars pay a fee of 3d. each monthly, and have stationery supplied them gratis.*
		Asst. Teacher, „ J. A. Hesse	36	„	„	
St. Paul's Girls'..do.....	45	*Master*, Mr. J. De Silva.....	48	„	„	*The Scholars pay a fee varying from 6d. to 1s. 6d. each monthly, &c.*
		Mistress, Mrs. A. H. W. Vandendriesen	36	„	„	

Schools.	No. of Scholars.	Masters.	Salaries. £	s.	d.	Remarks.
Dutch Consistorial Boys' School	157	*Master*, Mr. J. Van Twest	100	„	„	*The Scholars pay a fee varying from 1s. to 3s. each monthly &c.*
		Asst. Teacher Mr. W. F. Van Cuylenburg	36	„	„	
do. Girls' do.	70	*Head Mistress*, Miss Wells	120	„	„	*The Scholars pay a fee of* 1s. 6d. *each monthly.*
		Assistant Miss S. Smith	36	„	„	
St. Peter's School	101	*Master*, Mr. D. Anderson	60	„	„	*The Scholars pay a fee of* 3d. *each monthly, and have stationery supplied them gratis.*
		Asst. „ J. De Silva	24	„	„	
St. Thomas's Boys' do.	109	*Master*, „ J. W. Spaar	60	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
		Asst. T. Ondaatje	36	„	„	
		do. M. Ondaatje	30	„	„	
do. Girls' do.	25	*Master*, S. David	36	„	„	
		Mistress, De Costa Werappa,	9	„	„	
Grand Pass do.	100	*Master*, Mr. C. Loos	60	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
		Asst. „ S. Perera	24	„	„	
Mattacooly do.	47	*Master*, „ C. D. Anthonisz	36	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
do. Girls' do.	23	*Mistress*, Mrs. Anthonisz	12	„	„	
Marandahn Female do.	25	*Mistress*, Gangedewilde Mary Ann	12	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Galkisse Boys' do.	40	*Master*, Mr. C. M. Bastiaensz	48	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
		Assistant, Cornelis Pieris	10	16	„	
do. Girls' do.	35	*Mistress*, Miss E. Bastiaensz	12	„	„	
Morottoe Boys' do.	50	*Master*, Mr. J. G. Andriezen	48	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
		Assistant, Joseph Fernando	10	16	„	
do. Girls' do.	27	*Mistress*, Mrs. S. L. Andriezen	12	„	„	

Schools.	No. of Scholars.	Masters.	Salaries. £.	s.	d.	Remarks.
Pantura Boys' School.....	52	*Master*, Mr. C. Alwis Mohandiram	48	„	„	*The Scholars pay a fee of 3d. each monthly, and have stationery supplied them gratis.*
		Assistant, „ C. F. Pieris	10	16	„	
do. Girls'..... do. ..	22	*Mistress*, Mrs. J. H. Alvis.....	12	„	„	
Mollegodde..... do. ..	30	*Master*, Mr. A. Parys	36	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Caltura Boys' School.....	63	*Master*, Mr. Thos. Rae,.....	60	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
		Asst. „ J. C. Wijesinhe	24	„	„	
do. Girls' .... do. ..	45	*Mistress*, Mrs. M. C. Blaze	30	„	„	
Payagalle..... do. ..	31	*Master*, Mr. J. H. Blaze.....	36	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Barberyn ..... do. ..	41	*do.* „ J. Avery	36	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Nagoda..... do. ..	29	*do.* „ C. W. Vanderwall,...	48	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Negombo Boys'...School..	71	*do.* „ M. Perera,.....	60	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
		Asst. Mr. R. Vandort	36	„	„	
do. Girls'... do. ..	27	*Mistress*, Miss A. M. Perera	24	„	„	
Chilaw ..... do. ..			„	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Putlam..... do. ..			„	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Calpentyn ..... do. ..	22	*Master*, Mr. J. Vinton	36	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Kornegalle..... do. ..	33	*do.* „ J. Jobsz	48	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
SOUTHERN PROVINCE.						
Galle Central School....	45	*Head Master*, J. Miller, Esq.....	200	„	„	*There are 4 Normal Students receiving an allowance of £10 each yearly.*
Elementary..... do. ..	39	*Assistant*, Mr. B. Runesingha	27	„	„	
Galle Boys' School	78	*Master*, „ J. Barton	48	„	„	
		Assistant, „ W. C. Buultjens....	36	„	„	*The Scholars pay a fee of 3d. each.*
Ratnapoora..... do. ..	19	*Master*, Don H. F. Obeyesekere...	36	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*

Schools.	No. of Scholars.	Masters.	Salaries. £.	s.	d.	Remarks.
Bentotte School.....	22	*Master*, Mr. J. E. Jansz	48	„	„	*The Scholars pay a fee of 3d. monthly and have stationery supplied them gratis.*
Ballepitty-modere do. ..	21	*do.* „ J. McKauley.....	48	„	„	*ditto.....ditto.*
Hickodde..... do. ..		*do.* „ A. de Silva.....	36	„	„	*ditto.....ditto.*
Matura..... do. ..		*do.* „ J. R. Blake.....	100	„	„	
Tangalle ..... do. ..		*do.* „	36	„	„	
NORTHERN PROVINCE.						
Soondicooly..... do. ..	27	*Master*, Mr. M. G. Poovirayasingen	30	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
		Asst. „ M. Coviuden.....	12	„	„	
Vannarponne .... do. ..	39	*Master*, „ S. Merwyn.....	36	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
		Asst. „ E. Beckersteth	18	„	„	
Manar..... do. ..	23	*Master*, „ J. Codman	48	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
		Asst. „ Ladd.....	30	„	„	
Karadivo ..... do. ..	25	*Master*, „ G. Davidson	18	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
EASTERN PROVINCE.						
Trincomalee Boys' School.	48	*Master*, Mr. J. Williams	48	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
		Asst. „ Kerby.....	12	„	„	
do. Girls'. do. ..	32	*Mistress*, Mrs. M. Williams.....	36	„	„	
Batticaloa ..... do. ..	24	*Master*, Mr. F. S. Peterson	12	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Amordegally ..... do. ..	26	*do.* „ E. Stephen.....	12	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
CENTRAL PROVINCE.						
Kandy .....School..	54	*Master*, Mr. J. B. G. Ehrhardt....	48	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Matelle..... do. ..	18	*do.* „ J. Mills.....	36	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*
Badulla..... do. ..	36	*do.* „ F. B. Nicholas	48	„	„	*ditto .. ditto*

RETURN OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF SCHOOLS IN THE ISLAND, FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST AUGUST, 1843.

PROVINCES.	STATIONS.	No. of Government Schools.	No. of Regimental Schools.	No. of Missionary Schools.				No. of Private Schools.	TOTAL.
				Church Mission.	Wesleyan Mission.	Baptist Mission.	American Mission.		
WESTERN..	Colombo....	19	7	32	10	27	0	6	149
	Pantura.....	3	0	0	0	0	0		
	Caltura.....	3	0	0	16	0	0		
	Barberyn....	1	0	0	0	0	0		
	Jayelle.....	1	0	0	0	0	0		
	Negombo ...	2	0	0	19	0	0		
	Chilaw.....	1	0	0	0	0	0		
	Calpentyn...	1	0	0	0	0	0		
	Kurnegalle ..	1	0	0	0	0	0		
SOUTHERN.	Galle	2	0	12	0	0	0	1	53
	Do and Amblangodde.	0	0	0	17	0	0		
	Ballepittymodera	1	0	0	0	0	0		
	Bencotte ...	1	0	0	0	0	0		
	Matura	1	0	0	12	5	0		
	Ratnapoora..	1	0	0	0	0	0		
EASTERN..	Trincomale..	2	1	0	3	0	0	39	59
	Batticaloa...	2	0	0	12	0	0		
NORTHERN.	Jaffna	3	0	29	9	0	86	120	254
	Point Pedro..	0	0	0	5	0	0		
	Manar	2	0	0	0	0	0		
CENTRAL..	Kandy	1	4	9	0	3	0	229	251
	Matele	1	0	0	0	2	0		
	Gampola....	0	0	0	0	1	0		
	Badulla.....	1	0	0	0	0	0		
	Total..	50	12	82	103	38	86	395	766

MISSIONS IN THE ISLAND.

PARENT SOCIETY

FOR THE

PROPOGATION OF THE GOSPEL IN FOREIGN PARTS,

INCORPORATED BY THE ROYAL CHARTER A. D. 1701.

PRESIDENT:

THE MOST REVEREND WILLIAM, LORD ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

THE MOST REVEREND EDWARD, LORD ARCHBISHOP OF YORK, AND THE RIGHT REVEREND THE BISHOPS OF THE UNITED CHURCH OF ENGLAND AND IRELAND.

The business of the Society is conducted by the Incorporated Members, who are chosen by ballot, and the following ex-officio Members nominated in the Charter.

THE LORD ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY,
THE LORD ARCHBISHOP OF YORK,
THE LORD BISHOP OF ELY,
THE LORD BISHOP OF LONDON,
THE LORD ALMONER,
THE DEAN OF WESTMINSTER,
THE DEAN OF ST. PAUL'S,
THE ARCHDEACON OF LONDON,
THE REGIUS PROFESSOR OF DIVINITY IN OXFORD,
THE REGIUS PROFESSOR OF DIVINITY IN CAMBRIDGE,
THE MARGARET PROFESSOR OF DIVINITY IN OXFORD,
THE MARGARET PROFESSOR OF DIVINITY IN CAMBRIDGE.

SECRETARY.

THE REV. ERNEST HAWKINS.

TREASURER.

JAMES HEYLAND MARKLANK, Esq., F. R. S. F. S. A.,

79 Pall-Mall, London.

The Society for the Propogation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts was incorporated by Royal Charter, in the reign of KING WILLIAM III., A. D. 1701, for receiving, managing and disposing of such funds as might be contributed for the religious instruction of His Majesty's Christian Subjects beyond the seas, for maintaining Clergymen in the British Colonies, Plantations and Factories, and for the general propogation of the Gospel. It has been engaged in its appointed sphere of duty for upwards of 141 years; and during a whole century, it was the only Missionary Society in connexion with the Church of England. In regard to its constitution, it is under the immediate controul of the Bishops of the United Church, and is uniformly conducted on Church principles.

The Society has at present in its employment, Missionaries in the four grand divisions of the British Empire, viz., North America, West Indies, East India and Australia, and the whole number on its List amounts to 302, besides 230 Catechists and Schoolmasters; independently of all which its funds are made available for supporting Colleges and building Churches and Schools. It was in 1818 that the Society extended its operations to the East. Here it has more than 32 Missionaries in its service. It has moreover established a College at Calcutta, called Bishop's College, for the education of an indigenous Clergy, and the diffusion of sound and useful knowledge; and Grammar Schools at Madras for the instruction of the middle and lower classes.

GENERAL
COLOMBO DISTRICT COMMITTEE
OF
THE INCORPORATED SOCIETY,
Formed August 14, 1840.

President.

The Right Reverend The Lord Bishop of Madras.

Vice-Presidents.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Carr.
The Hon'ble J. N. Mooyaart, Esq. and
The Ven'ble The Archdeacon of Colombo.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

For the transaction of ordinary business

The Vice-Presidents and the Clergy.

Who are Subscribers to the District-Committee.

Secretary.

The Rev. J. P. Horsford.

Treasurer.

James Steuart, Esq.

The following are the Missions of the Incorporated Society in Ceylon established since the formation of the General District Committee.

MATURA.

The Rev. E. Mooyaart, A. B.
Trinity College, Cambridge.

CALPENTYN.

The Rev. S. D. J. Ondaatje.
Bishop's College, Calcutta.

NUWERA-ELLIA.

The Rev. H. Von Dadelzen.

CEYLON MISSION

OF THE

CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

This Mission was first established in this Island in the year 1818, and has *four Stations*; viz., COTTA, KANDY, NELLORE, and BADDAGAMA. The affairs of the Mission are conducted by a Committee of the Missionaries in Holy Orders, who meet yearly at Cotta.

The Rev. J. BAILEY, *Chairman and Financial Secretary.*

Missionaries, &c.

COTTA.

The Rev. J. BAILEY.
The Rev. J. F. HASLAM, B. A.
The Rev. F. W. TAYLOR.
The Rev. C. JAYESINHE, *Assistant Missionary.*
Mr. J. A. BULMER, Superintendent of the Printing and Bookbinding Establishments.

Five Catechists.	Congregations 25
Three Probationary Catechists.	Communicants 40
Three School Visitors.	Schools 32 containing
Thirty-two Schoolmasters.	Boys 735
Eleven Schoolmistresses.	do. Girls 326
	Total.. 1061

KANDY.

The Rev. W. OAKLEY.

The Rev. C. GREENWOOD.

Three Catechists.	Congregations.. 10
One Probationary Catechist.	Communicants 23
One School Visitor.	Schools 9 containing
Twelve Schoolmasters.	Boys 199
One Schoolmistress.	do. Girls 21
	——220

BADDAGAMA.

The Rev. G. C. TRIMNELL.
The Rev. H. POWELL.
The Rev. A. GOONASAYKARA, *Assistant Missionary.*

One Probationary Catechist	Congregations.. 12
Ten Schoolmasters	Communicants 20
Four Schoolmistresses	Schools 12 containing
One School Visitor	Boys 194
	do. Girls 155
	Total.. 359

NELLORE.

The Rev. W. ADLEY.
The Rev. J. T. JOHNSTON.

Four Catechists	Congregations .....
Four Probationary Catechists	Communicants .....
Two School Visitors	Schools 29 containing
Twenty-two Schoolmasters	Boys 963
Two Schoolmistresses	do. Girls 99
	Total

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Stations		4
Missionaries		11
Layman.....		1
Catechists and Native Teachers		122
Congregations		69
Attendants on Public Worship		3,870
Communicants		182
Schools		82
Scholars. . Boys	2,096	
do. Girls	601	2,697
Seminarists and Institution Youths		65
Female Borders.....		44

At COTTA there is a *Christian* Institution, where a number of Youths, of good promise both for piety and capacity, selected from the other schools, are boarded and educated, with a view to their becoming useful Schoolmasters, Catechists, and Assistant Missionaries. The Cotta Christian Institution contains *Thirty* Youths. The course of study pursued by them comprises SINGHALESE, ENGLISH, (including Grammar, Composition, History, and Geography) LATIN, GREEK, ARITHMETIC, ALGEBRA, GEOMETRY, and THEOLOGY: in all of which branches some of the Youths have made considerable progress, and shew as good a capacity for acquiring knowledge, and as great a thirst for it, as Youths of the same standing in England.

There is a *Seminary* at NELLORE containing *Twenty* Youths, and another at BADDAGAMA containing *Fifteen* Youths. From these Seminaries, and from the Cotta English School, Youths of good promise are selected for the Cotta Institution.

The Youths in the *Christian Institution* at COTTA and the *Seminaries* at NELLORE and BADDAGAMA, amounting to *Sixty-five*, are boarded and educated at the expense of the Society, with the exception of a few who pay a monthly sum equal to about *half* their board.

At KANDY and at NELLORE there are *Female Boarding Schools*, the former containing *Fourteen*, and the latter *Thirty* Girls. The expense of these two Schools is borne part by the Society, and partly by Subscriptions and Donations.

Whole of the Holy Scriptures, and the Book of Common ave been translated into the familiar Singhalese, and the Cotta Press; besides many elementary School d a large number of Religious Tracts which have ılated, and readily received by the Natives.

itish and Foreign Bible Society have authorized a new of 2000 Copies of the Cotta Version of the Scriptures rinted at the Cotta Press, and this work is now in . A new Edition of the Book of Common Prayer, 1000 copies is now completed, as well as an 00 copies of the Psalter.

pects of the Mission are encouraging in all its s of labour. The Congregations, though in some places are very attentive. The School Children and Semina- are making creditable progress in the acquirement of both us and general knowledge; and many new Schools might ablished, at the request of the Natives, if the Mission had eans of supporting and superintending them: fresh Sta- ıs might be occupied, and additional labourers would be omed by the Natives.

WESLEYAN MISSION.

THE Wesleyan Missions are established in various parts of Europe, Asia, Africa and America, including the West Indian, Polynesian and Australian Islands. They are under the general direction of the Wesleyan Methodist Conference which is composed of the Ministers of the Wesleyan Church in their Annual Session, but are immediately conducted by a Committee of fifty Ministers and Gentlemen, appointed by the Conference.

The Society occupies about 260 principal stations; its Missions are about 370; its Catechists, salaried Schoolmasters &c. are about 330. The exhorters, leaders and School teachers not salaried are 3,690. The members of the Society, or persons under the immediate spiritual care of the Missionaries are 84,234. total number attending their Ministry may be reckoned at e than 200,000, who receive instruction in upwards of 20 ferent languages, and there are about 57,000 adults and ldren in their Schools.

The Wesleyan Mission in Ceylon was commenced in 1814 and s divided into two Districts, the Northern or Tamul District, embracing the Northern and Eastern Provinces of the Island, nd the South or Singhalese District.

The Rev. D. J. GOGERLY is the Chairman of the Singhalese trict, and the Revd. W. BRIDGENELL is the Secretary. The lowing stations are occupied in this District.

... 110 Girls an... about

One ... English CHARDY, The Rev. D...n,
Exy... Tam...
Sngli...

... V. A. LALMON, Assistant Missionary, ...
... and 13 Singhalese Congregations; 19 Scho...
...asters, 97 girls & 418 boys.

—The Rev. P. G. DE ZYLVA, Assistant Missionary.
The Rev. J. R. PARYS, Assistant Missionary.

Poi... The Rev. D. L. A. BARTHOLOMEUSZ, Assistant ...y: 3 Catechists: 1 Portuguese and 16 Singhalese Con...ns; 16 Schools, 17 Masters, 32 girls and 657 boys.

G...le and Amblangodde.—The Rev. W. BRIDGNELL and Rev. ... DE HOEDT, Assistant Missionary: 1 Catechist, 1 English, Portuguese, and 10 Singhalese Congregations; 17 Schools, 3 Mistresses, 17 Masters, 161 girls, 622 boys.

Matura. The Rev. J. A. POULIER, Assistant Missionary, Mr. ... POULIER, Local Assistant, 1 Catechist, 1 Portuguese and Singhalese Congregations; 7 Schools, 2 Mistresses, 7 Masters, 8 girls, 176 boys.

Dondra.—The Rev. C. WIJESINGHE, Assistant Missionary: 1 Singhalese Congregations, 4 Schools, 4 Masters, 195 boys.

Goddapitiya.—The Rev. D. DE SILVA, Assistant Missionary: 1 Catechist, 1 Singhalese Congregation, and occasional Services in the neighbouring villages, 1 School, 2 Masters, 17 girls and 60 boys.

There are 763 Church Members, besides the general Congregations. A Printing Press has been attached to the Mission from its commencement which is employed in printing an edition of 5000 copies of the New Testament in Singhalese (now nearly completed). The Friend and Lanka Nidhana Monthly with general Tracts for the Colombo Auxiliary Tract Society School books, &c. &c.

NORTH CEYLON DISTRICT.

Jaffna. The Rev. P. PERCIVAL, *Chairman & Financial Secretary.*
One Probationary Catechist
One Exhorter
One School Visitor
Four School Masters (English)
One „ Mistress „
Seven „ Masters (Tamul)
One „ Mistress „

I ...ole of the Holy ... ave been translated ... the C... Press; ... d a l... Tamul Boys' ... ulat... „ Girls' ... ...ceive... Society ... Versi... thi... d 383 Boys.

...Y, the Rev. A. KESSEN, B. A. ...issionary: 2 Catechists, 1 ...regations indepen- ...ted every sunday ...halese language. ... PEREIRA,

Pedro.	One Catechist	
	One Probationary Catechist	
	Three School Masters (English)	
	Four „ „ (Tamul)	
	One English Congregation	
	Four Tamul „	
	Ten Communicants	
	English Boys' School	100
	„ Girls' „	4
	Tamul Boys' „	160
	„ Girls' „	25—289
Trincomale.	The Rev. GEO: HOLE	
	One Exhorter	
	Tamul School Masters	3
	English Congregation	1
	Tamal Congregation	2
	Communicants	16
	Tamul Boys' School	150—150
Batticaloa.	The Rev. RALPH STOTT	
	The Rev. JOHN PHILIPS, *Assistant Missionary*	
	Three Exhorters	
	School Masters	14
	„ Mistress	1
	One English Congregation	
	Fourteen Tamul Congregations	
	Communicants	127
	English Boys' School	39
	„ Girls, „	30
	Tamul Boys' „	290
	„ Girls' „	36—395

The Society has an Institution at Jaffna in which a select number of youths of both sexes are educated and agents trained for different departments of Missionary labour. The branches taught are those which are generally regarded as essential to a good education. A limited number of boys are instructed in the Tamul Classics and the rudiments of Latin.

BAPTIST MISSION.

Established in 1812.

It has had in the past year 38 Schools, containing about one thousand one hundred and ninety male and female children, who are gratuitously instructed in the Singhalese or English language. It occupies 16 Stations, supplied by 3 European, and 16 Native Missionaries and Catechists who preach the word of GOD in English, Tamul, Portuguese, and Singhalese, as the different cases of their auditors require. It has now a Printing Office in Kandy, in which Religious Tracts and elementary School Books are printed. An Academy for the instruction of Native Missionaries has lately been commenced in Colombo. Its annual expenditure is now at the rate of above £2,000 per annum.

The following locations may give a more correct view of the present state of its operations in the Colony. Each station forms a centre, around which many villages are regularly supplied with the preaching of the Gospel.

Kandy ..... C. C. DAWSON, P. SCHUMACHER
Matelle ..... J. D. COREA
Iriagama .... J. PERIRA
Kaigalle..... D. J. DE SILVA
PlantationEstates T. GARNIER
Colombo..... E. DANIEL
Hengwella and Weilgama.. } C. D. ALVIS, D. PEREIRA, & DINOSYSIUS
Kottigahawatte J. W. NADEN
Byanville .... J. MELDOR
Kalany .... . W. MELDOR
Kal Elleya .... J. DE ALWIS
Hendella .... B. J. DE SILVA
Tombooville.... DON JOHANNES
Matura ..... J. SILVA
Kurnegalle ... E. M'CARTHY
Ratnapoora.... F. ONDATJIE

AMERICAN CEYLON MISSION

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE

AMERICAN BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.

[COMMENCED IN 1816.]

Stations 7; Native Stations 4; Missionaries 11; Assistant Missionaries 3; Native Preachers 2; Native Assistants 27. *

* These are Catechists or Readers. There are besides 8 or 10 Assistants, variously employed.

1. *Tillipally*

Rev. D. POOR, *Missionary*

Charles Hodge ....
J. Champlain ....
N. W. Taylor .. ..
J. Adams ..... } *Native Assistants*
Cyrus Kingsbury ..
Samuel Austin....
Jordan Lodge ...

Three Services at the Station on the Sabbath.
Average attendance on do..... 55
Members in Communion.... 42

2. *Batticotta.*

Rev. B. C. MEIGS.. } *Missionaries*
Rev. E. COPE..... }
Rev. R. WYMAN.. . }

N. WARD, Esq., M. D., *Assistant Missionary*

Alexander Lovell.. }
Azel Backus..... } *Native Assistants*
William Ropes.... }
Jonathan Homer .. }

Congregation on the Sabbath..... 360
Members in Communion.... 133

3. *Oodooville.*

Rev. LEVI SPAULDING, *Missionary*
NATHANIEL NILES, *Native Preacher*

Nathaniel ..... }
Jedidiah Morse .... } *Native Assistants*
Dwight ..... }

Congregation on the Sabbath..... 423
Members in Communion..... 91

4. *Manipy.*

Rev. J. C. SMITH, *Missionary*

E. S. MINOR, Esq. *Assistant Missionary*
SETH PAYSON, *Native Preacher*

Silas Moody ..... }
G. H. Hallock.... } *Native Assistants*
Abraham ..... }
Caderaman ..... }

Congregation on the Sabbath..... 300
Members in Communion..... 55

5. *Pandeteripo.*

No Missionary, under the care of Rev. B. C. Meigs

M. B. Latimer ... }
Daniel Gautier .... } *Native Assistants*
John S. Tappan .. }

Congregation on the Sabbath 250
Members in Communion 16

6. *Chavagachary.*

Rev. S. G. Whittelcey, *Missionary*

R. Hoyt ..... }
J. S. Christmas .. } *Native Assistants*
Tilliampalam .... }

Congregation on the Sabbath..... 50
Members in Communion 6

7. *Varaney.*

Rev. G. H. Apthorp, *Missionary*

Temban .... }
Paul ..... } *Native Assistants*
James Patterson.... }

Congregation on the Sabbath 200
Members in Communion..... 12

Rev. S. Hutchings, *Missionary*, (absent at Madras)

v. H. R. Hoisington, } *Missionaries* { absent in America on
v. J. R. Eckard.... } { account of ill health

Native Stations.

Oodoopetty Supplied from Tillipally
Atchuvaly Supplied from Tillipally
Caradivoe Supplied from Batticotta
Moolai Supplied from Batticotta

e number in Communion..... 361
e number of Attendants on public Worship on the Sabbath 2,133

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

Batticotta Seminary.

FACULTY.

R. Hoisington, *Principal and Professor of Hindu Science and Literature*, (absent in America)
ert Wyman, *Professor of Sacred Literature and Biblical Interpretation*
Cope,..... *Prof* [illegible] *f English language an*[illegible] Go-
[illegible] *essor o*[illegible] *dicine, and Ac*[illegible] *rature, and* [illegible] 8 [illegible] and English Books.
Var[illegible]
rd, Esq. M. D., *Professor of Me*[illegible]
f Chemistry and Geology

Native Instructors.

G. DASHIELL, *Tutor of Sanscrit and Hindu Astronomy.*
P. K. HASELTINE, *Teacher of Tamul Literature.*
W. VOLK . . . . . *do.* *History, Chronology, and Geography.*
J. GREGORIE. . . . . *do.* *English Language.*
E. ROCKWOOD, ... *do.* *Mathematics.*

STUDENTS.

Class.	No. of Students.	No. of Church Members.	Remarks.
Second Class.	16	11	*Note.*—The Classes are numbered in the order in which they are admitted—the oldest Class being the *first*.
Third do...	16	11	
Fourth do...	26	6	
Fifth do...	29	1	
Sixth do...	26	0	
	116	32	

COURSE OF STUDY.

SIXTH CLASS—FIRST YEAR.

English Studies.—Arithmetic, New Testament, Analytic Reader, Grammar, Childs Book on the Soul, Geography Hindustan.

Tamil Studies.—Grammar, Instructors, &c.,

FIFTH CLASS—SECOND YEAR.

English Studies.—Geography (Woodbridge's) Grammar, A metic, Analytical Reader, Good's Book of Nature (ab

Tamul Studies.—The same continued, குருடுவளி (

way) தரசமையசாடசி (Evidence from Hindooism

FOURTH CLASS—THIRD YEAR.

English Studies.—Algebra, Sequel to the Analytical Re Selections of Poetry, History (Peter Parley's) Book-keeping, (

Tamul Studies.—Nannool.

THIRD CLASS—FOURTH YEAR.

English Studies.—History (Robbins') Euclid, Watt's Mind, Gallandet's Natural Theology, Greek, continued, r Pope's Poetry, Mundy's Evidences.

Tamul Studies.—Nannool.

SECOND CLASS—FIFTH YEAR.

lish Studies.—Mundy's Evide[illegible] Mensuration, Surveying, [illegible] hims, Mathematics, [illegible]y, Enfield's Philosophy.

Tamul Studies.—Cural, Sanscrit.

First Class—Sixth Year.

English Studies.—Astronomy, Chemistry, Logic, Political Economy, Alexander's Evidences, Greek, continued, Church History, (Ecclesiastical History of Redemption.)

Tamul Studies.—Sanscrit and Tamul works, Cural, &c., Hindu Astronomy.

Throughout.

Reading Scriptures, and Miscellaneous works, both in Tamul and English; also Penmanship and Composition.

The Expense of the Seminary for the year, ending December 1842, exclusive of the Salaries of the Faculty was £805 6 1.

Oodooville Female Boarding School.

Superintended by Mr. and Mrs. Spaulding.

Assisted by Miss E. Agnew.

Mr. N. Niles, Native Superintendent & Teacher.

Rufus W. Bailey, W. Tennent and Joshua, Native Teachers.

Number of Pupils.....100

The Pupils are clothed and boarded at the expense of the Mission. They retain their connection with the School, till they are married.

Studies.—The studies are in English and Tamul, embracing Geography, Grammar, Arithmetic, Scripture, History and Writing; the Pupils are also taught plain sewing and to a small extent, fancy needle work.

The expense of the School for the year ending December 1842, including the salaries of the Native Superintendents and Teachers only, was £400 8 7.

Varany Female Boarding School.

Superintended by Mr. & Mrs. Apthorp.

John Woodhull, J. B. Lawrence and Joshua. Native Teachers.

Number of Pupils .....20.

Studies.—The same as in the School at Oodooville. Expense for 1842, £88 1 10.

English and Tamul Day Schools.

Location.	No. of Schools.	No. of Teachers.	No. of Pupils.	
Tillipally.....	1	1	27	The pupils in these Schools are required to pay a fee of 1s. 6d. half yearly in advance. They also pay for Stationery and English Books.
Alvetty.....	1	1	17	
Batticotta	1	3	38	
Oodooville	1	1	20	
Manipy	1	2	22	
Panditeripo.....	1	1	15	
Navacherry	1	1	9	
Varany.....	1	1	8	
	8	11	156	

The Expense of these Schools for 1842 was £124 18 4.

Native Free Schools.

Location.	No. of Schools.	No. of Teachers.	No. of Pupils.			Remarks.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	
Tillipally .	30	30	709	486	1,195	The monthly pay of Teachers is graduated by the number of Pupils and the amount extent of their lessons. They receive from 5s. to 10s. per month. 16 of these Schools are taught by Native Females, who have received their Education in Mission Schools.
Batticotta .	11	11	418	49	467	
Oodooville .	10	10	153	194	347	
Manipy .	9	9	174	169	343	
Penditeripo .	4	4	120	72	192	
Chavachery .	4	4	72	18	90	
Varany . .	7	7	96	48	144	
	75	75	1,742	1,036	2,778	

The Expense of these Schools for 1842 was £411 3 0.

Printing and Binding Establishment at Manipy

Superintended by E. S. MINOR, Esq.

The establishment employs 4 Presses and 90 workmen.

The amount of Printing for the year ending June 30th 1843, was 7,980,640 Pages. The amount of Binding for the same period was 58,094 Volumes.

The *Morning Star*, a bi-monthly Publication in Tamul and English, designed for the benefit of the Tamul people is issued from this Press. It was commenced in January 1841, and is the first Periodical in the Tamul language, published in Ceylon. The subscription price is 1s. a quarter. It has a circulation of 700, on the Island and Continent. The money received from Subscribers is equal to about half the expense of publication. The other half is borne by the Mission.

The following is a Summary view of the Printing and Binding for the year ending June 1843.

S.	*Printing.*	*Binding.*		*Printing.*	*Binding.*
	No. of Pages.	*No. of Volumes.*	*For whom.*	*No. of Pages.*	*No. of Volumes.*
4 to.....	376,600	197	.....	.....	.....
8 vo.....	2,203,600	712	Jaffna Bible Society..	1,682,800	8,080
12 mo....	3,478,440	11,272	„ Tract „ ..	4,464,000	32,772
16 mo....	120,000	5,389	„ Book „ ..	736,000	2,857
18 mo....	1,802,000	19,831	American Mission ..	1,096,400	13,726
32 mo....	.....	16,822	Sundries	1,440	659
Sundries...	.....	3,871	.....	.....	.....
Total	7,980,640	58,094		7,980,640	58,094

The annual Expenditure of the Establishment, exclusive of Materials is about £600.
The total Expenditure of the Mission for the year 1842 were £5,301 3 3.

Names, Stations, &c. of the Roman Catholic Missionaries in the Island of Ceylon.

Names.	Date of arrival in Ceylon.	Office.	Stations.	No. of years labour in the Island.
The R				
The light Reverend Caitano Antonio..	1812	Bishop & Vicar Apostolic	Colombo.....	31
The lev. Caitano de Rosario.....	1828	Secretary	Ditto	15
The lev. Anthony Francisco	1837	Missionary	Ditto	6
The lev. Francisco Mendoze	1832	ditto	Ditto	11
The Rev Pedro Philipe.....	1841	ditto	Galle, Matura & Hambantotte	2
The Rev. Joaquim Alberto.....	1830	ditto	Caltura	13
The Rev. Juan Salvador.....	1833	ditto	Morottoo	10
The Rev. Joze Perera.....	1830	ditto	SinaCorle & Hewagam Corle.	13
The Rev. Orazio Bettichine.....	1842	ditto	Kandy	
The Rev. Jose Pedro	1836	ditto	Allootcoor Corle.....	7
The Rev. Mathes Caitano	1836	ditto	Ditto	7
The lev. Caitano Dias.....	1830	ditto	Negombo	13
The lev. Nicolas Casmeio	1840	ditto	Ditto	3
The lev. Francisco Joaõ	1839	ditto	Ditto	4
The Rev. Constanceo Neves	1842	ditto	Ditto	
The Rev. Pedro Noranho.....	1833	ditto	Chilaw and Calpentyn.....	10
The Rev. Desiderio Godinho.....	1841	ditto	Arippoo.....	2
The Rev. Alexis Sequaris	1839	ditto	Manar and Wanny.....	4
The Rev. Joaquin Gabriel	1839	ditto	Jaffnapatam and Delft	4
The Rev. Francisco Dias	1837	ditto	Kaits and Welligamo.....	6
The Rev. Francisco Joze.....	1841	ditto	Point Pedro	2
e Rev. Zeferino Godinho.....	1841	ditto	Trincomale and Batticaloa'..	2

CAPTAINS-GENERAL AND GOVERNORS OF CEYLON

Whilst in possession of the Portuguese.

Pedro Lopez de Souza,
Jerome de Azevedo,
François de Menezes,
Manuel Mascarenhas Homen,
Nanha Alvares Pereira,
Constantin de Say Noranha,
George d'Albuque,
Constantin de Say Noranha,
D. George d'Almeida,
Diegoe de Melho,
Antoine Mascarenhas,
Philippe Mascarenhas,
Manuel Mascarenhas Homen,
François de Mello Castro,
Antoine de Sousa Continho, *under whose administration Colombo was surrendered to the Dutch*
A. D. Mercly Menezes, *last Captain-General (in command of Jaffna and Manar.)*

GOVERNORS OF CEYLON

Whilst in possession of the Dutch.

AT GALLE.

Willem Jacobszen Coster, Commander at the surrender of that place——*Administration commenced* 13*th March*, 1640

Jan Thysz, President and Governor—21*st Aug.* 1640

Joan Matsuyker, Ordinary Councillor and Governor—24*th May*, 1646

Jacob Van Kittenstein, Governor—25*th* [illegible]., 1650

Adrian Van Der Meyden, Governor—11*th Oct.*, 1653

COLOMBO.

Adrian Van DerMeyden, Governor—12*th May*, 1656

COLOMBO.

Ryklof Van Goens, Governor—*Administration commenced* 12*th May*, 1663

Jacob Hustaar, Extraordinary Councillor of India and Governor—27*th Dec.*, 1663

Ryklof Van Goens, administered the Government from-19*th Nov.*, 1664

Laurens Van Peil, Commander, President Governor, and Extraordinary Councillor of India —3*d Dec.*, 1680

Thomas Van Rhee, Governor & Extraordinary Councillor of India—19*th Jan.*, 1693.

Paulus de Rhoo, appointed Governor and Director of Ceylon—29*th Jan.*, 1695

COLOMBO.

Gerrit De Heer, Governor—*Administration commenced 22d Feb.*, 1667

The Members of Council—*26th Nov.*, 1702

Mr. Cornelis Johannes Simonsz, Governor—*11th May*, 1703

Hendrick Becker, Governor and Extraordinary Councillor—*22d Dec.*, 1707

Mr. Isaak Augustin Rumph, Governor and Extraordinary Councillor of India—*7th December*, 1716

Arnold Moll, Commander at Galle—*11th June*, 1723

Johannes Hertenberg, Governor—*12th Jan.*, 1724

Jan Paulus Schagen, Commander at Galle—*19th October*, 1725

Petrus Vuyst, Governor and Extraordinary Councillor of India—*16th Sept.*, 1726

Stephanus Versluys, Governor and Extraordinary Councillor of India—*27th Aug.*, 1729

Gualterus Woutersz, Commander of Jaffnapatam—*25th Aug.*, 1732

Jacob Christian Pielaat, Extraordinary Councillor of India and Commissary—*21st Dec.*, 1732

Diederic Van Donburg, Governor—*21st Jan.*, 1734

Jan Maccara Commander of Galle—*7th June*, 1736

Gustaff Willem Baron Van Imhoff, Extraordinary Councillor of India and Governor—*23d July*, 1736

COLOMBO.

Willem Maurits Bruininck, Governor—*Administration commenced 12th March*, 1740

Daniel Overbeek, Governor and Extraordinary Councillor of India—*3d Jan.*, 1742

Julius Valentyn Stein Van Gollnesse, Extraordinary Councillor of India and Governor—*11th May*, 1743

Gerard Van Vreeland, Extraordinary Councillor of India and Governor—*6th March*, 1751

Jacob De Jong, Commander of Jaffnapatam—*26th Feb.*, 1751

Joan Gideon Loten, Extraordinary Councillor of India and Governor—*30th Sep.*, 1752

Jan Schreuder, Extraordinary Councillor of India and Governor—*17th March* 1757

Lubbert Jan Baron Van Eck, Governor, *under whose administration Kandy was taken on the 19th February*, 1763—*11th Nov.*, 1762

Anthony Mooyaart, Commander of Jaffnapatam—*13th May*, 1765. Iman Willem Falck, Governor & Director of India—*9th Aug.* 1765

Willem Jacob Van De Graaf, Extraordinary Councillor of India and Governor—*7th Feb.*, 1785

Joan Gerard Van Angelbeek, Ordinary Councillor of India and Governor, *under whose administration Colombo surrendered to the arms of His Britannic Majesty, on the 16th Feb.* 1796.

ENGLISH GOVERNORS.

vernor of
The Honorable the *ministra-*
Madras in Council-*5.*, 1796.
tion commenced 16th

, (late
Honorable Frederick N. 1798.
Earl of Guildford)—12*th* C.

Hon.
Lieutenant-General Right.—
Sir Thomas Maitland, G. C.
19*th July* 1805.

Major-Genl. John Wilson, Lieu
Governor—19*th March*, 1811.

Gen. Sir Robert Brownrigg, Bart
G. C. B.—11*th March*, 1812.

Major Genl. Sir Edward Barnes
K. C. B. Lieutenant Governor—
1*st February* 1820.

Lieut.-Gen. The Hon. Sir Edward
Paget, K. C. B.—*Administration*
commenced 2d Feb., 1822.

Major-Gen. Sir James Campbell,
K. C. B. Lieutenant Governor—
6*th Nov.*, 1822.

Lieut.-Gen. Sir Edward Barnes
G. C. B.—18*th Jan.*, 1824.

Maj.-Gen. Sir John Wilson, K.C.B
Lt, Governor—13*th Oct.*, 1831.

The Right Hon. Sir Robert Wilmot
Horton, Bart. G. C. H.—23*d Oct.*
31.

he Right Hon. James Alexander
tewart Mackenzie—7*th Nov.*
837.

ut.-Gen. Sir Colin Campbell
C. B.—5*th April* 1841.
K

EVENUE AN

AGENTS FOR THE COLONY.

George Baillie, Esq.——————*Agent General for Crown Colonies, in London.*

Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co.—*Agents at Calcutta.*

Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.——————*Agents at Madras.*

Messrs. Frith & Co.——————*Agents at Bombay.*

Messrs. Nisbett & Co.——————*Agents at the Cape.*

PART III.

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COURT FEES.
PROCTORS' FEES.
NOTARIES' FEES.
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CUSTOMS DUTIES.
BRITISH DUTIES ON CEYLON PRODUCE.
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WHARFAGE RATES.
PORT DUES.
RATES OF PILOTAGE.
RATES OF COMMISSION AND MERCANTILE AGENCY.
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STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH EUROPE.
CEYLON STEAM REGULATIONS.
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QUEEN'S PAY OF MILITARY OFFICERS.
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COINS.
A SHORT METHOD OF CONVERTING CEYLON RIX DOLLAR CURRENCY INTO STERLING MONEY.
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NATIVE DRY AND LAND MEASURES.
RETURN OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE—1842.
ABSTRACT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE—1838 TO 1842.
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TOLL STATIONS.
TABLES OF ROADS THROUGH THE ISLAND.
POLYMETRICAL TABLES SHEWING THE DISTANCE BETWEEN ANY TWO STATIONS ON THOSE ROADS.
CENSUS—1842-3.

FEES TO BE LEVIED BY STAMPS IN ALL [illegible]

Classes—	1. Under £2.			2. £2 and under £5.			3. £5 and under £10.			4. £10 and under £20.			5. £20 and under £100.			6. £40 and under £100.			7. £100 and under £250.			8. £250 and under £500.			9. £500 and upwards		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Proxy Libel Summons, without reference to the number of Defendants Every Rule, Nisi or Absolute Every Affidavit Answer or Admission Replication Rejoinder List of Witnesses Decree Bill of Costs Attachment Translation of each Document Execution against Property Execution against Person	0	0	4	0	0	8	0	1	6	0	2	6	0	3	6	0	5	0	0	6	6	0	8	0	0	10	0

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Subpœna, one to each Witness including Duces Tecum	0	0	4	0	0	8	0	1	6	0	2	6	0	3	6	0	5	0	0	6	0	0	8	0	0	10	0
Commissions of all kinds																											
Notice of Trial																											
Warrant of Arrest in Mesne Process																											
Recognizance in Mesne Process and in Appeal																											
Writ of Sequestration																											
Notice of Sequestration																											
Ediotile Citation																											
Certificate in Appeal																											
Final Adjudication in Appeal																											
Certificate of Government Agent in Revenue Cases	0	0	8	0	1	6	0	2	6	0	4	6	0	6	6	0	10	0	0	12	0	0	16	0	1	0	0
Award																											
Letters of Administration																											
Probate of Wills																											
Inventory																											
Account, Provisional or Final																											
Bond of Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Curators																											
Bond of Arbitration and Submission																											
Certificate of quiet possession																											
Exhibit Stamp to unstamped Vouchers, each																											

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Depositions in Appeal	Blank																													
Discharges																														
Lists of Appraisement																														
Petition of Appeal in Cases wherein no Witnesses have been heard	0	0	9	0	1	6	0	3	0	0	5	0	0	7	6	0	10	0	0	15	0	1	5	0	2	0	0			
Do——do.——do. six or less Witnesses—do.	0	1	6	0	3	0	0	5	0	0	7	6	0	0	0	0	15	0	1	5	0	2	0	0	3	0	0			
Do.——do.——do.—ten—do.—do.	0	3	0	0	5	0	0	7	6	0	10	0	0	15	0	1	5	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	4	10	0			
Do.——do.——do.—twenty do. do.	0	5	0	0	7	6	0	10	0	0	15	0	1	5	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	4	10	0	6	0	0			
Do.——do.——do.—twenty one or more—do.	0	7	6	0	10	0	0	15	0	1	5	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	4	10	0	6	0	0	9	0	0			
Poundage at the rates specified in the Rules and Orders of 10th August and 19th October 1820.																														

Table of Fees to be taken by the Proctors of the District Courts.

Classes.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
	Under £2.	*£2 and under £5*	*£5 and under £10.*	*£10 and under £20.*	*£20 and under £40.*	*£40 and under £100.*	*£100 and under £250.*	*£250 and under £500*	*Upwards of £500.*
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Retaining Fee	0 1 6	0 3 0	0 4 6	0 6 0	0 7 6	0 9 0	0 10 6	0 13 4	
For Proxy to sue or defend	0 0 6	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 2 3	0 3 0	0 4 6	0 5 3	0 6 8	
Letter of Demand	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 2 3	0 3 0	0 4 6	0 6 0	0 7 9	0 9 4	
Every other necessary Letter or Notice	0 0 6	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 2 3	0 3 0	0 4 6	0 5 3	0 6 8	
Ditto necessary attendance on Client	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 2 3	0 3 0	0 4 6	0 6 0	0 7 6	0 9 4	
Ditto do. do. on Advocate	0 1 6	0 3 0	0 4 6	0 6 0	0 7 6	0 9 0	0 10 6	0 13 4	
Ditto do. do. on the Judge at Chambers, the Registrar, or Secretary of the Court, or his Deputy, Referee, Arbitrator or Commissioner, or on the adverse party or his Advocate or Proctor, or on any other person for the purpose of obtaining information respecting the Cause, or on the Fiscal or his Officers to instruct him or them as to the service of any process, or pointing out person or property	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 2 3	0 3 0	0 3 9	0 4 6	0 5 3	0 6 8	

In the 1st and 2d Classes the Proctors not to be allowed more than 10 per cent on the amount in dispute (in lieu of all charges) to be paid by the party against whom costs may be decreed, except in Land Cases of upwards of £3. 15s. in value.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Every necessary attendance at the Registrar's, Secretary's, Fiscal's, or Stamp Office or any other Public Office *(a)*	In the 1st and 2d Classes the Proctors not to be allowed more than 10 per cent on the amount in dispute (in lieu of all charges) to be paid by the party against whom costs may be decreed, except in Land Cases of upwards of £3. 15s. in value.	0 0	2 0	0 4	0 0	6 0	0 8	0 0	10 0	1 0	0 0	1 3	0 1	6
Drawing any Libel, Information, Plea, Answer, Replication, Interrogatories, Petition, Affidavit, Exception, Brief, or any other Pleading, or Writing whatever, for every sheet of 120 words, or for any fractional part of a sheet. .		0 0	9 0	1 6	0 2	3 0	3 0	0 3	9 0	4 6	0 5	3 0	6 8	
Copying the same, per sheet of 120 words or for any fractional part of a sheet. . . .		0 0	6 0	0 7	0 0	9 0	1 0	0 1	3 0	1 6	0 2	3 0	3 0	
Copy of any Pleading if furnished to the adverse party on stamp, per sheet of 120 words, or for any fractional part of a sheet or close copies of Pleadings or other papers		0 0	2 0	0 3	0 0	4 0	0 6	0 0	9 0	1 0	0 1	3 0	1 6	
Perusing and considering papers, exhibits or documents furnished or introduced into a Cause by the adverse party, or furnished by a party to his own Proctor for the purpose of being brought forward as evidence in the Suit		0 0	6 0	1 0	0 1	6 0	2 3	0 3	0 0	3 9	0 4	6 0	5 3	

(a) It is to be understood that no charge is to be made under this head, for the purchase of Stamps for the different proceedings in the Case, or for attendances at the Pos Office, to deliver or to receive letters.

	£. s. d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Perusing pleadings and papers preparatory to trial	In the 1st and 2d Classes the Proctors not to be allowed more than 10 per cent on the amount in dispute (in lieu of all charges) to be paid by the party against whom costs may be decreed, except in Land Cases of upwards of £3. 15s. in value.	0	0	6	0	1	6	0	1	6	0	2	3	0	3	0	0	3	9	0	4	6	0	5	3
Examining Witnesses preparatory to trial, or as Instructions for Brief		0	1	0	0	2	3	0	3	0	0	4	6	0	6	0	0	7	6	0	9	0	0	10	6
For every Common motion		0	0	6	0	1	0	0	1	6	0	2	3	0	3	0	0	3	9	0	4	6	0	5	3
For every Special motion, or opposing the same		0	1	0	0	2	3	0	3	0	0	4	6	0	6	0	0	7	6	0	9	0	0	10	6
Attending the Court on the trial of a Cause		0	2	3	0	4	6	0	6	0	0	9	0	0	12	0	0	15	0	0	18	0	1	1	0
on a resumed trial or when Judgment has been postponed		0	1	0	0	2	3	0	3	0	0	4	6	0	6	0	0	7	6	0	9	0	0	10	6
to obtain Judgment in a Cause on admisson		0	1	0	0	2	3	0	3	0	0	4	6	0	6	0	0	7	6	0	9	0	0	10	6
Accommodation Fee when a Cause is settled amicably		0	5	3	0	10	6	0	12	0	0	15	0	0	18	0	1	1	0	1	4	0	1	7	0

In all Testamentary Matters and in Causes relating to Minors and Lunatics, where there is no opposition, Proctors shall be allowed to charge according to the 4th Class, but in all such Causes where there shall be opposition, and in all Matrimonial Causes, Proctors allowed to charge according to the 6th Class.

Table of Fees to be taken by the Proctors of the Supreme Court.

Classes.	1. Under £2.			2. £2 and under £5.			3. £5 and under £10.			4. £10 and under £20.			5. £20 and under £40.			6. £40 and under £100.			7. £100 and under £250.			8. £250 and under £500.			9. above £500.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
All Pleadings and Professional services to be charged for as in the Table of Fees for the District Courts, in addition to which the Proctors shall be allowed the following:																											
Perusing Papers	0	1	0	0	2	3	0	3	0	0	4	6	0	6	0	0	7	6	0	9	0	0	10	6	0	13	4
Attending the Court on the hearing of the Cause when an Advocate is employed	0	5	3	0	7	6	0	15	0	1	5	0	1	15	0	2	5	0	2	15	0	3	5	0	3	15	0
Pleading the Cause when no Advocate is employed	0	10	6	0	15	0	1	10	0	2	10	0	3	10	0	4	10	0	5	10	0	6	10	0	7	10	0

NOTARIES' FEES.

By virtue of the powers in him vested by the 7th Clause of the Ordinance No. 1. of 1837, THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to establish the following as the FEES allowed to be taken by all Notaries licensed to practice in Ceylon, from and after the First day of January next, and to publish the same for general information.

	£	s.	d.
For drawing any Deed or Transfer of moveable or immoveable property, Mortgage or other Bond wherein the value of the object or consideration is expressed, including engrossing, attesting and registering the same.			
Where the value is under £ 10.....	0	2	0
Where the value is £ 10 and under £ 20....	0	3	0
„ „ „ „ £ 20 and under £ 30....	0	4	0
„ „ „ „ £ 30 and under £ 40....	0	5	0
„ „ „ „ £ 40 and under £ 50....	0	6	0
„ „ „ „ £ 50 and under £ 75....	0	8	0
„ „ „ „ £ 75 and under £ 100....	0	12	0
„ „ „ „ £ 100 and under £ 250....	0	16	0
„ „ „ „ £ 250 and under £ 500....	0	18	0
„ „ „ „ £ 500 and upwards.....	1	0	0
For drawing, engrossing, attesting and registering any other Agreement or other instrument, including last Wills or other Testamentary dispositions, and Powers of Attorney.			
For every such Document not containing more than one hundred and twenty words.....	0	5	0
For every other sheet but the charge not to be made for more than six additional sheets. ..	0	5	0
For attesting in duplicate under Ordinance No. 7 of 1834 any Deed relating to Land, not drawn up by the Notary himself (the fee in the latter instance being included in the general fee)....	0	1	0
For noting a Bill of Exchange	0	2	6
For protesting do. (exclusive of noting)..	0	7	6
For every duplicate of Protest.....	0	5	0
For every Act of Honor.....	0	3	0
Duplicate	0	1	6
For copy of a Bill paid in part and of Receipt...	0	3	0
For drawing, engrossing, attesting and recording Protest of a Ship or Vessel exceeding One hundred Tons; if the same does not exceed one hundred and twenty words.....	0	5	0
And for every additional sheet of one hundred and twenty words.....	0	5	0
For do. for vessels not amounting to one hundred Tons burthen half of the above rates			
For noting do.	0	10	0

	£	s.	d.
For every Notarial Copy, excepting the attestation, per sheet of one hundred and twenty words..	0	0	9
For attesting do.....	0	3	0
Notaries called on to execute their functions out of their own houses may charge Travelling Expences for going and returning; not exceeding one shilling and six pence, per mile, or any distance under a mile.			
When an Interpreter is required, a charge not exceeding two shillings for every attendance may be made.			

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 3rd November 1837.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Colonial Secretary.

STAMP DUTIES.

According to the Ordinance No. 6, of 1836.

Ad valorem Stamp duty on all Conveyances of Immoveable property

	£	s.	d.
On every amount under—£ 3	0	1	0
On £ 3——and under— 5	0	1	6
„ „ 5——and under— 10	0	3	0
„ „ 10——and under— 15	0	4	6
„ „ 15——and under— 20	0	6	0
„ „ 20——and under— 25	0	7	6
„ „ 25——and under— 30	0	9	0
„ „ 30——and under— 35	0	10	6
„ „ 35——and under— 40	0	12	0
„ „ 40——and under— 45	0	13	6
„ „ 45——and under— 50	0	15	0
„ „ 50——and under— 60	0	18	0
„ „ 60——and under— 70	1	1	0
„ „ 70——and under— 80	1		0
„ „ 80——and under— 90	1	7	9
„ „ 90——and under—100	1	10	

And so on at the rate of 3 Shillings for every £10 of additional Value, but the Duty not to exceed in any Case £50.

Ad valorem Stamp duty upon all Transfers of Moveable property, Mortgages, Bonds, Obligations, Leases, Assignments &c. &c.

	£	s.	d.
Under £ 1 no Stamp required.			
On — 1 and under—£ 2	0	0	2
——— 2 and under— 5	0	0	3
——— 5 and under— 10	0	0	6
——— 10 and under— 20	0	2	0
——— 20 and under— 30	0	4	0
——— 30 and under— 40	0	5	0
——— 40 and under— 50	0	7	0
——— 50 and under— 75	0	10	0

			£	s.	d.
On —£ 75 and under—	100		0	12	0
—— 100 and under—	150		0	16	0
—— 150 and under—	200		1	0	0
—— 200 and under—	300		1	10	0
—— 300 and under—	500		2	0	0
—— 500 and under—	1000		3	0	0
——1000 and under—	2000		4	0	0

And so on at the rate of One Pound for every additional sum of £1000

Exemptions.

Bonds and Obligations required or becoming necessary in the course of Proceedings in any Court of law, but this exception is not to affect any fee of Court directed to be levied by stamp.

Bonds of Indemnity given to Fiscals, or any of their Officers in the course of executing process.

All transfers and endorsements of Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, and other negotiable Securities.

Ad valorem Stamp duty on Contracts and Agreements, Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes &c.

Under £ 1 no Stamp required.

			£	s.	d.
On — 1 and under—	£ 2		0	0	1
—— 2 and under—	3		0	0	2
—— 3 and under—	5		0	0	3
—— 5 and under—	10		0	0	6
—— 10 and under—	20		0	1	0
—— 20 and under—	30		0	1	6
—— 30 and under—	40		0	2	0
—— 40 and under—	50		0	2	6
—— 50 and under—	60		0	3	0
—— 60 and under—	80		0	3	6
—— 80 and under—	100		0	4	0
—— 100 and under—	150		0	5	0
—— 150 and under—	200		0	6	0
—— 200 and under—	300		0	7	0
—— 300 and under—	500		0	8	0
—— 500 and under—	1000		0	10	0
——1000 and under—	2000		0	15	0
——2000 and under—	3000		1	0	0
——3000 and under—	5000		1	6	0
——5000 and upwards			1	10	0

Foreign Bills drawn in sets to be charged at the same rate per set.

Where there is not any stipulation to shew the actual value or pecuniary amount of any agreement &c.

	s.	d.
On 120 words or less	1	6
above 120 words and not above 240 words	3	0

and so on at the rate of 1*s.* 6*d.* for every additional 120 words, or any less quantity, (if figures be made use of every figure to count as a word.)

Exemptions from Stamp duty.

1. Memorandum, letter or agreement made for or relating to the sale of any goods wares or merchandize.
2. Letters containing any agreement in respect of any merchandize or evidence of such an agreement, which shall pass by the Post between merchants or other persons carrying on trade.
3. Contracts and Agreements for the hire of any Labourer, Artificer, Manufacturer or Menial Servant.
4. Memorandum or Agreement for wages made between any Master of any Vessel or boat and the Mariners or Crew of the same,
5. Agreements and Contracts to marry.
6. Bills of Lading.
7. Conditions of Sale of any property sold by any Licensed Auctioneer.

Ad valorem Stamp duty on all Releases, Receipts, &c.

			s.	d.
Under £ 1	no Stamp required.			
On —	1 and under— £ 3		0	1
———	3 and under— 5		0	2
———	5 and under— 10		0	3
———	10 and under— 15		0	6
———	15 and under— 20		0	9
———	20 and under— 30		1	0
———	30 and under— 50		1	6
———	50 and under— 100		2	0
———	100 and under— 200		3	0
———	200 and under— 300		4	0
———	300 and under— 500		5	0
———	500 and under— 1000		7	6
———	1000 and upwards		10	0

Exemptions—

Receipts or discharges endorsed or otherwise written upon, or contained in any Bond, Mortgage, Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note or other Security, or any Conveyance, Deed or Instrument whatever duly stamped according to the laws in force at the date thereof acknowledging the receipt of the consideration thereon expressed, or the receipt of any principal money, interest or annuity thereby secured.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

A Table of the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into and exported from the Island of Ceylon.

INWARDS.

		£	s.	d.
Ale, Porter and all other Malt Liquors in casks — —	per Impl. gallon —	0	0	2½
Do. in bottles — —	„ doz. quarts —	0	0	6
Books (printed) — — —				
Bullion, Coin, Pearls and Precious Stones				
Coal and Coke — —		*Free.*		
Copperah — — —				
Garden Seeds and Plants —				
Gunpowder — — —	per lb. — —	0	0	3
Horses, Mules, Asses, neat Cattle and all other live Stock — — — — —				
Instruments (musical and scientific) — —				
Iron Tanks, Casks, Staves, Headings and Hoops —		*Free.*		
Machinery, Implements and Tools for Agriculture and for any kind of Manufacture — —				
Maps — — — — —				
Opium — —	per lb. —	0	1	0
Paddy — —	„ bushel —	0	0	3
Regimental Clothing and Accoutrements —		*Free.*		
Rice — — —	per bushel —	0	0	7
Specimens illustrative of Natural History		*Free.*		
Spirits and Liqueurs — —	per Impl. gallon —	0	4	6
Tea — — —	„ lb. — —	0	0	6
Timber — — — — —		*Free.*		
Wearing Apparel and Personal Baggage — —				
Wheat, Gram, Pease and Beans —	per bushel —	0	0	7
Wine in bottles —		0	2	0
Do. not in bottles —	„ Impl. gallon	0	1	0
Do. the produce of any British Possessions —		0	0	6
Goods, Wares and Merchandize, not otherwise charged with Duty, being the growth, produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom, or of any of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, for every £100 of the value thereof in this Market — —		5	0	0
Do. being the growth, produce or manufacture of any Foreign State, for every £100 of the value thereof in this Market — — —		10	0	0

OUTWARDS.

	£	s.	d.
Books (printed) — — — — Bullion, Coin, Pearls and Precious Stones —	*Free.*		
Cinnamon — — — per lb.	0	2	0
Do. (from 1st May 1843) — — per lb.	0	1	0
Do. Oil — — — ,, oz.	0	0	4
Horses, Asses, Mules, neat Cattle and all other live Stock — — — — —	*Free.*		
Instruments (Musical) — — — —			
Iron Tanks, Casks, Staves, Headings and Hoops —			
Plants and Seeds — — — —			
Specimens illustrative of Natural History — —			
Wearing Apparel and Personal Baggage — —			
Goods, Wares and Merchandize, of the growth, produce or manufacture of the Island of Ceylon, not being subject to other Export Duty, nor particularly exempted from Export Duty, for every £100 of the value thereof — — — —	2	10	0

PROHIBITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS INWARDS.

Arms, Ammunition and Utensils of War—except under special authority of the Governor.

Cinnamon, Cinnamon Oil, Cassia or Cassia Buds.

Coffee—except to be warehoused for exportation.

Coin; viz. False Money or Counterfeit Sterling.

Silver of the Realm or any Money purporting to be such, not being of the established standard in weight or fineness.

Gunpowder—except under special authority of the Governor.

Rum and Rum-Shrub the produce of any Foreign Country, or of any British Possession into which Foreign Sugar or Rum or Rum-Shrub can be legally imported.

Salt—except under authority of the Governor.

Sugar (Foreign,) and Sugar the growth of any British Possession into which Foreign Sugar can be legally imported—except to be warehoused for exportation.

BRITISH DUTIES.

Payable on the importation into England of the following Articles of Ceylon Produce.

	£	s.	d.
Cardamons ..	0	0	2
Cinnamon .. .. .. per lb. ..	0	0	3
Do. — Oil .. .. ,, oz.	0	1	0
Coir Rope, Twine and Strands .. per cwt. ..	0	1	3
Coffee .. .. ,, lb. ..	0	0	4
Columbo Root .. .. .. ,, cwt. ..	0	1	0
Copperas .. .. ,, ton ..	0	10	0

		£	s.	d.
Cotton Wool	per cwt.	0	0	4
Ebony	„ ton	0	2	6
Horns, Horn tips and pieces of Horn	„ ton	0	1	0
Jewels, Emeralds, Rubies and all other Precious Stones, except Diamonds and Pearls—for every £100 value	set	10	0	0
	unset	0	10	0
Mace	„ lb.	0	2	6
Nutmegs	„ lb.	0	2	6
Oil—Cocoanut	„ cwt.	0	0	7½
Pepper	„ lb.	0	0	6
Spirits—Rum	„ Im.gall.	0	9	0
Sugar	„ cwt.	1	4	0
——Molasses	„ cwt.	0	9	0
Teeth—Elephants	„ cwt.	0	1	0
Tobacco—Manufactured	„ lb.	0	9	0
—— Unmanufactured	„ lb.	0	3	0
Wax—Bees	„ cwt.	0	1	0

WAREHOUSE RATES.

Rates of Warehouse Rent chargeable upon all Goods imported and remaining in any Queen's Warehouse.

For every—	per week. £	s.	d.
Tun Butt	0	0	9
Leaguer Cask	0	0	6
Half do.	0	0	3
Pipe or Puncheon	0	0	3
Hogshead	0	0	2
Barrel	0	0	1½
Cask or Keg of smaller size	0	0	1
Case containing one dozen of Liquor	0	0	0½
Crate, Cask or Case of Hardware, Earthen do. or Ironmongery	0	0	4
Bale of Cloth—Indian	0	0	4
Half——do——do.	0	0	2
Quarter do.——do.	0	0	1
Bale, Case or Box not exceeding half a Ton measurement	0	0	4
——Do.—— exceeding half a Ton	0	0	8
Bag—Rice, Sugar or Coffee	0	0	1
Small Package not otherwise enumerated	0	0	1
Ton of heavy Goods do.	0	1	0

N.B.—A Week's Rent chargeable for all fractions of a Week.

WHARFAGE RATES.

Wharfage and Cranage payable on all Goods Wares and Merchandize landed or shipped at the Port of Colombo, during the year ending 31st October 1844.

	£	s.	d.
On every Pipe, Puncheon, Butt or other Cask of the capacity of 80 Gallons or upwards and containing, Wine, Spirits or other Liquids	0	0	6
On every Hogshead, half Puncheon, Tierce or other Cask of the capacity of 40 Gallons and under 80 Gallons and containing Wine, Spirits or other Liquids	0	0	3
On every quarter Cask, Barrel, Keg, or other Cask of less capacity than 40 Gallons containing Wine, Spirits or other Liquids	0	0	1½
On every Crate of Earthenware or empty bottles..	0	0	6
On every Case, Bale, Box or Trunk or other Package whatsoever not otherwise described. If measuring 20 cubic feet and upwards.. ..	0	0	6
Do. 10 do. and less than 20 ..	0	0	4
Do. 5 do. and less than 10 ..	0	0	2
Do. 2 do. and less than 5 ..	0	0	1
On every bag of Coffee, Sugar, Saltpetre and Arrecanuts	0	0	1
On every 1,000 Bricks if landed at any Wharf ..	0	0	6
On every Ton of Coals if landed at any Wharf ..	0	0	6
On every Ton of heavy Goods not otherwise described	0	1	0
On every Horse	0	2	6

All Goods not included or enumerated in the foregoing Table and not exempt from Wharfage to pay in proportion to the rates therein contained according to weight or size.

EXEMPTIONS.

All Rice, Paddy, Wheat, Gram, Pease and Beans.
All empty Casks, Staves, Headings or hoops.
All live stock not otherwise charged with Wharfage.
All Articles Imported and Exported Coastwise.
All public Stores, Naval and Military Baggage.
Wearing Apparel and Cabin furniture of Passengers.
All Articles Exported on which dues shall have been levied at the Port of Importation.

PORT DUES.

per Ton of the registered Tonnage of any Ship or Vessel anchoring in any Port of the Islands, excepting Chartered Transports and Vessels belonging to this Government.

Vessels employed between one Port and another of the Island are allowed to compound for Port Dues for 12 months at 1s. per Ton. No Coasting Vessel is liable to pay Port Dues within 30 days from the date of the last payment thereof.

PILOTAGE.

Rates of Pilotage payable by all Square-rigged Vessels, Sloops or Schooners, at the Ports of Colombo, Trincomale and Galle.

	£	s.	d.
COLOMBO — — — — —	0	15	0

TRINCOMALE:	Back Bay. £	s.	d.	Inner Harbour. £	s.	d.
Vessels of 600 Tons and upwards —	2	0	0	4	0	0
400 and under 600 —	1	10	0	3	0	0
200 and under 400 —	1	1	0	2	2	0
100 and under 200 —	0	10	6	1	1	0
under 100 — —	0	6	0	0	15	0

GALLE:	£	s.	d.
Vessels of 600 Tons and upwards	3	0	0
400 and under 600	2	5	0
200 and under 400	1	10	0
100 and under 200	1	2	6
under 100 — —	0	15	0

The above rates of Pilotage are charged to all Vessels going into the Inner Harbour of Trincomale and the Harbour of Galle, whether they make a signal for a Pilot or not. In Colombo and the Back Bay at Trincomale, the charge is only made if the Vessel make the signal and a Pilot actually repair on board.

GENERAL RATES

OF AGENCY, COMMISSION AND GODOWN RENT.

Agreed upon by the Chamber of Commerce of Ceylon, on the 29th April, 15th May and 12th June 1839, and recommended for general adoption.

	Per Cent.
1—On all Sales, Purchases and Shipments	5
With the following exceptions.	
On all Purchases of Government Cinnamon on the purchase money and duty included	2½
On Returns made with the proceeds of Goods on which Commission has been previously charged; if in Coffee or Cocoanut Oil	5
in every other description of produce	2½
On Diamonds, Pearls, Precious Stones and Jewelry	2½
On Treasure and Bullion	1
On all Property withdrawn, shipped or delivered to order	2½
2—On Guaranteeing Sales, Bills, Bonds, Contracts or other engagements	2½

	Per Cent.
3—On Ships disbursements	5
4—On advertising for Freight and Passengers, on the amount of freight or passage money, whether the same pass through the Agents' hands or not	5
5—On effecting Insurance or writing orders for Insurance..	½
6—On settling Losses partial and general, and returns of Premium	1
7—On procuring Money on respondentia..	2½
8—On attending the delivery of Contract Goods, or receiving and delivering private Commissions of Wines, Cattle and Merchandize	2½
9—On the total sum of the Debit or Credit side of an Account at the option of the Agent, excepting items on which a Commission of five per cent is chargable	1
10—On effecting Remittances, or on Purchasing, Selling or negotiating Bills of Exchange	1
11—On Subscriptions to Government Loans, Purchasing, Selling, Transferring or Exchanging Public Securities ..	1
12—On delivering up Public Securities, or lodging them in any of the Public Offices	½
13—On Sale of Lottery Tickets from the other Settlements	5
14—On the Purchase of Lottery Tickets, and amount of Prizes	1
15—On Letters of Credit granted	2½
16—On the management of Estates as Executors, Administrators or Attornies	5
17—On Debts when a process at law or arbitration is necessary and if recovered by such means	5
18—On Bills of Exchange, Notes, &c. dishonoured.. ..	1
19—On over-due Debts collected for absentees	5

RATES OF GODOWN RENT PER MONTH.

	s.	d.
Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Pepper and Saltpetre, per Bag	0	3
Cinnamon, per Bale	1	0
Piece Goods, per Bale or Case..	1	0
Cotton screwed, per Bale	0	6
do. Raw, per do.	1	0
Coir Rope or Junk, per Cwt.	0	1
Wine, Spirits, Beer, Oil, &c. per Leaguer or Pipe	2	0
Wine, in Six dozen Chests	0	6
Rough Goods, such as Earthenware in crates, per Fifty Cubic Feet	2	0

All other Articles in proportion to the above.

STEPHEN VIRTUE, *Junr:*
Hon. Secretary.

J. READ,
Chairman.

CALCUTTA, 3rd DECEMBER, 1839.

RATES OF COMMISSION AND MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Revised by a General Meeting of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce.

	Per Cent.
1—On the sale, purchase, or shipment of Bullion, Gold Dust, Coin, Jewellery, Pearls, and Precious Stones ..	1
2—On the purchase, (when in funds), or sale of Indigo, Silk and Opium	2½
3—On purchasing ditto when funds are provided by the Agent	5
4—On all sales or purchase of other Goods	5
5—On the sale or purchase of Ships, Factories, Houses, Lands, and all property of a like description ..	2½
6—On returns for Consignments, if made in produce ..	2½
7—On ditto if in Bills, Bullion, or Treasure	1
8—On Goods and Treasure consigned, and all other property of any description referred to Agency for sale, which shall be afterwards withdrawn; and on Goods consigned for conditional delivery to others, and so delivered; (on invoice amount at the exchange of 2*s.* per Rupee)	*Half Com.*
9—On making advances or procuring Loans of Money for commercial purposes, when the aggregate Commission does not exceed 5 per cent	2½
10—On ordering Goods, or superintending the fulfilment of contracts, or on the shipment of Goods, where no other commission except that of account is derived..	2½
11—On guaranteeing Bills, Bonds, or other engagements, and on becoming Security for Administration of Estates, for Contracts, Agreements, &c., and to Government, for the disbursements of public money, where the funds of the Individuals are insufficient to cover the risk	2½
12—On del credere, or guaranteeing the due realization of sales	2½
13—On executorship or Administration to Estates of deceased persons	5
14—On the management of Estates for Executors or Administrators	2½
15—On chartering Ships, or engaging Tonnage	2½
16—On Advertising as the Agent of Owners or Commanders of Ships for Passengers, on the amount of passage-money, whether the same shall pass through the agents' hands or not	2½

Per Cent.

17—On procuring Freight, or advertising as the Agent of the Owners or Commanders; the commission to be calculated on the gross amount of entire freight.. 5

18—On effecting Insurances, or writing orders for the same, whether on lives or property .. .. .. ½

19—On settling Insurance losses, and averages, and on procuring returns of premium 2

20—On purchasing, selling, or negotiating Bills of Exchange.. 1

21—On Debts or other claims, when a process at law or arbitration is incurred in claiming them 2½

If recovered by such means 5

22—On Bills of Exchange returned dishonored 1

23—On collecting House Rent.. .. .. .. 2½

24—On Ships, disbursements 2½

25—On negotiating Loans on respondentia 2

26—On granting Letters of Credit 1

27—On sale or purchase of Government Securities, and Bank Shares, and on every exchange or transfer, not by purchase, from one class to another .. .. ½

28—On delivering up Government Securities and Bank Shares, or depositing them in Treasury .. .. ½

29—On the amount debited or credited (at the option of the Agent,) within the year, (less the balance brought forward, and all items on which a commission of 5 per cent. has been charged) 1

30—On all advances not punctually liquidated, a second commission may be charged, as on a new advance, provided it do not occur within the same year.

☞Brokerage, when actually paid, is considered a separate charge.

W. LIMOND,
Secretary.

MADRAS, 10TH OCTOBER 1836.

GENERAL RATES OF AGENCY AND COMMISSION.

Revised by the Chamber of Commerce, and recommended for general approval and adoption.

No. 1—On the total sum of of a Debit or Credit side of an Account at the option of the Agent, excepting items on which a Commission of 5 per Cent is chargeable.. .. .. 1 Per Cent.

2—On effecting Remitances, or purchasing, selling or negotiating Bills of Exchange 1 do.

No.	3—On Subscriptions to Government Loans, purchasing, selling, transferring or exchanging Public Securities	½	Per Cent.
„	4—On delivering up Public Securities, or lodging them in any of the Public Offices	½	do.
„	5—On receiving and delivering private Commissions of Wines, Cattle, and Merchandize	2½	do.
„	6—On collecting Rents	2½	do.
„	7—On purchase of Lottery Tickets and amount of Prizes	1	do,
„	8—On the sale of Lottery Tickets from other Settlements	2½	do.
„	9—On Letters of Credit granted	2½	do.
„	10—On Executorship or Administration to Estates of deceased persons	5	do.
„	11—On the management of Estates for Executors or Administrators	2½	do.
„	12—On becoming Security for Administrators.	2½	do.
„	13—On Debts when a process of law or arbitration is necessary	2½	do.
	and if recovered by such means ..	5	do.
„	14—On Bills of Exchange, Notes, &c. dishonored	1	do.
„	15—On over due Debts collected for absentees	2½	do.
„	16—On becoming Security for individuals to Government or others	2½	do.
„	17—On all Sales or Purchases of Goods ..	5	do.

With the following exceptions.

On Houses, Lands and Ships	2½	do.
On Diamonds, Pearls and Jewelry ..	2½	do.
On Treasure and Bullion	1	do.
On all Goods, and Merchandize withdrawn, shipped or delivered to order. On all other descriptions of property for sale, if withdrawn or otherwise disposed of by the owners .. .. On Goods transferred to Auction or Commission salesmen	—Half Commission.	
„ 18—On guaranteeing Sales, Bills, Bonds, or other engagements	2½	Per Cent.
„ 19—On Ships disbursements	2½	do.
„ 20—On chartering Ships or engaging Tonnage	2½	do.
„ 21—On advertising as the Agents of Owners or Commanders of Ships for Freight or Passengers—On the Amount of Freight or Passage money whether the same shall pass through the Agents'		

hands or not	5	Per Cent.
„ 22—On effecting Insurance, or writing orders for Insurance, whether on Lives or Property	½	do.
„ 23—On settling Losses, partial or general, and returns of Premium	1	do.
„ 24—On procuring Money on respondentia wherever payable	2	do.
„ 25—On making up or purchasing Goods to order where the funds are not provided.	7½	do.
„ 26—On giving orders for the provision of Goods where a Commission is not chargeable on Sale or Shipment.	2½	do.
„ 27—On attending the delivery of Contract Goods	2	do.

J. A. ARBUTHNOT,
Chairman.

RATES OF GODOWN RENT PER MONTH.

		R.	A.	P.
Bales of Punjum Cloth of 30 pieces, per Bale		0	8	0
Screwed do. of Cotton of 300 lb.	do.	0	4	0
Loose bundles of. . do. ... 200 lb.	do.	0	4	0
Bales of Taffities and Raw Silk	do.	1	0	0
Chests of Opium	per Chest	0	8	0
Ditto of Indigo	do.	0	8	0
Ditto of Wine of 12 dozens	do.	0	8	0
Pipes of Wine, Puncheons and Butts..	each	1	0	0
Bags of rice and Sugar	per Bag	0	1	0
Ditto of Saltpetre	do.	0	1	0
Metals	per Ton	0	4	0

Other Articles in proportion to the above.

BOMBAY.

GENERAL RATES OF AGENCY AND COMMISSION.

On the Sale or Purchase of Goods of all denominations, (except as under)	5	Per Cent
On Purchase of all kinds with the proceeds of Goods sold, and on which a Commission of 5 per cent has been previously charged	2½	do.
On the Sale or Purchase of Ships, Houses and Lands	2½	do.
On the Sale or Purchase of Opium	2½	do.
On the Sale or Purchase of Diamonds, Pearls and Jewelry of all descriptions	2½	do.
On the Sale or Purchase of Treasure or Bullion, (exclusive of 1 per cent on receipt of the proceeds)	1	do.
On procuring Freight	5	do.
On shipping Goods of every description	2½	do.
On shipping Treasure, Bullion and Jewelry	1	do.

On Ships disbursements, when no Commission has been charged on Freight or Cargo	2½	PerCent
On effecting Insurances	½	do.
On settling Insurance losses, whether partial or total; also on procuring a return of Premium (exclusive of Commission on receipt of Cash)	1	do.
On guaranteeing the responsibility of persons to whom Goods are sold on the amount of Sale	2½	do.
On the Sale or Purchase of Cattle	5½	do.
On collecting House Rent	2½	do.
On effecting Remittances by Bills of Exchange, (not being the proceeds of Goods sold)	1	do.
On taking up Interest Bills from the Company (exclusive of 1 per cent on remitting)	½	do.
On Sale or Purchase of public or private Bills of Exchange	1	do.
On exchanging Company's Securities of all descriptions, on investing Money therein and on transferring Government Paper from one constituent to another	½	do.
On surrendering or depositing in the Treasury, Company's Security of all descriptions	½	do.
On procuring Money on respondentia or on loan	2	do.
On recovery of Bonds or Bills for absentees, over due at the period of their being placed in the possession of the Agent	2	do.
On Debts when a process at law or by arbitration is necessary 2½ per cent, and if recovered by such means	5	do.
On managing the affairs of an Estate for an Executor or Administrator	5	do.
On guaranteeing Bills, Bonds or Debts in general, by endorsement or otherwise	½	do.
On attending the delivery of Contract Goods to the Company or Individuals	1	do.
On Goods consigned and afterwards withdrawn, on Invoice cost	2½	do.
On Bills of Exchange returned, noted or protested	1	do.
On receipt or payment (at the option of the Agent) of all Monies, not arising from proceeds of Goods on which Commission has been previously charged	1	do.
In all cases where the Debtor side of the Account exceeds the Credit side, including the balance of Interest, Commission chargeable on the Debtor side at the rate of	1	do.
On granting Letters of Credit	2½	do.
On becoming Security to Government or public Bodies in any case	2½	do.
On Goods consigned which are disposed of by outcry or sent to a shop, on net proceeds	1½	do.
On depositing Government Paper as security for constituents	1	do.

MEMORANDUM.

Sales on Europe Goods when made at an advance on Invoice cost, the amount to be converted into Bombay Currency at the exchange of Two Shillings per Rupee.

POSTAGE.

Rates of Inland Postage, according to the Ordinance No. 3 of 1836.

			Miles	*d.*
For any distance	not exceeding	.....	10	 1
„	„	.....	20	 2
„	„	.....	35	 3
„	„	.....	50	 4
„	„	.....	65	 5
„	„	.....	80	 6
„	„	.....	95	 7
„	„	.....	120	 8
„	„	.....	150	 9
„	„	.....	180	10
„	„	.....	210	11
„	Exceeding	.....	210	12

The same rates are to be charged on letters from any place within the Government Agency of the Northern Province to any place on the Continent of India not exceeding the distance of 400 Miles from Jaffna.

Extract from the Rules for the Management of the Post Office Department, passed by the Governor General of India in Council on the 30th August 1837.

Receipts of Letters, &c. for dispatch by Land or Sea.

Letters, Papers and Parcels shall be received wherever a Post Master or Post Office Writer is stationed, for dispatch by *Land* to every part of India or to Ceylon, and by *Sea* to every part of the World with which there is a Post Office communication; the letter unless superscribed for some particular Ship, will be sent by the first Vessel that sails direct to the country to which the letter is addressed, and if there be no Vessels so proceeding direct to the place addressed, the letter shall be forwarded by such circuitous route as shall appear to the Post Master General or Post Master to afford the means of most speedy and secure transmission.

Letters to Ceylon to be paid in advance.

On Letters, Papers or Parcels, intended for delivery in Ceylon, Postage must be paid in advance to Point Calimere, except in case of letters received for Ceylon from Ship, which may be forwarded Bearing Postage. If letters for Ceylon are received from Ship under cover to residents in India, such

Excepting Letters received from Sea.

letters, superscribed, "Ship Letters" and Bearing Postage as such, will be received for transmission to their destination in like manner as if received direct from the Ship.

Letters from Ceylon to be charged Postage.

Letters from Ceylon will be charged inland Postage from Point Calimere, or the place where the same are landed in India.

THE RIGHT HONBLE THE GOVERNOR is pleased to direct that the fowing Rules for establishing a Parcel Tappal be publish for general information.

By His Excellency's Command,

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 24th November, 1837.

IT having been found expedient to establish for the public convenience a Parcel Tappal between Colombo and the principal Outstations. Notice is hereby given that from the 1st of January next, such a Tappal shall be established under the following Rules and Conditions, with a proviso, however, that the conveyance of parcels through the Post Office will be given up as soon as any establishment of the same nature shall be set up by private persons—and with the exception of the road between Kandy and Colombo, on which a conveyance of that nature already exists.

The following Rules will be strictly abided by:

1. The Tappal will be despatched twice a week, namely, each Tuesday and Friday, from Colombo, and arrangements will be made with the Post Offices at Outstations for parcels being brought to Colombo also twice a week, on days to be fixed by the several Government Agents.

2. All private parcels, not exceeding 6lbs. in weight, and being made up in a form which can be conveniently carried, which may be brought to the Post Office before 5 on the days above-mentioned, will be duly forwarded.

3. In order that the Parcel Tappal may not interfere with the regular post, the Post Master General, or Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent at Outstations, will be authorized to call on any person sending or receiving a parcel in which he may suspect letters to be enclosed, to open it at the Post Office in his presence.

4. No parcel can be franked; all below one pound shall be charged as if they were of that weight, and the following rates will be levied:—

Double letter postage for every parcel of a pound weight, or less than a pound, and two pence for every extra pound for each distance of 72 miles, and an additional charge of ten shillings for every single letter found in any parcel.

5. The Post Office will be answerable for no parcels containing money or jewels, but for additional security any person sending such parcels should give notice at the time to the Post Office Clerk, and take a receipt in writing, specifying the weight of the parcel.

General Post Office,
Colombo, May 14th, 1838.

NOTICE is hereby given that in cases where private individuals may be desirous of sending EXPRESSES from Colombo to outstations, or vice versâ, on sufficient notice being given at this Office, or at the Post Offices at the chief Outstations, arrangements will be made for despatching such expresses, unless something should at the time occur to render it inexpedient for the Public Service that they should be sent, in which case information will as speedily as possible be given to the applicants.

The charges will be as follows:

For an express from Colombo to Kandy, or vice versâ	£0	12	0
——————————Galle	0	13	6
——————————Jaffna	3	4	6
——————————Point Pedro	3	9	0
——————————Trincomalie	2	10	0

But it is strictly to be understood that the weight of such despatches is to be limited to 8oz—and that, in order that they may not injure the revenue of the Post Office, which derives no advantage from this arrangement, a declaration will be required that the despatches convey no other letters but those of the party at whose instance the Express is sent.

GEORGE LEE,
Postmaster General.

NOTICE is hereby given, by order of HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL, that it is intended to make the following charges upon all Letters and Newspapers, &c. sent or received by any Steam Packet to or from Bombay, from this date and until further notice, viz.

On every Letter not exceeding a quarter of an ounce in weight	2s.
„ „ „ exceeding a quarter of an ounce and not exceeding half an ounce	3s.
„ „ „ „ half an ounce and not exceeding one ounce	5s.
„ „ „ „ one ounce and not exceeding two ounces	10s.
For every additional ounce in weight above the weight of two ounces	5s.

And every fraction of an ounce above the weight of two ounces, shall be charged as one additional ounce.

For every Newspaper, Price Current or Shipping Report..... 1*d.*

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 13th September, 1841.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Colonial Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, by order of HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL, that it is intended to make the following charges upon all Letters and Newspapers, &c. sent or received by Expresses overland to or from Bombay, from this date and until further notice, viz.

On every Letter not exceeding a quarter of an ounce in weight.....	2*s.*
" " " exceeding a quarter of an ounce and not exceeding half an ounce	3*s.*
" " " " half an ounce and not exceeding one ounce	5*s.*
" " " " one ounce and not exceeding two ounces..	10*s.*
For every additional ounce in weight above the weight of two ounces	5*s.*

And every fraction of an ounce above the weight of two ounces, shall be charged as one additional ounce.

For every Newspaper, Price Current or Shipping Report ..... 5½*d.*

viz.

Indian Postage .....4½*d.*
Ceylon Postage.....1*d.*

The weight of the Mail by such Express is limited to 18lbs.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 6th May, 1842.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH EUROPE.

NOTIFICATION—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to notify, that information has been received from the Honorable the Court of Directors, that the Mails by the Overland route will from November next, be despatched from London on the 4th of every Calendar month.

The following are the dates in which the Mails will be dispatched, and reach the intermediate stations.

	Date.
From London the evening of the.....	4th
Arrives at Calais about 11 A. M.....	5th
Ditto at Marseilles 5 P. M.....	9th
Leaves for Malta immediately.	
Arrives at Malta the evening of the.....	13th
Leaves Malta noon of the.....	14th
Arrives at Alexandria	19th

The Steamer remains 4 days to Coal &c.

The Mail is immediately dispatched to Suez, which it reaches on the 23d, and proceeds forthwith to Bombay.

From Bombay the Mail will be despatched on the 1st of each month, on such dates as circumstances may render necessary, so as to reach Suez on the 19th, and of which due notification will be given.

	Date.
Mail arrives at Suez on the	19th
Crosses the Desert to Alexandria, when the Steamer is dispatched to Malta, on the	23d
Reaches Malta about the	29th
Reaches Marseilles about the	4th or 5th
According to the number of days in the preceding month.	
Arrives in London on the	9th or 10th

The longest time required, has, in all these cases, been calculated to provide against the bad weather in the winter month.

N. B.—The public and Agents for Passengers are particularly requested to observe, that by this arrangement the period hitherto granted for the transit of Passengers across the Desert, is altogether abrogated, as the rapid despatch of the Mails alone is the object contemplated; but the departure of the French Steamers, every 10 days from Alexandria for Marseilles, will render this a matter of less moment to travellers.

By order of the Honorable the Governor in Council,

W. S. Boyd,
Act. Secy. to Govt.

Bombay Castle, 13th September, 1839.

STEAM REGULATIONS, BOMBAY.

Notification.

Marine Department.—Bombay Castle, 6th December 1841.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to direct, that the following Rules for the regulation of Passages and Passengers in the Government Steam Packets, be published for general information, and that these Rules be brought into operation on the 1st January next, in supercession of those at present in force.

The names which have been already registered for the January and succeeding Steamers, will be placed on the list of applicants for Cabins, in the order in which they now stand.

Rules for the engagement of Passages and accommodation of Passengers in the Government Steam Packets between Bombay and Suez.

1. Application for Passage is to be made at the Office of the Master Attendant in Bombay, and at other Ports to the Commander.

2. The vessel which conveys the Mail intended to reach Suez on the 19th of any month, is to be designated the Steamer of that month: for instance the January Steamer is the one which is destined to reach Suez on the 19th January, although leaving Bombay possibly before the end of December.

3. Passengers are to be divided into two classes, viz:

First class, who sit at the Commander's Table, and are entitled to all the privileges of the Quarter Deck.

Second class, who are not entitled to walk aft of the paddle boxes, who berth forward, and either arrange for their own provision, or mess with the Warrant Officers or Engineers.

4. Every Passenger of the 1st class shall pay the following sum, as Table Money, for the voyage from Bombay to Suez, or from Suez to Bombay, viz:

A Lady or Gentleman	Rs. 200
A Child ten years of age and above five years	100
A Child five years and above one	80
A Child one year and under	50
A Child under one year, and with the Mother	Free.

These rates apply to the Steamers of every month throughout the year, with the exception of those of July and August, in which the Table Money from Bombay to Suez will be as follows, viz:

A Lady or Gentleman	Rs. 300
A Child under 10	150
A Child under 5	120
A Child under 1	75
Do. with the Mother	Free.

But the rate from Suez to Bombay will be the same in all months. It is to be understood, that for the above sums, the Passengers are to be provided with a plain substantial Table; but no person is entitled to more than one pint of Wine and one bottle of Beer per diem. Cabin Passengers have the first choice of seats at the Table, and after them the Saloon Passengers in preference to those on the Deck, whose priority will be arranged according to their standing on the passage list. The seats will be arranged by the Commander, and once taken they cannot be changed, without his permission, during the voyage.

5. In addition to the Table Money the following sums will be charged for the accommodation engaged by first class Passengers, viz.

A treble Cabin	Rs. 1000
A double Cabin	800
A single Cabin	500
A Saloon berth	350
A Deck passage	300

6. Every second class Passenger shall Pay Rupees 150.

7. For each European Servant 50 Rs. must be paid as Subsistence Money and 50 Rs. as Passage Money; for Native Servants the charge will be one half the rate for an European; but none are to be considered and taken as Servants unless they actually accompany their Masters or Mistresses.

8. Three lists for each month's Steamer will be kept at the Master Attendant's Office, viz. one for Cabin, one for Saloon, and one for Deck Passengers. A statement of the number of each class, which each packet is calculated to accommodate, will be open at the same place, to the inspection of the public.

9. Every applicant may register his name in which ever of the lists he pleases, but the name of the packet will not be declared until 10 days prior to the appointed day of sailing, when choice of accommodation will be given, according to priority of standing on the lists. Ladies having the preference for the first three cabins.

10. In the event of a greater number of names having been registered than the Steamer, when declared, is calculated to accommodate, the supernumerary names on the Cabin lists may be transferred to that of the Saloon or the Deck, and those of Saloon lists to that of the Deck, or they may be withdrawn and the deposit repaid, at the option of the parties. In the case of a transfer under this rule, the name will be placed in the same position in which it would have stood by date of registry had the original application been for a Saloon or a Deck passage, instead of for a Cabin, or for a Cabin, or for a Deck instead of for a Saloon. Should any of the Cabin or Saloon berths remain open, after the vessel has left the harbour, the Saloon or Deck Passengers may be allowed to take them on paying into the hands of the Commander the regulated difference of price.

11. Ladies and Children can take passages in Cabins only, and female Servants cannot be accommodated otherwise than in the Cabins engaged for the family they accompany.

12. A passenger who has engaged a Cabin may make what arrangement he likes for its occupation; he may either keep it entirely to himself, or admit to share it with any one that he pleases, provided only that the name of the person so admitted (if an adult) must have been previously on one of the lists, and subject to the following restrictions, viz.

A treble Cabin cannot be appropriated to the accommodation more than

Four Ladies.
Three Gentlemen.
Six Children.
One Lady and four Children.
Two Ladies and three Children.
Three Ladies and two Children.
One Gentleman and three Children.
Two Gentlemen and two Children.
A Lady and her Husband with two Children.

A double Cabin cannot be appropriated to more than

Three Ladies.
Two Gentlemen.
Four Children.
A Lady and three Children.
Two Ladies and two Children.
A Gentleman with two Children.
A Lady and her Husband with one Child.

A single Cabin cannot be appropriated to more than

Two Ladies.
One Gentleman.
Three Children.
One Lady and two Children.

Children under five years of age may be taken extra to the complement of a Cabin, on payment of 50 Rs. for each, additional.

13. Passages for intermediate places can be engaged only when there is accommodation not taken up for the entire voyage, unless the parties are willing to pay the price of the whole voyage, in which case they may register their names in the same manner as all other Passengers.—The vacant accommodation will be declared three days before the sailing of the vessel. The passage between Aden and Mocha, and Bombay and Suez, respectively, will be counted as one half of the whole passage between Bombay and Suez;—between Judda and Suez, will be counted as one third, and between Judda and Bombay as two-thirds—Cossier and Suez are considered to be alike.

14. The engagement of a passage will not be considered valid unless a deposit of the following sums be made at the time of application, viz.

For a Cabin passage	Rs. 300
For a Saloon	150
For a Deck	125

This deposit, should the party not proceed, will invariably be forfeited, except under the provisions of art. 10, and in cases where, by the production of a Medical Certificate, it is satisfactorily shewn that the person was compelled, by sickness, to abandon the passage. A deposit is not required on the registry of the names of Children, except when the Children are to occupy a Cabin by themselves, in which case the same deposit must be made as for the Cabin passage of a Lady or Gentleman, viz. 300 Rupees.

15. To prevent unnecessary trouble, the Master Attendant is authorized to receive and pass receipts for the deposit Money.

16. Ten days prior to the appointed day of sailing, each Passenger must pay to the Master Attendant the remaining portion of the passage Money, in default of which the deposit will be considered forfeited, and any claim to passage invalid. When the cabins are finally allotted, an adjustment will be made with the party or parties to whom they are appropriated, the difference between the value of the place occupied by each individual and the deposit made under article 14, being paid up or returned, as the case may be. When the passage Money has been paid up, no portion of it can, on any plea, be returned, except under the provisions specified in article 14.

17. Persons who, from non-arrival at Bombay, may have omitted to pay the balance of the passage Money, may be re-admitted as Passengers, if before the period of departure the balance is paid. They however will be placed at the bottom of the list of the class of Passengers in which they are registered.

18. No transfer of accommodation in the Steamers by an individual who has taken a passage to one who has not taken his passage, will be permitted, but after the list has been filled up, any person wishing to stand the chance of succeeding to a vacancy caused by a lapse of any kind may do so, by registering his name and paying the required sum, which will be refunded to him should no vacancy occur.

19. It is to be understood, that Government reserves to itself the right of appropriating a Cabin or Cabins for the use of public functionaries or others proceeding on duty or by special order of Government as Passengers in any of the Honorable Company's Steamers.

20. Passengers on a Steamer that may from accident or other cause be obliged to return to Port, will be entitled to the refund of the amount that has been paid, deducting therefrom a sum for the Table Allowance of the Commander according to the number of days that the vessel may have been at sea, calculating the average time occupied in a voyage to or from Suez to be 18 days, and Aden 10 days.

21. It is necessary for Passengers not belonging to the Honorable Company's Service, to make the requisite arrangements at Suez or other intermediate Port with the Commander before, or at least at the time of their embarkation, for the payment of the passage Money.

22. For the convenience of Passengers from the Red Sea to India, the Commanders of the Honorable Company's Packets are authorized to receive payment of passage Money at Suez or any Port between Suez and Bombay in Sovereigns, Spanish Dollars, or German Crowns, at the following rates of exchange viz: Sovereigns at 10 Rupees each. Spanish Dollars at Rupees two and three Annas each, German Crown at Rupees two and two Annas each.

23. The Baggage of each Passenger must not exceed four boxes of the following dimensions, viz:

Length.....	2 feet 5 inches
Breadth.....	1 do. 5 do.
Depth.....	1 do. 3 do.

and the total weight must not be more than four cwt. Second class Passengers are allowed half the above quantity.

24. Each Cabin Passenger may, if he pleases, put all his Baggage into his Cabin. The Saloon and Deck Passengers will be allowed to keep one Box or Bag above. The rest of the Baggage is to be in the Baggage room, and Passengers will be allowed access to it twice a week, on a day and hour fixed by the Commander, who will appoint a person to have charge of the Baggage.

25. Any applicant may be refused a passage, without any cause being assigned either by the authorities at Bombay or by the Commander of the Vessel when away from Bombay, but a report of the rejection is to be communicated to Government.

26. All persons who take passage either themselves or through their Agents, will be considered as thereby binding themselves to comply with these Rules, which will be shown by the Master Attendant or by the Commander of the Vessel to parties who engage passage.

By order of the Honorable the Governor in Council,

P. M. Melvill, Lieut. Col.
Secy. to Government.

NOTIFICATION.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The Honorable the Governor in Council has been pleased to establish the following Rules and Regulations, for the conveyance of Private Treasure by the Honorable Company's Ships and Vessels of War, and Steam Packets, to be in Force from the 1st October next.

1ST SCALE OF FREIGHT.	On Gold or Jewels	On Silver.
	Per Cent on the Value.	
Between Bombay and Suez and between Bombay and any Port in the Red Sea, within the Straits of Babel Mundel, or vice versa	1	1½
Between Bombay and Aden, and between either of those places and any intermediate Ports, or vice versa	¾	1
Between Suez and Aden, and between either of those places and any Port in the Red Sea or vice versa	¾	1
Between Bombay and Bussorah, and between Bombay and any Port in the Persian Gulf, or the Sea of Oman, to the Westward of Muscat, or vice versa	½	1¼
Between Bombay and Muscat, and between either of those places and any intermediate Ports, or vice versa	¾	1
Between Muscat and Bussorah, and between either of those places and any intermediate Ports or vice versa	¾	1
Between Bombay and Ceylon, and between either of those places and any intermediate Ports or vice versa	¾	1
Between Bombay and all Ports on the Continent of India, situated to the Eastward of Cape Comorin, or any Ports within the limits of the Indian Seas, or vice versa	1	1½
Between Bombay and any Ports beyond the limits of the Indian Seas, other than those abovementioned, or vice versa	1½	2
Between any two Ports within the limits of the same station	¾	1

2d.—Should Treasure of any description be deposited on board any of the Honorable Company's vessels, whether for security or any other purpose, the same rate of Freight is to be levied on it, as if it had been conveyed from one Port to any other Port, within the limits of the same station; and in the event of its being transferred from one ship to another for security, or if it be conveyed to any other Port, whether by the vessel on board of which it has been deposited, or by any other vessel, new Bills of Lading shall be made out, and the regulated amount of Freight paid, as if no such deposit had taken place, over and above the amount paid for its deposit.

3d.—Whenever Treasure Freight may be delivered on board of any of the Honorable Company's Ships or Vessels, Bills of Lading in the subjoined Form, shall be made out and signed by the Officer in Command of the Ship, and the value and description of the Freight shall be specified in it, as also the extent to which the Officer signing the Bill of Lading shall be responsible in case of any loss or damage.

Shipped in good order and well conditioned by
in and upon the good Ship called the whereof
is Commander for this present voyage and
now riding at anchor in the harbour of and
bound for

being marked and numbered as in the margin, which are to be delivered in the like good order and well conditioned at the aforesaid Port of the act of God, the King's enemies, Fire, all and every other Dangers of of the Seas and Navigation excepted unto

or to Assigns on payment of Freight for the said

And it is hereby stipulated and agreed between the said

and the

Shippers and Owners and Consignees of the said

that in case of loss or damage happening to the said Gold, Silver, Jewels, or other articles as aforesaid, the Captain, or Officer Commanding such Ship or Vessel, as aforesaid, shall not be holden liable or responsible for more than three-fourths of the amount of such loss or damage.

In witness whereof I the said Commander of the said Ship have affirmed to four Bills of Lading, all of this Tenor and Date, the one of which four Bills being accomplished, the other three to stand void.

Dated in

4th.—The amount of Freight received on account of the conveyance of Treasure shall be divided into eight Parts, and distributed as follows, viz.

If on a Station where there is a duly appointed Commodore or Senior Officer, one-eighth is to be apportioned to him, one-eighth to the Indian Naval Fund, and the remaining six-eighths to the Captain or Commanding Officer of the Ship or Vessel.

If on a Station where there is no properly appointed Commodore or Senior Officer, one-eighth is to be appropriated to the Indian Naval Fund, and the balance of seven-eighths is to be retained by the Captain, or Commanding Officer of the Ship or Vessel.

It is however to be distinctly understood, that no Commodore or Senior Officer shall be entitled to share in the Freight on Treasure etc: unless he shall have notified his intentions to the Captain or Commander of the Vessel bearing the Freight, by furnishing him with an engagement in writing in the following Form.

> I. A. B. am desirous of partaking in the advantages, with the risks attendant thereon, arising out of the conveyance of Freight of Treasure in any of the Ships or Vessels in the Squadron (or in the particular Ship as the case may be) and I hereby engage to make good to the Captain or Captains; Officer or Officers, Commanding such Ships or Vessels respectively (or Ships or Vessels as the case may be) such part of any loss or damage for which he or they may be liable in respect to the Gold, Silver, Treasure, or other articles so carried on Freight, and which he or they respectively shall have actually paid and satisfied, as shall be in proportion to the Share or Interest in the said Freight money to which I may be entitled.

5th.—In the event of loss or damage happening to the Gold, Silver, Jewels, or other articles so received on Freight exceeding the Total Freight money, the Indian Naval Fund shall not be entitled to any sum on account of such Freight and, in cases in which the loss may not amount to the whole of the Freight money, the Indian Naval Fund shall be entitled only to its proportion of the balance of Freight money, over and above such loss or damage.

6th.—The Captain or Commanding Officer of any Ship or Vessel on board of which Treasure may have been received shall, if under a Commodore or Senior Officer, transmit to him a Return, in the following Form, of the amount of Treasure, and of the Freight paid or to be paid thereon; copies of this Return are also to be furnished to the Superintendent Indian Navy, and to the Secretary of the Indian Navy Fund, through the Commodore or Senior Officer, if any; but if there be no Commodore or Senior Officer on the station, they are then to be transmitted direct.

MANIFEST OF TREASURE SHIPPED ON BOARD THE HONORABLE COMPANY'S

Mark and Number.	*German Crowns.*	*Piastres.*	*Saheb Kerroons.*	*Mahomed Shaw Rupees.*	*By whom Shipped.*	*Where.*	*On account of whom.*	*To whom consigned.*	*Where.*	*Amount of Freight.*

NOTE.

Should there be other Coins than those enumerated in these colums additional columns can be ruled for them.

Date. *Commander.*

7th.—When Treasure shall, during the voyage be transhipped into one or more Ships or Vessels, the Freight shall be divided prorata itineris, among the Commodores or Senior Officers, and the Captains or Commanding Officers according to the services performed by the different Ships or Vessels respectively.

8th.—The Freight chargeable under the foregoing Rules shall be payable clear of all deductions; and it shall be stipulated, that the Captains or Commanding Officers shall not be liable to any expences attending the shipment of Treasure, or other articles, until the same shall be safe alongside their respective Ships or Vessels, and their liability shall cease from the moment they shall have landed the Treasure at the Port which the Ships carrying the Treasure shall be destined.

9th.—In order to prevent any doubt or misunderstanding as to the rate of distribution of Freight on Gold, Silver, Jewels, or other articles received on board any of the Honorable Company's Vessels, and to prevent any private arrangement inconsistent with these Regulations, all Commodores or Senior Officers, Captains or Commanding Officers, are expressly forbidden to receive on board any Treasure, upon any agreement or condition different from these Regulations, or to take, demand, or receive any sum, other than those, established by these Regulations.

10th.—Should any dispute arise in the adjustment of Freight to be charged on Treasure, or should any case occur not provided for in these Regulations, the subject is to be referred to Government, through the Superintendent, whose decision is to be considered final.

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Colonel.
Secy. to Govt.

Bombay Castle, 12th September 1843.

NOTIFICATION.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council has been pleased to revise the Rules, under which Parcels and Packages are conveyed in the Mail Steamers between Bombay and Suez; and to direct, that the following Rules be established and in force from the 1st October next, in supercession of all former Rules, which have heretofore been published.

1st.—All Parcels shipped from Bombay by the Red Sea Steamers, must be paid for in advance.

2nd.—All Parcels received at Bombay by the Red Sea Steamers, must be paid for on delivery.

3rd.—All Parcels or Packages must be distinctly addressed by name to the parties to whom they are to be delivered and not by marks or numbers.

4th.—No Package to be larger than one man can conveniently handle, or to weigh more than forty pounds.

5th.—No Parcel is to contain any merchandize.

6th.—No Parcel is to contain Letters, Bills or Money.

7th.—No more Packages will be received on board, than can conveniently be stowed away in each vessel according to the discretion of the Commander.

8th.—Particulars of the contents may be called for, if thought necessary, and if refused, the Package may be rejected.

9th.—All Packages sent or received by the Steamers, are to be delivered at the Custom House.

10th.—The Government will not be responsible for any loss or damage.

11th.—Private Treasure will be received under the Regulations which have been separately notified for its conveyance; and when so conveyed, no charge for freight will be levied beyond the percentage due to the Commander.

12th.—The Post Master General and Collector of Customs respectively have authority to open any Parcel that they have reason to suspect, contains articles in contravention of these rules.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR FREIGHT.

Size of Parcels.	*Between Bombay, Suez and Cosseir.*	
¼ Cubic foot, or less	3	Rupees.
½ " " "	6	"
¾ " " "	9	"
1 " " "	12	"
1½ " " "	18	"
2 " " "	24	"
3 " " "	40	"

and 20 Rupees per Foot additional above 3 feet.

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

P. M. MELVILL, Lieut. Colonel.
Secy. to Govt.

Bombay Castle, 12th September 1843,

Passage to Europe.

BY THE

OVERLAND MAIL CONVEYANCE.

Direction for Passengers.

The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's Steam Frigates, Oriental, of 1,673 *Tons and* 450 *Horse-power, and Great Liverpool,* 1,540 *Tons and* 464 *Horse-power,* start from *Alexandria* for *Malta, Falmouth* and *Southampton,* as soon as the Mails and Passengers from *India* arrive at *Alexandria.*

On Arrival at Suez.

Travellers should avail themselves promptly of the usual means of transit across the Desert to Cairo, and there join one of the Com-

pany's Nile Steamers *Lotus* or *Cairo*, which they will find in readiness to convey them and their Luggage down the Nile to Atfé, where they will embark in Track Boats and be conveyed to Alexandria.

The Journey from Suez to Cairo is performed without extraordinary fatigue in twenty-four hours, allowing some hours of repose at the center Station-house, where beds and all necessary accommodations are to be had in European style. The mode of travelling across the Desert is,---1st, By two-wheeled Vans, carrying four persons each,---2d, In Donkey-chairs a species of Sedan, and particularly recommended to Ladies or Invalids, and 3rd, On Donkeys or Horseback. All those means of conveyance will be found ready at Suez, together with Camels for the conveyance of Luggage. The passage per Company's Steamers down the Nile from Cairo to Atfé, is ordinarily made in from ten to twelve hours, and by the Track Boats on the Canal, from Atfé to Alexandria, in from eight to ten hours.

N. B. As the change of temperature, both in the Desert and on the Nile, after sun-set is very great during the winter months, the days being fine and warm, and the nights cold and chilly, Travellers, and especially Ladies, will do well to provide themselves with Cloaks, &c. accordingly.

The cost of conveyance of a Passenger, with an ordinary proportion of Luggage, from Suez to Alexandria, ought not to exceed from £12 to £15, including provisions and refreshments of every usual description.

ON ARRIVAL AT ALEXANDRIA.

The Company's Agents there, Messrs. BRIGGS and Co., will furnish every information, receive applications for passage to Malta and England, and issue Passage Tickets for the Company's Steamers.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY,
FROM ALEXANDRIA TO MALTA AND ENGLAND.
(Steward's Fees included.)

	First Cabin.	*Second Cabin.*
Alexandria to Southampton.....	£46 10 0	£30 15 0
Alexandria to Malta	12 10 0	8 5 0

(Steamers every ten days between Malta and Genoa, Naples, Leghorn, Constantinople, &c.)

Provisions are included in the Fares, also Wines (for First Cabin Passengers only). Second Cabin Passengers have substantial meals, and an allowance of Porter and Spirits.

Baggage.---Passengers are recommended not to encumber themselves with much Baggage, as it will tend to impede their journey across the Desert, &c., as well as to enhance the expense. Names and destination to be distinctly marked on the Packages, and Passengers are requested to reduce to the smallest quantity such indispensable articles as they may require to have in the Cabins, in which no heavy Baggage, Trunks, Boxes or Portmanteaus are allowed. A Baggage room in each vessel, to which access can be had daily. The Company do not hold themselves liable for any damage or loss of Baggage, nor for unavoidable delay, accidents, fire, steam, or sea risks of any kind whatever.

Each Vessel carries a *Medical Officer* approved of by Government.

Experienced and respectable female attendants for the Ladies' Cabin.
Private Family Cabins for Passengers, if required.
The Cabins are fitted with bedding, drawers, and every requisite.

Quarantine.---The time occupied in the passage home will be allowed in the quarantine; and under ordinary circumstances, the vessel will be released almost immediately on arrival in England. In extraordinary cases, where the British authorities may deem it proper to impose a short quarantine, and which has hitherto never exceeded a few days. Passengers perform the same on board of the Steamer, and are charged at the rate of 10s. 6d. per diem to 1st Class, and 5s. 6d. per diem, 2nd Class, for maintenance, commencing the day following that of arrival.

Passengers quitting the Vessel at Malta to proceed *via* Italy or France, will have to perform from 21 to 40 days quarantine, according to circumstances, in the Lazaretto of Malta.

The *Oriental* and *Great Liverpool* usually make the passage from Alexandria to Malta in four days, and from Malta to England in ten days. A stoppage of twenty-four hours is allowed at Malta, and of six hours at Gibraltar. *London, 4th November* 1841.

STEAM COMMUNICATION OF INDIA AND EGYPT, ALSO TO MALTA AND THE IONIAN ISLANDS FOR GOODS.

Passengers and Parcels.---The Peninsula and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's new Steam Ships *Oriental* (of 1,500 tons, and 450 horse power), and the *Liverpool*, will start from Southampton on the 1st of every month for Alexandria, touching at Gibraltar and Malta, carrying Her Majesty's Mails and despatches under contract with Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, arriving at Malta on the 14th, leaving Alexandria about the 20th to the 25th of every month, and making the passage home in 14 days, including 24 hours stoppage at Malta and 6 hours at Gibraltar,

Each Vessel carries a Medical Officer, and the time occupied in the passage home allowed in the quarantine.

A liberal table, with wines and every necessary, is found and included in the fare. Female Stewards to attend on Ladies. Private Family Cabins and a separate sleeping Cabin for every Passenger under ordinary circumstances.

Passengers for India who may wish to visit the interesting scenery and localities of Spain and Portugal, will have the privilege, without additional expense, of proceeding in any of the Company's weekly Peninsular Mail Steam Packets, and may thus visit Vigo, Lisbon and Cintra, Cadiz, Seville, Gibraltar, Algiceras, &c. joining the large Steamer for Malta and Alexandria at Gibraltar.

N. B. The cost of transmission of parcels and small packages will be greatly reduced.

The following rates or fare include a table with wines, &c. found in a style of first-rate respectability and liberality.

To and from	*Rate of Fare.*	*1st Cabin.*	*2d Cabin.*
England and Alexandria	£45 0 0	£30 0 0
England and Malta	33 0 0	22 10 0
England and Gibraltar	20 0 0	14 0 0
Alexandria and Malta	12 0 0	8 0 0
Malta and Gibraltar	43 0 0	8 10 0
Malta and Corfu	7 0 0	4 10 0

A British Government Steamer, leaves Marseilles on the 9th of every month, with the Mail for Malta, and returns immediately on the arrival of the India Mail at Malta.

We have not at hand the rate of Charges, &c. for Passengers by these Steamers.

FRENCH GOVERNMENT STEAM PACKETS.

Leave Marseilles for Alexandria on the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month at 5 P. M. touching at Leghorn, Civita-Vicchia and Naples, arrive at Malta on the 7th, 17th, and 27th, and start on the 8th, 18th, and 28th (via Syria) for Alexandria, where they arrive on the 4th, 14th, and 24th.

Fares.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
From Marseilles to Malta.....	220 francs	132 francs	88 francs
From Malta from Marseilles to Alexandria.....	280 francs	168 francs	112 francs
All the way to Alexandria to Malta..	488 francs	288 francs	192 francs

Exclusive of the above a charge is made for breakfasts and dinners viz. to 1st class Passengers at 6 frs and to 2nd class Passengers at 4 frs. per day.

The French Steamers returning to Marseilles leave Alexandria on the 7th. 17th. and 27th of each month at 7 o'clock in the morning and arrive at Malta on the 1st. 11th. and 21st in the morning, when they go into the quarantine harbour; the corresponding Steamers for Marseilles leave on the evenings of the same day.

Passengers must pay extra, at the rate of 1 franc per 200lbs. per league, for their luggage exceeding

00lbs. weight to 1st class.
200.....do.....2nd do.
100.....do.....3rd do.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMERS AND OVERLAND ROUTE TO INDIA.

RATE AND CONDITIONS.

Upon which Packages are received and forwarded by THOMAS HILL, Agent, 57, High Street, Southampton

For Bombay, Ceylon, Madras, and Calcutta. For each Parcel 5*s.*, with 5 per cent on the value, (Assurance, Guarantee, &c.) and further 1*s.* for every lb. to the extent of 12 lb.; and for every lb beyond 12 lb. 10*d.*, to the extent of 24 lb.; and for every lb. beyond 24 lb., 8*d.*, to the extent of 36 lb.; and for every lb. beyond 36 lb., 6*d.*, to the extent of 50 lb.

For Alexandria, Constantinople, Smyrna, Syria, Athens, Malta, Gibraltar, Lisbon, &c.—Parcels under 10 lb., 7*s.* 6*d.*; under 20 lb., 10*s.*; under 35 lb., 12*s.*; under 56 lb., 14*s.*, under 84 lb 16*s.*; with 4*d.* for each Pound value.

For periods of Departure see the Advertisements of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.

Letters Addressed to T. HILL, require information will be replied to in course of Post.

Packages are likewise received for Posts in Spain, Italy, Austria, Greece, Turkey, &c.

Packages despatched by T. HILL, are forwarded through Egypt with the Mails, and, under ordinary circumstances, reach Bombay in 35 days; Ceylon 40; Madras 45; and Calcutta, 48 days.

Send Letters of Advice to T. Hill when a Package is sent off to his address at Southampton, stating contents and value.

Carriage by Railroad or other mode to Southampton will be defrayed by T. Hill for India Parcels.

Payment of Charges is required to be made by Post Office Order or otherwise immediately the sender be apprised of the amount, otherwise the Package will be Registered as unpaid and Charged Double, which must be paid before it can be delivered up or forwarded into the interior of India.

Dues and Duties in England, as well as in Egypt, will be paid by T. Hill out of the above Rates.

Packing in Tin being absolutely necessary for the protection of Jewellery, Apparel, Books, and Medicines from the Sea air, &c., the same will be done at Southampton, free of charge.

Insurance will be effected to the full extent in one of the London Offices, a Certificate of which will be given to the Proprietor when the value is £20.

A declaration of true value must be sent to T. Hill, on a printed form or half sheet of paper, in the absence of which no Package can be registered.

A Receipt will be forwarded to the Owner as soon as the Package comes to hand, which Receipt need not be sent out to claim the property.

Caution.—T. Hill will not be responsible in any way for a Package containing a Letter, Bill of Exchange, Money, or any Lequid or dangerous substance; but will hold the Sender responsible for any evil consequences proceeding from the same.

Damage or Loss occasioned by the Act of God, the Queens Enemies Vermin, or Fire, afloat or on land, and all other Dangers of the Seas, Rivers, Steam, and Navigation whatsoever, agreed to be borne and made good. [T. Hill takes upon himself this additional responsibility in consequence of the frequent loss of property from some of the abovenamed causes, and knowing that it is seldom an individual thinks it worth the trouble and expence of opening a Policy for a small amount]

Drawback on Plate claimed at the time of Shipment, if accompanied by the usual Declaration of the maker.

The latest day upon which packages (not being Passenger's baggage) are received for India is the 28th of each month (27th February) those coming to hand later will be charged 5*s.* per Parcel additional for Ports in the Mediterranean, one clear day prior to the departure of the Steamer

Periodicals received by the Mail train (8½ P. M.), from Vauxhall on the last day of the month.

Baggage of Passengers not proceeding by the Company's Steamers cannot be forwarded.

Parcels for the Interior to be immediately despatched and a letter written to acquaint the parties through what Channel they have been forwarded. Other Parcels to be delivered or notice sent according to the address.

Custom House duty or dues to attach to the Parcels.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CALCUTTA, MADRAS, CEYLON AND ENGLAND, VIA EGYPT.

RATES OF PASSAGE

BY THE

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S VESSELS,

FOR THE YEAR 1843.

DESCRIPTION OR CLASS OF ACCOMMODATION.	*To or from* ENGLAND *and*		*To or from* SUEZ *and*	
	Calcutta or Madras.	*Ceylon.*	*Calcutta or Madras.*	*Ceylon.*
FOR LADIES TRAVELLING SINGLY.	Co.'s Rupees	Co.'s Rupees	Co.'s Rupees	Co.'s Rupees
One Lady taking a Cabin exclusively for herself	2300	2100	1800	1600
One Lady taking a Cabin to herself to or from Suez, but occupying a Berth in the Ladies' general Cabin, between Alexandria and England	2000	1850		
One Lady occupying a Berth in a two-berthed Cabin	1750	1600	1350	1200
One Lady occupying a Berth in a two-berthed Cabin to or from Suez, and a Berth in the Ladies' general Cabin, between Alexandria and England	1500	1350		
A GENTLEMEN AND HIS WIFE TRAVELLING TOGETHER.				
Occupying a two-berthed Cabin	3500	3200	2700	2400
Occupying a two-berthed Cabin to or from Suez, and single Berths separately, in the Ladies' and Gentlemen's general Cabins, for the passage between Alexandria and England	3000	2700		

FAMILY CABINS.				
Occupied by a Family or Party of five persons, all being above 10 years of age	7000	6250	5000	4250
Occupied by a Family or Party of four persons	6400	5800	4800	4200
Occupied by a Family or Party of three persons	5800	5350	4600	4150
FOR GENTLEMEN TRAVELLING SINGLY.				
A Gentleman taking a Cabin exclusively for himself	2500	2200	1850	1600
A Gentleman taking a Cabin exclusively for himself to or from Suez, and a Berth in the Gentlemen's Cabin for the Passage between Alexandria and England	2100	1950		
A Gentleman taking a Berth in a two-berthed Cabin	2000	1850	1600	1450
A Gentleman taking a Berth in a two-berthed Cabin, to or from Suez, and in the general Cabins for the Passage between Alexandria and England	1600	1450		
A Gentleman taking a Berth in the general Cabins throughout	1400	1300	1000	900
CHILDREN.				
Above Five Years and not exceeding Ten	1000	900	700	600
Above One Year and not exceeding Five	800	700	550	400
Not exceeding One Year	500	450	400	350
Not exceeding One Year (if with the Mother)	free	free	free	free
SERVANTS.				
European Servants	600	550	400	350
Native Servants	400	300	250	200

DESCRIPTION OR CLASS OF ACCOMMODATION.	To or from England and		To or from Suez and.	
	Calcutta or Madras.	Ceylon.	Calcutta or Madras.	Ceylon.
	Co.'s Rupees	Co.'s Rupees	Co.'s Rupees	Co.'s Rupees
STEWARD'S FEES.				
In addition to the Rates of Passage-Money above specified, the following Fees will be payable for the Stewards and Stewardesses, at the time of engaging the Passage:—				
First Class Passengers.....each	30	30	20	20
Children (not free).....ditto	20	20	10	10

½ a Cabin from Galle to Calcutta £40——Stewards fees £1 10 0
" " " to Madras 25—— " " 1 0 0
" " " to Aden 50—— " " 1 0 0

A person requiring a whole Cabin to pay half as much more.

A passage to Malta £20 less than to England; and this is the only port in the Mediterranean passengers can be booked to.

GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS RELATIVE TO THE CONVEYANCE OF PASSENGERS.

BAGGAGE.—Each First-class Passengers will be allowed one quarter of a Ton, cubic measurement, equal to 10 cubic feet; and Children and Servants 5 cubic feet, of personal Baggage—free. For any access, Freight at the rate of 5*s.* per cubic foot will be charged. A passenger taking a Cabin exclusively, will be allowed 5 cubic feet in addition, or in all 15 cubic feet, free. The above allowance of 10 cubic feet, will cover three Trunks; or Portmanteaus, of the following dimensions, besides a Hat-case, and Carpet Bag:

Dimensions of Trunk or Portmanteau—

Length	2 feet 3 inches.
Breadth	1 foot 2 inches.
Depth	1 foot 2 inches.

and Passengers are recommended to arrange their Baggage as nearly as possible to the quantity and size of Packages specified, in order to avoid additional expense, as well as inconvenience on their transit through Egypt.

THE RATES OF PASSAGE above specified, include Bedding, Linen, and the use of Cabin Furniture and Fittings, Provisions, Wines, and all other usual necessaries and refreshments, which are provided at the Company's expence—together with the attendance of experienced Male and Female Servants.

THE TRANSIT THROUGH EGYPT is also included in the above Rates of Passage Money "to or from England," the cost of which will be defrayed by the Company, with the exception of Wines, Beer, Spirits, or Hotel expenses.

ALLOWANCE TO PASSENGERS BOOKING TO SUEZ ONLY, BUT AFTERWARDS TAKING PASSAGE TO ENGLAND IN THE COMPANY'S VESSELS. In such case a deduction will be made from the Passage from Alexandria to England of such an amount, as will reduce the whole cost of his Passage to an equal amount as if he had, at first, engaged a Passage for the whole route to England.

CONTINUATION OF PASSAGE TICKETS.—Passengers who having Booked for the whole Route to England, but who may desire to sojourn in Egypt until the departure of the Steamer of the following Month, instead of proceeding direct, may do so by getting their Passage Tickets endorsed to that effect, by the Company's Superintendent in Egypt, Mr. JAMES DAVIDSON.

INTERMEDIATE PASSAGES.—The Rates of Passage between Calcutta and Madras, and between those Ports and Ceylon, will be arranged by the Company's Superintendent at Calcutta.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS RESPECTING THE CONVEYANCE OF PARCELS. As the allowance of Baggage is on a liberal scale, and the Rates of Freight for the Conveyance of Parcels moderate, it is hoped that Passengers will not convey, in their Baggage, Parcels or Packages belonging to other persons to the prejudice of the Company's Interest.

To secure Passages, and for Terms of Conveyance of Goods and Parcels, application to be made

At Calcutta, to J. R. ENGLEDOW, Esq., the Company's Superintendent and Agent, or until his arrival to Messrs. COCKERELL and Co;
At Madras, to CHRISTOPHER BIDEN, Esq.;
At Ceylon, to Captain TWYNAM.

RATES OF FREIGHT PER PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S VESSELS.

For Indigo per Chest not exceeding 3 Factory Maunds in weight	£	2	0 0
Raw Silk per ton of 10 Cwt.		10	0 0
Silk piece goods per ton of 40 Cubic feet		10	0 0
Cinnamon per ton of 40 Cubic feet		7	0 0
Other light and fine goods, the weight of which shall not exceed 10 Cwt., for every 40 cubic feet of bulk per ton measurement of 40 Cubic Feet		10	0 0
If exceeding that proportion in weight to pay the additional proportionate freight.			
Light packages or parcels above one and not exceeding two cubic feet in bulk each		1	0 0
Above half and not exceeding one cubic foot		0	15 0
Under and not exceeding half a cubic foot		0	10 0

Specie 20s. per Cent.

Out of the above rates of freight the Company undertake to pay the expense of transit through Egypt including the transit duty.

The goods will be forwarded through Egypt at the Company's expense *but at the Shipper's risk.*

All goods must be put into packages of wood, tin or tarred canvass without any susceptable substance such as cord &c., being attached, and each package must be sealed with the Custom House Seal at the Port of Shipment in order to their passing unopened through Egypt. This condition is necessary to exempt the goods as well as the vessel importing them from Quarantine in England, and therefore cannot in any case be dispensed with.

A declaration signed by the Shipper specifying the contents in quantity, quality and value of each package must accompany the goods and will be required to be furnished to the Company's Superintendent or Agent at the Port of shipment before the Bills of Lading can be signed.

All Bills of Lading must be on the forms issued by the Company, and which for the present may be had of the Company's Superintendent and Agents at Calcutta, Madras, and Ceylon.

Galle	to	Calcutta	5	£	per Ton
„	„	Madras	3		„
„	„	Aden	4		„
„	„	Suez	5		„

FROM ENGLAND TO INDIA,

PARCELS AND CASES BY THE OVERLAND ROUTE.

Under arrangement with the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, the Undersigned are prepared to convey Parcels, by the Mail, at the following Reduced Rates, if delivered on or before the 27th of each month, from which date until four o'clock on the last day of the month, an extra charge of one shilling per pound will be incurred; and beyond which time no Package whatever can be received for conveyance by the Mail of that month.

PACKAGES.			WEIGHT	MEASUREMENT.	£	s.	d.
„	.... Under	1 lb.	.....	0¼ Cubic Feet....	0	6	0
„	.... „	2	.....	0½ .... „	0	10	6
„	.... „	4	.....	0¾ .... „	1	0	0
„	.... „	6	.....	0½ .... „	1	5	0
„	.... „	10	.....	0¾ .... „	1	10	0
„	.... „	15	.....	1 .... „	2	0	0
„	.... „	20	.....	1¼ .... „	2	10	0
„	.... „	25	.....	1½ .... „	2	16	0
„	.... „	30	.....	2 .... „	3	0	0
„	.... „	40	.....	2½ .... „	3	10	0

Goods in packages larger or heavier than the above will be taken by Special Agreement. The Freight will be computed by either Weight or Measurement.

JEWELLERY, &c.—Not accountable for any package beyond the value of £10, unless an additional freight of 2 per cent be paid on delivery.

PERIODICALS, if brought by 4 o'clock on the last day of the month (being that of publication), made up like Newspapers (open at both ends), will be charged—¼ lb., 1s.; ½ lb., 1s. 9d.; from 1 lb. to 10 lb., 3s. per lb.

RISK—To be the Proprietor's from London to India,—unless insured at the time of delivery, for which a charge of 2½ per cent. will be made.

TRANSIT DUTY.—Through Egypt one-half per cent. (payable to the Egyptian Government, under agreement with the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company), on the value of every article, will be added to the above rates.

RECEIPT.—Receipts will be given on delivery of each Parcel, and particulars of all Charges will be specified in the Receipt.

CONSIGNMENT.—All packages must be applied for to our Agents* at each Presidency—to facilitate such applications, the marks and particulars will be advertised in the MONTHLY TIMES newspaper, which being despatched by the same mail, will furnish the earliest advice to the Consignees—or if the postage (1s.) be paid; we will ourselves write to the party to whom the packages are addressed.

*AGENTS:—Calcutta, Captain J. R. Engledue; Madras, Captain Christopher Biden; Ceylon, Captain Twynam (who are also Agents to the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company); Bombay, Messrs. William Nicol and Co.

OFFICES:—44 Regent-street, Picadilly; 16, John-street, Crutched-friars; and 17, St. Mary Axe.

JAMES HARTLEY & Co.
JAMES BARBER & Co.

TIME OF TRANSMISSION BY THIS ROUTE AND CONVEYANCE.—The entire time in which Goods may be transmitted from England to India by this Conveyance is estimated, under ordinary circumstances, not to exceed—

To Bombay ..... 35 days
To Calcutta ..... 48 days
To Madras ..... 45 days
To Ceylon ..... 40 days

When Packages for the above-named Ports do not require the greatest despatch they will be received at the reduced rates; and occupy about, in transit, eighty days from time of receipt.

RULES for the engagement of Passages and freight in the Ceylon Government Steam Packet "Seaforth," employed from September to May conveying the overland mails between Colombo and Bombay, calling at Cannanore.

1.—One-half of the regulated passage money is to be deposited, when the passage is engaged, in the hands of the Master Attendant at Colombo, or of Messrs. FRITH & Co. at Bombay.

2.—The rates of passage money are as follows.

	Government proportion for conveyance.	*Commander's proportion for messing.*	*Total passage money.*
	£.	£.	£.
For each Cabin Passenger.....	18	7	25
" " Child above 10 years of age, who does not sit at the Cuddy Table.....	9	3	12
" " Do. under 10 years of age (except children in arms)	5	2	7
" " Deck Passenger.....	13	7	20
" " European Servant.....	4	2	6
" " Native.....do.....	2	1	3

3.—Two days previous to the period on which the Packet is advertised to depart, the remaining half of the passage money is to be paid up, or, in default, the passage will be considered to be abandoned, and the money paid in advance to be forfeited.

4.—The passage money to or from the Malabar Coast, is two-thirds of the above rates. But preference will be given to passengers going the whole distance, unless full rates of passage money are paid for the intermediate port.

5.—Passengers embarking on the Malabar Coast, are to pay

their passage money in advance to the commander in new silver rupees at the rate of two shillings each.

6.—No deck passenger will be taken, unless all the cabins are engaged.

7.—No transfer of accommodation by any person who has engaged a passage, to one who has not taken a passage, will be permitted.

8.—Persons not proceeding in the Steamer after having engaged their passage, are to forfeit one-half of the amount of passage money.

9.—The baggage of each passenger must not exceed in measurement twenty-five cubic feet, exclusive of bedding. A proportionate quantity of baggage will be allowed for children

10.—All passengers who are not unwell, are expected to take their meals at the public table. The breakfast hour will be half past eight; dinner hour, three; tea sunset; with a sandwich at nine P. M.

11.—Passengers living on board after the day of arrival, are to pay one pound per day.

12.—It is to be understood, that all passengers, when they engage their passages, subscribe to these regulations, and pledge themselves not to carry any letters with them on board the Packet, either on their persons or in their baggage, except open letters of introduction or of credit, unless they have paid the usual postage at the Post Office, and the letters bear the Post Office stamp accordingly.

13.—Scale of charges for the freight of goods, in packages not exceeding in size 10 cubic feet, nor in weight 224 lbs.

Single packages not exceeding 1 cubic foot—5 shillings.

Do.———do.———do.——— 2——do. ——7——do.

Do.———do.——— ——above 2 cubic feet, and general goods, at 3 shillings per cubic foot.

Bullion, money and jewels at ½ per cent on their value.

In the event of Horses being received on board, which will only be when convenient and sufficient food is sent with them for the voyage, the charge for their conveyance on deck is to be seven pounds each.

14.—All parcels or packages must be distinctly marked or addressed and must be taken to the Custom-house that the usual entry may be made, and the duty paid; and that letters contained in them may be taken out and sent to the General Post Office.

15.—All parcels or packages must be sent on board before noon on the day of the departure of the Steamer; and all parcels and packages must be taken ashore within 24 hours after the arrival of the Steamer, or they will be landed and left in the Custom-house at the risk and expense of their owner.

16.—All freight is to be paid in advances.

Master Attendant's Office, JAMES STEUART,
Colombo, August 29th 1843. *Master Attendant.*

O

REGULATIONS RESPECTING THE SALE OF CROWN LANDS.

GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENT.

In pursuance of Her Majesty's Instructions, The Right Honble The Governor is pleased to direct that the following summary of the Rules, upon which it is intended that all Lands the property of the Crown shall in future be disposed of, and which have been substituted for the Rules published on the 11th July 1833, be published for general information.

ART. 1.—All the Lands in the Colony not hitherto granted, and not appropriated or required for public purposes, will be put up to sale by public auction. The price will of course depend upon the quality of the Land and its local situation, but no Land will be sold below the rate of five shillings per acre.

ART. 2.—All persons proposing to purchase Lands not advertized for sale, must transmit a written application to the Governor, in a certain prescribed form, and upon a stamp of two shillings and six pence, which will be delivered at the Cutcherry to all persons applying.

Vide 3d Clause of the Rules for the Survey and Sale of Waste Lands dated the 3d Augt. 1841.

ART. 3.—Those persons who are desirous of purchasing will be allowed to select, within certain defined limits, such portions of Land as they may wish to acquire in that manner. These portions of Land will be advertised for sale for three calendar months, and will then be sold to the highest bidder, provided that such bidding shall at least amount to the price fixed by the 1st Article.

Vide Royal Instructions published on the 1st May 1841 *Page* 216.

ART. 4.—A deposit of 10 per cent upon the whole value of the purchase must be paid down at the time of sale, and the remainder must be paid within one month from the day of sale, and in case of payment not being made within the prescribed period, the sale will be considered void, and the deposit forfeited

Vide Minute of the 29th May 1841 *P.* 217.

ART. 5.—On payment of the purchase money the purchaser will be let into possession, and a grant under the Public Seal of the Island will be made, in fee simple, to the purchaser at the nominal quit-rent of a perper-corn.

Superseded by the Royal Instructions and Minute abovementioned.

ART. 6.—All grants will be enrolled in the Supreme Court, and for the delivery and enrolment of the same, the following fees will be payable by the purchasers.

To the Colonial Secretary: In all cases where the value of the Land shall not exceed five pounds, a fee of one penny.

In all other cases a fee of one per cent on the amount of the purchase money, provided that the fee upon any one grant shall in no case exceed the sum of forty shillings.

To the Registrar of the Supreme Court: A fee of five shillings for each grant.

The above fees will be paid together with the purchase money to the Government Agent.

ART. 7.—The Crown reserves to itself the right of making and constructing such Roads and Bridges as may be necessary for public purposes in all Lands purchased as above, and also to such indigenous timber, stone and other materials, the produce of the Land, as may be required for making and keeping the said Roads and Bridges in repair, and for any other public works. The Crown further reserves to itself all mines of precious metals.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 13th April 1839.

GEORGE TURNOUR,
Actg. Col. Secretary.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR THE PURCHASE OF CROWN LANDS.

To His Excellency
Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the British Settlements and Territories in the Island of Ceylon with the Dependencies thereof.

The Application of

SHEWETH

That the Applicant
inhabitant of is desirous of purchasing the
piece of Government Land callled
of extent situated at the
village of in the Korle of the
District according to the terms prescribed by
Government.

Signature of Applicant.

GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENT.

Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of Government to hold monthly Sales of the Government Cinnamon Gardens, commencing from the second Tuesday in July 1840, and to continue the same until the whole of the Gardens are disposed of, in the following order—Morottoo, Kaderani, Ekelle, Wellisere and Marendahn. The Government reserves to itself however the power to dispose of Building Lots from the Marendahn Garden at any time.

The Gardens will be subdivided into Lots of about ten Acres each, and each Lot will be surveyed at least three months prior to the Sale. The Morottoo Cinnamon Garden has been surveyed, and arrangements will be made for surveying the others, in succession, and due notice will be given of the completion of each survey.

The following are the Conditions of Sale.

1st.—The quantity to be put up at each Sale shall be Thirty Lots, of the numbers whereof with reference to the Survey notice shall be given ten days prior to the Sale, and each Lot shall be peremptorily sold to the highest bidder, subject to the following restriction. After the whole of the Lots shall have been separately put up at each Sale, if any party shall be desirous of purchasing collectively two or more contiguous Lots, and shall before the termination of the proceedings of the day make an application to that effect to the Government Agent specifying the Lots, such Lots shall be immediately put up at the sums previously bid for them; and if at the conclusion of such second Sale, an application shall be made for a larger number of contiguous Lots, even if it shall include those exposed at the second Sale, the whole of the Lots so applied for shall be put up together, at the highest prices bid for all the Lots included in the last application. And any further applications made at that Sale for a still larger number of contiguous Lots shall be disposed of in like manner.

2nd.—Ten per cent of the amount of the purchase money must be paid within ten days from the day of Sale. The remainder of the purchase money must be paid in three equal instalments, the first in four months, the second in twelve, and the third or last in eighteen months from such day of Sale.

3rd.—Where the purchase money of any Lot exceeds Two HUNDRED POUNDS, Government will be prepared to take into consideration any application to enter into a special agreement for the payment of a portion of the purchase money not exceeding one-half being deferred for three years from the date of the Sale. Provided always that mortgage of the property is given, and that the balance shall remain subject to payment of interest at nine per cent, until paid up.

4th.—In failure of any of the aforesaid payments being made, the Land will be resold at the risk of the purchaser who in such case shall be liable for any loss that may occur upon such resale, but he shall have no right or title to any advantage if the new Sale shall produce a larger proportional price; and any part of the purchase money he may have paid shall be forfeited.

5th.—After payment of the second instalment, or in those cases where the purchaser may have entered into agreement with Government, to defer the payment of such portion of the purchase money as shall have been agreed on as mentioned in article 3d

upon mortgage of the property being given, the purchaser shall be put in possession of the land and be allowed to peel Cinnamon, but he shall not be allowed to root up any Cinnamon bushes untill after the payment of the third or last instalment, and any purchaser so doing shall be liable to a penalty of one third value of the property, besides forfeiting all right to the lands and trees purchased and to the instalments paid.

6th.—Upon payment of the third or last instalment a title deed shall be prepared free of expence to the purchaser, after which he shall have full power and liberty to clear, cultivate, let out, or sell at any time, and in his option all or any part of the land so purchased by him, but always subject to such Regulations and Taxes as are now in force and that may hereafter be enacted relative to the tenure of landed property in general in this Colony.

7th.—The Government will pay the expense of the Surveyor proceeding once at a time appointed if required to point out the limits of the Lots; but, should his attendance be afterwards required for that or any other purpose, the purchaser must himself pay the cost of such attendance.

8th.—Each purchaser shall on payment of the third or last instalment, secure the boundaries of his land by a ditch or strong fence as may be agreed on within three months after the payment of the last instalment, in failure the same will be done by the Government Agent and the cost be charged and recovered against the purchaser by Sale of the land.

9th.—All roads and public paths and drains appearing in the survey or which shall be noted at the back of the duplicate conditions delivered to the purchaser at the time of Sale, shall be fully kept open.

10th.—Each purchaser shall be bound to tender two or more persons of good and sufficient security at the time of Sale, who with himself shall sign the list of Sale and thereby bind themselves conjointly and severally for the payment of the purchase amount or he shall deposit ten per cent, which will be taken in lieu of the ten per cent specified in clause 2d—And no offer will be taken down unless two or more such securities are given at the time to the satisfaction of the Government Agent of the Western Province, or a deposit payment of ten per cent be then made.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 14*th December* 1839.

GEORGE TURNOUR,
Actg. Col. Secretary.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has directed the following Extract from Her Majesty's Instructions to be published for general information.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, P. ANSTRUTHER,
Colombo, 1st May, 1841. *Col. Secretary.*

Forty-first.—And whereas We have by Our said Commission appointing you Our Governor and Commander in Chief as aforesaid, given to you full power and authority in Our name and on Our behalf, but subject nevertheless to such provisions as are in that respect contained in your General Instructions to make and execute in Our name and under the Public Seal of Our said Island Grants of Waste Land to Us belonging within the same to private persons, and for the Public uses of Our subjects there resident, Now We do hereby require and authorize you from time to time as occasion may require to cause all necessary Surveys to be made of the vacant or Waste Lands to Us belonging in Our said Island, and to cause the persons making such Surveys to report to you what particular Lands it may be proper to reserve for Public Roads or other internal communications by Land or Water, or as the Sites of Towns, Villages, Churches, School Houses or Parsonage Houses, or as places for the burial of the dead, or as places for the future extension of any existing Towns or Villages, or as places fit to be set apart for the recreation or amusement of the Inhabitants of any Town or Village, or for promoting the health of such Inhabitants, or as the Sites of Quays or Landing Places or Towing Paths, which it may at any future time be expedient to erect, form, or establish on the Sea Coast, or in the neighbourhood of Navigable Streams, or as places which it may be desirable to reserve for any other purpose of Public convenience, utility, health or enjoyment, and you are specially to require persons making such Surveys to specify in their Reports, and to distinguish in the Charts or Maps to be thereunto annexed such Tracts, Pieces or Parcels of Land within Our said Island as may appear to them best adapted to answer and promote the several purposes before mentioned. And it is Our Will, and We do strictly enjoin and require you that you do not under any pretence whatsoever grant, convey, or demise to any person or persons any of the Lands which may be specified as fit to be reversed as aforesaid, nor permit or suffer any such Lands to be occupied by any private persons for any private purpose.

Forty-second.—And We do further charge and require you not to make any Grant of Land to, or in trust for, or for the use of any private person unless in consideration of payment in money for the same after such Land shall have been pre-

viously put for sale by Public Auction at such an upset price per acre as shall from time to time by Our authority be fixed for the same, and for this purpose you shall cause such Lands as from time to time shall remain unoccupied and ungranted to be put up for sale by Public Auction from time to time as you shall judge proper and the highest bidding which shall at such Public Auction be made for any such Lands shall be accepted, provided that such bidding shall at least amount to such upset price per acre as aforesaid. Provided nevertheless that no such bidding shall be finally accepted until the person or persons making the same shall have actually paid a Deposit of ten per cent on the amount thereof, and shall have signed a Contract for the payment of the balance within one calendar month next thereafter. And it is Our Pleasure that all Grants of Land to be made by you in Our name to any person or persons in consideration of the payment of money for the same shall be made to such person or persons, and to his, her or their Heirs and Assigns to be by him, her or them held in fee and common soccage, yielding and paying to us, Our Heirs and Successors a Quit Rent of one Pepper Corn by the year for the same, and every such Grant shall pass in Our name under the Public Seal of Our said Island of Ceylon, and shall be executed and delivered to the purchaser or purchasers at the office of the Surveyor General of Our said Island on the payment of the purchase money for the same, and not before and then and not before the purchaser or purchasers shall be let in possession of the Land so bought by them and for the delivery of every such Grant, and the preparing the same, the Colonial Secretary shall be entitled to charge a fee amounting to forty shillings sterling money and no more or of such smaller amount as you from time to time with the advice of the Executive Council of Our said Island shall appoint, and every such Grant shall previously to its being so delivered be enrolled in the Court of the District where such Land may be situate, and for making every such Enrolment the Registrar of such Court shall be entitled to receive from such Grantee or Grantees a fee of five Shillings Sterling money and no more.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Rules laid down in the Royal Instructions, clauses 41 and 42, relating to the sale of Crown Lands, are to form the conditions of sale in all cases except sales under the Advertisement of the 14th December 1839, which are provided for by special Instructions.

As soon as any purchaser has made the deposit of ten per cent, Government Agents are to transmit the surveys and necessary information for the title-deeds being prepared to the Colonial Secretary with a certificate of the deposit being paid.

On the final payment of the purchase money and fees for preparing and enrolling the grant, the Government Agent will transmit a certificate thereof and a draft for the fees payable for the preparation of the deed to the Colonial Secretary, who will immediately complete the grant in duplicate, and forward it to the Government Agent, one copy to be delivered to the purchaser who is to be put in possession forthwith, the other to be lodged in the District Court, and a certificate of enrolment obtained from the Secretary, to whom a fee of five shillings is to be paid.

The fees payable for preparation of deeds have been reduced by order of the Governor in Council as follows—

On all grants of land not exceeding £5—one shilling.

On grants above £5, four per cent, but in no case to exceed forty shillings.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 29th 1841,

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

The Government Agent
Colombo,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 31st, 1841.

SIR, No. 322.

I have laid your letter No. 360 of the 10th instant before the Governor.

No alteration is to be made of the Advertisement of 14th December 1839 under which Government Cinnamon Gardens are sold.

The Conditions under which Abandoned and Tunhawul Gardens and all other Crown lands are sold, must, however, be altered in conformity with the Royal Instructions.

The purchase money of land is payable to the Government Agent—and on granting Certificate of payment and conforming to the Minute of the 29th instant, he will be absolved from all responsibility for the preparation of the title-deed, The fees are altered and are to be recovered with the purchase money as specified in the Minute above referred to.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

MINUTE.

Rules respecting the Survey of Lands by Surveyors to be employed under the Surveyor General, also a Table of Fees to be substituted for that attached to the Minute of 4th September 1840.

Acres.		*Rate per Acre.*			*Acres.*		*Rate per Acre.*	
From	*to*	*s.*	*d.*		*From*	*to*	*s.*	*d.*
0	1	6	0		240	320	0	7½
1	5	3	0	*Half a Sqre.Mile*	320	400	0	7
5	10	2	6		400	480	0	6½
10	20	1	6		480	560	0	6
20	40	1	0		560	640	0	5½
40	80	0	10	*One Sqre. Mile*	640	960	0	5
80	120	0	9		960	1,280	0	4½
120	160	0	8½	*Two Sqre. Miles*	1,280	1,600	0	4
160	240	0	8		1,600	1,920	0	3½
				Four Sqre.Miles	1,920	2,560	0	3

For a ground plan, in duplicate, of a house and out offices —surveyed in the Block—3*s*.

For a ground plan, in duplicate, of a house and out offices —surveyed in the Block, with garden, or premises under one acre in extent—6*s*.

For a plan as above, in duplicate, with interior divisions shewn, and sections and elevations of the buildings for each apartment—additional 6*d*.

1st. In addition to the above fees, one shilling per mile will be allowed in lieu of all travelling expences, when the ground to be surveyed lies beyond 3 miles from the principal town of the Province or place of residence of the Surveyor. This allowance is to include the hire of the persons employed by the Surveyor to carry baggage and instruments, draw-chain, &c., and if several surveys are made in one trip, that trip alone will be charged, and the amount distributed in fair proportion amongst the costs of the several surveys.

2nd. In cases where one or more contiguous lots have been, or are required to be surveyed, the Surveyor will be paid for the survey of each lot in proportion only to the extent of boundary requiring actual measurement.

3rd. For surveys of roads, canals, rivers, &c. special terms will be made.

4th. When Surveyors are required to appraise lands, houses, or other property, they will receive one half per cent of the value of the land or house &c. appraised, with travelling charges as above; provided the amount shall in no case exceed £10, excepting under special agreement.

5th. Surveyors will provide their own stationery, instruments, &c. and will be required to furnish to the Surveyor General's Office, four figures of every survey, immediately on its completion, neatly drawn on good paper, with a full description of the land and its boundaries, describing the Province, district and village in which it is situated, its distance from the principal town, and the nearest carriage or cart road, or navigable river or canal.

6th. When copies of surveys are specially called for, one shilling will be paid for a mere outline of the boundaries with appropriate description; and 5 shillings for a map shewing minutely the interior detail, with a full description of the land, &c.

7th. Surveyors employed by Government will be entitled to 15 shillings a day batta, including all charges whatsoever, when detained by the absence, or other remissness, of the parties who should be in attendance during the survey, or if the boundaries are not so cleared as to admit of the survey being proceeded with without interruption.

8th. All questions as to the land being the property of the Crown must be disposed of, before the services of a Surveyor can be placed at the disposal of an Applicant, and no application for land which may be received by any Government Agent after the date hereof, will be advertized in the Gazette till the boundaries are properly cleared, and the land surveyed. The survey however may be undertaken at the expence of Government, for the purpose of investigating claims, the cost of survey of any portion of land ultimately sold, being charged against the purchaser.

9th. On application being made for land, the Headman will be directed by the Government Agent to meet the applicant or an accredited Agent on the spot on a certain day; should the Headman pronounce the land applied for to be the property of the Crown, the Applicant or such Agent attended by a licensed Surveyor and the village Headman will proceed to clear the boundaries at his own cost, and with laborers provided by himself. The Government Agent will decide upon the remuneration that should be allowed to Headmen, according to circumstances, for their attendance, and this charge is to be paid whether the land proves to be Government or private property. If the land is pronounced to be the property of the Crown, and charges are incurred in clearing boundaries &c. a memorandum thereof must be produced to the Head-

man, who will certify whether they are reasonable or otherwise. If he certifies to their being reasonable, the Government Agent will on approval, sign the Memorandum, but should the Headman refuse to certify the Agent will fix the amount admissible. The Applicant or his Agent will then be required to pay the Headman his charges and to deposit the estimated amount of fees &c. for the Surveyor, and for the attendance of Headmen, if further required during the survey, and the Government Agent will pay the Surveyor his fees and charges out of the sum deposited on presenting his bill, taxed by the Surveyor General.

10th. The day on which the Surveyor is appointed to attend will be intimated to the Applicant, and that notice shall be binding on him, and shall render him liable to the charges defined in the 7th clause, if he, or the party deputed by him, does not attend.

11th. Should either the clearing of boundaries or the progress of the survey be impeded by the absence of Headmen duly ordered to attend, Government will similarly pay the costs of detention incurred by the Applicant and the Surveyor, and hold Headmen responsible for the same; and in like manner should any impediment or delay be occasioned by the absence or other negligence of the Surveyor, duly warned, the loss incurred by the Applicant and Headmen will be charged against him; unless by timely notice given by any one of the three parties, the day of meeting is postponed by the Government Agent.

12th. On the day of sale the Government Agent will specify, in three separate items, the upset price of the land, the cost of clearing boundaries, &c. and the charges of surveying allowed by this Minute, and stipulate that if the Applicant is not the ultimate purchaser, the two latter items must be paid down, with the 10 per cent. by the actual purchaser, and the claims of the original Applicant will be adjusted by the Government Agent out of that payment. Should the original Applicant however be the ultimate purchaser, he will pay the price bid for the land, and settle with the Agent for the other two items, paying to, or receiving from, that officer, as the case may be.

13th. Should Surveyors be paid not according to these rates, but according to a special agreement, the Surveyor General will reduce the agreement to writing, and will appraize the Government Agent thereof, and the Government Agents as well as the Surveyor General, will be at liberty to accept of lower terms than those specified in the Table of Fees, should competition reduce the charge for surveying.

14th. Persons wishing to be employed by Government as Surveyors will have to undergo a strict examination in the several branches of the Art. On their being certified by the

Surveyor General to be duly qualified, they will receive Licenses to survey Crown lands, notice whereof will be given in the Government Gazette, and no surveys but those made by Officers of Government, or licensed Surveyors, will hereafter be authenticated at the Surveyor General's Office.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 3rd August 1841.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

RULES FOR THE SURVEY AND SALE OF WASTE LANDS.

1. That as soon as arrangements can be made, all lands shall be surveyed by Officers appointed by the Government, and paid either by fixed salaries or by fees. The Surveyors' fees to be added to the minimum price of the land and paid into the public chest.

2. The lands to be sold by Government are to be surveyed, as nearly as practicable, in lots not exceeding 640 acres, but under special circumstances the Government will authorize lots being put up not exceeding 1,280 acres, and parties may apply for lots of a smaller extent or to have any number of lots put up, in which case they are to deposit the usual Surveyors' fees.

3. The Government Agent, in concert with the Surveyor General, will then make arrangements to have the land surveyed, attending as far as practicable to the desire of the Applicant, but they will in all cases take care, that no party is allowed to pick out only the fertile spots leaving out the interior land which may intersect the ground—nor to select any lot in such a manner as to injure to the adjoining lots—for instance where the boundary of a lot comes near a stream, it should generally be taken as the boundary.

4. No survey of lands not applied for having yet been made, the Surveyor General is to proceed forthwith to survey such tracts of land as it may be desirable to sell immediately, selecting in the first place those in situations where applications have been most numerous.

5. The surveys, when completed, will be lodged in the Surveyor General's Office, where they are immediately to be marked off in a general map, and charts and registers shall be kept for public inspection at the office of the Surveyor General, and the respective Government Agents, in such form and manner as to exhibit to all persons applying for the same, full and authen-

ic information of all appropriations of land and all surveyed lands not appropriated.

6. Any lots so surveyed, which the Government may deem it proper to sell, may be applied for and will be put up to sale under the conditions published from time to time.

7. No surveys of insulated lots are to be made without special directions from Government.

8. The Surveyors are to lot off as expeditiously as they can, the tracts of land they are sent to survey, paying particular attention to the direction contained in the 41st clause of Her Majesty's Instructions; they are also carefully to note the character and description of soil of each lot, and all streams, remarkable rocks, or summits of hills by which the boundaries of the lots may be more readily indentified, with such further information as may appear useful for the information of purchasers, also any lines of road which it may appear advisable to mark off as principal roads.

9. In cases where any high road, already made or proposed to be opened, intersects the tract of country to be surveyed, it will be advisable to give the lots adjacent a frontage to the road, and the same may often be the case in regard to streams of any magnitude.

10. The Surveyors will not, without special directions from Government, leave one part of the country to commence a survey in another, so long as there are any tracts of land applied for and remaining unsurveyed, or which it may be considered desirable to survey.

11. Sales are to be made in all cases where it is practicable at the Government Agent's Office, and if necessary once a month.

12. All such sales are to be made after public notice in the Government Gazette, by Proclamation signed by the Colonial Secretary by the Governor's Command.

13. The days of sale will be fixed for the different stations with the view as far as possible of the sales at one station not interfering with those at another.

14. The above are the rules under which it is intended that the survey of waste lands shall be conducted in future.

15. When any claims are made to portions of land under survey, the Government Agents will take steps to bring such claims to decision as speedily as possible, without waiting till applications are made.

16. In submitting applications, the Government Agents will be careful to state the upset price they recommend to be fixed

under the Advertisement of 13th April 1839 and the 41st and the 42d Clauses of Her Majesty's Instructions, and they will not submit any offer for acceptance, nor let any purchaser into possession of the lands, until the 42d Clause of Her Majesty's Instructions have been fully complied with.

17. The purchase money and fees for enrolment are to be paid to the Government Agent, and upon his giving notice to the Colonial Secretary, he will cause the necessary grants to be prepared and enrolled with surveys duly authenticated by the Surveyor General attached, and transmit them to the Government Agents for delivery.

18. Government Agents are directed to make every effort to procure correct returns of Government waste land in their Provinces, with reports of the nature of the soil and all other information which may be of use to Applicants for the purchase of waste land.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 3d August 1841.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR finds it necessary to give public notice, that in all cases where payment of the purchase money of Lands sold by Government, is delayed more than ten days after the same shall have become due, the deposit made on the day of sale will be forfeited.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 16th July 1842.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary

THE Governor directs that the notice of the 16th July 1842, be republished for general information; positive directions having been given that such condition shall be rigidly enforced in future.

By His Excellency's Command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, 7th September 1843.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

RETURN OF CROWN LANDS SOLD.

1834 to 1842-3.

RETURN OF CROWN LANDS SOLD DURING THE YEARS 1834 to 1843.

Provinces and Districts.	Number of Sales under 100 Acres		Number of Sales above 100, not exceeding 500 Acres.		Sales exceeding 500 Acres.		Total Number of Sales.	Total Number of Acres.	Average Price per Acre.
	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Name of Purchaser.	Extent of Sale.			
1834.									
Western Province ..	32	205 3 1	—	—	—	—	32	205 3 1	—
Southern Province ..	1	3 2 13	—	—	—	—	1	3 2 13	—
Central Province ..	53	127 2 39	—	—	—	—	53	127 2 39	—
Total 1834—	86	337 0 13	—	—	—	—	86	337 0 13	—
1835.									
Western Province ..	16	52 2 5	—	—	—	—	16	52 2 5	—
Southern Province ..	6	17 3 20	1	283 0 7	—	—	7	300 3 27	—
Eastern Province ..	5	53 2 22	—	—	—	—	5	53 2 22	—
Central Province ..	4	26 3 23	—	—	—	—	4	26 3 23	—
Total 1835—	31	150 3 33	1	283 0 7	—	—	32	434 0 0	—
Eastern Province ..	13	101 3 12	—	—	—	—	13	101 3 12	—

Eastern Province ..	9	60	3 19	—	—	—	—	9	60	3 19	—			
Central Province ..	42	298	1 36	1	220	3 36	Honble G. Turnour, Esq. and Colonel M. Lindsay, c. b. / Messrs. Ackland and Boyd ..	1,583 1 18 / 1,097 3 2	45	3,110	2 33	—		
Total 1836—	158	767	1 16	2	471	1 20	—	2,681 0 20	32	3,919	3 17	—		
1837.												£	s.	d.
Western Province ..	194	1,694	1 1	1	441	1 31	E. R. Power, Esq.	559 0 14	196	2,693	3 8	2	14	3
Southern Province.														
Gungeboddepattoo ..	1	93	2 2	—	—		—	—	1	93	2 2	0	5	0¼
Do. ..	1	1	2 24	—	—		—	—	1	1	2 24	0	5	0½
Talpepattoo	1	22	3 20	—	—		—	—	1	22	3 20	7	0	0
Do.	1	41	2 1	—	—		—	—	1	41	2 1	9	4	0
Do.	1	3	0 39	—	—		—	—	1	3	0 39	10	8	0
Eastern Province.														
Batticaloa	8	91	3 15	—	—		—	—	8	91	3 15	0	5	1½
Central Province.														
Yattinuwere & Harrispattoo	1	86	1 0	—	—		—	—	1	86	1 0	0	5	0
Dumbera	1	36	3 5	—	—		—	—	1	36	3 5	0	4	
Hewahette	1	11	0 32	—	—		—	—	1	11	0 32	1		
Kotmale & Udapalate.	—	—		—	—		Captain C. Murray	574 3 34	1	574	3 34			
Badulla P.	1	4	1 5	—	—		—	—	1	4	1 5	0	7	2¼
											21	2	7	5¼
											3 5	0	6	3
Total 1837—	211	2,087	1 27	1	441	1 31	—	1,133 0 9	214	106	1 34	0	16	0
										549	1 27	0	5	0

RETURN OF CROWN LANDS SOLD, &c.—*Continued.*

Provinces and Districts.	Number of Sales under 100 Acres.		Number of Sales above 100, not exceeding 500 Acres.		Sales Exceeding 500 Acres		Total Number of Sales.	Total Number of Acres.	Average Price
	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Name of Purchaser.	Extent of Sale.			
									£ s. d.
1838.									
Western Province ..	204	906 0 39	—	—	—	—	204	906 0 39	1 11 4
Southern Province.									
Galle	2	7 2 9	—	—	—	—	2	7 2 9	3 5 11
Gangeboddepattoo ..	—	—	—	—	Messrs. Henly and Dawson ..	2,000 0 0	1	2,000 0 0	0 5 1
					„ C. D. Perrett & Co. ..	1,500 0 0	1	1,500 0 0	0 5 0¼
Saffragam	—	—	1	120 0 0	—	—	1	120 0 0	0 8 0
Central Province.									
Udunuwere	2	14 1 12	—	—	—	—	2	14 1 12	1 14 0
	—	—	1	112 1 38	—	—	1	112 1 38	0 5 0
Yattinuwere	—	—	3	674 2 29	Captain H. A. Atchison and R. Jefferson, Esq.	918 3 0	4	1,593 1 29	0 5 0
	9	29 2 8	—	—	—	—	9	29 2 8	0 17 0
Tumpane and Harrispattoo	—	—	1	226 1 9	—	—	1	226 1 9	0 5 0
Uewahette	—	—	2	426 0 28	Capt. G. T. Parke and Lieut. J. W. Dalgety	748 3 29	3	1,175 0 17	0 5 0
	1	16 3 0	—	—	—	—	1	16 3 0	0 6 0
Udapalate	—	—	1	262 1 2	Lieutenant General Sir J. Wilson	1,137 2 19	3	2,653 3 11	0 5 0
					Do.	1,253 3 30			
Nuwera Ellia	1	45 2 0	—	—	—	—	1	45 2 0	4 0 0
					—				

Western Province	..	70	230	3	3	2	319	2	2	—		—		72	550	1	5	1 12 11½
Southern Province.																		
Galle	.. ..	2	42	1	36	—	—			—		—		2	42	1	36	0 8 2
Welleboddepattoo	..	2	42	2	35	—	—			—		—		2	42	2	35	0 7 0
Gangeboddepattoo	..	—	—			2	661	1	27	Messrs. A. & R. Crowe & Co.		4,953	3 29	3	5,615	1	16	0 5 4
Gangebodde & Welleboddepattoos	..	—	—			—	—			Do.		1,700	0 13	1	1,700	0	13	0 5 9½
Central Province.																		
Udunuwere	.. .. ..	9	9	1	0	—	—			—		—		9	9	1	0	2 16 8
Yattinuwere	.. ..	2	2	3	0	1	220	2	0	—		—		3	223	1	0	0 5 10
Udapalate	.. .. ..	9	13	0	10	—	—			—		—		9	13	0	10	1 12 3
Dumbera	.. .. ..	35	99	0	10	2	545	0	16	—		—		37	644	0	26	0 10 0
Hewahette	.. .. ..	23	146	1	10	2	533	2	0	—		—		25	679	3	10	0 11 4
Bintenne	.. .. ..	2	50	0	0	—	—			—		—		2	50	0	0	0 8 0
Total 1839—		154	636	1	24	9	2,280	0	6	—		6,654	0 3	165	9,570	1	33	—
1840.																		
										Messrs. A. & R Crowe & Co.		631	2 24					
										Do.		508	3 10					
										A. Vallance, Esq.		698	0 18					
Western Province	..	160	597	0	24	12	3,256	2	11	The Right Honble J. A. Stewart Mackenzie		1,024	0 0	178	8,308	3	5	1 6 2
										C. R. Buller, Esq.		991	2 0					
										Mr. L. Jumeaux		600	3 35					
Southern Province.																		
Galle	.. .. ..	39	721	2	28	8	1,485	0	21	W. Tindall, Esq.		573	0 39	48	2,780	0	9	0 7 2¼
Matura	.. .. ..	1	1	0	21	—	—			—		—		1	1	0	21	2 7 5¼
Ratnapoora	.. ..	1	80	3	5	—	—			—		—		1	80	3	5	0 6 3
Central Province.																		
Udunuwere	.. ..	7	106	1	43	—	—			—		—		7	106	1	34	0 16 0
Yattinuwere	.. ..	7	326	1	29	1	222	3	38	—		—		8	549	1	27	0 5 0

RETURN OF CROWN LANDS SOLD, &c.—*Continued.*

Provinces and Districts.	*Number of Sales under 100 Acres.*		*Number of Sales above 100, not exceeding 500 Acres.*		*Sales exceeding 500 Acres.*		*Total Number of Sales.*	*Total Number of Acres.*	*Average Price per Acre.*
	Number of Sales.	*Number of Acres.*	*Number of Sales.*	*Number of Acres.*	*Name of Purchaser.*	*Extent of Sale.*			
1840 *continued.* *Central Province do.*									£ s. d.
Udapalatè	5	132 1 29	9	2,093 0 35	Sir J. Wilson	638 2 38	15	2,864 1 22	0 5 2
Dumbera	15	148 1 0	1	354 2 17	R. B. Tytler, Esq.	569 1 25 1,409 0 37 1,353 0 7	20	6,169 1 11	0 5 8¾
					W. Tindall, Esq.	2,334 3 5			
Hewahette	10	131 3 20	2	460 2 34	Lieut. D. Meaden	516 2 4	16	3,123 1 20	0 5 5
					Messrs. Ritchie & Co.	846 0 6			
					The Honble H. Wright, Esq. and Captain Parke	528 0 36			
					The Honble H. Wright, Esq. ..	640 0 0			
Harrispattoo	3	110 1 37	1	227 2 34	—	—	4	338 0 31	0 5 4
Kotmale	2	142 1 21	—	—	—	—	2	142 1 21	0 5 0
					Messrs. A. R. Crowe & Co. ..	1,759 3 36			
			3	561 2 36	J. Campbell, Esq.	1,105 0 30	6	4,205 3 34	0 9 6

[illegible]	70	230 3 3	2	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Upper Bulatgamme ..	—	—	2	620 1 3	[illegible] Hon. the Governor ..	1,120 2 [illegible]	12	13,900 1 30	0 5 0
					F. B. Norris, Esq. D. Hamer, C. Mackenzie, and T. Donne	762 2 20			
					The Hon. G. Turnour, Esq. ..	2,217 3 8			
					G. Bird, Esq.	1,751 3 18			
					Sir R. Arbuthnot and Captain Thurlow	855 1 16			
					T. Oswin, Esq.	545 2 8			
					C. R. Buller, Esq.	764 2 8			
					J. G. Frith, Esq., Framjee Nasserwanjee Pattel, Esq. and Capt. W. T. Layard ..	2,264 2 19			
					P. E. Wodehouse, Esq.	2,135 0 20			
Rambodde	2	63 1 72	1	110 1 25	—	—	3	174 0 17	0 5 0
Nuwera Ellia	2	37 0 22	—	—	—	—	2	37 0 22	0 5 0
Bintenne....	9	70 0 0	—	—	—	—	9	70 0 0	0 3 0
Total 1840—	263	2,669 3 25	40	9,393 1 14	—	30,788 2 32	332	42,851 3 32	—
Year ended 30th September 1841.									
Western Province. ..	321	2,205 2 20	20	4,943 0 2	C. R. Buller, Esq.	991 2 0	348	18,288 1 31	0 17 4¾
					Mr. L. Jumeaux	600 3 35			
					Messrs. A. & R. Crowe & Co. ..	1,933 0 26			
					„ Ackland, Boyd & Co. ..	2,310 0 19			
					„ C. D. Parlett & Co. for T. A. Henky, Esq. ..	1,084 0 24			
					Do. for W. A. Wilkinson, Esq.	1,092 0 30			
					„ Ritchie & Co.	3,127 2 32			

RETURN OF CROWN LANDS SOLD, &c.—*Continued.*

Provinces and Districts.	Number of Sales under 100 Acres.		Number of Sales above 100, not exceeding 500 Acres.		Sales exceeding 500 Acres.		Total Number of Sales.	Total Number of Acres.	Average Price per Acre.
	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Name of Purchaser.	Extent of Sale.			£ s d.
1841 *continued.* *Southern Province.*									
Galle	20	280 3 39	4	877 3 27	W. Tindall, Esq.	573 0 39	26	3,731 2 1	0 6 4½
					Messrs. A. & R. Crowe & Co..	1,999 1 15			
Ratnapoora..	3	120 2 38	1	161 0 17	—	—	4	281 3 16	0 5 1
Central Province.									
Udunuwere	10	100 0 14	—	—	—	—	10	100 0 14	0 9 2¼
Yattinuwere	4	133 1 38	2	566 0 0	—	—	6	699 1 38	0 6 5½
Udapalate	—	—	4	928 1 17	C. U. Stuart, Esq.	1,908 2 4	6	4,973 1 15	0 5 0
					Messrs. Ritchie & Co.	2,136 1 34			
Dumbera	3	104 2 28	3	764 0 20	The Joint Stock Company ..	1,198 0 30	9	4,616 3 38	0 5 1
					H. Stewart, Esq.	1,275 0 0			
					Do.	1,275 0 0			
Hewahette	4	102 3 27	6	1,927 3 23	H. Ritchie, Esq.	820 2 30	18	9,803 1 28	0 5 4½
					Do.	1,185 0 0			
					Do.	1,375 1 27			
					Captain G. T. Parke	541 1 37			
					Messrs. Ritchie & Co.	1,006 3 20			
					Do.	731 2 27			
					S. Butler, Esq.	1,570 2 37			
					G. Basnaike Nileme..	540 3 0			
Tampana	—	—	1	[illegible]		—	1	281 [illegible]	[illegible]

Kotmale	3	140	2	21	1	228	3	31	Messrs. A. & R. Crowe & Co..	1,085	2	13	11	7,998	0 30	0	5	0
									Do.	975	0	23						
									Do.	689	1	8						
									Do.	860	3	27						
									Do.	919	3	30						
									Do.	793	1	26						
									Lieut. Col. Fletcher..	2,304	1	8						
Matele..	2	21	1	0	3	846	0	8	—				5	867	1 8	0	5	10
									U. Wise. Esq.	1,017	3	9						
									Messrs. F. & C. Hadden	1,428	2	19						
									Major Thompson	1,382	0	0						
									Captain B. E. Layard	2,362	3	15						
Upper Bulatgamme ..	2	141	2	21	2	634	0	5	Captain Alcock	1,319	1	15	13	15,042	0 26	0	5	0
									The Joint Stock Company ..	3,357	3	28						
									G. W. Leach. Esq.	1,574	1	0						
									T. Pride & W. R. Gaskell, Esqs.	1,224	2	29						
									Captain B. E. Layard	599	0	4						
Walapane	—	—			—	—			G. Ingham. Esq.	995	2	32	1	995	2 32	0	5	0
Helbodde	—	—			—	—			Captain W. Fisher	691	3	1	1	691	3 1	0	10	6
Gonawatte	1	14	1	17	—	—			—				1	14	1 17	0	5	0
									J. L. Kier, Esq.	541	1	2						
Nuwera Ellia	1	24	0	10	—	—			The Venble J. M. S. Glenie ..	1,970	2	22	4	3,603	1 17	0	5	0
									Dr. S. H. Preston	1,067	1	23						
Dolosbage	—	—			1	190	1	27	—					190	1 27	0	5	0
									Mr. W. Reid	1,132	1	0						
Badulla	7	164	2	12	4	1,031	3	7	Messrs. W. C. Gibson, Read, Davidson & Co.	3,507	2	6	14	6,426	1 1	0	5	0
									Captain T. W. Rogers	590	0	15						
Total 1841—	383	3,634	3	32	52	13,380	3	33	—	61,669	3	30	481	78,685	3 16	—		

RETURN OF CROWN LANDS SOLD, &c.—*Continued.*

Provinces and Districts	Number of Sales under 100 Acres.		Number of Sales above 100, not exceeding 500 Acres.		Sales exceeding 500 Acres.		Total Number of Sales.	Total Number of Acres.	Average Price per Acre.
	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Name of Purchaser.	Extent of Sale.			
Year ended 30th September 1842.									£ s. d.
					Messrs. Ritchie & Co.	2,850 2 36			
					R. Templeton, Esq. R. A. ..	1,203 0 0			
					Messrs. Gibb, Clark & Co. ..	1,278 0 0			
Western Province..	199	,662 1 34	27	5,260 3 6	J. D. Browne, Esq.	1,237 0 11	233	15,315 3 8	0 13 6½
					A. Vallance, Esq.	666 2 20			
					J. J. Staples Esq.	642 3 28			
					H. L. Layard, Esq. & Captain T. W. Layard ..	574 0 32			
Southern Province.									
					S. Arabin, Esq. R. N.	2,621 0 34			
Galle	19	259 0 1	2	632 0 28	Messrs. Read, Davidson, Lancaster and King	1,465 1 38	24	6,832 1 22	0 5 7½
					Messrs. W. C. Gibson, Read, Davidson and Co.	1,854 1 39			
Matura	—	—	—	—					
Ratnapoora..	7	43 2 16	6	1,198 1 9	Mr. R. Craig	1,472 0 11	1	1,472 0 11	0 6 0
					J. D. Browne, Esq.	1,146 2 31			
Northern Province ..	—	—	—	—	Messrs. C. D. Parlett and Co..	747 3 7	15	3,136 1 24	0 5 10
Central Province.					T. Hardy, Esq..	659 1 38			
Kandy	21	15 1 9	—	—	E. S. Whitehouse, Esq.	1,195 3 39	2	1,855 1 37	0 5 0
Udunuwera	1	27 3 19	—	—					
					—	—	21	15 1 9	80 0 0
					—	—	1	27 3 19	0 5 0

Yattinuwere	3	63	0	28	—	—		—		—	3	63	0	23	0 5 0
Udapalate	1	50	0	0	—	—		—		—	1	50	0	0	0 5 0
Dumbera	1	3	3	28	3	965	3	14	J. G. Layard, Esq.	582	0	13	7	3,152	2 5 3
									Messrs. Ackland and Boyd ..	923	1	27			
									Do.	677	1	3			
Hewahette	10	345	2	22	4	1,200	0	15	Messrs. Pride and Gaskell ..	559	0	18	15	2,304	3 15 0 6 0
Harrispattoo.	3	66	3	0	1	222	0	8	—	—			4	288	3 8 0 8 0
Kotmale	—	—			1	117	1	33	—	—			1	117	1 33 0 5 0
Matele..	—	—			2	614	2	4	J. H. Putt, Esq...	674	0	0	4	2,300	0 14 0 5 9½
									Messrs. Ackland and Boyd ..	1,011	2	10			
Upper Bulatgamme ..	9	345	0	9	7	1,893	3	19	The Hon. P. Anstruther, Esq..	1,371	1	0	17	3,610	0 28 0 5 0
									J. D. Browne, Esq.	957	1	38			
									J. B. Preston, Esq.	708	1	24			
									Do.	639	2	33			
Nuwera Ellia	5	423	2	12	1	302	0	14	Messrs. Gibb, Clark & Co. ..	1,022	3	8	13	7,434	2 23 0 5 0
									Do.	1,078	1	18			
									Do.	1,113	0	10			
									Do.	1,189	0	26			
Badulla	8	163	1	14	1	393	2	6	—	—			9	556	3 20 0 7 11
Total 1842—	287	3,669	2	33	55	12,800	2	38	—	32,063	1	34	371	48,533	3 25 —

Districts.	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Name of Purchaser.	Extent of Sale.						£ s. d.
* Year ended 30th September 1843.												
					Messrs. Wilson, Ritchie & Co.	569	3	16				
					W. Mackwood, Esq.	588	2	32				
					Messrs. W. C. Gibson, Read, Davidson & Co.	616	1	37				
					Do.	514	2	26				
					C. Shand, Esq.	554	0	29				
					Do.	649	1	12				
					W. Read, Esq.	639	3	5				
					Do.	812	1	29				
Western Province.	168	2,713	3	8	24	6,707	3	8	W. Kersteman, Esq.	1,220	0	0	230	24,918	0	9	0	16	8¾
					C. Elliott, Esq.	706	1	25				
					Mr. J. Asserappa	1,548	3	16				
					W. Sims, Esq.	2,849	1	16				
					Messrs. H. Rudd & J. L. Strachan	547	3	29				
					A. Vallance, Esq.	524	0	6				
					L. Jumeaux, Esq.	672	0	23				
					W. S. Soysa	543	3	10				
					D. Wilson, Esq.	588	1	31				
					A. J. Gibb, Esq.	1,350	0	6				

Southern Province.																
GALLE:																
Four Gravets	45	112	2	27	1	126	2	36	—			—		46	239	1 23	1 12	3¾
Welleboddepattoo ..	10	131	0	3	1	102	3	19	—			—		11	233	3 22	0 11	7¼
Gangeboddepattoo ..	1	44	1	26	1	100	0	3	—			—		2	144	1 29	0 5	0¼
Talpepattoo	2	12	2	8	—	—			—			—		2	12	2 8	0 0	0½
Bentotte Wallalla-witty Korle	15	206	2	21	—	—			W. Austin, Esq.	608	1	14	17	1,447	1 34	0 13	8
									Do.	632	1	39					
SAFFRAGAM:									J. D. Young, Esq.	639	3	38					
									Do.	639	3	18					
									Messrs. Dawson & Co.	639	3	26					
Nawedoon Korle . ..	12	36	0	2	6	1,611	2	2	,, R. Addison, W. Dennison & J. D. Young . ..	529	0	8	24	5,257	2 22	1 13	10¾
									Do.	536	1	32					
									J. Steuart, Esq...	624	2	37					
Kolonna Korle	—	—			1	408	3	30	—			—	1	408	3 30	0 5	6
Kaddewatte Korle ..	4	102	3	21	1	270	0	11	—			—	5	372	3 32	2 4	3¾
Kuruwitty Korle.. ..	7	29	1	14	—	—			—			—	7	29	1 14	4 6	1¼
Attekalan Korle	1	90	1	13	—	—			—			—	1	90	1 13	0 5	6
Medde Korle	4	21	1	6	3	976	2	10	—			—	7	997	3 16	0 14	9½
Northern Province.																	
Patchelapalle	—	—			3	1,110	3	36	D. Wilson & H. Ritchie, Esqs...	517	3	7	5	2,236	3 5	0 5	0
									J. G. Llewelleyn, Esq.	608	0	1					
Tenmoratchie	—	—			1	265	2	1	—			—	1	265	2 1	0 11	0
Central Province.																	
Kandy	16	72	1	15	—	—			—			—	16	72	1 15	7 10	0
Udunuyere	2	56	2	25	1	118	1	20	—			—	3	175	0 5	0 6	0
Yattinuwere	8	240	2	14	—	—			—			—	8	240	2 14	5 10	0
Udapalate	2	123	2	3	4	1,015	0	14	—			—	6	1,138	2 18	0 8	0
Do.	—	—			—	—			C. U. Stuart. Esq.	547	2	14	2	1,245	2 22	0 5	0
									D. Davidson, Esq.	698	0	8					

* Some of the Lands in the [illegible] since included in former years, have since been resold and inserted in this year.

RETURN OF CROWN LANDS SOLD, &c.—*Continued.*

Provinces and Districts.	Number of Sales under 100 Acres.		Number of Sales above 100, not exceeding 500 Acres.		Sales exceeding 500 Acres.		Total Number of Sales.	Total Number of Acres.	Average Price per Acre.
	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Number of Sales.	Number of Acres.	Name of Purchaser.	Extent of Sale.			£ s. d.
1843 *continued.*									
Central Province do.									
Dumbera	3	221 1 11	6	2,076 3 13	—	—	9	2,298 0 25	0 10 0
Hewahette	6	306 0 20	7	2,148 2 32	—	—	13	2,454 3 12	0 8 0
Do.	—	—	—	—	C. R. Rigg, Esq.	538 1 0	1	538 1 0	0 5 0
Tumpane	—	—	2	637 1 27	—	—	2	637 1 27	0 15 0
Harrispattoo.	1	65 1 20	1	412 0 33	—	—	2	477 2 13	0 10 0
Matele	3	285 2 36	4	787 2 14	—	—	7	1,073 1 10	0 10 0
Upper Bulatgamme . .	7	141 2 13	7	1,677 0 14	The Honble P. Anstruther, Esq	593 1 0	15	2,411 3 27	0 5 0
Nuwera Ellia	3	181 3 26	5	1,343 0 34	J. B. Preston, Esq.	577 3 28	10	7,400 0 7	0 5 0
					Messrs. Ritchie & Co. . . .	5,296 3 39			
					Captain P. P. Gallwey . . .	540 3 0			
Do.	—	—	—	—	Do.	516 0 38	2	1,056 3 38	0 9 6
Badulla	30	460 2 7	—	—	—	—	30	460 2 7	0 5 0
Total 1843—	370	5,656 2 26	79	21,897 2 21	—	10,782 0 20	485	58,336 1 28	—

SCHEDULE OF ISLAND ALLOWANCES drawn by OFFICERS doing duty in the Island.

REGIMENTAL.	*Amount per month.* £	s.	d.	
Colonel	45	9	0	
Lieutenant-Colonel	32	2	0	
Major	23	19	0	
Captain	13	16	0	
Lieutenant	8	5	0	
Second do. or Ensign	6	6	0	
Paymaster	13	16	0	
Surgeon	17	10	0	
Assistant-Surgeon	12	10	0	
Adjutant	10	4	0	
Quarter-Master	10	4	0	
Additional allowance to Officers in command of Corps.				
Colonel	5	4	0	
Lieutenant-Colonel	5	4	0	
Major	8	3	0	
Captain	10	4	0	
Lieutenant	5	11	0	
Additional allowance to Officers in command of Garrisons, with the exception of Colombo, Trincomale, Kandy and Galle.				
Colonel	29	11	0	*The allowance of the Commandant of Colombo is fixed at 29l 11s.—of Trincomalie at 30l.—of Kandy at 25l.—that of Galle at 10s. a-day*
Lieutenant-Colonel	8	18	0	
Major	6	14	0	
Captain	3	19	6	
Lieutenant	2	14	0	
Second do. or Ensign	2	0	6	
General and Medical Staff.				
Major-General	275	13	4⅓	*The allowance of the Commandant of Colombo is not drawn when the offices of Governor & Commander of the Forces are not united.*
Deputy Quarter-Master-General—being a Lt.-Col.	16	1	0	
Dep. Asst. do. Lieutenant	4	2	6	
Dep. Adjt. General— Lt.-Col.	16	1	0	
Dep. Asst. do. Captain	6	18	0	*In addition to the Regimental allowance, being regulated, where the ranks of Staff Officers do not correspond with the Table, by making the addition equal to one-half of the Regimental allowance to Officer. To Aides-de-camp if Subalterns the Staff and Island allowances of a Captain are granted.*
Assistant Military Secretary	6	18	0	
Aide-de-Camp to the Governor—(*Whether Captains or Subalterns*)	6	18	0	
Do. to the General Officer (*Whether Captains or Subalterns*)	6	18	0	
Bt. Inspector General of Hospitals	68	3	6	
Dep. Inspector General	48	3	0	
Staff, Surgeon	23	19	0	
Assistant do.	12	10	0	
Apothecary to the Forces	13	5	0	

SCHEDULE OF ISLAND ALLOWANCES drawn by OFFICERS relieved and ceasing to do duty on CEYLON, from the date of their relief, to that of their embarkation.

	Amount per month.			
	£	*s.*	*d.*	
Colonel	22	14	6	*These allowances are not granted for any period beyond the termination of the month next after that in which such Officers shall have ceased to perform duty.*
Inspector General of Hospitals	22	14	6	
Lieut. Colonel	16	1	0	
Depy. Inspr. Genl. of Hospitals	16	1	0	
Assistant Inspector of ditto	13	15	0	
Major	11	19	6	
Staff Surgeon	11	19	6	
Surgeon	11	13	4	
Captain or Paymaster	9	4	0	
Apothecary	8	16	8	
Assistant Surgeon	8	6	8	
Adjutant	6	16	0	
Lieutenant	5	10	0	
Quarter Master	5	10	0	
Ensign	4	4	0	

QUEEN'S PAY OF OFFICERS.

REGIMENTAL PAY, &c.

Annual Pay of Colonels.

Corps.		If appointed on or before the 31st March 1834.	If appointed after the 31st March 1834.
		£	£
Life Guards and Horse Guards *without other Emolument*		1800	1800
1st Dragoon Guards	*and Emoluments from Clothing.*	1100	1000
Other Regiments of Cavalry ..	.. ..	1000	900
Grenadier Guards	.. ..	1200	1200
Coldstream and Scots Fusilier Guards	.. ..	1000	1000
Regular Infantry	.. ..	600	500
1st West India Regiment	.. ..	—	500
2d . ditto	.. ..	£593 2 6	500

Daily Pay of Officers.

Ranks.	Life Guards and Horse Guards.	Dragoon Guards and Dragoons.	Foot Guards.	Foot.	Royal Artillery. Horse Brigade.	Royal Artillery. Foot.	Royal Engineers.	Royal Marines.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Colonel Commandant	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colonel	—	—	—	—	3 0 0	2 14 9½	2 14 9½	1 18 6
Colonel, 2d Commandant ..	—	—	—	—	1 12 4	1 6 3	1 6 3	—
Lieutenant Colonel	1 9 2	1 3 0	1 6 9	0 17 0	—	—	—	1 0 0
Major	1 4 5	0 19 3	1 3 0	0 16 0	1 7 1	0 18 1	{ 0 18 1 / 0 16 1 }	0 17 0
Captain	0 15 1	0 14 7	0 15 6	0 11 7	—	—	—	—
Do. having higher rank by Brevet.	—	—	—	0 13 7	0 16 1	0 11 1	0 11 1	{ 0 11 7½ / 0 10 6 }
Lieutenant	0 10 4	0 9 0	0 7 4	0 6 6	0 8 1	0 13 1	0 13 1	{ 0 13 7½ / 0 12 6 }
Do. after 7 years' service ..	—	—	—	0 7 6	0 9 10	0 6 10	0 6 10	0 6 6
Cornet, Ensign & 2d Lieutenant..	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 6	0 5 3	0 10 10	0 7 10	0 7 10	0 7 6
Paymaster:					—	0 5 7	0 5 7	0 5 3
On Appointment	—	0 12 6	—	0 12 6	—	—	—	
After 5 years' service ..	—	0 15 0	—	0 15 0	—	—	—	
15 ditto ..	—	0 17 6	—	0 17 6	—	—	—	per annum 300/
20 ditto ..	—	1 0 0	—	1 0 0	—	—	—	
25 ditto ..	—	1 2 6	—	1 2 6	—	—	—	
Adjutant	0 13 0	0 10 0	0 10 0	0 8 6	†0 10 0	†0 8 6	0 10 0	0 6 6¶

Quarter Master:								
On Appointment ..	.. 0 9 6	0 8 6	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 10 1	0 7 10	0 8 0	0 4 8¶
After 10 years' service	.. —	0 10 6	0 8 6	0 8 6				
15 ditto	.. —	0 12 0	0 10 0	0 10 0				
Surgeon Major ..	.. —	—	0 18 9	—	—	—	—	—
Surgeon	.. 0 13 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	—	0 13 0	—	1 0 0
After 10 years' service*	.. 0 15 0	0 15 0	0 15 0	0 15 0	—	0 15 0	—	—
20 ditto	.. 0 19 0	0 19 0	0 19 0	0 19 0	—	0 19 0	—	—
25 ditto	.. 1 2 0	1 2 0	1 2 0	1 2 0	—	1 2 0	—	—
Assistant Surgeon ..	.. 0 8 6	0 8 6	0 7 6	0 7 6	—	0 7 6	—	0 8 0
After 10 years' service*	.. 0 11 0	0 11 0	0 10 0	0 10 0	—	0 10 0	—	—
Veterinary Surgeon ..	.. 0 8 0	0 8 0	—	—	0 8 0	—	—	—
After 3 years' service*	.. 0 10 0	0 10 0	—	—	0 10 0	—	—	—
10 ditto	.. 0 12 0	0 12 0	—	—	0 12 0	—	—	—
20 ditto	.. 0 15 0	0 15 0	—	—	0 15 0	—	—	—

* In the Army in any capacity as a Medical Officer on Full Pay.

† If 2d Captain 17*s.* 9*d.*

|| On board ship.

‡ If 2d Captain 12*s.* 9*d.*

¶ In addition to Regimental Pay as 1st Lieutenant.

§ On shore.

STAFF.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

	£	s.	d.
Commissary General	4	14	11
Deputy Commissary General	1	8	6
Assistant Commissary General	0	14	3
Deputy Assistant Commissary General	0	9	6

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Ranks.	*After* 25 *years' actual service.*			*After* 20 *but under* 25 *years' actual service.*			*After* 10 *but under* 20 *years' actual service.*			*Under* 10 *years' actual service.*		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Inspector General	2	0	0	1	18	0	1	16	0	—		
Deputy Inspector General	1	10	0	1	8	0	1	4	0	—		
Staff Surgeon	1	4	0	1	2	0	0	19	0	—		
Regimental Surgeon and Staff Surgeon 2d Class	1	2	0	0	19	0	0	15	0	0	13	0
Assistant Surgeon	0	10	0	0	10	0	0	10	0	0	7	6

N.B.—A Medical Officer hereafter promoted will be required to serve upon the minimum Pay of his new Rank *One year*, if he was in the Medical Department prior to 29th July 1830; and *Two years*, if he received his first Medical Commission subsequently to that date, unless he had higher Pay in his old Rank than such minimum, in which case he must serve the above period upon that Rate of Pay which may be next above his former Pay, before he can receive any Increase.

PRICES OF COMMISSIONS.

RANK.	*Full Price of Commissions.*	*Difference in value between the several Commissions in succession.*	*Difference in value between Full and Half-pay.*
	£ s.	£ s.	£ s. d.
Life Guards.			
Lieutenant-Colonel	7250 0	1900 0	
Major	5350 0	1850 0	
Captain	3500 0	1715 0	
Lieutenant	1785 0	525 0	
Cornet	1260 0		
Royal Regiment of Horse Guards.			
Lieutenant-Colonel	7250 0	1900 0	
Major	5350 0	1850 0	
Captain	3500 0	1900 0	
Lieutenant	1600 0	400 0	
Cornet	1200 0		
Dragoon Guards and Dragoons.			
Lieutenant-Colonel	6175 0	1600 0	1533 0 0
Major	4575 0	1350 0	1332 0 0
Captain	3225 0	2035 0	1034 3 4
Lieutenant	1190 0	350 0	632 13 4
Cornet	840 0		300 0 0
Foot Guards.			
Lieutenant-Colonel	9000 0	700 0	
Major, with rank of Colonel	8300 6	3500 3	
Captain, with rank of Lt.-Col.	4800 0	2750 0	
Lieutenant, with rank of Capt.	2050 0	850 0	
Ensign, with rank of Lieutenant	1200 0		
Regiments of the Line.			
Lieutenant-Colonel	4500 0	1300 0	1314 0 0
Major	3200 0	1400 0	949 0 0
Captain	1800 0	1100 0	511 0 0
Lieutenant	700 0	250 0	365 0 0
Ensign	450 0		150 0 0
Fusilier and Rifle Regiments.			
1st Lieutenant	700 0	200 0	365 0 0
2d Lieutenant	500 0		209 0 0

STERLING MONEY.

Farthings			
4	1 Penny		
48	12	1 Shilling	
960	240	20	1 Pound=Rds. 13⅓.

CEYLON RIXDOLLAR CURRENCY.

Challies			
3	1 Pice		
12	4	1 Fanam	
144	48	12	1 Rix Dollar=1*s.* 6*d.*

The following Coins are also current in Ceylon:

The Company's Rupee at 2*s.*
The Spanish and American Dollar at 4*s.* 2*d.*

A SHORT METHOD OF CONVERTING CEYLON RIXDOLLAR CURRENCY INTO STERLING MONEY.

Rule.—Add to the amount of the former one-half thereof: the total number of Rix Dollars will then produce the number of Shillings, the total number of Fanams the number of Pence, and the total number of Pice the number of Farthings—for example:

How much Sterling Money is there in Rds. 1520—in Rds. 621—in Rds. 523 9—and in Rds. 531 3 3/4 respectively.

Rds.		
1520		
½= 760		
2280=2280*s.* or £114 Answer.		

Rds.	Fs.	
621	0	
½= 310	6	
931	6=931*s.* 6*d.* or £46 11 6 Answer.	

Rds.	Fs.	P.	
523	9	0	
½= 261	10	2	
785	7	2=785*s.* 7½*d.* or £39 5 7½ Answer.	

Rds.	Fs.	P.	
531	3	3¾	
½= 265	7	3⅞	
796	11	3⅝=796*s.* 11 29/32*d.* or £39 16 11 29/32 Answer.	

ears:									
.. ..					3,390	16	8¾		
.. ..					205	14	11½		
.. ..					1,502	12	7¾		
								5,099	4	3½
RENT YEAR.									
AYMENTS.									
s Government:									
.. .. ..		46,775	17	10½					
.. .. ..		34,042	9	5					
.. .. ..		34,348	9	7¾					
.. .. ..		3,548	14	5					
					120,715	11	3¾		
e Council:									
.. .. ..		46,341	1	10¾					
.. .. ..		12,498	1	3¾					
.. .. ..		15,903	4	9					
.. .. ..		1,630	1	7½					
					76,372	9	6¾		
					197,088	0	10½		
.. .. ..		20	7	4½					
l to and received as of the									
.. .. ..		13	0	0					
.. .. ..		2	8	6					
.. .. ..		62	13	9¾					
Repaid		44	3	10½					
					141	13	6¾		
In all Civil Disbursements								197,229	14	5¼
BURSEMENTS.									
Government:									
ice					24,000	0	0		
neral and Garrison Staff ..		9,692	18	7½					
gimental		20,081	11	1¾					
yal Engineer Department.		8,2	15	0					
.. .. ..		2,271	6	10					
in India		302	17	6					
					33,061	9	1¾		
					57,061	9	1¾		
Council					2,921	15	1		
					59,983	4	2¾		
T.									
Government ..					2,618	10	8		
Council:									
.. .. ..		13,572	0	10					
.. ..		7,461	0	0¾					
Military Works ..		5,378	1	0					
.. .. ..		12,048	12	6½					
.. .. ..		314	18	3					
					32,774	12	8		
n all Military and Commissariat Disbursements								95,376	7	6½
								297,705	6	3
AL AGENT IN LONDON.										
Government:										
eme Court, &c. ..		5,732	10	0						
.. .. ..		15,075	0	0						
.. .. ..		2,700	0	0						
on Leave of Absence ..		1,482	12	2						
en..		61	7	6						
for Office, Clerks, &c. ..		525	0	0						
					25,576	9	8			
e Council:										
llaneous Charges					3,821	4	9			
								29,397	14	5

Arrears of Revenue of former years					9,097	2	6½
Revenue of the current year.							
Sea Customs—exclusive of Export Duty on Cinnamon	79,510	19	6¼				
Cinnamon—Export Duty on	12,124	15	0				
Cinnamon—Sale of	1,824	9	7				
Land Rents. Paddy Farms	36,297	2	5¼				
Land Rents. Fine Grain Farms	1,885	6	2				
Land Rents. Garden Farms	409	12	5½				
Land Rents. Tithes Redeemed	537	16	6¼				
Land Customs. Bridge, Ferry, Canal and Lock Tolls	11,237	11	10½				
Land Customs. Cart Tolls	82	0	0				
Licenses. Arrack and Toddy Farms	47,199	15	0¼				
Licenses. Duty on Arrack Stills	2,075	4	4				
Salt Farms	35,691	4	10¾				
Chank Farms	470	18	7¼				
Stamps	3,996	4	10½				
Judicial Stamps	13,361	19	7¾				
Postage	5,365	17	6¾				
Assessment Tax on Houses and Carts	1,248	16	9¾				
Weights and Measures	251	16	4¾				
In all Regular Revenue					253,571	11	8
Premium on Bills, Interest, and Difference of Exchange	3,297	14	6¾				
Lands and Houses	27,332	7	2¼				
Fines and Forfeitures	929	17	0¾				
Government Gazettes, Calendars, &c.	100	3	0¾				
Government Steamer *Seaforth*—Freight and Passage Money	1,722	6	9				
Masters Attendant—Hire of Moorings, Boats, Anchors, &c.	55	9	6				
Gunpowder	278	14	0				
Deposits transferred to Government	87	9	2				
Money stolen from the Treasury at Anooraadhapoora, recovered in part	47	16	6				
Receipts on account of the Recruiting Service, to be hereafter adjusted	662	16	7¾				
Surplus of Hospital Stoppages	52	14	5				
Salaries and Allowances refunded	400	0	1¾				
Commissariat and Colonial Stores and Provisions—Sale of; and Stoppages for Issues to the Troops	18,063	11	6½				
Building Materials	383	14	6				
Miscellaneous Receipts	659	19	11				
In all Casual Revenue and Incidental Receipts					54,075	0	11
Surcharges recovered	2,951	14	10¾				
Subscriptions to the Civil and Widows Funds	1,107	2	2¼				
In all Receipts in aid of Revenue					4,058	17	1

Arrears of Expenditure of former
Civil
Military
Commissariat

Expenditure of the

Civil Disburs

Charges sanctioned by Her Majesty
Civil Charges
Judicial Charges
Revenue Charges
Charges paid in India

Charges sanctioned by the Legislat
Civil Charges
Judicial Charges
Revenue Charges
Charges paid in India

Miscellaneous:
Difference of Exchange
Loss on three £1 Notes alter
value of £5 each
Incidental Receipts repaid
Surcharges refunded
Subscriptions to the Civil F

Military Dise

Charges sanctioned by Her Majes
On account of Queen's Subs
Island Pay and Allowances

Pensions to Native Troops

Sul
Div
Inc

ABSTRACT STATEMENT OF THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF CEYLON FOR THE 5 YEARS ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 1842.

		Revenue.			Expenditure.			Excess of Expenditure.		
1838	In Ceylon and India.....	338,172	14	5¼	334,095	4	0¼			
	„ England	1,265	0	1	24,979	4	2			
		339,437	14	6¼	359,074	8	2¼	19,636	13	8
1839	In Ceylon and India.....	369,084	11	9½	340,636	14	11½			
	„ England	2,929	2	5	42,955	17	4			
		372,013	14	2½	383,592	12	3½	11,578	18	1
1840	In Ceylon and India.....	329,617	14	5¾	313,019	6	4½			
	„ England	1,582	5	1	42,279	9	11			
		331,199	19	6¾	355,298	16	3½	24,098	16	8¾
1841	In Ceylon and India.....	341,937	13	1	320,419	19	10¼			
	„ England	2,526	19	2	40,906	5	3			
		344,464	12	3	361,326	5	1¼	16,861	12	10¼
1842	In Ceylon and India.....	320,802	12	2¼	297,705	6	3			
	„ England	1,566	10	5	29,397	14	5			
		322,369	2	7¼	327,103	0	8	4,733	18	0¾
	TOTAL £—	1,709,485	3	1¾	1,786,395	2	6¼	76,909	19	4½

ESTIMATES

OF THE

PROBABLE EXPENSES

FOR THE

UNDERMENTIONED SERVICES,

FORMING A

CHARGE ON THE TREASURY

OF

Ceylon, for the Year 1844.

CIVIL CONTINGENT CHARGES.

COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Salaries: Contingent.	240	
Printing Office	25	
Bookbinding Office	50	
Miscellaneous	205	
		520

TREASURER AND COMMISSIONER OF STAMPS.

Salaries: Contingent.	44	
Pensions and Allowances	350	
Freight of Specie	150	
Conveyance of Treasure	36	
Government Vessels including Coal and cost of conveyance of Overland Mails whether by sea or land	2,000	
Miscellaneous	100	
		2,680

AUDITOR AND ACCOUNTANT GENERAL AND CONTROLLER OF REVENUE.

Salaries: Contingent	35	
Travelling Expenses	100	
Miscellaneous	25	
		160

COLONIAL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Salaries: Contingent.	2,777	
Leper Hospital	400	
Pettah Hospital.	493	
Miscellaneous	244	
		3,914

SUPERINTENDENT OF THE BOTANIC GARDEN.

Salaries: Contingent..	300	
Miscellaneous	50	
		350

MASTER ATTENDANT OF COLOMBO.

Salaries: Contingent	81	
Miscellaneous	175	
		256

MASTER ATTENDANT OF GALLE.

Miscellaneous		5

MASTER ATTENDANT OF TRINCOMALE.

Miscellaneous		20

ARCHDEACON.

Salaries: Contingent..	106	
Miscellaneous	50	
		156

COLONIAL CHAPLAIN OF THE SCOTCH CHURCH.

Miscellaneous		15

GOVERNMENT AGENTS.

Salaries: Contingent..	1,000	
Pensions and Allowances	847	
Charitable allowances and in aid of Friend in Need Societies	3,200	
Medical Charges	1,500	
Education..	4,500	
In aid of Missions in Ceylon	500	
In aid of Public Libraries	150	
Premiums to the Ceylon Agricultural Society	200	
For the improvement of the Veddahs ..	150	
Temples	310	
Queen's House Gardens at Colombo ..	25	
Pavilion Garden and Grounds at Kandy ..	180	
Costs of Government Suits	454	
Miscellaneous	1,800	
		14,816

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Bishop's College Students at Calcutta ..	160	
Medical College Students at Calcutta ..	500	
Miscellaneous	200	
		860

COLONIAL AGENTS IN INDIA.

Commission and Interest	250	
Miscellaneous	900	
		1,150

COLONIAL AGENT IN LONDON.

Miscellaneous	—	500	
		—	25,402

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR GENERAL.

An Estimate of the Sums which may be required towards the execution of the undermentioned Services and Works, in addition to Fixed Establishment and Stores	—	—	21,000
Salaries: Contingent..	188		
Tools, Instruments, Waggons and Carts..	450		
Elephants	483		
Travelling Expenses..	220		
Miscellaneous	146		
	—	1,487	

CHARGES BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT BY THE GOVERNMENT AGENTS:

For Surveying	—	3,000	

WESTERN PROVINCE.

For General Service	600		
For Incidental Repairs of Public Buildings and Works	2,610		
For Incidental Repairs of Roads &c. within the Town of Colombo	2,500		
For carrying on Works already sanctioned by the Legislative Council	4,460		
For New Works under £200 each	1,235		
For other New Works:			
To provide for a Lunatic Asylum	1,500		
Building Offices for the Assistant Agent and District Judge at Kaigalle	253		
Building a Grain Shed near the Custom House of Colombo	531		
Building a Grain Shed near the Custom House at Pantura..	337		
For making new Roads in the Marandahn Cinnamon Garden	1,000		
To keep open the Canal between Caltura and Putlam	3,000		
	—	18,056	

SOUTHERN PROVINCE.

For General Service	227		
For Incidental Repairs of Public Buildings and Works	1,112		
For Incidental Repairs of Roads &c. within the Towns of Galle and Matura	400		

For carrying on Works already sanctioned by the Legislative Council	979	
For New Works under £200 each	532	
For other New Work:		
For completing the Assistant Agent's house at Hambantotte	286	
		3,536

Eastern Province.

For General Service	143	
For Incidental Repairs of Public Buildings and Works	176	
For incidental Repairs of Roads &c. within the Town of Trincomale	200	
For carrying on Works already sanctioned by the Legislative Council	31	
		550

Northern Province.

For General Service	350	
For Incidental Repairs of Public Buildings and Works	132	
For incidental Repairs of Roads &c. within the Town of Jaffna	150	
For carrying on Works already sanctioned by the Legislative Council	1,380	
For New Works under £200 each	475	
For other New Works:		
Additions to the Gaol at Jaffna	200	
Alterations of Supreme and District Court House at Jaffna	353	
		3,040

Central Province.

For General Service	480	
For Incidental Repairs of Public Buildings and Works	440	
For Incidental Repairs of Roads &c. within the Town of Kandy	1,000	
For carrying on Works already sanctioned by the Legislative Council	2,150	
For New Works under £200 each	258	
For other New Works:		
For erecting a substential masonry Arch of 12 feet span and 12 feet Road way over the stream intersecting the Trincomale Road at 1¾ mile from Kandy	276	
For making sundry additions to the Gaol at Kandy and of repairing and improving the same	474	

Expense of facing and dwarf walling 600 running feet of the Bund at Kandy ..	250	
For constructing a Rest House at Gampola	574	
		5,902
Unforeseen Contingencies.		1,000
Government moiety in aid of Public Works to be undertaken by private Individuals in sums not exceeding the amount of private contributions		200
Provided that the total Expenditure of the Civil Engineer and Surveyor General's Department inclusive of Fixed Establishment, Stores and all other Charges shall not exceed £31,000		36,771

RECAPITULATION.

Contingent Salaries	188
Tools, Instruments, Waggons and Carts . .	450
Elephants	483
Travelling Expenses	220
Miscellaneous charges	146
Surveying	3,000
General Service.	1,800
Incidental Repairs of Public Buildings and Works	4,500
Incidental Repairs of Roads &c. within Towns	4,250
Carrying on Works already sanctioned by the Legislative Council	9,000
New Works under £200 each.	2,500
Other New Works	6,034
To keep open the Canal between Caltura and Putlam	3,000
Unforeseen Contingencies.	1,000
Government moiety in aid of works to be undertaken by the Inhabitants	200
	36,771

COMMISSIONER OF ROADS.

An Estimate of the Sums which may be required towards the execution of the undermentioned Services and Works, in addition to Fixed Establishment and Stores		20,000
2 Officers to be employed in tracing and opening New Roads at 15*s.* each per diem	549	

4 Officers superintending Pioneers at 7*s.* 6*d.* per diem	549	
General Service: Central Province	513	
General Service: Northern Province	156	
Tools, Instruments, Waggons and Carts	800	
Elephants	850	
Clothing for 4 Divisions of Pioneers	550	
Travelling Expenses of the Commissioner of Roads and Officers of his Department	450	
Miscellaneous	350	
		4,767

CHARGES BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT BY THE GOVERNMENT AGENTS:

ROADS.

ORDINARY AND NECESSARY REPAIRS.

Including unexpended Balances of unfinished Estimates of previous years.

Colombo to Kandy	7,000	
Ambapusse through Kurnegalle to Kandy and from Kurnegalle to Dambool	3,000	
Kurnegalle to Putlam	300	
Colombo to Galle	3,000	
Colombo to Jaffna	1,000	
Kandy to Trincomale	1,500	
Kandy to Nuwera-Ellia	1,000	
Kandy to Badulla	500	
Galle to Hambantotte	500	
Repair of Roads in the Peninsula of Jaffna	500	
Repair of Roads from Aripo to Anooraadhapoora	250	
		18,550

RESTORATION AND IMPROVEMENT OF OLD ROADS.

Negombo to Veangodde	500	
Ballapane to Ruanwelle	500	
Pantura through Horenne to Nambapane	150	
Colombo to Hangwelle, Avisawelle and Tallagamme	1,500	
Caltura to Agglewatte	250	
Negombo to Kurnegalle	300	
Badulla to Nuwera-Ellia	600	
Repair and restoration of Parish Roads in the Northern Province	500	
Point Pedro to Valwattytorre	800	
Prolongation of the Mallagam Road to the Coast	450	
		5,550

Including unexpended Balances of unfinished Estimates of previous years.

CONTINUATION OF ROADS ALREADY BEGUN IN FORMER YEARS		
Yattiantotte to Gampola	2,000	
Badulla to Hambantotte	1,000	
Badulla to Kalupahane	350	
Galle to Baddegamme	500	
Chavegacherry to Elephant Pass	1,000	
Sangany to the Coast	800	
		5,650
Surveying tracing and opening New lines of Roads in the several Provinces		5,000
Clearing the Gindura River		500
Unforeseen Contingencies		2,000
Donations in aid of Works to be undertaken by the Inhabitants		500
Provided that the total Expenditure of the Commissioner of Roads' Department inclusive of Fixed Establishment, Stores and all other Charges shall not exceed £33,000		42,517
Total Civil Contingent Charges		£66,402

REVENUE CONTINGENT CHARGES.

GOVERNMENT AGENTS.

Salaries: Contingent	968	
Pensions and Allowances	87	
For the collection of the Grain Revenue	2,000	
For the collection of the Arrack Revenue	1,540	
For the collection of the Salt Revenue and the manufacture of Salt	6,500	
For the collection of Cinnamon and surveys of Cinnamon Gardens	2,000	
For the collection of the Assessment Tax	200	
For the inspection &c. of the Pearl Banks	277	
Costs of Government Suits	477	
Commission on the sale of Revenue Stamps	128	
Miscellaneous	1,500	
		15,677

CUSTOMS.

Salaries: Contingent	484	
For the construction &c. of Grain-Sheds, Watch-Huts &c.	262	
Travelling expenses	150	
Miscellaneous	597	
		1,493

POST-MASTER GENERAL.

Salaries: Contingent	534	
Kandy Mail Coach	132	
Matura Mail Coach	129	
Kurnegalle Mail Contractors	80	
For the construction &c. of Tappal-Huts &c.	65	
Miscellaneous	614	
		1,554

WARE-HOUSE KEEPER.

Salaries: Contingent	175	
Miscellaneous	310	
		485
Total Revenue Contingent Charges		£19,209

JUDICIAL CONTINGENT CHARGES.

QUEEN'S ADVOCATE.

Salaries: Contingent	104	
Miscellaneous	46	
		150

REGISTRAR OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Salaries { Supplementary	87	
Salaries { Contingent	77	
Circuit Expenses of the Supreme Court	1,600	
Miscellaneous	15	
		1,779

DISTRICT JUDGES.

Salaries { Supplementary	888	
Salaries { Contingent	800	
Commission on the sale of Judicial Stamps	300	
Miscellaneous	700	
		2,688

FISCALS.

Salaries { Supplementary	971	
Salaries { Contingent	564	
Batta to Prisoners and other Prison Charges	3,500	
Batta and Travelling Expenses of Witnesses before the Supreme Court	1,350	
Miscellaneous	700	
		7,085

SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE.

Salaries: Supplementary	964	
Sweeping and keeping clean the Streets in the Fort of Colombo	90	

Rent of the Police Office	27	
Rent of Police Station-Houses	18	
Miscellaneous	68	
		1,167

COMMISSIONER OF THE LOAN BOARD.

Miscellaneous	2
Total Judicial Contingent Charges	£12,871

MILITARY CONTINGENT CHARGES.

General and Garrison Staff		1,350	
Regimental		568	
Military Pensioners	Paid in Ceylon	1,700	
	Paid by the Governments and Colonial Agents in India	100	
Charges brought to Account by the Commissariat:			
Engineer Department		160	
Barrack Department		2,000	
			5,818

FOR MILITARY WORKS

ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.

An Estimate of the Sums which may be required towards the execution of the undermentioned Services and Works, in addition to Fixed Establishment and Stores		5,134

COLOMBO.

Thoroughly repairing the Brick Floor of No. 12 Barrack	120	
General Service including small repairs to Barracks &c.	400	
Cutting and Planting Trees	40	
Sawing	100	
Supply of Tools	30	
		690

CALTURA.

Repairing Nos. 2 and 3 Buildings at the Fort of Caltura	100

GALLE.

Torough repair to Nos. 1 and 2 European Barracks (estimated cost £932 15 5¾)	300

General Service including small Repairs to Barracks &c.	60	
Pay of a Clerk	30	
Supply of Tools	15	
		405

TAINCOMALE.

Repairing half of the Barrack Nos. 5 and 6 at present occupied by the Detachment of the the Royal Artillery	500	
Converting the present Regimental Guard House No. 56 into a Provost Establishment and a Regimental Guard House . .	274	
General Service including small repairs to Barracks &c.	250	
Supply of Tools	20	
		1,044

JAFFNA.

To provide for the renewal of the Sepoy lines		400

KANDY.

Towards the construction of the new Barrack to accommodate a Service Company in prolongation of No. 5 Barrack (estimated cost £3,500)	1,000	
Repairing the road of communication between the New Artillery Establishment and the European Barracks and widening the small Bridge upon the same	80	
Adding a permanent Verandah to the building appropriated as a Guard Room &c. . .	70	
Converting the old Privies into a Quarter for an Armourer Serjeant and Armourer's Shop	50	
General Service including small repairs to Barrack &c.	160	
Supply of Tools	25	
		1,385

NUWERA-ELLIA.

General Service including small repairs to Barracks &c.		50

HAMBANTOTTE.

Erecting accommodation for 1 Serjeant and 25 married men of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment		330
Incidental repairs throughout the Command . .		2,000
Miscellaneous Charges		75

For carrying on Works already Sanctioned by the Legislative Council	1,630	
Provided that the total Expenditure of the Royal Engineer Department inclusive of Fixed Establishment, Stores and all other charges shall not exceed £7,634..	8,109	
Total Military Contingent Charges		£10,952

COMMISSARIAT CONTINGENT CHARGES.

DEPUTY COMMISSARY GENERAL.

Salaries: Contingent	128	
Provision Department	14,500	
Brick and Lime Establishment at Bogambra ..	1,000	
Brick Establishment at Panebakkery	300	
For General Service Sawing..	261	
Building Materials	3,000	
Stores	5,000	
Miscellaneous	5,000	
		28,689
COLONIAL AGENTS IN INDIA.		
Stores		500
COLONIAL AGENT IN LONDON.		
Stores		8,000
Total Commissariat Contingent Charges		£37,189

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.

TREASURER.

Unforeseen Expenses on occasions of emergency, to be accounted for hereafter	£4,000

RECAPITULATION.

Civil Contingent Charges	66,402	0	0
Revenue Contingent Charges	19,209	0	0
Judicial Contingent Charges	12,871	0	0
Military Contingent Charges	10,952	0	0
Commissariat Contingent Charges	37,189	0	0
Miscellaneous Services..	4,000	0	0
TOTAL ..	£150,623	0	0

Note.—The foregoing are Estimates of the Expenditure voted by the Legislative Council for 1844, and do not include what is termed the *Fixed* Expenditure, or Expenditure specially sanctioned by Her Majesty's Government,—which has been estimated for that year at £225,919 9 7. The probable Savings expected on the Estimates, both *Fixed* and *Contingent*, are calculated at £15,000.

TOLL STATIONS.

WESTERN PROVINCE.

Bridge of Boats at the Grand Pass, and the following Branch Stations; vizt.
The Draw Bridge at Grand Pass.
The Bridge at Oeroogoddewatte.
Pasbetaal Ferry, and at any place within the 8th mile on the high Road from Colombo to Kandy.
The Ferry of Mutwal.
The Bridge at Dandugam.
The Ferry of Cottugodde.
The Ferry of Mutuwadia.
The Ferry of Wewelle.
The Ferry of Situwak.
Cottah Bridge, and the Branch Station at Pamankedde Bridge.
Pantura Ferry, and the Branch Station at Dehiwelle Bridge.
The Ferry of Horekelle.
The Ferry of Bolgodde.
The Ferry of Rookgahatottoopolle.
The Ferry of Caltura.
The Ferry of Kaymel.
The Ferry of Topoo.
The Ferry of Katane.
The Ferry of Kosgahamankedde.
The Ferry of Girioelle.
The Ferry of Kettewatte.
The Ferry of Kottedeniawe.
The Ferry of Anguruatotte.
The Ferry of Chilaw.
The Ferry of Ging-Oya.
The Ferry of Dedroo-Oya.
The Ferry of Puttam.
The Ferry of Caipentyn.
The Ferry of Palawy.
The Bridge at Madoorankooly.
The Bridge at Toonniodera, and the following Branch Stations; vizt.
Kudawewe.
Madampe.
Wallepittia and Millawe.
The Ferry of Dedroo-Oya on the Road from Kurnegalle to Puttam.
The Ferry of Ruanwelle.
The Ferry of Karewena-Ella.
The Ferry of Rittigaha-Oya.
The Ferry of Allauwe.

The Bridge at Alootgame on the Kandy high Road.
The Bridge at Ambepusse ..... do. ..... do.
The Bridge at Angooroowelle... do. ..... do.
The small Bridge on the Kaduganawe Pass. immediately below the perforated rock on the Road from Kandy to Kurnegalle at the foot of the Gallegedere Pass.
Canals at Grand Pass, Bridge of Boats, Gorekegahatotte and Pamunugam.
Canal at Negombo.
Canal at Kittanpauwe.
Old and new Canals at Caltura.
Lock at St. Sebastian.

SOUTHERN PROVINCE.

Galle District.

Halpatotte Ferry.
Keembeeya-Ella Bridge.
Gindura Ferry.
Ballepittymodera Bridge.
Bentotte Ferry.
Pol-Oya Bridge.

Matura Disirict.

Polwatte Ferry.

Hambantotte District.

Wallavay Ferry, and the following Branch Stations; vizt.
Wallavaymodera.
Redeyegantotte.
Beddegantotte.
Mamadelatotte.
Koroganwittiye.

Ratnapoora District.

Warekatotte Ferry, and the Branch Station at Demuwatte Ferry.

EASTERN PROVINCE.

Batticaloa District.

One—Between the Bazaar and Cotamona.
One—Between the Barrier Gate and Calladytorre.
One—Between Javanytorre and Vecchacalmona.

NORTHERN PROVINCE.

Principal Stations.

Colombogam and Kalmonai Ferry, and at a Branch Station on the Road between Colombogam and Jaffna.
Pannetorre.
Araly.
On the Road from Jaffna to Point Pedro.
On the Road from Jaffna to Savagaserry.
On the Road from Jaffna to Mullagam.
On the Road from Jaffna to Sangane.
Manaar.
Kokolaay.

Branch Stations.

In the Lane called called Karovemben Oloongai opening into the Kaycola Bazaar in connection with the Principal Station upon the Point Pedro Road.

CENTRAL PROVINCE.

Bridge at Peradenia—4 miles from Kandy on the main Road from Colombo.
Ferry of Hallalowe—About 4 miles from Kandy leading to Kurnegalle.
Ferry of Gannaroowe—About 3 miles from Kandy leading off from the Colombo Road.
Ferry of Ailutgantotte—On the old Trincomale Road about 3 miles from Kandy.
Ferry of Pinga-Oya —On the present Trincomale Road about 3 miles from Kandy.
Ferry of Lewelle ——About 1½ mile from Kandy crossing over to Dumbera.
Ferry of Illookmodera—About 3 miles from Kandy on the lower Road to Badulla.
Ferry of Kundasale——About 1 mile beyond the Illookmodera Ferry.
Ferry of Ganawatte——About 6 miles from Kandy on the lower Road to Badulla.
Ferry of Maha-Oya—— About 12 ———do.———do.———do.
Ferry of Gampola ——13 miles from Kandy on the Road to Nuwera-Ellia.

Road { between Gampola & Ambegammowe } On the Road to Ambegammowe.
Road { Between Ambegammowe&Tallegamme }

Road at Rambodde —About 30 miles from Kandy on the Road to Nuwera-Ellia.
Road at Balecadua—About 12 ——— do.——— on the Road to Matele.

Ferry of Oma-Oya } In the Badulla District.
Ferry of Bilhool-Oya }

Tables of Roads through the Island.

No. 1.—Round the Island.

No. 2.—From Colombo to Kandy.

No. 3.—From Negombo, through Veangodde, to Kandy.

No. 4.—From Putlam, through Kornegal, to Kandy.

No. 5.—From Aripo, through Anarajapoora and Damboola, to Kandy.

No. 6.—From Colombo, through Kornegal and Damboola, to Trincomalie.

No. 7.—From Colombo, through Ratnapoora, to Adam's Peak.

No. 8.—From Colombo to Ruanwelle.

No. 9.—From Kandy, through Damboola, to Trincomalie.

No. 10.—From Kandy, through Gonnegammie, to Badulla.

No. 11.—From Kandy, through Nuwera Ellia, to Badulla.

No. 12.—From Colombo, through Avishawelle and Ambegamowa, to Kandy.

No. 13.—From Ballapany (45th Mile-Stone Kandy and Colombo Road) to Ruanwelle and Tallegamowa.

No. 14.—From Hambantotte to Badulla.

TABLES OF ROADS IN THE ISLAND OF CEYLON.

No. 1.—Road round the Island, from Colombo, northward, and returning by the South.

N. B.—The distances are measured from the Queen's House in the Fort of Colombo.

Names of Places.	Miles	Furlongs	Yards	Total Miles	Total Furlongs	Total Yards	Principal Rivers: Names	Principal Rivers: Fresh or Salt	Principal Rivers: Ferry or Ford	Remarks.
To the Bridge of Boats	3	2	0							
— Jaelle	9	2	127				Dandaegam	Fresh		Rest House.
— Negombo	10	3	93	23	0	0	Negombo	do.	Ferry	Fort—Rest House—A road from hence through Veangodde to Kandy, 66½ miles.
— Mahá-Oya (Topoo Ferry)	5	0	0	28	0	0				
— Kirimettáné	6	0	0	34	0	0				
— Bridge of Ging-Oya	4	2	0	38	2	0				
— Nattande	1	0	0	39	2	0				Rest House.
— Bridge of Kaddoopitté-Oya	5	6	0	45	0	0				
— Madampé	0	4	0	45	4	0				
— Chilaw or Sálawé	7	4	0	53	0	0	Chilaw	Salt	Ferry	Fort—Rest House.
— Dedderoo-Oya	2	0	0	55	0	0				
— Büttooloo-Oya	10	2	0	65	2	0				Rest House.
— Moondel	4	0	0	69	2	0				
— Marrandamkoolle	7	4	0	76	6	0				Rest House.
— Putlam	8	0	0	84	6	0				Fort—Rest House—A road from hence through Kornegal to Kandy, 85 miles—and water conveyance to Calpentyn.
— Nelliobar	5	0	0	89	6	0				
— Wannatavillè	6	4	0	96	2	0				
— Pompadipo (the River so called)	7	0	0	103	2	0	Pompadipo	Fresh	Ford	Rest House beyond the River.
— Pompadipo	4	0	0	107	2	0				
— Marrandè	8	6	0	116	0	0				
— Marritchicatty	7	6	0	123	6	0	River	Salt	do.	Rest House beyond the River.
— Kallar Pagoda	7	5	10	131	3	110	Kallar	do.	Ford	
— Kondátchie	5	0	0	136	3	110	Kallar	do.	do.	Pearl Banks.

To Aripo	4	7	0	141	2	110	Aripo	Salt	Ferry	Small Fort—Rest House—A Road from hence through Anarajapoora & Damboola to Kandy, 137 miles.
— Bungallè	8	0	0	149	2	110				
— Mantotte Church	4	4	0	153	6	110				Rest House.
— Woodettégdivoo	9	1	0	162	7	110				
— Illippekadavé	5	7	0	169	6	110				Rest House.
— Pali-ar	6	2	0	175	0	110				
— Polleverüyenkattoo	8	6	0	183	6	110				Rest House.
— Vouwaltongé	6	6	165	190	5	55				
— Sembienecondu	5	4	55	196	1	110				
— Poonëryn	5	2	55	201	3	165				Fort—Rest House.
— Kalmoonnè	13	7	110	215	3	55				
— Colombo torre	3	2	0	218	5	55				
— Jaffna	3	0	0	221	6	55	Jaffna	Salt	Ferry	Fort—Here you turn off to Point Pedro 21 miles.
— Claly	17	4	0	239	1	55				
— Pass Bishuter	16	0	0	255	1	55				
— Coondè Colom	15	0	0	270	1	55				
— Mätelen	12	1	0	282	2	55				
— Moolladivoo	10	5	55	292	7	110	Moolladivoo	do	Ford	Fort—Rest House.
— Alembie	8	5	0	301	4	110				
— Kokelay	15	1	0	316	5	110				
— Tirriá	11	6	55	328	3	165				
— Catchiavellè	8	3	0	336	6	165				Rest House.
— Nillävellé	13	1	100	350	0	45				Rest House.
— Salt River	4	6	0	354	6	45				
— Trincomalie (Govt. House)	3	3	110	358	1	155				Fort, Military Garrison.
— Tamblegam	15	2	0	373	3	155				
— Kottéar	12	3	0	385	6	155				
— Töpootorré	9	1	0	394	7	155				
— Anedivoo	13	3	195	408	3	130				
— Virgel (River)	2	3	0	410	6	130	Moleade	Fresh	Ford.	
— Kaddiravallè	4	0	0	414	6	130				
— Pannitchaneanie	9	6	133	424	5	43	Pannitchaneanie	Salt	Ferry.	
— Kemmollandammoonnè	15	5	157	440	2	200				

To Nalloor	4	3	52	444	6	32				
— Erraoor	10	0	22	454	6	54	Erraoor	Salt ..	Ferry.	
— Batticalon	8	7	65	463	5	119	Lake	„	„	Fort, Military Post.
— Naypattrimoonè	17	1	135	480	7	31				
— Wambimodu	7	5	141	488	4	175				
— Tircoil	16	3	60	505	0	15				
— Komàrie	11	1	146	516	1	161				
— Pattivilla	8	7	164	525	1	105				
— Arrookgam	2	6	37	527	7	142				
— Panoah	9	4	154	537	4	76				
— Oohumdamallè	8	5	55	546	1	131				
— Koombookan-ar	12	4	176	558	6	87	Koombookàn-ar	Fresh..	Ferry.	
— Pot-ânè	7	7	175	566	6	42				
— Yallè	10	0	172	576	6	214	Manick-Ganga	„	„	
— Paloottoopâne	11	2	183	588	1	177				Fort.
— Mahagam (River)	9	2	70	597	4	27	Kirinde	Fresh..	Ferry.	
— Hambantotte	14	4	22	612	0	49				Fortified Post.
— Wallavay (River)	8	3	30	620	3	79	Wallavay	Fresh..	Ford.	
— Rannè	10	7	195	631	3	54	Rannè	„	„	
— Tangalle	8	7	62	640	2	116				Fort.
— Deckvella	10	7	33	651	1	119				
— Mâtura	12	0	33	663	1	182	Mâtura	Fresh..	Bridge.	Fort.
— Belligam or Velligamma	11	0	44	674	2	6				
— Galle	16	6	126	691	0	132				Fort, Military Post.
— Hiccode or Sêep Kaddu	12	1	0	703	1	132				
— Amblangodda	7	0	0	710	1	132	Madampé	Fresh..	Bridge.	
— Kossgodda	6	0	0	716	1	132				
— Bentotte	8	6	0	724	7	132	Bentotte	„	Ferry.	Rest House.
— Barbareen	6	6	0	731	5	132				
— Caltura	5	4	0	737	1	132			„	Rest House.
— Pantiya	10	6	0	747	7	132			„	Rest House.
— Galkissè (Mount Lavinia)	8	2	0	756	1	132				
— Colombo	7	0	0	763	1	133				Fort.

No. 2.—Road from Colombo to Kandy.

Names of Places.	*M.*	*F.*	*Y.*	*Total.* *M.*	*F.*	*Y.*	*Remarks.*
To the Bridge of Boats	3	2	0				
— Mahara	5	1	0	8	3	0	Rest House on the right.
— Kosrupe	6	5	0	15	0	0	Mail Coach station.
— Henneratgodde	1	7	0	16	7	0	Rest House on the left—Barrack on the right.
— Kallegeddehaine	5	1	0	22	0	0	Mail Coach station.
— Veangodde	3	1	42	25	1	42	Rest House on the right.
— Waiweldenia	4	6	178	30	0	0	Mail Coach station.
— Ambepusse	6	5	17	36	5	17	Rest House on the left.
— Ambanpittia	9	2	203	46	0	0	Mail Coach station.
— Ootooankandé	8	4	207	54	4	207	Rest House on the right—Mail Coach station.
— Kadooganava	7	1	113	61	6	100	Rest House on the right.
— Peradenia	6	2	67	68	0	167	
— Kandy	3	7	53	72	0	0	

No. 3.—Road from Negombo, through Veangodde, to Kandy.

From Negombo to Miniwangodde (on the old road to Kornegal.)	8	6	0				
From Miniwangodde to Veangodde	11	0	0	19	6	0	
To Kandy—*see Table No. 2.*	46	6	178	66	4	178	

No. 4.—Road from Putlam, through Kornegal, to Kandy.

From Putlam							
To Katjemadowé	12	0	0				
— Dohanaemma	11	0	0	23	0	0	
— Bogallegamma	10	0	0	33	0	0	
— Pädennie	10	0	0	43	0	0	
— Kalloommoonné	8	4	0	51	4	0	
— Kornegal	7	4	0	59	0	0	
— Kosspotte-Oya	8	4	0	67	4	0	
— Madawallatenné	6	2	160	73	6	160	
— Mahavilla-Ganga	8	5	72	85	4	12	
— Entrance of the Tunnel	1	3	100	83	7	112	The Tunnel is 500 feet in length.
— Kandy	1	2	93	85	1	205	

No. 5.—ROAD FROM ARIPO, THROUGH ANARAJAPOORA AND DAMBOOLA, TO KANDY.

Names of Places.	*M.*	*F.*	*Y.*	*Total.* *M.*	*F.*	*Y.*	*Remarks.*
From the Dorie							
To Silâwatorre	2	3	165				
— Kallar	7	4	80	10	0	25	
— Kirritenna Veditté	6	3	44	16	3	69	Rest House.
— Paymuddoo	8	4	132	24	7	201	
— Oyamaddoo	8	1	0	33	0	201	Rest House.
— Alleaparté	4	7	132	38	0	113	
— Anarajapoora	6	7	60	44	7	173	Station of Asst. Agent and
— Tirrappankaddawetta	12	4	0	57	3	173	District Judge.
— Mänaveva	9	5	0	67	0	173	
— Nickimdawé	8	5	0	75	5	173	
— Damboola Wiharé	16	0	0	91	5	173	Rest House.
— Leenadoora	7	0	139	98	6	32	Tappal Station.
— Nalande	7	0	160	105	7	32	Do.
— Pallapatwella Ella	4	0	0	109	7	32	Rest House.
— Fort Macdowall	11	0	0	120	7	32	Station of District Judge.
— the top of Bailacadua Pass	6	2	0	127	1	32	
— the Maharilla-Ganga	7	1	70	134	2	102	Ferry.
— Kandy	2	6	150	137	1	32	

No. 6.—ROAD FROM COLOMBO, THROUGH KORNEGAL AND DAMBOOLA, TO TRINCOMALIE.

To Ambepusse—*see Table No. 2*				36	5	17	
— Maha-Oya (Alauwé Ferry)	4	4	203	41	2	0	
— Polgaweile	6	4	0	47	6	0	Rest House on the left.
— Kornegal	10	2	0	58	0	0	Do. Do. District Judge & Asst. Agent.
— Dedderoo-Oya	5	3	0	63	3	0	
— Ibbagammua-Oya	2	7	0	66	2	0	
— Polegola	2	7	0	69	1	0	
— Ambanpola	3	0	0	72	1	0	
— Himbalwana-Oya	2	4	0	74	5	0	
— Omaragola-Ella	3	6	0	78	3	0	
— Gallawella	4	5	120	83	0	120	
— Tolumbagolla	2	0	100	85	1	0	
— Damboola-Oya	5	4	117	90	5	117	
— the Junction Kandy road	2	0	112	92	6	9	6 Furlongs to Damboola Rest House.
— Innamallowe	3	5	119	96	3	128	Tappal Station.
— Oulandangawa	6	5	115	103	1	23	Village and Tank.
— Habbooreune	2	4	182	105	5	205	Tappal Station, Village and Tank.
— Talbaddegalla	3	0	60	109	6	45	Three Wells.
— Gal-Oya, right bank	6	5	30	115	3	75	Rest House and Tappal Station.
— Nayapane Pass	4	5	90	120	0	165	
— Alootreva-Oya	1	6	145	121	7	90	Tappal Station —Good water.

No. 6.—Road from Colombo, through Kornegal and Damboola, to Trincomalie—*continued.*

Names of Places.	*M.*	*F.*	*Y.*	*Total.*			*Remarks.*
				M.	*F.*	*Y.*	
To Talgahr Ella	6	0	80	127	7	170	
— Kandyan Limits	2	3	195	130	3	145	
— Gantelawa	4	1	46	134	4	191	Rest House.
— Wenyron Colom	2	1	164	136	6	135	
— Pallampoota	12	3	90	149	2	5	Rest House.
— Trincomalie	10	4	51	159	6	56	Head Quarters of Military Commandant—Station of Government Agent and District Judge.

No. 7.—Road from Colombo, through Ratnapoora, to Adam's Peak.

To Godagammua	3						
— Pittipane	10	0	0	13	0	0	Rest House.
— Handipangodde	9	0	0	27	0	0	Rest House.
— Nahakandella	15	0	0	42	0	0	Rest House.
— Kuruwitte	11	0	0	53	0	0	Rest House.
— Ratnapoora	8	0	0	61	0	0	Rest House.
— Gillemalle	7	0	0	68	0	0	
— Pallebaddoolla	5	0	0	73	0	0	
— Diabetme	4	0	0	77	0	0	
— Adam's Peak	4	0	0	81	0	0	

No. 8.—Road from Colombo to Ruanwelle.

To Kadduwellé	10	0	0				
— Hangwellé	8	0	0	18	0	0	Rest House.
— Avishawéllé	11	0	0	29	0	0	
— Ruanwellé	9	0	0	38	0	0	Fort.

No. 9.—Road from Kandy, through Damboola, to Trincomalie.

To Dambool a Wiharé—*see Table No. 5.*	45	3	79			
— Trincomalie—*see Table No. 6.*	67	6	47	113	1	126

No. 10—Road from Kandy, through Gonnegamme, to Badulla.

To Koondesale Ferry	3	7	155			
— Talloo-Oya	0	2	110	4	2	75
— Harrackgammé-Oya	5	0	203	9	3	58
— Mahu-Oya	2	0	37	11	3	95
— Gonnegammé	3	4	125	15	0	0
— Bellahool-Oya	3	2	0	18	2	0
— Koorgoodu-Oya	4	5	0	22	7	0
— Ooma-Oya	5	6	0	28	5	0
— Vella-Oya	6	3	0	35	0	0
— Taldenne	9	0	110	44	0	110
— Badulla	9	7	7	53	7	117

No. 11.—ROAD FROM KANDY, THROUGH NUWERA ELLIA, TO BADULLA.

Names of Places.	*M.*	*F.*	*Y.*	*Total.* *M.*	*F.*	*Y.*	*Remarks.*
To Gampola	13	0	0				Rest House.
— Pusselawa	8	0	0	21	0	0	Rest House.
— Rambodde	11	0	0	32	0	0	Rest House.
— Nuwera Ellia	15	0	0	47	0	0	Rest House.
— Wilson Bungalow	13	0	0	60	0	0	Rest House.
— Mahatettilla-Oya	9	0	0	69	0	0	
— Attangpitye	2	2	0	71	2	0	Rest House.
— Hembliatewelle	3	0	0	74	2	0	
— Badulla	10	4	0	81	6	0	Military Post—Station of Assist. Agent and District Judge.

No. 12.—ROAD FROM COLOMBO, THROUGH AVISHAWELLE AND AMBEGAMMOOWE, TO KANDY.

To Kaddoowelle	10	0	0				Village.
— Hangwelle	8	0	0	18	0	0	do.—and Rest House.
— Avishawelle	11	0	0	29	0	0	do.——do.
— Pallellegamma	11	0	0	40	0	0	do.—Cross the Kala-
— Tallegammoowe	4	0	0	44	0	0	Village. [ni-Ganga.
— Kittoolgalle	3	0	0	47	0	0	do.
— Ambegammoowe	13	0	0	60	0	0	do.
— Gampola	19	0	0	79	0	0	do. Rest House.
— Kandy	13	0	0	92	0	0	

No. 13.—ROAD FROM BALLAPANY (45TH MILE-STONE KANDY AND COLOMBO ROAD) TO RUANWELLE AND TALLEGAMMOOWE.

To Arranderre	4	4	0				
— Ruanwelle	12	4	0	17	0	0	
— Yatteyantotte	5	0	0	22	0	0	
— Tallegammoowe	10	0	0	32	0	0	

No. 14.—ROAD FROM HAMBANTOTTE TO BADULLA.

To Landegulana	9	0	0				Village & Tank on East of Road.
— Oodamutella	6	0	0	15	0	0	do.—do.—West of do. [Road.
— Simblegahareva and Tanamalwelle	6	4	0	21	4	0	A Village on East side of
— Kittoolcotta	4	0	0	25	4	0	Large Village.
— Kuda-Oya	1	4	0	27	0	0	Stream tributary to the Korendoya.
— Telloola	5	4	0	32	4	0	Village.
— Wallaway	9	0	0	41	4	0	Extensive Village.
— Dodangola	9	0	0	50	4	0	Village.
— Top of Ramanaike-Ella Pass	9	0	0	59	4	0	
—Badulla	12	4	0	72	0	0	

THE

CEYLON ALMANAC

AND

COMPENDIUM

OF

USEFUL INFORMATION,

FOR THE YEAR

MDCCCXLIV.

(LEAP YEAR.)

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SOVEREIGNS OF ENGLAND.

A TABLE OF THE

KINGS AND QUEENS OF ENGLAND

SINCE THE CONQUEST.

Kings and Queens.	Born A. D.	Reigns began.	Reigned Y.	M.	D.	Reigns ended.	Age	Where buried.
William Conq.....	1027	*1066 Dec. 25	20	8	15	1087 Sept. 9	60	Caen, Normandy
William Rufus	1057	1087 Sept. 26	12	10	7	1100 Aug. 2	43	Winchester
Henry I.	1069	1100 Aug. 5	35	3	27	1135 Dec. 1	67	Reading
Stephen	1105	1135 Dec. 26	18	10	0	1154 Oct. 25	49	Fever him
THE SAXON LINE RESTORED.								
Henry II.....	1133	1154 Dec. 19	34	6	18	1189 July 6	56	Fontevrault
Richard I.....	1156	1189 Sept. 3	9	7	3	1199 April 6	43	Fontevrault
John	1165	1199 May 27	17	4	23	1216 Oct. 19	51	Worcester
Henry III.	1207	1216 Oct. 28	56	0	19	1272 Nov. 16	65	Westminster
Edward I.....	1239	1272 Nov. 20	34	7	17	1307 July 7	67	Westminster
Edward II.	1284	1307 July 8	19	6	12	1327 Jan. 20	43	Gloucester
Edward III.....	1312	1327 Jan. 25	50	4	27	1377 June 21	65	Westminster
Richard II.	1366	1377 June 22	22	3	7	1399 Sept. 29	33	Westminster
THE LINE OF LANCASTER.								
Henry IV.....	1367	1399 Sept. 30	13	5	20	1413 Mar. 20	46	Canterbury
Henry V.....	1389	1413 Mar. 21	9	5	10	1422 Aug. 31	35	Westminster
Henry VI.....	1421	1422 Sept. 1	38	6	3	1461 Mar. 4	89	Windsor
THE LINE OF YORK.								
Edward IV.....	1442	1461 Mar. 4	22	1	5	1483 April 9	41	Windsor
Edward V.	1471	1483 April 9	0	2	16	1483 June 25	12	Not known
Richard III.....	1443	1483 June 26	2	1	6	1485 Aug. 22	40	Leicester

* It has been generally assumed that the theory of "the king never dies," has been in practice since the Norman Conquest: consequently William I's reign has been usually dated from the day of the battle of Hastings, October 14, 1066, and all subsequent reigns from the death or deposition of the previous king. But the reigns of the first eight kings after the Conquest did not commence till their coronation. The principle of hereditary right was first distinctly recognized on the accession of Edward I, whose reign, however, did not commence till the day on which he was proclaimed king, four days after his father's death. The reign of Edward IV is dated from the day on which he deposed Henry VI; but it did not become law and practice to date a reign from the death of the previous king until the accession of Edward VI, on the death of his father Henry VIII.—a practice only since interrupted by the events following the death of Charles I and the expulsion of James II.

THE FAMILIES UNITED.

Kings and Queens.	Born A. D.	Reigns began.	Reigned Y. M. D.	Reigns ended.	Age.	Where buried.
Henry VII.....	1456	1485 Aug. 22	23 7 30	1509 April 21	52	Westminster
Henry VIII.....	1492	1509 April 22	37 9 6	1547 Jan. 28	55	Windsor
Edward VI.....	1537	1547 Jan. 28	6 5 9	1553 July 6	16	Westminster
Queen Mary.....	1516	1553 July 6	5 4 11	1558 Nov. 17	42	Westminster
Queen Elizabeth....	1533	1558 Nov. 17	44 4 7	1603 Mar. 24	69	Westminster
THE UNION OF THE ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CROWNS.						
James I.....	1566	1603 Mar. 24	22 0 3	1625 Mar. 27	58	Westminster
Charles I.....	1600	1625 Mar. 27	23 10 3	1649 Jan. 3	49	Windsor

The Commonwealth under Cromwell and his son Richard lasted from Jan. 30, 1649, to May 29, 1660. Cromwell died September 3, 1658, aged 58 years.

Charles II.....	1630	1660 May 29	24 8 8	1685 Feb. 6	54	Westminster
James II.....	1633	1685 Feb. 6	3 3 10	5 1688 Dec. 11	67	Paris
William III.	1650	1689 Feb. 13				
Mary II.....	1662			1694 Dec. 28	32	Westminster
William III.....	alone from 1694		13 0 20	1702 Mar. 8	52	Westminster
THE UNION OF THE TWO KINGDOMS.						
Queen Anne.....	1665	1702 Mar. 8	12 4 24	1714 Aug. 1	49	Westminster
George I.....	1660	1714 Aug. 1	12 10 10	1727 June 11	67	Hanover
George II.....	1683	1727 June 11	33 4 14	1760 Oct. 25	77	Westminster
George III.....	1738	1760 Oct. 25	59 3 4	1820 Jan. 29	82	Windsor
George IV.....	1762	1820 Jan. 29	10 4 28	1830 June 26	68	Windsor
William IV.....	1765	1830 June 26	6 11 25	1837 June 20	72	Windsor
VICTORIA.....	1819	1837 June 20				

The three *longest* reigns were those of *Henry* III, *Edward* III, and *George* III. *Richard* I's *body* was buried at Fontevrault, his *head* at Rouen, and his *heart* at Charron, agreeably to his own directions. Henry VI dep. in 1461, d. in 1471.

John was crowned *four* times, viz. on May 27, 1199; on Oct. 8, 1200; on March 25, 1201; and on April 14, 1202.

Henry III was crowned *twice*, viz. Oct. 28, 1216; and May 17, 1220.

Edward III was King of France from January 1340 to May 1360.

Some legal documents between July 5 and 17, 1553, refer to *Jane* [Grey] as Queen.

In some historical, and in all legal documents, the reign of Charles II is reckoned from his father's death.

THE ROYAL FAMILY OF ENGLAND.

QUEEN VICTORIA:

Born.....May 24, 1819
Succeeded to the Crown .....June 20, 1837
Crowned .....June 28, 1838
Married .....Feb. 10, 1840

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS PRINCE ALBERT:

Born.....Aug. 26, 1819

Has Issue the following:— Born

The Princess Royal Victoria Adelaide Mary Louisa.....Nov. 21, 1840
His Royal Highness Albert Edward, Prince of Wales....Nov. 9, 1841
Her Royal Highness Alice Maud Mary.....April 25, 1843

	Born
Queen Dowager	Aug. 13, 1792
King of Hanover	June 5, 1771
Duke of Cambridge	Feb. 24, 1774
Duchess of Gloucester	April 25, 1776
Princess Sophia	Nov. 3, 1777
Princess Sophia Matilda	May 29, 1773
Duchess of Kent	Aug. 17, 1786
Duchess of Cambridge	July 25, 1797
Prince George Frederick of Hanover	May 27, 1819
Prince George William of Cambridge	Mar. 26, 1819
Princess Augusta Caroline of Cambridge	July 19, 1822
Princess Mary Adelaide of Cambridge	Nov. 27. 1833

Lineal Descent of ALBERT, Prince of Wales, from WILLIAM the First, A. D. 1066.

A. D.
1066 William I.
1100 Henry I.
—— Matilda, Empress of Germany.
1154 Henry II.
1199 John.
1216 Henry III.
1272 Edward I.
1307 Edward II.
1327 Edward III.
—— Lionel, Duke of Clarence.
—— Philippa, Countess of March.
—— Roger, Earl of March.
—— Anne, Countess of Cambridge.
—— Richard, Duke of York.
1461 Edward IV.
—— Elizabeth, Queen of Henry VII.
—— Margaret, Queen of James IV of Scotland.
—— James V of Scotland.
—— Mary, Queen of Scots.
1603 James I.
—— Elizabeth, Queen of Bohemia.
—— Sophia, Electress of Hanover.
1714 George I.
1727 George II.
—— Frederick, Prince of Wales.
1760 George III.
—— Edward, Duke of Kent.
1837 Victoria.
1841 Albert, Prince of Wales, born November 9.

NOTE. The Queen being 27th in regular descent from William I, and at the same time 36th Sovereign in succession from the Norman Conquest, gives nearly 20 years to a generation and 22 years to a reign, in respect of the 771 years which have elapsed since that period. The commonly received average is 30 years to a generation, and 20 years to a reign.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Her Most Gracious Majesty VICTORIA, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c.

HER MAJESTY'S MINISTERS.

The Cabinet.

THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON.

First Lord of the Treasury	Sir R. Peel
Lord High Chancellor	Lord Lyndhurst
Secretaries of State. — *Home Department*	Sir J. R. G. Graham
Secretaries of State. — *Foreign Department*	Earl of Aberdeen
Secretaries of State. — *Colonial Department*	Lord Stanley
Secretary at War	Sir H. Hardinge
Lord President of the Council	Lord Wharncliffe
First Lord of the Admiralty	Earl of Haddington
Chancellor of the Exchequer	Mr. H. Goulburn
Lord Privy Seal	Duke of Buccleuch
President of the Board of Control	Earl of Ripon
President of the Board of Trade	Mr. W. E. Gladstone
Paymaster General	Sir E. Knatchbull

Lord Chamberlain	Earl Delawarr
Lord Steward	Earl of Liverpool
Master of the Horse	Earl of Jersey
Vice President of the Board of Trade	
Postmaster General	Lord Lowther
Master General of the Ordnance	Sir G. Murray
Attorney General	Sir F. Pollock
Solicitor General	Sir W. W. Follett
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster	Lord G. G. H. Somerset
Woods and Forests	Earl of Lincoln

IRELAND.

Lord Lieutenant	Earl de Grey
Lord Chancellor	Sir E. B. Sugden
Chief Secretary	Lord Eliot
Attorney General	Mr. T. B. C. Smith
Solicitor General	Mr. R. W. Greene

SCOTLAND.

Lord Advocate	Mr. D. McNeill
Solicitor General	Mr. A. Anderson

THE TREASURY.

Lords Commissioners—Sir R. Peel, Mr. H. Goulburn, Mr. J. M. Gaskell, Mr. H. B. Baring, Mr. A. Pringle, Mr. J. Young.

THE NAVY.

Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty—Earl of Haddington, Adm. Sir G. Cockburn, V. Adm. Sir W. H. Gage, Capt. Sir G. F. Seymour, Capt. W. Gordon, Hon. H. T. L. Cole.

THE ARMY.

War-Office—Secretary at War, Sir H. Hardinge—*Paymaster General*, Sir E. Knatchbull—*Judge Advocate General*, Dr. J. Nicholl—*Medical Director General*, Sir J. McGrigor.

Horse Guards—Commander in Chief, Duke of Wellington—*Military Secretary*, Lord F. Somerset—*Adjutant General*, Sir J. Macdonald—*Quartermaster General*, Sir J. W. Gordon.

Ordnance—Master General, Sir G. Murray.

LIST OF THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENTS.

	Assembled.	Dissolved.
First	—	June 23, 1802
Second	Nov. 16, 1802	Oct. 24, 1806
Third	Dec. 15, 1806	April 29, 1807
Fourth	June 22, 1807	Sept. 29, 1812
Fifth	Nov. 24, 1812	June 10, 1818
Sixth	Jan. 14, 1819	Feb. 29, 1820
Seventh	April 21, 1820	June 2, 1826
Eighth	Nov. 14, 1826	July 24, 1830
Ninth	Oct. 26, 1830	April 23, 1831
Tenth	June 14, 1831	Dec. 3, 1832
Eleventh	Jan. 29, 1833	Dec. 30, 1834
Twelfth	Feb. 19, 1835	July 17, 1837
Thirteenth	Nov. 15, 1837	June 23, 1841
Fourteenth	Aug. 19, 1841	

CHRONOLOGY OF THE LAST TWENTY-FOUR BRITISH PREMIERS.

Appointed.		Y.	D.
1754 April 5	Duke of Newcastle	8	53
	(until the appointment of his successor.)		
1762 May 29	Earl of Bute		322
1763 April 16	G. Grenville, father of Lord Grenville	2	87
1765 July 12	Marquis of Rockingham	1	21
1766 Aug. 2	Duke of Grafton	3	179
1770 Jan. 28	Lord North (Earl of Guildford)	12	34
1782 Mar. 3	Marquis of Rockingham		132
1782 July 13	Earl of Shelburne		266
1783 April 5	Duke of Portland		266
1783 Dec. 27	William Pitt	17	80
1801 Mar. 17	H. Addington (Lord Sidmouth)	3	56
1804 May 12	William Pitt	1	241
1806 Jan. 8	Lord Grenville	1	64
1807 Mar. 13	Duke of Portland	3	102
1810 June 23	Spencer Perceval	1	350
1812 June 8	Earl of Liverpool	14	307
1827 April 11	George Canning		121
1827 Aug. 10	Lord Goderich		168
1828 Jan. 25	Duke of Wellington	2	301
1830 Nov. 22	Earl Grey	3	231
1834 July 11	Lord Melbourne		128
1834 Nov. 16	Duke of Wellington (temporarily)		22
1834 Dec. 8	Sir Robert Peel		131
1835 April 18	Lord Melbourne	6	132
1841 Sept. 3	Sir Robert Peel.		

HOUSE OF LORDS.

Blood Royal	3	Irish representative Prelates	4
English Archbishops	2	Barons	218
Dukes	21	Scotch representative Peers	16
Marquises	20	28 Irish representative Peers, of whom 4 are also English Peers	24
Earls	116		
Viscounts	20	Total	*468
English Bishops	24		

Number of Peeresses in their own right by creation or descent - - 11

* Of whom 10 are minors, 14 Roman Catholics.

Speaker, The Lord High Chancellor Cottenham—*Chairman of Comm.*, E. of Shaftesbury

Abercorn, *Marq. of*, 1790, Hamilton,
Abercromby, *Lord*, 1801
Abergavenny, *E. of*, 1784, Neville
Abingdon, *E. of*, 1682, Bertie
Abinger, *Lord*, 1835, Scarlett
Ailesbury, *Marq. of*, 1826, Bruce
Ailsa, *M. of*, 1831 (Cassilis, *E.*)
Airlie, *Earl of*, 1639, Ogilby,
Albemarle, *Earl of*, 1696, Keppel
Alvanley, *L.d.* 1801, Arden
Amherst, *Earl*, 1826
Anglesey, *M. of*, 1815, Paget
Arbuthnot, *Viscount*, 1641,
Arden, *Lord*, 1802, Perceval
Ardrossan, *L.* 1806 (Eglinton, *E.*)
Arundel, *L.* 1605
Ashburnham, *Earl of*, 1730
Ashburton, *L.d.* 1785, Baring
Auckland, *Earl of* 1839, Eden
Audley, *L.d.* 1296, Tucket
Aylesford, *E. of*. 1714, Finch
Bagot, *Lord*, 1780
Bandon, *Earl of* 1800, Bernard,
Bangor, *B. of*, 1830, Bethell
Bateman, *Lord*, 1837, Hanbury
Bath, *Marq. of*, 1789, Thynne
Bath and Wells, *Bishop of*, 1824, George
Bathurst, *Earl*, 1772 [H. Law
Bayning, *Lord*, 1797, Powlett
Beauchamp, *E.* 1815, Pindar
Beaumont, *Lord*, 1433, Stapleton
Beaufort, *Duke of*, 1682, Somerset
Beauvale, *Lord*, 1839, Lamb
Bedford, *Duke of*, 1694, Russell
Belmore, *E. of*, 1797, Corry,
Beresford, *Viscount*, 1823
Berkeley, *Earl of*, 1679
Berners, *Lord*, rest. 1832, Wilson
Berwick, *Lord*, 1784, Hill
Beverley, *Earl of*, 1790, Percy
Bexley, *Lord*, 1823, Vansittart
Blayney, *Lord* 1621
Bolingbroke, *Viscount*, 1712, St. John
Bolton, *Lord*, 1797, Powlett
Boston, *Lord*, 1761, Irby
Boyle, *L.* 1711 (Cork *E.*)
Bradford, *Earl of*, 1815, Bridgman
Brandon, *D.* 1711 (Hamilton, *D.*)
Braybrooke, *Lord*, 1788, Griffin
Breadalbane, *M. of*, 1831 Campbell
Bristol, *Marq. of*, 1826, Hervey
Brodrick, *Lord*, 1796, (Midleton, *V.*)
Brougham and Vaux, *Lord*, 1830
Brook, *Earl of*, 1746, Greville
Brownlow, *Earl*, 1815, Cust
Bruce, *Lord*, 1746 [Grenville
Buckingham and Chandos, *Duke of* 1822,
Buckinghamshire, *Earl of*, 1746, Hampden
Burlington, *Earl of*, 1831 Cavendish
Bute, *Marq. of*, 1796, Stuart
Byron, *Lord*, 1643
Cadogan, *Earl*, 1800
Caledon, *E. of*, 1800, Alexander,
Calthorpe, *Lord*, 1796 [Frederic
Cambridge, *Duke of*, 1801, Prince Adolphus
Camden, *Marquis*, 1812, Pratt
Camoys, *Lord*, 1314, Stonor
Campbell, *Lord*, 1841
Camperdown, *E. of*, 1831, Haldane
Canning, *Viscount*, 1826 [Howley
Canterbury, *Abp. of*, 1828, Right Hon. W.
Canterbury, *Viscount*, 1835, Sutton
Carbery, *Lord*, 1715, Freke,
Cardigan, *Earl of*, 1661, Brudenell
Carew, *Lord*, 1838,
Carleton, *Lord*, 1786, (Shannon, *E.*)
Carlisle, *Bishop of*, 1827, Hon. Hugh Percy
Carlisle, *E. of*, 1661, Howard
Carnarvon, *Earl of*, 1793, Herbert
Carrington, *Lord*, 1797, Smith,
Carteret, *Lord*, 1784, Thynne
Carysfort, *L.d*, 1801, Proby, (Carysfort E.)
Cashel, *B. of*, 1839, Sandes
Castlemaine, *Lord*, 1812, Handcock
Cathcart, *Earl*, 1814
Cawdor, *Earl of*, 1827, Campbell
Charlemont, *Earl*, 1768, Caulfield,
Charleville, *Earl of*, 1806, Bury,
Chaworth, *Lord*, 1831 (Meath, *E.*)
Chester, *Bishop of*, 1828 J. B. Sumner
Chesterfield, *Earl of*, 1628, Stanhope
Chichester, *Bishop of*, 1840, Suttleworth

Chichester, *Earl of*, 1801, Pelham
Cholmondeley, *Marq. of*, 1815
Churchill, *Lord*, 1815, Spencer
Clanbrassil, *Lord*, 1821. (Roden, *E.*)
Clancarty, *Viscount*, 1823, Trench
Clanwilliam, *Lord*, 1828, Meade,
Clarendon, *Earl of*, 1776, Villiers
Clements, *Lord*, 1831, (Leitrim, *E.*)
Clifford, *Lord*, 1672
Clifton, *Lord*, 1608, (Darnley, *E.*)
Clinton, *Lord*, 1833, Trefusis
Clonbrock, *Lord*, 1790, Dillon,
Clonearry, *Lord*, 1831, Lawless,
Colborne, *Lord*, 1839.
Colchester, *Lord*, 1817, Abbot
Colland, *Lord*, 1762, Fox
Colville, *Lord*, 1609,
Combermere, *Viscount*, 1826, Cotton
Cornwallis, *Earl*, 1753, Mann
Cottenham, *Lord*, 1836, Pepys
Coventry, *Earl of*, 1697
Cawdor, *Earl*, 1827, Campbell
Cowley, *Lord*, 1828, Wellesley
Cowper, *Earl*, 1718
Craven, *Earl*, 1801
Crewe, *Lord*, 1806
Crofton, *Lord*, 1797 *b*
Cumberland, *Duke of*, 1799, (King of Hanover)
Dacre, *Lord*, 1321, Brand
Dalhousie, *Lord*, 1815, Ramsay
Dartmouth, *Earl of*, 1711, Legge
De Freyne, *Lord*, 1839, French
De Grey, *Earl*, 1816.
Delamere, *Lord*, 1821, Cholmondeley
Delawarr, *Earl*, 1761, West
De Mauley, *Lord*, 1838, Ponsonby
Denbigh, *Earl of*, 1622, Fielding
Denman, *Lord*, 1834
Derby, *Earl of*, 1485, Stanley
De L'Isle and Dudley, *Lord*, 1835, Sidney
De Ros, *Lord*, 1264
De Saumarez, *Lord*, 1831
De Tabley, *Lord*, 1826, Warren
De Vesci, *Viscount*, 1776, Vesey,
Devon, *Earl of*, 1553 (Courtenay, *W.*)
Devonshire, *Duke of*, 1694, Cavendish
Digby, *Earl*, 1790,
Dinorben, *Lord*, 1831, Hughes
Doneaster, *Earl*, 1662, (Buccleugh, *D.*)
Donerailc, *Vis.* 1785, St. Leger
Dorchester, *Lord*, 1786, Carleton
Dormer, *Lord*, 1615
Dorset, *Duke of*, 1720, Germaine
Downes, *Lord*, 1800, Burgh,
Dublin, *Abp. of*, 1830, Whately,
Ducie, *Earl*, 1837, Morton
Dunally, *Lord*, 1800, Prettie,
Duncannon, *Lord*, 1831, Ponsonby
Dunraven, *Earl of*, 1822, Quin,
Dunsferaline, *Lord*, 1839, Abercromby
Dunmore, *Lord*, 1831, (Dunmore, *E.*)
Dunsany, *Lord*, 1439, Plunkett,
Durham, *Bp. of*, 1826, Maltby
Durham, *Earl of*, 1833, Laverton
Dynevor, *Lord*, 1780, Rice
Effingham, *Earl*, 1837 Howard
Egremont, *Earl of*, 1749, Wyndham
Eldon, *Earl of*, 1821, Scott
Elgin, *Earl of*, 1841, Bruce,
Ellenborough, *Lord*, 1802, Law
Ely, *Bp. of*, 1836, J. Allen
Ennishawen, *Lord*, 1841, Chichester
Erskine, *Lord*, 1806
Essex, *Earl of*, 1661, Capel
Exeter, *Bp. of*, 1830, Philpotts
Exeter, *Mar. of*, 1801, Cecil
Exmouth, *Vis.* 1816, Pellew
Falmouth, *Earl of*, 1821, Boscawen
Farnborough, *Lord*, 1826, Long
Farnham, *Lord*, 1756, Maxwell,
Ferns, *Bishop of*, 1843, Fowler,
Ferrers, *Earl*, 1711, Shirley
Feversham, *Lord*, 1826, Duncombe
Fishwick, *Lord*, 1790, (*o* Donegal, *M.*)
Fitzhardinge, *Earl of*, 1841 Berkeley
Fitzgerald, *Lord*, 1835
Fitzgibbon, *Lord*, 1799, (Clare, *E.*)
Fife, *Lord*, 1827, (Fife, *E.*)
Fingall, *Lord*, 1831. (Fingall, *E.*)
Fitzwilliam, *Earl*, 1746,
Foley, *Lord*, 1776
Forbes, *Lord*, 1440,
Forester, *Lord*, 1821,
Fortescue, *Earl*, 1789
Fortescue, *Lord*, 1839, (Ebrington,)
Foxford, *Lord*, 1815. (Limerick) E. Perry
Furnival, *Lord*, 1839, Wogan
Gage, *Lord*, 1790,
Gainsborough, *Earl of*, 1841, Noel
Gardner, *Lord*, 1806
Gifford, *Lord*, 1824
Glenelg, *Lord* 1835, Grant.
Glengall, *Earl of*, 1816, Butler,
Glenlyon, *Lord*, 1821, Murray
Gloucester, *Bp. of*, 1830, J. H. Monk
Godolphin, *Lord*, 1832, Osborne
Gordon, *Vis.* 1814 (Aberdeen, *E.*)
Gort, *Vis.* 1816, Vereker.
Gosford, *Earl*, 1837, Acheson

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Grafton, *Duke of*, 1675, Fitzroy
Graham, *Earl*, 1722, (Montrose, *D.*)
Granard, *Lord*, 1806, Forbes
Grantley, *Lord*, 1782, Norton
Granville, *Earl*, 1833, Gower
Grey, *Earl*, 1802
Grey of Groby, *Lord*, 1832
Grinstead, *Lord*, 1815, (Enniskillen) Cole
Guilford, *Earl of*, 1752, North
Hamilton, *Lord*, 1831, (Belhaven, *L.*)
Harborough, *Earl of*, 1719, Sherard,
Hardwicke, *Earl of*, 1754, Yorke
Harewood, *Earl of*, 1812, Lascelles
Harrington, *Earl of*, 1741, Stanhope
Harris, *Lord* 1815
Harrowby, *Earl of*, 1809, Ryder
Hastings, *Marq. of*, 1816,
Hastings, *Lord*, 1290 Astley
Hatherton, *Lord*, 1835, Littleton
Hawarden, *Viscount*, 1793, Maude,
Hawke, *Lord*, 1776
Hay, *Lord*, 1711 (Kinnoul, *E.*)
Hereford, *Bishop of*, 1837, Musgrave
Hereford, *Vis.* 1550, Devereux
Hertford, *Marq. of*, 1793, Conway,
Heytesbury, *Lord*, 1828, A'Court
Hill, *Lord*, 1814 (*M.*)
Hillsborough, *Earl of*, 1772, (Downshire,
Hood, *Viscount*, 1796, *o*
Hopetoun, *Lord*, 1809, Hope,
Howard de Walden, *Lord*, 1597, Ellis (*E.*)
(Hopetoun,
Howden, *Lord*, 1831, Cradock,
Howe, *Earl*, 1821
Huntingdon, *Earl of*, 1529, Hastings
Hutchinson, *Vis.* 1821, (Donoughmore, *E.*)
Hunsdon, *Lord*, 1832, Carey, (Falkland, *V.*)
Ilchester, *Earl of*, 1756, Strangeways
Innes, *Earl of* 1837, (Roxburgh *D.*)
Jersey, *Earl of*, 1697, Villiers,
Keane, *Lord*, 1839
Kenlis, *Lord*, 1831, (Headfort, *M.*)
Kenyon, *Lord*, 1788
Kenmare, *Lord*. 1841, Brown
Kerr, *Lord*, 1821, (Lothian, *M.*)
Kildare, *Bp. of*, 1804, C. D. Lindsay (Carr
Kilmarnock, *Lord*, 1831, (Errol, *E.*) Ha
Kingston, *Lord*, 1821
Kintore, *Lord*, 1839, (*Earl*) Keith, Falconer
Lake, *Vis.* 1807
Llandaff, *Bp. of* 1827, E. Copleston
Langdale, *Lord*, 1836, Bickersteth
Lansdowne, *Marq. of*, 1784, Petty,
Lauderdale, *Lord*, 1806, (Lauderdale, *E.*)
Leeds, *Duke of*, 1694, Osborne
Leigh, *Lord*, 1839 [ster, *D.*)
Leinster, *Vis.* 1747, Fitzgerald, (Leins
Leven, *Earl of*, 1641,
Lichfield, *Bp. of*, 1839
Lilford, *Lord*, 1797, Bowstead
Limerick, *Earl of*, 1803, Pery,
Lincoln, *Bp. of*, 1827, J. Kaye
Lindsey, *Earl of*, 1626, Bertie
Lismore, *Lord*, 1839 (*Vis.* O'Callaghan)
Liverpool, *Earl of*, 1796, Jenkinson
Lofrus, *Lord*, 1801, (Ely, *M.*)
London, *Bp. of*, 1828, C. J. Blomfield
Lonsdale, *Earl of*, 1807, Lowther
Lorton, *Vis.* 1806, Kjug.
Lovat, *Lord*, 1837, Fraser
Lovel, *Lord*, 1763, (Egmont, *E.*)
Lovelace, *Earl of*, 1838, King
Lowther, *Lord*, 1797
Lucan, *Earl of*, 1795, Bingham,
Ludlow, *Lord*, 1831, (Ludlow, *E.*)
Lurgan, *Lord*, 1839, Brownlow
Lyndhurst, *Lord*, 1827, Copley
Lyneduch, *Lord*, 1814, Graham
Lyttleton, *Lord*, 1794,
Macclesfield, *Earl of*, 1721, Parker
Malmesbury, *Earl of*, 1800, Harris
Maltravers, *Lord*, 1841, (Surrey, *E.*)
Manchester, *Duke of*, 1719, Montagu
Manners, *Lord*, 1807, Sutton
Mansfield, *Earl of*, 1792 Murray
Manvers, *Earl of*, 1806, Pierrepont
Marlborough, *Duke of*, 1702, Churchill
Maryborough, *Lord*, 1821, Pole
Maynard, *Viscount*, 1766
Mayo, *Earl of*, 1785, Bourke,
Meath, *B.*, 1841, Dickenson
Melbourne, *Viscount*, 1815, Lamb,
Meldrum, *Lord*, 1815, (Huntly)
Melrose, *Lord*, 1827, (Haddington, *E.*)
Melville, *Vis.* 1802, Dundas
Mendip, *Lord*, 1794, Clifden
Methuen, *Lord*, 1838
Middleton, *Lord*, 1711, Willoughby
Minster, *Lord*, 1821 (Conynghan, *M.*)
Minto, *Earl of*, 1813, Kynynmound
Monson, *Lord*, 1728
Montagu, *Lord*, 1786, Scott
Montfort, *Lord*, 1741, Bromley
Monteagle, *Lord*, 1806, (Sligo, *M.*)
Monteagle, *Lord*, 1839, Spring Rice
Moore, *Lord*, 1801 (Drogheda, *M.*)
Morley, *Earl of*, 1815, Parker
Morton, *Earl of*, 1457, Douglas,
Mostyn, *Lord*, 1831, Lloyd
Mountcashel, *Earl of* 1781, Moore
Mount-Edgecumbe, *Earl*, 1789, Edgecumbe

Nelson, *Earl*, 1805
Newcastle, *Duke of*, 1756, Clinton
Norfolk, *Duke of*, 1483, Howard
Normanby, *Marq. of*, 1838, Phipps
Northampton, *Marq. of*, 1812, Compton
Northumberland, *Duke of*, 1766, Percy
Northwick, *Lord*, 1797, Rushout
Norwich, *Bishop of*, 1837, Stanley
Onslow, *Earl*, 1801
Orford, *Earl of*, 1806, Walpole
Oriel, *Lord*, 1821, (Ferrard, *V.*)
Orkney, *Earl of*, 1696, Fitzmaurice,
Ormonde, *Lord*, 1821, (Ormonde, *M.*)
Oxenford, *Lord*, 1841, Dalrymple
Oxford, *Bishop of*, 1829, Richard Bagot
Oxford, *Earl of*, 1711, Harley
Paget, *Lord*, 1550
Panmure, *Lord*, 1831, Maule
Pembroke, *Earl of*, 1551, Herbert
Penshurst, *Lord*, 1824, Smythe,
Peterborough, *Bishop of*, 1839, Davys
Petre, *Lord*, 1602
Plunket, *Lord*, 1827
Plymouth, *Earl of*, 1692, Windsor
Poltimore, *Lord*, 1831, Bamfylde
Pomfret, *Earl of*, 1721, Fermor
Ponsonby, *Lord*, 1749, (Besborough, *E.*)
Ponsonby, *Viscount*, 1839
Portland, *Duke of*, 1716, Bentinck
Portman, *Lord*, 1837
Portsmouth, *Earl of*, 1743, Wallop
Poulett, *Earl*, 1706
Powis, *Earl of*, 1804, Clive
Prudhoe, *Lord*, 1816, Percy
Radnor, *Earl of*, 1765, Bouverie
Ranfurly, *Lord*, 1826, Knox
Ravensworth, *Lord*, 1821, Liddell
Rayleigh, *Lord*, 1821, Strutt
Reay, *Lord*, 1628, Mackay,
Redesdale, *Lord*, 1802, Mitford
Ribblesdale, *Lord*, 1797, Lister
Richmond, *Duke of*, 1675, Lennox
Ripon, *Earl*, 1833, Robinson
Ripon, *Bishop of*, 1837, C. T. Longley
Rivers, *Lord*, 1802, Pitt
Rochester, *Bishop of*, 1827, G. Murray
Rodney, *Lord*, 1782
Rolle, *Lord*, 1796
Romney, *Earl of*, 1801, Marsham
Roseberry, *Lord*, 1828, Primrose
Ross, *Lord*, 1815, (Glasgow, *E.*)
Rossie, *Lord*, 1831, (Kinnaird, *L.*)
Rosslyn, *Earl of*, 1801, Erskine
Ruossmore, *Lord*, 1839, Westeurn
Rutland, *Duke of*, 1703, Manners
St. Alban's, *Duke of*, 1684, Beauclerk
St. Asaph, *Bishop of*, 1830, Carey
St. David's, *Bishop of*, 1840, Thirwall
St. Germains, *Earl of*, 1815, Eliot
St. John, *Lord*, 1553
St. Vincent, *Vis.* 1801, Jervis
Salisbury, *Bp. of*, 1837, Denison
Salisbury, *Marq. of*, 1789, Cecil
Saltesford, *Lord*, 1796, (Courtown, *E.*)
Saltoun, *Lord*, 1445, Fraser,
Sandwich, *Earl of*, 1660 Montagu
Sandys, *Lord*, 1802 (Lord A. Hill)
Say-and-Sele, *Lord*, 1603, Fiennes
Scarborough, *Earl of*, 1690, Lumley
Scarsdale, *Lord*, 1761, Curzon
Seatield, *Lord*, 1701, Grant
Seaford, *Lord*, 1826, Ellis
Sefton, *Lord*, 1831, Moleyneux
Segrave, *Lord*, 1831, Berkeley
Selkirk, *Earl of*, 1648, Douglas,
Selsey, *Lord*, 1794, Peachey
Seaton, *Lord*, 1639, Colborne
Shaftesbury, *Earl of*, 1672 Cooper
Sheffield, *Lord*, 1802, Holroyd
Sherborne, *Lord*, 1784, Dutton
Shrewsbury, *Earl of*, 1442, Talbot,
Sidmouth, *Vis.* 1805, Addington
Silchester, *Earl of*, 1821, Longford
Sinclair, *Lord*, 1489,
Skelmersdale, *Lord*, 1828, Wilbraham (*M.*)
Somerhill, *Lord*, 1826, (Clanricarde, *M.*)
Somers, *Earl*, 1821, Cocks
Somerset, *Duke of*, 1546, St. Maur
Sondes, *Lord*, 1760, Milles
Southampton, *Lord*, 1780, Fitzroy
Spencer, *Earl*, 1765
Stafford, *Lord*, 1640, Jernyngham
Stamford, *Earl of*, 1628, Grey
Stanhope, *Earl*, 1718
Stanley, *Lord*, 1833
Strafford, *Lord*, 1835
Stewart of Garlies, *Lord*, 1796, (Galloway, *E.*)
Stourton, *Lord*, 1448
Stradbroke, *Earl of*, 1821, Rous
Strange, *Earl*, 1786 (Athell, *D.*)
Strathallan, *Vis.* 1686, Drummond.
Stuart of Castle Stuart, *L.d.* 1796, (Moray, *E.*)
Stuart De Decies, *Lord*, 1839, Stuart
Stuart de Rothesay, *Lord*, 1828 Stuart
Sudely, *Lord*, 1838, Tracy
Suffield, *Lord*, 1786, Harbord
Suffolk, *Earl of*, 1603, Howard
Sundridge and Hamilton, *Lord*, 1776, (Argyll, *D.*)
Sussex, *Duke of*, 1801, Prince Augustus.
Sutherland, *Duke of*, 1833, Gower
Sydney, *Vis.* 1789, Townshend

Tadcaster, *Lord*, 1926, Thomond
Talbot, *Earl*, 1784, Chetwynd
Tankerville, *Earl of*, 1714, Bennet
Templemore, *Lord*, 1831, Chichester
Tenterden, *Lord*, 1827, Abbott
Thanet, *Earl of*, 1628, Tufton
Thomond, *Marq. of*, 1800, O'Brien
Thurlow, *Lord*, 1792, "
Torrington, *Vis.* 1721, Byng
Townshend, *Marq of*, 1787
Tweeddale, *Marq. of* 1694, Hay
Tyrone, *Lord*, 1786, (Waterford, *M.*)
Vane, *Earl*, 1823, (Londonderry, *M.*)
Vaux of Harrowden, *Lord*, 1523 Mostyn
Vernon, *Lord*, 1762
Verulam, *Earl of* 1815, Grimston
Waldegrave, *Earl*, 1729
Wallace, *Lord*, 1828
Walsingham, *Lord* 1790, De Grey
Ward, *Lord* 1644
Wellington, *Duke of*, 1814, Wellesley
Wemyss, *Lord*, 1821, (Wemyss, *E.*)
Wenlock, *Lord*, 1839, Thompson
Western, *Lord*, 1833
Westmeath, *Marq. of*, 1822, Nugent.
Westminster, *Marq. of*, 1831, Grosvenor
Westmoreland, *Earl of* 1624, Fane [kenzie
Wharncliffe, *Lord*, 1826, Wortley-Mac-
Wicklow, *Earl of*, 1793 Howard.
Wigon, *Lord*, 1826, Balcarres.
Willoughby d' Eresby, *Lord*, 1313,
Willoughby de Broke, *Lord*, 1492 Verney
Wilton, *Earl of*, 1801, Grosvenor-Egerton
Winchester, *Bishop of*, 1827, C. R. Sumner
Winchester, *Marq. of*, 1551, Paulet
Winchelsea, *Earl of*, 1628, Hatton
Wodehouse, *Lord*, 1797
Worcester, *Bp. of*, 1840, H. Pepys
Worlingham, *Lord*, 1835, Gosford.
Wrottesley, *Lord*, 1833
Wynford, *Lord*, 1829, Best
Yarborough *Earl*, 1837, Pelham
York, *Abp. of*, 1807, Edw. Harcourt
Zetland, *Earl of*, 1838, Dundas

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

Chairman of Committees, Earl of Shaftesbury
Ck. of the Parliaments, Right Hon. Sir G. H. Rose
Clerk Assistant, J. W. Birch, Esq.
Additional Clerk Assistant, Benj. Currey, Esq.
Reading Clerk, &c. W. Rose, Esq.
Counsel to Chair. of Com. Robert Palk, Esq.
Clerk of the Journals, E. Parratt, Esq.
Clerk of Engrossments, H. S. Smith, Esq.
Librarian, John Fred. Leary, Esq.
Short-hand Writer, W. B. Gurney, Esq.
Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, Sir Aug. Clifford, Knt.
Yeoman Usher, James Pulman, Esq.
Serjeant at Arms, Sir Geo. F. Seymour

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

	Electors.		Members.
England and Wales:			
Counties	484,212		159
Universities, Cities and Boroughs	338,116		341
	822,328		500
Scotland:			
Counties	48,065		30
Cities and Boroughs	36,476		23
	84,541		53
Ireland:			
Counties	67,697		64
Universities, Cities and Boroughs	42,484		41
	110,181		105
	1,017,050		658

Name.	Place.
Acheson, Viscount	*Armagh C.*
A'Court, Capt.	*Tamworth*
Ackers, J.	*Ludlow*
Acland, Sir T. D.	*Devonshire, N.*
Acland, T. D.	*Somersetshire W.*
Acton, Colonel	*Wicklow*
Adare, Viscount	*Glamorganshire*
Adderley, C. B.	*Staffordshire*
Aglionby, H. A.	*Cockermouth*
Ainsworth, P.	*Bolton*
Aldam, W. jun.	*Leeds*
Alexander, N.	*Antrim*
Alford, Viscount	*Bedfordshire*
Allix, J. P.	*Cambridgeshire*
Anson, Hon. G.	*Staffordshire, S.*
Antrobus, E.	*Surrey, East*
Arbuthnot, H.	*Kincardines.*
Archbold, R.	*Kildare*
Archdall, M. E.	*Fermanagh.*
Arkwright, G.	*Leominster*
Armstrong, A.	*King's County*
Ashley, Lord	*Dorsetshire*
Ashley, A. H. C.	*Dorchester*
Astell, W.	*Bedfordshire*
Attwood, M.	*Whitehaven*
Attwood, J.	*Harwich*
Bagge, W.	*Norfolk, West*
Bagot, Hon. W.	*Denbighshire*
Bailey, J.	*Herefordshire*
Baillie, Col. H. D.	*Honiton*
Baillie, J.	*Worcester*
Baillie, H. J.	*Inverness-shire.*
Baird, W.	*Falkirk*
Baldwin, C. B.	*Totness*
Balfour, J. M.	*Haddington*
Bankes, G.	*Dorsetshire*
Bannerman, A.	*Aberdeen*
Barclay, D.	*Sunderland*
Baring, Hon. W. B.	*Thetford*
Baring, F. T.	*Portsmouth*
Baring, H. B.	*Marlborough*
Barneby, J.	*Worcestershire, E.*
Barnard, E. G.	*Greenwich*
Barrington, Viscount	*Berkshire*
Beskerville, T. B.	*Herefordshire*
Barron, W. H.	*Waterford*
Bateson, Sir R.	*Londonderry C.*
Beckett, W.	*Leeds*
Bell, J.	*Thirsk*
Bell, M.	*Northumberld S.*
Bellew, R. M.	*Louth*
Benett, J.	*Wiltshire S.*
Bentinck, Lord G.	*Lynn*
Beresford, Capt.	*Athlone*
Beresford, Major	*Harwich*
Berkeley, Cap. J.	*Cheltenham*
Berkeley, Capt. F.	*Gloucester*
Berkeley, H. F.	*Bristol*
Berkeley, G.	*Gloucesters., W.*
Bernal, R. jun.	*Wycombe*
Bernal, R.	*Weymouth*
Bernard, Viscount	*Bandon*
Bethell, R.	*Yorkshire R.*
Blackburne, J. I.	*Warrington*
Blackstone, W. S.	*Wallingford*
Blake, M.	*Mayo*
Blake, M. J.	*Galway*
Blake, Sir V.	*Galway*
Blakemore, R.	*Wells*
Blewitt, R. J.	*Monmouth*
Bodkin, J.	*Galway, C.*
Bodkin, W. H.	*Rochester*
Boldero, Capt.	*Chippenham*
Borthwick, P.	*Evesham*
Botfield, B.	*Ludlow*
Bowes, J.	*Durham S.*
Bowring, Dr.	*Bolton*
Bradshaw, J.	*Canterbury*
Bramston, T. W.	*Essex, S.*
Bridgeman, H.	*Ennis*
Broadley, R.	*Yorkshire, E. R.*
Broadwood, H.	*Bridgewater*
Brocklehurst, J.	*Macclesfield*
Brodie, W. B.	*New Sarum*
Brook, Sir A. B.	*Fermanagh*
Brotherton, J.	*Salford.*
Browne, Hon. W.	*Kerry*
Browne, R. D.	*Mayo,*
Brownrigg, J. S.	*Boston*
Bruce, Major C.	*Elgin County*
Bruce, Lord E.	*Marlborough*
Bruen, Colonel	*Carlow County*
Bryan, Major	*Kilkenny County*
Buck, L. W.	*Devon, North*
Buckley, E.	*Newcastle-up.-L.*
Bulkeley, Sir R.	*Flint*
Buller, C.	*Liskeard*
Buller, E.	*Stafford*
Buller, Sir J. Y.	*Devonshire, South*
Bunbury, T.	*Carlow County*
Burdett, Sir F.	*Wiltshire, North*
Burrell, Sir C.	*Shoreham*

Name.	Place.
Barroughes, H.	*Norfolk, East*
Busfield, W.	*Bradford*
Butler, Hon. P.	*Kilkenny County*
Byng, Hon. G. S.	*Chatham*
Byng, G.	*Middlesex*
Callaghan, D.	*Cork*
Campbell, Sir H.	*Berwickshire*
Campbell of Monzie	*Argyleshire*
Cardwell	*Clitheroe*
Carew, Hon. R. S.	*Waterford, C.*
Carnegie, Capt.	*Stafford*
Cartwright, W. R.	*Northampton, S.*
Castlereagh, Viscount	*Down C.*
Cave, Hon. R. O.	*Tipperary*
Cavendish, G. H.	*Derbyshire, N*
Cavendish, C. C.	*Youghall*
Cayley, E. S.	*Yorkshire, N. R.*
Chapman, A.	*Whitby*
Chapman, B.	*Westmeath*
Charteries, F.	*Gloucestersh. E.*
Chelsea, Lord	*Reading*
Chetwode, Sir J.	*Buckingham*
Childers, J. W.	*Malton*
Cholmondeley, H.	*Montgomery*
Christie, D.	*Weymouth*
Christopher, R.	*Lincolnshire, N.*
Chute, W. L.	*Norfolk, W.*
Clay, Sir W.	*Tower Hamlets*
Clayton, R.	*Aylesbury*
Clements, Col.	*Coran*
Clements, Vist.	*Leitrim*
Clerk, Sir G.	*Stamford*
Clive, E. B.	*Hereford*
Clive, Hon. R. H.	*Salopcounty, S.*
Cobden, R.	*Stockport*
Cockburne, Sir G.	*Ripon*
Corkrane, A. D.	*Bridport*
Codrington, C.	*Gloucestersh. E.*
Colborne, W. R.	*Richmond*
Colbrooke, Sir E.	*Taunton*
Cole, Hon. A. H.	*Enniskillen*
Collett, W. R.	*Lincoln*
Collins, W.	*Warwick*
Colville, C. R.	*Derbyshire, South*
Colquhoun, J. C.	*Newcastle-u-Lyne*
Compton, H. C.	*Hampshire, South*
Conolly, Col.	*Donegal*
Coote, Sir C. H.	*Queen's C.*
Copeland, W. T.	*Stoke-upon-Trent*
Corballey,	*Meath*
Corry, Rt. Hon. T.	*Tyrone*
Courtnay, Lord	*Devonshires S.*
Cowper, Hon. W.	*Hertford*
Craig, W. G.	*Edinburgh*
Crawford, W. S.	*Rochdale*
Cresswell, B.	*Northumberland, N.*

Name.	Place.
Cripps, W.	*Cirencester*
Currie, R.	*Northampton*
Curteis, H. B.	*Rye*
Dalmeny, Lord,	*Stirling*
Dalrymple, Capt.	*Wigtonshire*
Danner, Hon. Col.	*Portarlington*
Darby, G.	*Sussex, East*
Dashwood, G. H.	*Wycombe*
Davis, Col. T. H.	*Worcester*
Dawnay, Hon. H.	*Rutlandshire*
Dawson, Hon. T. V.	*Louth*
Denison, E. B.	*Yorkshire, W. R.*
Denison, J. E.	*Malton*
Denison, W. J.	*Surrey, West*
Dennistoun, J.	*Glasgow*
D'Eyncourt, T. C.	*Lambeth*
Dick, Q.	*Maldon*
Dickenson, J. H.	*Somersetsh., West*
D'Israeli, B.	*Shrewsbury*
Divett, E.	*Exeter*
Dodd, G.	*Maidstone*
Douglas, Sir C. E.	*Warwick*
Douglas, J. S.	*Rochester*
Douglas, Sir H.	*Liverpool*
Douro, Marquis	*Norwich*
Dowdeswell, J.	*Tewkesbury*
Drax, J. S. W.E.	*Wareham*
Drummond, H. H.	*Perthshire*
Duff, J.	*Banffshire*
Duffield, T.	*Abingdon*
Dugdale, W. S.	*Warwickshire N.*
Duke, Sir J.	*Boston*
Duncan, Viscount	*Bath*
Duncan, G.	*Dundee*
Duncombe, A.	*East Retford*
Duncombe, T. S.	*Finsbury*
Duncombe, O.	*Yorkshire N.*
Dundas, Hon. J. C.	*Richmond*
Dundas, J. W.	*Greenwich*
Dundas, F.	*Orkney*
Dundas, D.	*Sutherlandshire*
Du Pré, C. S.	*Buckinghamshire*
East, J. B.	*Winchester*
Easthope, J.	*Leicester*
Eaton, R. J.	*Cambridgeshire*
Eastnor, Lord	*Reigate*
Ebrington, Lord	*Plymouth*
Egerton, Lord F.	*Lancashire, S.*
Egerton, W. T.	*Cheshire, N.*
Egerton, Sir P.	*Cheshire S.*
Eliot, Lord	*Cornwall, E.*
Elliot, Hon.	*Roxburghshire*
Ellice, E.	*Coventry*
Ellice, E. junr.	*St. Andrews*
Ellis, W	*Leicester*
Elphinston, H.	*Lewes*

Name.	Place.
Emlyn, Lord	*Pembrokeshire*
Escott, B.	*Winchester*
Esmonde, Sir T.	*Wexford*
Estcourt, T. B.	*Oxford Univ.*
Etwall, R.	*Andover*
Euston, Earl	*Thetford*
Evans, W.	*Derbyshire, N.*
Ewart, W.	*Wigan*
Farnham E. B.	*Leicestershire, N.*
Fellowes, E.	*Huntingdonshire*
Ferguson, Col.	*Kirkaldy*
Ferguson, Sir R.	*Londonderry*
Ferrand, W. B.	*Knaresborough*
Fielden, J.	*Oldham*
Fielden, W.	*Blackburne*
Fielden, J.	*Oldham*
Filmer, Sir E.	*Kent, W.*
Fitzharris, Viscount	*Wilton*
Fitzmaurice, Hon. W. E.	*Buckingham*
Fitzroy, Capt.	*Durham*
Fitzroy, Lord C.	*BurySt.Edmund's*
Fitzroy, Hon.	*Lewes*
Fitzwilliam, Hon. G.	*Peterborough*
Fleetwood, Sir H.	*Preston*
Fleming, J.	*Hampshire S.*
Flower, Sir J.	*Thetford*
Follett, Sir W.	*Exeter*
Folliott J.	*Sligo*
Forbes, W.	*Stirlingshire*
Forester, Hon. G.	*Wenlock*
Forman, T. S.	*Bridgewater*
Forster, M.	*Berwick*
Fox, Colonel	*Tower Hamlets*
Fox, C. R.	*Ipswich*
Fremantle, Sir T.	*Buckingham*
French, F.	*Roscommon*
Fuller, A. E.	*Sussex, East*
Gaskell, J.	*Wenlock*
Gibson, T. M.	*Manchester*
Gill, T.	*Plymouth*
Gladstone, W. E.	*Newark*
Gladstone, J.	*Ipswich*
Glynn, Sir R.	*Flintshire*
Golburn, R.	*Kidderminster*
Gordon, Capt. W.	*Aberdeenshire*
Gordon, Lord F.	*Forfarshire*
Gore, M.	*Barnstaple*
Gore, W. R. O.	*Sligo County*
Gore, Colonel	*New Ross*
Goring, C.	*Shoreham*
Goring, H. D.	*Sorcham New*
Goulburn, Rt. Hon. H.	*Cambridge Univ.*
Graham, Sir J.	*Dorchester*
Grainger, T. C.	*Durham*
Granby, Marquis of	*Stamford*
Grant, Sir A.	*Cambridge*
Grattan, H.	*Meath*

Name.	Place.
Gregory, W. H.	*Dublin*
Greenall, P.	*Wigan*
Greenway, C.	*Leominster*
Greene, T.	*Lancaster*
Grey, Sir G.	*Devonport*
Grimsditch, T.	*Macclesfield*
Grimston, Viscount	*Hertfordshire*
Grogan, E.	*Dublin*
Grosvenor, Lord R.	*Chester*
Guest, Sir J.	*Merthyr Tydvil*
Hale, Sir R. B.	*Gloucestersh. W.*
Halford, H.	*Leicestershire S.*
Hall, Sir B.	*Marylebone*
Hamilton, C. J. B.	*Aylesbury*
Hamilton, J. H.	*Dublin County*
Hamilton, LordC.	*Tyrone*
Hamilton, W.	*Newport, I. of W.*
Hampden, R.	*Marlow*
Hanmer, Sir S.	*Hull*
Harcourt, G. G.	*Oxfordshire*
Hardinge, Sir H.	*Launceston*
Hardy, J.	*Bradford*
Harford, J. S.	*Cardigan*
Hastie, A.	*Paisley*
Hatton, Capt. V.	*Wexford County*
Hawes, B.	*Lambeth*
Hawkes, T.	*Dudley*
Hay, Sir A. L.	*Elgin*
Hayes, Sir E.	*Donegal*
Hayter, W.G.	*Wells*
Heathcote, J.	*Tiverton*
Heathcote, G. J.	*Rutlandshire*
Heathcote, Sir W.	*Hampshire N.*
Heneage, E.	*Great Grimsby*
Heneage, G. H.	*Devizes*
Henniker, Lord	*Suffolk, E.*
Hepburn, Sir T.	*Haddingtonshire*
Herbert, Hon. S.	*Wiltshire, S.*
Heron, Sir R.	*Peterborough*
Hervey, Lord A.	*Brighton*
Hill, Sir R.	*Salop County N.*
Hill, Lord M.	*Evesham*
Hillsborough, Earl	*Down, C.*
Hindley, C.	*Ashton-u-Lyne*
Hindle J. H.	*Newcastle-u-Tyne*
Hobhouse, Sir J.	*Nottingham*
Hodgson, F.	*Barnstaple*
Hodgson, R.	*Berwick*
Hogg, J. W.	*Beverley*
Holland, R.	*Hastings*
Holmes, Hon. W.	*Isle of Wight*
Hope, Hon. C.	*Linlithgow,*
Hope, A. J. B.	*Maidstone*
Hornby, J.	*Blackburn*
Horsman, E.	*Cockermouth*
Hoskins, K.	*Herefordshire*

Name.	Place.
Hotham, Lord	*Yorkshire, E. R.*
Houldsworth, T.	*Nottinghamsh. N.*
Howard, Hon. C.	*Cumberland E.*
Howard, Capt.	*Cricklade*
Howard, Capt. E.	*Morpeth*
Howard, Hon. J.	*Malmesbury*
Howard, Lord	*Shaftesbury*
Howard, P. H.	*Carlisle*
Howard, Sir R.	*Wicklow*
Howick, Lord	*Sunderland*
Hughes, W. B.	*Carnarvon*
Hume, J.	*Montrose*
Humphrey, Ald.	*Southwark*
Hussey, T.	*Lyme Regis*
Hutt, W.	*Gateshead*
Ingestrie, Lord	*Staffordshire, S.*
Inglis, Sir R. H.	*Oxford Univ.*
Irton, S.	*Cumberland, W.*
Irving, J.	*Antrim C.*
Jackson, J. D.	*Dublin Univ.*
James, W.	*Cumberland, E.*
James, Sir W.	*Hull*
Jardine, W.	*Ashburton*
Jermyn, Earl of	*Bury St. Edmund's*
Jervis, J.	*Chester*
Jocelyn, Lord	*King's Lynn*
Johnson, General	*Oldham*
Johnston, J. H.	*Dumfriesshire*
Johnston, Sir J.	*Scarborough*
Johnston, A.	*Kilmarnock*
Jolliffe, Sir W.	*Petersfield*
Jones, Captain	*Londonderry C.*
Jones, J.	*Carmarthenshire*
Kelburne, Lord	*Ayrshire*
Kemble, H.	*Surrey, E.*
Ker, D.	*Downpatrick*
Kerrison, Sir E.	*Eye*
Kirk, P.	*Carrickfergus*
Knatchbull, Sir E.	*Kent, E.*
Knight, H. G.	*Nottinghams. N.*
Knight, F. W.	*Worcestersh. W.*
Knightley, Sir C.	*Northamptons. S.*
Labouchere, H.	*Taunton*
Lambton, H.	*Durham, N.*
Langston, J. H.	*Oxford*
Langton, W. G.	*Somersets. E.*
Larpent, G. de H.	*Nottingham*
Lascelles,—,	*Wakefield*
Law, Hon. C. E.	*Cambridge Univ.*
Lawson, A.	*Knaresborough*
Layard, Captain	*Carlow*
Leader, J. T.	*Westminster*
Lefevre, C. S.	*Hampshire, N.*
Lefroy, A.	*Longford*
Legh, Sir E. C.	*Cheshire, North*
Leicester, Earl of	*Budmin*
Lemon, Sir C. Bart.	*West Cornwall*
Lennox, Lord A.	*Chichester*
Leveson, Lord	*Lichfield*
Liddell, Hon. H.	*Durham, N.*
Lincoln, Earl of	*Nottinghams. S.*
Lindsay, H. H.	*Sandwich*
Lister, E. C.	*Bradford*
Listowel, Earl of	*St. Alban's*
Litton, E.	*Coleraine*
Loch, J.	*Wick*
Lockhart, Capt.	*Lanarkshire*
Long, W.	*Wiltshire N.*
Lopez, Sir R.	*Westbury*
Lowther, J. H.	*York*
Lowther, Col. C.	*Westmoreland*
Lyall, G.	*London*
Lygon, General	*Worcestershire, W.*
Macaulay, T. B.	*Edinburgh*
Mackenzie, W. F.	*Pembleshire*
Mackenzie, T.	*Ross and Cromarty*
Mackinnon, W. A.	*Lymington*
Maclean, D.	*Oxford*
M'Geachy, F.	*Honiton*
Macnamara, W. N.	*Clare*
Macnaggart, J.	*Wigton*
Maher, V.	*Tipperary*
Mahon, Viscount	*Hertford*
Mainwaring, T.	*Denbigh*
Margles, R. D.	*Guildford*
Manners, Lord C.	*Leicestershire, N.*
Manners, Lord J.	*Newark*
March, Earl of	*Sussex, West*
Marjoribanks, S.	*Hythe*
Marshall, W.	*Carlisle*
Marsham, Lord	*Kent, West*
Marsland, H.	*Stockport*
Martin, J.	*Tewkesbury*
Martin, T.	*Galway C.*
Martin, W.	*Newport, I. of Wight*
Marton, G.	*Lancaster*
Master, T. W. C.	*Cirencester*
Masterman, J.	*London*
Maule, Hon. F.	*Perth*
Maunsell, T. P.	*Northamptons. N.*
Meynell, Col. H.	*Lisburne*
Miles, P. W. S.	*Bristol*
Miles, W.	*Somersets. E.*
Milnes, R. M.	*Pontefract*
Mitcalfe, H.	*Tynemouth*
Mitchell, T. A.	*Bridport*
Mordaunt Sir J.	*Warwicks. S.*
Morgan, C. O. S.	*Monmouthsire*
Morgan, C. M. R.	*Brecon*
Morris, D.	*Carmarthen*
Morrison, J.	*Inverness*
Morrison, Maj. Gen. W.	*Clackman & Kinross*
Mostyn, H. M. L.	*Flintshire*
Mundy, E. M.	*Derbyshire, S.*

Name.	Place
Muntz, G. F.	*Birmingham*
Murphy, F. S.	*Cork*
Murray, A.	*Kirkcudbright*
Murray, C. R. S.	*Buckinghamshire*
Napier, Sir C.	*Marylebone*
Neeld, J.	*Cricklade*
Neeld, J.	*Chippenham*
Neville, R.	*Windsor*
Newport Visc.	*Salop South*
Newry, Lord	*Newry*
Nicholl, J.	*Cardiff*
Norreys, Sir D.	*Mallow*
Norreys, Lord	*Oxfordshire*
Northland, Lord	*Dungannon*
O'Brien, A.	*Northamptonsh. N.*
O'Brien, W. S.	*Limerick C.*
O'Brien, J.	*Limerick*
O'Brien, C.	*Clare*
O'Connell, D.	*Cork County*
O'Connell, M.	*Tralee*
O'Connell, M. J.	*Kerry*
O'Connell, J.	*Kilkenny*
O'Connor, Don	*Roscommon*
O'Ferrall, R.	*Kildare*
Ogle, S.	*Northumberland, S.*
Ord, W.	*Newcastle-u. Tyne*
Ossulston, Lord	*Northumberland N.*
Oswald, J.	*Glasgow*
Owen, Sir J.	*Pembroke*
Packe, C. W.	*Leicestershire, S*
Paget, Colonel	*Beaumaris*
Paget, Lord A.	*Lichfield*
Paget, Lord W.	*Andover*
Pakington, J. S.	*Droitwich*
Palmer, G.	*Essex, S.*
Palmer, R.	*Berkshire*
Palmerston, Lord	*Tiverton*
Parker, J.	*Sheffield*
Patten, J. W.	*Lancashire, N.*
Pechell, Capt.	*Brighton*
Peel, Sir R.	*Tamworth*
Peel, Col. J.	*Huntingdon*
Pemberton, J.	*Ripon*
Pendarves, E. W.	*Cornwall, W.*
Pennant, Hon. E.	*Carnarvonshire*
Phillips, G. R.	*Poole*
Phillips, Sir R. P.	*Haverfordwest*
Philips, M.	*Manchester*
Phillpotts, J.	*Gloucester*
Pigot, D. R.	*Clonmel*
Pigot, Sir R.	*Bridgnorth*
Planta, J.	*Hastings*
Plumptre, J. P.	*Kent, E.*
Plumridge, Cap. J.	*Falmouth*
Polhill, Capt.	*Bedford*
Pollington, Lord	*Pontefract*
Pollock, Sir F.	*Huntingdon*

Name.	Place.
Ponsonby, Hon. C.	*Poole*
Powel E.	*Limerick, C.*
Powell, Col. W.	*Cardiganshire*
Power, J.	*Wexford C.*
Praed, W.	*St. Ives*
Price, Col. R.	*Radnor*
Pringle, A.	*Selkirkshire*
Protheroe, E.	*Halifax*
Pryse P.	*Cardigan*
Pulsford	*Hereford*
Pusey, P.	*Berkshire*
Ramsbottom, J.	*Windsor*
Ramsay, W. R.	*Edinburghshire*
Rashleigh, W. jun.	*Cornwall, East*
Rawdon, Col.	*Armagh*
Redington, T. N.	*Dundalk*
Reid, Sir J.	*Dover*
Repton, G. W.	*St. Alban's*
Ricardo, J. L.	*Stoke-upon-Trent*
Rice, E.	*Dover*
Richards, R.	*Merionaethshire*
Roche, Sir D.	*Limerick*
Roche, E. B.	*Cork C.*
Roebuck, J. A.	*Bath*
Rolleston, Col.	*Nottingham. S.*
Rose, Sir G. H.	*Christchurch*
Round, J.	*Maldon*
Round, C.	*Essex N.*
Rous, Capt.	*Westminster*
Rumbold, C. E.	*Yarmouth*
Rundle, J.	*Tavistock*
Rushbrooke, Col.	*Suffolk W.*
Russell, C.	*Reading*
Russell, J.	*Staffordshire, N.*
Russell, Lord E.	*Tavistock*
Russell, Lord J.	*London*
Rutherford, A.	*Leith*
Ryder, Hon. D.	*Hertfordshire*
Sanderson, R.	*Colchester*
Sandon, Viscount	*Liverpool*
Scarlett, Hon. R.	*Horsham*
Scholefield, J.	*Birmingham*
Scott, Hon. F.	*Roxburghshire*
Scott, R.	*Walsall*
Scrope, G. P.	*Stroud*
Seale, Sir J.	*Dartmouth*
Seymour, Lord	*Totness*
Seymour, Sir K.	*Midhurst*
Shaw, Right Hon. F.	*Dublin Univ.*
Shiel, R. L.	*Dungarvon*
Shelburne, Earl	*Calne*
Sheppard, T.	*Frome*
Shirley, E.	*Monaghan*
Shirley, E. J.	*Warwicks. S.*
Sibthorp, Col.	*Lincoln*
Smith, A.	*Hertfordshire*

Name.	Place.
Smith, B.	*Norwich*
Smith, J. A.	*Chichester*
Smith, R. V.	*Northampton*
Smollett, A. jun.	*Dumbartonshire*
Smyth, Sir G. H.	*Colchester*
Smythe, Hon. G.	*Canterbury*
Sombre D. N.	*Sudbury*
Somers, J. P.	*Sligo*
Somerset, Lord G.	*Monmouthsh.*
Somerville, Sir W.	*Drogheda*
Sotheron, T. E.	*Devizes*
Stanley, E.	*Cumberland, W.*
Stanley, Hon. W.	*Anglesea*
Stanley, Lord	*Lancashire, N.*
Stansfield, W.	*Huddersfield*
Stanton, W. H.	*Stroud*
Staunton, Sir G.	*Portsmouth*
Stewart, J.	*Lymington*
Stewart, P. M.	*Renfrewshire*
Stock, Dr.	*Cashel*
Strickland, Sir G.	*Preston*
Strutt, E.	*Derby*
Stuart, H.	*Bedford*
Stuart Lord J.	*Ayr*
Stuart, W. V.	*Waterford C.*
Sturt, H. C.	*Dorsetshire*
Sugden, Sir E.	*Ripon*
Sulwey Col.	*Ludlow*
Surrey Earl	*Arundel*
Sutton, Hon. C.	*Cambridge*
Talbot C. M. R.	*Glamorganshire*
Tancred, H. W.	*Banbury*
Taylor, J. A.	*Worcestershire, E.*
Taylor, T. E.	*Dublin County*
Tennent, J. E.	*Belfast*
Thesiger, F.	*Woodstock*
Thompson, Alderman	*Westmorland*
Thornely, T.	*Wolverhampton*
Thornhill G.	*Huntingdonshire*
Tollemache, F.	*Grantham*
Tollemache, J.	*Cheshire, South*
Tomline, Col. G.	*Shrewsbury*
Towneley, J.	*Beverley*
Traill, G.	*Caithness shire*
Trench, Sir F.	*Scarborough*
Trevor, Hon. G.	*Carmarthenshire*
Trollope, Sir G.	*Lincolnshire S.*
Trotter, J.	*Surrey W.*
Troubridge, Sir T.	*Sandwich*
Tufnell, H.	*Devonport*
Tuite, H. M.	*Westmeath*
Turner, E.	*Truro*
Turnor, C.	*Lincolnshire, S.*
Tyrrell, Sir J.	*Essex, N.*
Vane, Lord H.	*Durham, South*
Vere, Sir C. B.	*Suffolk E.*
Verner, Col.	*Armagh C.*
Vernon, G. H.	*East Retford*
Vesey, Hon. T.	*Queen's County*
Villiers, C. P.	*Wolverhampton*
Villiers *F. M.*	*Sudbury*
Vivian, Capt. J. C.	*Falmouth*
Vivian, J. E.	*Truro*
Vivian, J. H.	*Swansea*
Vivian Maj. C. C.	*Bodmin*
Vyvyan, Sir R.	*Helston*
Waddington, H. S.	*Suffolk, W.*
Wakley, T.	*Finsbury*
Walker, R.	*Bury*
Wall, C. B.	*Guildford*
Wallace, R.	*Greenock*
Walsh, Sir J. B.	*Radnorshire*
Walter, T.	*Nottingham*
Warburton, H.	*Bridport*
Ward, H. G.	*Sheffield*
Watson, W. H.	*Kinsale*
Wawn, J. T.	*South Shields*
Welby, G. E.	*Grantham*
Wemyss, Capt.	*Fifeshire*
Westenra, Hon. J.	*King's County*
Westenra Hon. H.M.	*Monaghan C.*
White, Col. H.	*Longford*
White, S.	*Leitrim*
Whitmore, T. C.	*Bridgnorth*
Wilbraham, R. B.	*Lancashire, S.*
Wilde. Sir T.	*Worcester*
Williams, T. P.	*Marlow*
Williams, W.	*Coventry*
Wilmot, Sir J. E.	*Warwicks, N.*
Wilshire, W.	*Yarmouth*
Winnington, Sir T.	*Bewdley*
Wodehouse, E.	*Norfolk, E.*
Wood, B.	*Southwark*
Wood, C.	*Halifax*
Wood, Colonel	*Brecknockshire*
Wood, Col. T.	*Middlesex*
Wood, G. W.	*Kendal*
Wood, Sir M.	*London*
Worsely, Lord	*Lincolnshire*
Wortley, J. S.	*Yorkshire, W.R.*
Wrightson, W. B.	*Northallerton*
Wyndham W.	*New Sarum*
Wyndham, Col.	*Sussex, West*
Wynn, C. W.	*Montgomeryshire*
Wynn, Sir W. W.	*Denbighshire*
Wyse T.	*Waterford C.*
Yorke, Hon. E.	*Cambridgeshire*
Yorke, H. R.	*York*
Young, J.	*Cavan*

IN THE UNITED KINGDOM AND COLONIES.	CAVALRY. Regiments.	CAVALRY. All Ranks.	INFANTRY. Regiments.	INFANTRY. All Ranks.
Life Guards and Horse Guards	3	1,308		
Cavalry of the Line	19	6,995		
Foot Guards	.. ..	.. .. ..	3	5,287
Infantry of the Line	.. ..	.. .. ..	76	71,159
Colonial Corps	.. ..	.. .. ..	8	16,733
Officers on particular service	.. ..	.. .. ..	.. ..	9
	22	8,303	87	83,188
IN INDIA.				
Cavalry of the Line	4	3,158		
Infantry of the Line	.. ..	.. .. ..	24	26,472
Total	26	11,461	111	109,660

TOTAL .. .. 137 Regts. .. .. 121,121 Men.

On the 1st Jan. 1840, the Army was composed of—
51,474 English
41,218 Irish
15,239 Scotch

EXPENSE.

Effective	£4,870,476
Deduct the charge of the 28 Regiments serving in India, paid for by the East India Company	.. 933,975
	3,937,501
Non-effective:	
Half-pay, Pensions, Superannuations, &c. of 28,472 Officers and Men ..	.. 2,320,805
Total Expense	£6,258,306

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

7,051 Royal Artillery
960 Royal Sappers and Miners
616 Royal Horse Artillery
240 Officers of Royal Engineers

8,267

Cost of the Ordnance Department £2,075,803

Army and Ordnance Estimates for the Year ending Jan. 5, 1842.

YEOMANRY CAVALRY.

TOTALS of the Effective Yeomanry of Great Britain:—
247 Troops .. .. 13,269 Men
850 Officers

14,119

TOTAL Actual Charge for the Year 1839 .. .. £90,786 7 0

The Irish Yeomanry were disbanded March 31, 1834.

War Office, July 10, 1840.

NUMBER OF GENERAL AND FIELD OFFICERS IN THE ARMY. SEPTEMBER 30, 1841.

	In the Army.	Royal Artillery.	Royal Engineers.	Royal Marines.	Half Pay.	Retired with Rank.
Field Marshals	5	0	0	0	0	0
Generals	93	0	0	0	0	1
Lieut.-Generals	136	5	3	0	0	7
Major-Generals	134	3	1	1	1	12
Colonels	272	22	15	9	0	78
Lieut.-Colonels	573	41	23	14	7	39
Majors	694	45	28	0	15	1
	1,837	116	70	24	23	133

TOTAL 2,203

THE ROYAL NAVY.

Excluding Steam-packets, Packets, Troop Ships, Surveying Ships, Ships in Canadjan Lakes, Dockyard Craft, &c.

IN ORDINARY.

13 first rates .. .. from 120 to 104 guns
8 second do. .. .. „ 92 to 80 „
31 third do. .. .. „ 78 to 72 „

52

Frigates.

9 first class .. .. .. 50 guns
49 second do. .. .. from 36 to 44 guns

58

Corvettes, &c.

1 of 26 guns
6 of 18 to 10 guns
7 under 10 guns

14

IN COMMISSION.

3 guard ships
4 ordinary ships
4 first rates
8 second do.
11 third do.

30

IN COMMISSION—*continued.*

Frigates.

7 first class
11 second do.

18

Corvettes, Brigs, &c.

5 first class of 26 guns
3 razeed 42 gun frigates of 24 guns
10 second class of 26 guns

18

6 first class of 18 to 20 guns
13 second do. of 18 guns
22 of 16 guns
20 of 16 guns
24 under 10 guns

85

Steam Frigates.

13 in commission and commanded by captains or commanders

TOTAL.

In commission	151
In ordinary	124
Oct. 12, 1841.	275

The number of ships of war of all kinds belonging to the British Navy is about 570.

NUMBER OF SEAMEN, BOYS, AND MARINES EMPLOYED IN THE ROYAL NAVY.

30,500 Men
2,000 Boys
9,028 Marines

41,528

EXPENSE.

Effective	£4,931,905
Non-effective, Half-Pay, Superannuations, &c.	1,415,003
Army, Ordnance, and Home Department	267,249
Total Expense	£6,614,157

Navy Estimates for 1841-42.

NUMBER OF COMMISSIONED OFFICERS IN THE ROYAL NAVY.

Admirals of the Fleet	1	
Red	6	
White	10	
Blue	11	
		28
Vice-Admirals of the Red	17	
White	18	
Blue	22	
		57
Rear-Admirals of the Red	22	
White	40	
Blue	28	
		90
Captains		701
Commanders		778
Retired		201
Lieutenants		3,719
Masters		464
Retired Masters		6
Total		5,039

LIST OF COLONIES BELONGING TO THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

	Date of Acquisition.	Population.		Shipping.		
		Whites.	Coloured.	Ships.	Tonnage.	Men.
Europe:						
Gibraltar	1704	14,985				
Malta	1800	100,738	.. .. ..	8	14,295	900
Gozo	1800	16,534				
Corfu	1814	65,107				
Cephalonia	1809	63,197	.. Ionian			
Zante	1809	35,348	Islands			
Santa Maura	1810	17,175	under			
Ithaca	1810	9,044	British			
Cerigo	1810	8,707	protec-			
Paxo	1814	5,064	tion.			
Heligoland	1807	2,200				
Asia:						
Bengal	1696	25,000	40,000,000			
Agra	1803	3,000	32,000,000			
Ultra Gangetic territory	1825	500	1,000,000	35	104,485	5,572
Madras	1639	10,000	15,000,000			
Bombay	1661	10,000	8,000,000			
Ceylon	1796 and 1815	8,275	1,413,356	577	27,156	1,997
Penang	1786	500	33,000			
Singapore	1819	2,000	20,000			
Australasia:						
New South Wales, E. Australia ..	1787	80,000	5,000	228	22,119	2,127
Van Diemen's Land	1803	45,000	nil.			
Swan River, W. Australia ..	1829	2,500	50,000			
South Australia	1835	3,000	100,000			
Norfolk Island	1787	1,300	nil.			
Africa:						
Cape of Good Hope	1806	50,000	100,000	15	1,670	126
Mauritius	1810	15,000	75,000	102	9,008	1,075
Seychelles	1810	500	7,000			
St. Helena	1651	2,203	2,800			
Ascension	—	—	—			
Sierra Leone	1787	100	35,000	7	502	65
The Gambia	1631 1816	50	5,000			
Cape Coast Castle	1661	10	3,000			
Acera	1661	5	5,000			
Dix Cove	.. ..	1	2,000			
Annamaboe	.. ..	2	3,000			
Fernando Po	1827	.. abandoned.				
Aden, Red Sea Mo.	1838					
North America:						
Canada, Lower	1759	600,000	5,000	417	36,342	2,090
Canada, Upper	1759	400,000	10,000			
New Brunswick	1630	122,000	1,000	630	89,568	4,038
Nova Scotia	1623	147,000	3,000	1,638	92,030	6,096
Cape Breton	1758	30,000	300	370	16,000	1,332
Prince Edward's Island	1763	33,000	100	174	12,883	703
Newfoundland	1583	75,000	nil.	695	44,382	3,785
Hudson's Bay territory	1670	3,000	100,000			

	Date of Acquisition.	Population. Whites.	Population. Coloured.	Shipping. Ships.	Shipping. Tonnage.	Shipping. Men.
South America:						
Demerara } British Guiana..	1803	2,500	45,500	43	2,558	226
Essequibo }	1803	650	26,500			
Berbice }	1803	560	24,000	11	553	49
Honduras	1650	223	3,571			
Falkland Islands .. .. }						
Soledad .. .. }	1765	25	nil.			
W. Falkland .. }						
West India Islands:						
Jamaica	1655	35,000	326,490	133	5,897	733
The Caymans	1655	100	1,500			
Trinidad	1797	3,632	35,413	43	1,472	262
Tobago	1763	206	12,894	7	397	64
Grenada	1783	1,000	20,000	42	1,973	249
St. Vincent	1783	1,200	25,000	36	1,392	219
Barbadoes	1623	15,000	85,000	39	1,749	277
St. Lucia	1803	1,000	14,000	24	682	148
Dominica	1783	720	17,940	10	453	62
St. Kitts	1623	1,612	21,521	33	426	99
Montserrat	1632	300	6,700	7	186	23
Antigua	1632	2,000	33,000	59	1,436	277
Barbuda	1632	50	1,450			
Nevis	1628	500	9,500	12	185	43
Anguilla	1650	200	1,800			
Tortola and Virgin Isles ..	1666	730	7,000	53	347	140
New Providence and The Bahamas .. .. }	1628	2,000	6,000			
		2,000	10,000	141	3,612	721
St. George and the Bermudas ..	1611	4,000	4,500	52	3,710	332
		2,093,732	98,692,623	6,075	497,798	34,020

To which must be added the population of those States in India possessing Civil Independence, but no Military Force, about 100,870,954 30,000,000

Total Population .. .. .. ——— 130,870,954

Total Shipping belonging to the Colonies, 6,075 ships, 497,798 tons; employing 34,020 men.

Of the total Exports or Imports of the Colonies to all parts there is no official account published, nor is there any separate account of the Colonial produce imported into this country, by which its amount can be ascertained by any but the Custom-House authorities. Mr. Martin, in his work on the Colonies, gives the following amounts —

Total Exports from the Colonies to all parts	£20,988,000
Of which to Great Britain	14,275,500
Total Imports from all parts into the Colonies	£25,545,500
Of which from Great Britain	9,935,860

But these are evidently incorrect at the present time, for the Export of British and Irish Produce and Manufactures from the United Kingdom to the Colonies, in 1839, exclusive of India, amounted to £11,482,707

India 4,748,607

Total £16,231,314

The following is a Table of the chief differential Duties in favour of the Colonies:—

	Duties.							Duties.					
	Foreign.			Colonial.				Foreign.			Colonial.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Raw Sugar.....cwt.	3	3	0	1	4	0	Rice.....cwt.	0	15	0	0	1	0
Molasses .....cwt.	1	3	9	0	9	0	Rough rice ..... qr.	1	0	0	0	0	1
Coffee..... lb.	0	1	3	0	0	6	Fish oil ..... tun	26	12	0	0	1	0
Spirits .....gall.	1	2	6	0	9	0	Seed oils..... tun	39	18	0	0	1	0
Wines.....gall.	0	5	6	0	2	9	Bark .....cwt.	0	0	8	0	0	1
Timber .....load	2	15	0	0	10	0	Extract of Bark....cwt.	0	3	0	0	0	1
Cotton wool .....cwt.	0	2	11	0	0	4	Honey.....cwt.	0	15	0	0	5	0
Sheep's wool ..... lb.	0	0	1	free			Wax .....cwt.	1	10	0	0	10	0
Tallow.....cwt.	0	3	2	0	1	0	Ashes .....cwt.	0	6	0	free		
Soap, hard .....cwt.	4	10	0	1	8	0	Cocoa ..... lb.	0	0	6	0	0	2
,, soft .....cwt.	3	11	3	1	3	0	Arrow-root.....cwt.	0	18	8	0	1	0

N. B. Stated exclusive of the late addition of 5 per cent.

Besides these a protective duty of about 100 per cent. is imposed on hides and skins; furs also are protected, if from North America (chiefly Hudson's Bay). Spice, and in short all tropical productions, have likewise high differential duties in favour of the colonies.

PROTECTING LAWS IN FAVOUR OF BRITISH SHIPPING.

The above List shows the amount of protection which is given to the productions of our Colonies against Foreign Competition in British Markets, but the protection to British Shipping is of a still more important and conclusive character.

I.—No Foreign Vessel can be engaged in, or in any way interfere with our Coasting Trade.

II.—No Foreign Vessel can import into this Country for Home Consumption any other than the Produce of its Own Country; hence a French Vessel cannot load a cargo of Tallow at any Russian Port and import it into the United Kingdom for Home Consumption. It may bring such a cargo here and warehouse it, as is the case with many articles, but it must be re-exported, and cannot be entered for consumption in this country. If the Grower cannot carry his own produce the English must, but no other is permitted.

III.—In some instances, as in the case of Olive Oil, the Duty is even prejudicial to the right of the Grower to carry his own produce, for the Duty, if imported in a British Ship, is £4 4s. per tun; but if in a Ship belonging to any of the subjects of the King of the Two Sicilies, £6 6s. per tun.

IV.—Our Fisheries are in like manner protected from Foreign interference. The Duty on Whale Oil, if caught and imported by a British Vessel, is *one shilling* per tun; if Foreign, £26 12s. per tun.

V.—No article, the produce of our Colonies, can be imported and entered for Home Consumption in any other than British Ships manned by British Seamen.

Such is the great principle which runs through our Navigation Laws. It laid the foundation, and has been the cause of all our maritime greatness.

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA.

THE British Empire on the Continent of Asia is without a parallel in the history of the world. At the commencement of the 17th century a few English merchants skirted the coasts of the far famed peninsula of Hindostan, as humble suppliants to establish mercantile residencies on its fertile and wealthy soil, and in 1842, "*The United Company of Merchants trading to the East Indies*" are in possession of a territory extending over more than a million of square miles of the richest portion of the earth, and exercising dominion over an active and intelligent population of one hundred millions of souls, which they have restored from unheard of anarchy and bloodshed to comparative order, peace, and prosperity. The following outline of its history may be serviceable to the reader:

1599. Dec. 31. The first charter of the company was granted by Queen Elizabeth, and bears this date.

1606. Only three ships had been fitted out.

1608. The company subscribed £33,000 for a fourth voyage.

1616. The company raised a new capital of £1,629,400. Among the subscribers were fifteen dukes and earls, thirteen countesses, eighty-two knights, including judges and privy councillors, in all, 954 subscribers.

1632. The Mogul Emperor Shah Jehan granted permission to the English to trade and establish a factory at Pepley, a port in Orissa, now almost washed away and scarcely to be discovered.

1635. Charles I. granted a licence to Sir Wm. Courten and others to trade where the existing company had no settlements, but it led to such collision that shortly after a compromise was effected.

1639. The spot on which Madras now stands five miles along shore and one mile inland, was ceded to the company, with permission to erect Fort St. George.

1653. The East India trade was thrown open by Cromwell, but in 1657 he found it expedient to reinstate the company in all their privileges. Madras was raised to the rank of a presidency, the military force of which consisted of twenty-six soldiers, which the directors in 1654 ordered to be reduced to ten.

1656. Owing to the skill of an English doctor (Boughton,) the company received the Mogul's sanction to establish a factory on the right bank of the Hooghly.

1661. Charles II. granted a new charter. The Island of Bombay was ceded by the Portuguese to Charles, as part of the fortune of the Infanta Catherine.

1665. The company commenced a trade with China, and among the orders to their factors at Bantam, in 1667, was, "*100lbs. weight of the best tay he could gett.*"

1668. Charles II. transferred to the company the Island of Bombay, for which they agreed to pay to his Majesty £10 in gold every year, on the 30th day of September.

1669. The company received two canisters, containing 143½lbs. of tea, which is supposed to have been the first importation of this article. It was given away in presents, and used in the refreshment of their committees.

1676. The accumulation of profits enabled the company to double their capital.

1683. Bombay was erected into a Presidency.

1686. The exaction of the Mahomedan officers brought about a rupture with the English chief at Hooghly, and on the 20th of Dec. the company's factors quitted the place considering it indefensible, and removed their residence to Chuttanutty village, now Calcutta, containing 1,500,000 inhabitants.

1687. The native population had flocked into the company's settlement at Fort St. George and the city of Madras to such an extent, that, on taking the census, it amounted to 300,000 souls.

1696. The company obtained permission to erect defences round their factories.

1698. The Government being in want of money, established a rival Joint-stock Company.

1700. The company paid Azim Ushaun, Viceroy of Bengal, a large sum for the township of Chuttanutty and the adjacent lands of Calcutta and Govindpoor.

1702. Under Lord Godolphin's arbitration, a union of the two contending companies was effected under their present title.

1704. The whole stock of the company was removed to Fort William, the garrison of which consisted of 129 soldiers, only 66 of whom were Europeans.

1707. Fort William was erected into a Presidency.

1746. Sept. 7. The English Garrison of Fort St. George, amounting to 200 soldiers, surrendered to a strong French Force under Labourdonnais.

1749. It was restored to the company at the peace of Aix la Chapelle. During the occupation of Madras by the French, the company carried on their concerns at Fort St. David, a fortress on the sea coast, about 100 miles from Madras.

1756. The company up to this time had carried on a peaceable and prosperous trade, but they were now attacked by Moslem Surragee ud Dowlah, who invested and captured the company's factory of Fort William, placed Mr. Holwell and his 146 companions in the "*Black Hole*," only eighteen feet square, and in less than twenty-four hours, not more than twenty-four Englishmen, and those prisoners, remained of the British Presidency in Bengal.

1757. Feb. 2. The company, after a sanguinary battle, recovered possession of Calcutta, and strongly fortified it. They concluded a peace with Surrajee, but this was of short duration, for Colonel (afterwards Lord) Clive, having reduced several of the French settlements, and discovering that Surrajee was intriguing with the French for the destruction of the English, resolved on attacking him, and on the 22nd of June he came up with him, and fought the celebrated battle of Plassy; with only 2,000 Sepoys and 900 Europeans he utterly defeated Surrajee, at the head of 50,000 foot, 18,000 horse, a body of French officers, and fifty pieces of artillery, and took the Nabob prisoner. The loss on the part of the English, were eight Europeans and sixteen Sepoys killed, and twelve Europeans and thirty-six Sepoys wounded. From this extraordinary battle may be dated the downfall of French influence and the commencement of the British Empire in India.

1758. The French attacked Fort St. David, and on the 1st June razed it to the ground. They then proceeded to again attack Madras, but, on the arrival of a reinforcement from England, they precipitately retreated, and on the 14th Jan. 1761, were made prisoners by Colonel Coote.

1765. The Mogul Emperor resigned all pretensions to Bengal, Bahar, and Orissa, for an annual stipend of £325,000 sterling.

1767. Hyder Ali wasted part of the company's territory with fire and sword.

1779. The company presented to the nation three 74 gun ships, besides a large sum of money in bounties to 6,000 seamen.

1780. At the head of 90,000 men, Hyder Ali approached Madras, and carried on a war with the company, with varied success, till he died in 1782.

1784. Mr. Pitt carried a bill, placing the Government of India under the Board of Control.

1792. Lord Cornwallis invested the formidable fortress of Seringapatam in Feb. with 41,000 men and 86 guns, in front of which Tippoo Saib gave battle, with 50,000 chosen infantry and 5,000 cavalry. The result was his utter defeat, with the loss of 23,000 men in killed and wounded, the surrender of half his dominions, the payment of four millions, and the delivery of his two sons as hostages.

1794. Tippoo received back his children and immediately commenced intriguing against the English.

1798. The Marquis Wellesley was appointed Governor General, under whom General (afterwards Lord) Lake broke the Mahratta confederacy, and by his success in arms a vast accession of territory accrued to the company.

1799. Feb. The Marquis Wellesley declared war against Tippoo Saib. Colonel Wellesley (now his Grace the Duke of Wellington) led the attack on the Sultan's army, which lay within thirty miles of the fortress of Seringapatam. He completely routed it, and compelled Tippoo to take refuge in the fortress, before which the British army encamped on the 5th April. On the 4th May, at one P. M., a storming party under the gallant General Baird, moved to the attack: the parapet was soon gained, and the fortress carried with immense slaughter. The body of Tippoo Saib was found among the dead. The Marquis Wellesley took possession of his dominions, and thereby added a great extent of territory to the company's possessions.

1803. Sept. 30. General Wellesley fought the battle of Assaye, and with 4,500 men attacked and defeated the Mahratta forces, consisting of 50,000 men, assisted by a well organized French artillery. General Lake also, with a similar force of 4,500 men, took up a position under the walls of Delhi, defeated 20,000 Mahrattas and their French auxiliaries, and took possession of the imperial city of Delhi. He also fought many other daring and brilliant engagements, and added 33,000 square miles to the company's territory.

The Great Mogul, his family, and the descendants of Tippoo Saib, were placed on the pension list of the company.

During the alarm of an invasion, the company came to the resolution to present the nation with 10,000 tons of shipping to guard the coast and to be maintained at their own expense.

1804. Lord Lake captured the formidable fortress of Bhurtpore, and reduced Holkar to such extremities that, although his standing army amounted to 150,000 cavalry, 40,000 foot, and 200 pieces of artillery, he was obliged to flee, almost unattended, for his life.

1813. An act passed, opening the trade to India, under certain restrictions, to private individuals, but continuing the exclusive Monopoly of the China trade in the company.

1817. The Marquis of Hastings took the field at the head of 81,000 infantry, and 33,000 cavalry, with a numerous and efficient artillery. He exterminated the Pindarris, and compelled many states to become tributary to the company.

1826. The Burmese were forced to sue for peace, resign all pretensions to 50,000 square miles of country, and pay 10,000,000 of rupees for the expenses of the war.

1833. The last charter was granted to the company, in which they agreed to place their commercial rights in abeyance, while they hold the political Government and patronage of India, which is extended by this charter to the 30th Aprill 1854.

The Court of Directors enjoy full initiatory authority over all matters at home and abroad relating to the political, financial, judicial and military affairs of the company. But its proceedings are subject to certain acts of Parliament, to the superintendence of the Board of Control, and in several matters to the approval of the Court of Proprietors.

Court of Directors—Consist of twenty-four persons, chosen by the proprietors, who must hold £2.000 of the company's stock. Six directors retire annually by rotation and are eligible after twelve months' absence, thus the proprietors have a review of each director every four years. He must not be a director of the Bank of England or South Sea Company, and by a by-law of the company is liable to be removed if he should promote his own or the elevation of any other director by promises of reward, collusive transfer of stock, or payment of expenses, or receive any pecuniary or other remuneration whatever for any appointment in his gift or patronage as a director.

Proprietors—Holding stock for twelve months, to the extent of

£1,000	is entitled to	one vote
3,000	„	two „
6,000	„	three „
10,000	„	four „

At a recent calculation, the number of proprietors was 3,579. Persons holding stock to the extent of £500, are allowed to debate on any question, but cannot vote; and all under £500 can neither debate nor vote.

QUEEN'S GOVERNMENTS.

Cape of Good Hope.

Governor, Major General Sir George Thomas Napier, K. C. B.
Colonial Secretary, J. Montagu, Esq.

Mauritius.

Governor, Lieutenant General Sir William Maynard Gomm, K. C. B.
Colonial Secretary, G. F. Dick, Esq.

Ceylon.

Governor, Lieutenant General Sir Colin Campbell, K. C. B.
Colonial Secretary, P. Anstruther, Esq.

New South Wales.

Governor, Lieutenant Colonel Sir George Gipps, Kt.
Colonial Secretary, E. D. Thomson, Esq.

Van Diemen's Land.

Lieutenant Governor, Sir John Eardley Eardley-Wilmot, Bt.
Colonial Secretary, J. E. Bicheno, Esq.

Western Australia (Swan River.)

Governor, John Hutt, Esq.
Colonial Secretary, P. Browne, Esq.

Southern Australia.

Governor, George Grey, Esq.
Colonial Secretary, R. Gouger, Esq.

New Zealand.

Governor, Captain Robert Fitz-Roy, R. N.

Hong-Kong.

Governor, Major General Sir Henry Pottinger, Bt. G. C. B.
Colonial Secretary, Lieutenant Colonel G. A. Malcolm, C. B.

EAST INDIA COMPANY'S GOVERNMENTS.

Bengal.

Governor General, Lord Ellenborough.
Secretaries to Government, G. A. Bushby, Esq., J. A. Dorin, Esq., J. Thomason, Esq., F. J. Halliday, Esq., Lieutenant Colonel J. Stuart.

Madras.

Governor, Lieutenant General The Marquis of Tweeddale, K. T.
Secretaries to Government, G. D. Drury, Esq., J. F. Thomas, Esq., Lieutenant Colonel S. W. Steel.

Bombay.

Governor, Colonel Sir George Arthur, Bt. K. C. H.
Secretaries to Government, L. R. Reid, Esq., J. P. Willoughby, Esq., W. Escombe, Esq., Lieutenant Colonel P. M. Melvill.

Scinde.

Governor, Major General Sir Charles James Napier, G. C. B.

North Western Provinces (Agra.)

Lieutenant Governor, T. C. Robertson, Esq.
Secretary to Government, R. N. C. Hamilton, Esq.

Prince of Wales' Island, Malacca and Singapore.

Governor, Lieutenant Colonel W. J. Butterworth, C.B.—*Singapore.*

Councillors { S. Garling, Esq.—*Penang.*
J. W. Salmond, Esq.—*Malacca.*
T. Church, Esq.—*Singapore.*

ORIGIN AND HISTORY

No.	NAME OF THE WAR.	OUR ENEMIES.	OUR ALLIES.	War commenced A.D.
1	The War of the Revolution.	The French.	The Dutch. Austrians. Prussians. Spaniards, and People of Savoy.	1638
2	The War of the Spanish Succession.	French. Spaniards.	Dutch. Austrians. People of Savoy, and Portuguese.	1702
3	The Spanish War 1739, and the War of the Austrian Succession 1741.	Spaniards. French.	Austrians. Dutch. Russians. Sardinians, and Hungarians.	1739
4	The Seven Years' War.	French. Spaniards. Austrians. Russians.	Prussians.	1756
5	American War.	Americans. French. Spaniards. Dutch.	—	1775
6	The War of the French Revolution.	French. Spaniards from 1796.	Spaniards till 1795. Dutch. Prussians. Austrians. Portuguese.	1793
7	The War against Napoleon Bonaparte.	French. Spaniards till 1808 Americans from 1812.	Austrians. Prussians. Russians. Spaniards from 1808. Portuguese.	1803

OF THE DEBT.

Events.	Number of Years the War lasted.	Ended by the Peace of	War ended A. D.	Millions raised by Taxes.	Millions raised by Loans.
Battles of Dieppe, of the Boyne, of La Hogue, of Steinkirk, and Nerwinde. Capitation tax and forced levies in France. National Debt began in England.	9	Ryswick.	1697	16	20
Battles of Blenheim, Ramilies, Oudenarde, and Malplaquet. England gains Gibraltar, Minorca, Nova Scotia, and Newfoundland.	11	Utrecht.	1713	30	32½
Battles of Dettingen, Fontenoy, Culloden, and Finisterre. Anson's voyage. Rebellion in 1745.	9	Aix-La-Chapelle.	1748	25	29
French expelled from Canada. Battles of Minden and Abraham. England gains Bengal, Canada, Cape Breton, Tobago, &c.	7	Paris.	1763	52	60
Rodney's Naval victories. Gibraltar besieged. Battle of Bunker's hill, Brandywine, and German Town. England loses thirteen N. American provinces, Minorca, Tobago, and the Floridas.	8	Versailles.	1783	32	104
France loses all power in India. Battles of Lodi, Arcola, Marengo, Alexandria. Howe, Bridport, Jervis, Duncan, and Nelson's Naval victories. Bank restriction, 1797. England gains Malta, Trinidad, and Coromandel.	9	Amiens.	1802	263½	200½
Battles of Trafalgar, Austerlitz, Saalfeld, Jena, Eylau, Vimiera, Corunna, Wagram, Talavera, Barossa, Albuera, Salamanca, Smolenskó, Borodina, Leipsic, Waterloo. England gains Ceylon, the Cape, Berbice, Demerara, &c.	12	Paris.	1815	770½	338½
	65			1,189	834½
Reduced at different periods since the close of the War—66½					
Present Amount.....					768

AN ACCOUNT OF THE PUBLIC INCOME AND EXPENDITURE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, IN THE YEAR ENDED 5TH JANUARY, 1842.

INCOME.

	£
Balance in the hands of the Collectors on 5th January, 1841	1,548,505
ORDINARY REVENUE.	
Customs	23,821,486
Excise	14,602,847
Stamps and Hackney Coaches, &c.	7,276,360
Taxes, Assessed and Land	4,715,353
Post Office	1,495,540
Poundage of 1s. 6d. and 4s. on Pensions and Salaries ..	5,752
Crown Lands	438,297
Small Branches of the Hereditary Revenue	5,562
Surplus Fees	93,504
East India Company, per Act 4 Geo. IV cap. 71 ..	60,000
From Trustees of the King of the Belgians, out of the Annuity granted to Prince Leopold	35,000
Impress Moneys	71,838
	52,621,545
Excess of Expenditure over Income	2,149,885
Total—	54,771,430

EXPENDITURE.

	£
PAYMENTS OUT OF THE GROSS REVENUE.	
Repayments, Drawbacks, Allowances, Discounts, &c. ..	306,111
Charges of Collection	3,582,639
Other Payments	696,950
	4,585,701
PAID AT THE EXCHEQUER.	
Interest and Management of the Permanent Debt ..	24,476,904
Terminable Annuities	4,076,775
Interest on Exchequer Bills	896,464
Civil List	389,022
Annuities and Pensions for Civil, Naval, Military, and Judicial Services, &c., charged by various Acts of Parliament on the Consolidated Fund	620,514
Salaries and Allowances	246,079
Diplomatic Salaries and Pensions	185,770
Courts of Justice	736,994
Miscellaneous	232,734

Payments on the Annual Grants of Parliament:—	£
For the Army	6,418,421
„ Navy	6,489,074
„ Ordnance	1,815,132
„ Miscellaneous	2,927,660
Insurrection in Canada	117,153
China Expedition	400,000
Unclaimed Dividends	157,028
	54,771,430
Balance in the hands of the Collectors, 5th January, 1842—	1,499,989

Abstract of Indian Revenue and Finance Accounts.

	1809—10	1819—20	1829—30	1839—40
	£	£	£	£
Gross Revenue.....	13,587,144	15,902,185	17,604,205	17,577,244
Charges of Collection ..	1,052,289	1,676,644	1,930,295	2,238,507
Net Revenue	12,534,855	14,225,541	15,673,910	15,338,737
Indian Debt	23,528,641	29,014,808	34,280,269	30,703,778
Interest on Debt	1,835,423	1,735,173	1,846,457	1,447,453
Other Principal Charges:				
Army	6,616,722	8,368,566	7,633,142	7,932,268
Civil and Political Establishments, including contingent Expenses	811,487	1,158,954	1,429,099	2,018,205
Judicial Establishment	918,322	895,663	1,084,151	1,428,777
Provincial Police	223,770	272,547	217,968	283,440
Total Charges, exclusive of Interest on Debt and Allowances paid under Treaties.....	11,076,624	11,267,470	11,385,616	11,663,638
Allowances and Assignments payable out of the Revenues in accordance with Treaties or other Engagements.	1,296,535	1,208,751	1,473,916	1,596,377

	1834—35	1839—40	1840—41	1841—42
	£	£	£	£
Principal Charges defrayed in England:—				
Dividends to Proprietors of India Stock	636,826	626,477	631,645	632,545
Interest on Home Bond Debt	92,858	51,528	51,383	61,373
Furlough and Retired Pay to Officers	521,316	488,701	502,053	535,608
Payments on account of Her Majesty's Troops in India...	120,000	220,000	300,300	400,000
Retiring Pay to ditto .	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000
Total Charges defrayed in England	2,162,868	2,578,966	2,625,776	2,848,613

EXTENT AND POPULATION OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

	Extent in Square Miles.	Population.
England and Wales	57,812	26,870,143 (see below.)
Scotland	32,107	
Ireland	31,874	
Islands in the British Seas	332	
Total of the United Kingdom	122,185	
Colonies and Dependencies in Europe, including the Ionian Islands under British protection	1,222	130,870,954 (see Colonies.)
Ditto in North America	439,493	
Ditto in West Indies*	127,552	
Ditto in Asia	24,664	
Ditto in Africa	200,783	
Ditto in Australia	58,305	
Possessions and Dependencies of the East Indin Company (see India)	1,180,080	
Totals of the British Empire	2,154,314	157,741,097

PROGRESS OF POPULATION IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

	1801.	Increase per cent.	1811.	Increase per cent.	1821.	Increase per cent.	1831.	Increase per cent.	1841.
England	8,331,434	14½	9,538,827	17½	11,261,437	16	13,091,005	14·5	14,995,503
Wales	541,546	13	611,788	17	717,438	12	806,182	13	911,321
Persons ascertained to have been travelling by Railways and Canals during the night of June 6, 1841	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	4,896
England and Wales	8,872,980	14	10,150,615	17	11,978,875	16	13,897,187	14·5	15,911,725
Scotland	1,599,068	14	1,813,698	16	2,093,456	13	2,365,114	11·1	2,628,937
Islands in the British Seas	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	89,508	15·8	103,710	19·6	124,079
Great Britain	10,472,048	14·2	11,964,303	17·6	14,161,839	*15·5	16,366,011	14	18,664,761
Ireland	not taken at these periods			.. ..	6,801,827	.. ..	7,734,365	.. ..	8,205,382
Totals of the United Kingdom	.. ..				20,963,666		24,100,376		26,870,143

* This Return includes only such part of the Army, Navy, and Merchant Seamen as were, at the time of the Census, within the Kingdom on shore.

RANK.

THE PEERAGE OF THE THREE KINGDOMS.

	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.
Blood Royal	3	—	—
Archbishops	2	—	2
Dukes	21	7	1
Marquises	20	4	14
Earls	116	42	73
Viscounts	20	6	45
Bishops	24	—	14
Barons	218	23	71
Peeresses in their own right or by creation	11	1	1
Baronets	707	139	86

The Order of the Garter.

The Sovereign and forty-one Members.

The Order of the Thistle.

The Sovereign and seventeen Members.

The Order of St. Patrick.

The Sovereign and nineteen Members.

The Order of the Bath.

The Sovereign.
90 Knights Grand Crosses.
12 Honorary Knights Grand Crosses.
144 Knights Commanders.
10 Honorary Knights Commanders.
2 Officers of the second and third Class.

258 Members.

The Privy Council.

136 Members of the House of Peers.
79 Not Members.

215

Capitalists, Bankers, Professional and other educated Men 275,904

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

Taken from the Church Commissioners' Report, dated June 16th, 1835.

DIGNITARIES AND MINISTERS OF THE CHURCH.

2 Archbishops.
25 Bishops (all of whom, except Sodor and Man, are Peers).
29 Deans.
58 Archdeacons.
355 Prebends.
291 Canons.
10,718 Incumbents. Parliamentary Return of 1838, No. 401, makes the number 10,742.
4,813 Curates.

In many instances several of these dignities are held by the same individual.

ANNUAL INCOME.

	Gross.	Net.	Average.
	£.	£.	£.
Archbishops and Bishops	181,631	160,292	5,936
Cathedral and Collegiate Churches	284,241	208,239	—
Dignitaries of the same	75,854	66,465	—
10,718 benefices	3,251,159	3,055,451	285
£..	3,792,885	3,490,497	

THE CHURCH OF IRELAND.

Taken from the Reports of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the state of Church Revenues in Ireland, dated March 1, 1833; April 15, 1834; January 20, 1836; and June 15, 1837.

DIGNITARIES AND MINISTERS OF THE CHURCH.

Archbishops	2
Bishops	14
Dignitaries	139
Prebends	178
Canons	9
Incumbents	1,395
Curates	833

ANNUAL INCOME.

	Gross.	Net.	Average.
	£. s. d.	£ s. d.	
Archbishops and Bishops	151,127 12 4¼	128,808 8 3¼	7,505
Deans and Chapters..	99,348 7 0	85,635 2 11¾	—
1395 Benefices	610,653 8 4¾	520,062 15 6¼	372
£..	854,129 7 9	734,506 6 10¼	

THE DISSENTERS.

Number of Dissenting Places of Worship in England and Wales (taken from the Congregational Magazine of 1836 and 1838, and the Catholic Directory of 1838.)

PLACES.	Roman Catholics.	Presbyterians.	Independents.	Baptists.	Methodists.			Quakers.	Missionary Stations.
					Wesleyans.	Calvinistic.	Others.		
Bedfordshire	1	0	9	26	35	0	1	4	—
Berkshire	6	1	17	17	34	7	0	6	—
Buckinghamshire	1	0	22	16	25	1	0	8	33
Cambridgeshire	1	1	12	32	29	1	1	3	—
Cheshire	8	4	31	7	48	8	30	6	—
Cornwall	2	2	31	16	219	3	39	10	—
Cumberland	6	0	18	1	32	1	11	22	38
Derbyshire	7	3	39	21	84	3	22	5	—
Devonshire	8	5	63	44	93	5	18	6	23
Dorsetshire	8	4	29	7	21	0	22	5	37
Durham	15	17	14	10	72	0	23	7	37
Essex	7	1	68	34	35	1	1	20	—
Gloucestershire	7	1	31	38	51	11	7	13	—
Hampshire	13	4	48	37	26	6	0	5	—
Herefordshire	4	0	11	14	16	1	0	4	15
Hertfordshire	1	1	25	16	2	4	0	12	—
Huntingdonshire	0	0	9	13	8	1	0	8	—
Kent	8	7	53	39	90	15	0	9	47
Lancashire	87	21	100	40	151	9	80	25	66
Leicestershire	10	3	29	33	63	0	13	4	—
Lincolnshire	11	3	19	35	211	2	24	9	—
Middlesex	20	12	103	65	59	22	7	12	—
Monmouthshire	7	0	37	36	10	0	0	3	—
Norfolk	8	4	31	40	74	1	24	13	8
Northamptonshire	5	1	36	41	61	0	7	7	8
Northumberland	18	30	10	4	29	0	22	4	—
Nottinghamshire	3	12	19	17	77	0	41	3	—
Oxfordshire	7	0	17	14	43	0	2	10	6
Rutlandshire	0	0	4	2	7	0	0	1	—
Shropshire	8	1	32	17	31	1	18	3	54
Somersetshire	8	4	68	48	94	6	20	17	12
Staffordshire	28	0	32	19	82	0	41	6	5
Suffolk	5	2	35	39	40	1	0	10	—
Surrey	6	1	31	16	0	4	1	10	29
Sussex	6	7	41	12	20	6	0	5	—
Warwickshire	15	5	39	29	18	2	2	12	15
Westmoreland	2	1	9	1	13	0	1	11	—
Wiltshire	3	1	51	37	37	1	0	3	5
Worcestershire	11	3	10	21	24	3	21	7	—
Yorkshire	53	9	170	63	532	1	147	64	10
North and South Wales	6	14	374	159	214	607	15	9	—
	430	197	1,840	1,201	2,818	734	666	396	453

Total - - - - - 8,735

PART V.

CONTENTS.

GOVERNMENT ORDINANCES.
ACTS OF PARLIAMENT AND ORDERS IN COUNCIL.
DIVISION OF DISTRICTS.

1837.—Ordinance No. 5.

An Ordinance to amend the Laws relating to the Ports and Customs.

Preamble. Whereas it is expedient to repeal the several Regulations now in force relating to the General Regulation and Management of the Ports and Customs and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

Former Regulations repealed. 1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that from and after the Eleventh Day of October One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty Seven the Regulation No. 9 of 1825 entitled "For repealing all former Laws relating to the Collection of Customs, and enacting new Laws, Rules and Tables for collecting the same, and for the Export or Import of Goods, and Landing and Shipping the same, and for granting certain Drawbacks and also allowing the Warehousing of certain Goods for re-exportation and also for preventing the introduciton of any pestilential or contagious disease into this Island," the Regulation No. 2 of 1826 entitled "For defining the application of the provisions of the Regulation No. 9 of 1825 relating to the registering of Vessels and the granting of Certificates of Registry, and for amending and altering certain other provisions of the said Regulation with reference to the Act of Parliament intituled an Act "For the Registering of British Vessels," the Regulation No. 1 of 1828 entitled "For the protection and encouragement of the growth of Tobacco in this Island," the Regulation No. 4 of 1830 entitled "For diminishing the duties on certain articles of Export, for permitting the import of Military Clothing duty free, and for empowering the Governor to assign to informers a share of penalties levied under the Regulation No. 9 of 1825, and the Ordinance No. 7 of 1836 entitled "For establishing a new Tariff of Duties on Goods exported and imported" shall be and the same are hereby repealed, except in so far as respects any Offences already committed or any Fines, Penalties, Dues, Forfeitures or Liabilities incurred thereunder, or the Repeal of any previous Regulations thereby.

Duties payable on Goods. *2. And it is further enacted, that from and after the said Eleventh Day of October One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty Seven there shall be collected on all Goods imported into or exported from this Island the several Duties of Customs, and there shall be allowed the several Drawbacks, as the same are respectively inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the Tables marked A. and B. to this Ordinance annexed.

And Drawbacks allowed.

3. *Repealed by Ordinances No. 8 of 1840, and 7 of 1843.*

Port Dues. 4. And it is further enacted, that upon all Ships and Vessels anchoring in any Port of this Island, save and except Chartered Transports and Vessels belonging to this Government, Port Dues shall be levied at the rate of Four

* See Ordinance No. 6 of 1812.

Pence per Ton of the registered Tonnage of such Vessel. Provided always, that such Dues shall not be payable, unless such Ship or Vessel shall have remained at Anchor for Eight Days or unless such Ship or Vessel shall have discharged any Goods, or taken any Goods on board, when the Quantity of Goods landed or shipped shall exceed One Ton for every Hundred Tons registered of such Vessel, the Baggage of Passengers excepted.

Composition for Dues.

5. And it is further enacted, that any Vessel employed for the Conveyance of Goods or Passengers between one Port and another of this Island only, shall be allowed to compound for Port Dues for Twelve Months at the Rate of One Shilling per Ton of the Registered Tonnage, and on payment thereof the Collector and Controller of Customs shall grant a Certificate which shall exempt such Vessel, while so employed, from any further Demand for Port Dues during the Period above stated; and no Vessel making a Coasting Voyage shall be liable to pay Port Dues within Thirty Days from the Date of the last Payment thereof.

Coasting Vessel not again liable within 30 Days.

Pilotage.

6. And it is further enacted, that the Rates of Pilotage into the several Ports of Colombo, Trincomalie and Galle, payable to the Master Attendant for the Use of the Pilots employed in the Pilotage of such Vessels, shall be those specified in the Table C. to this Ordinance annexed.

Ballast not to be thrown overboard in Port

7. And it is further enacted, that if any Master of a Vessel, or in the absence of such Master the Mate or other Person in principal Charge of a Vessel, shall throw or cause or permit to be thrown overboard from such Vessel, being in any Port of this Island, any Ballast or Rubbish whatever, such Master, Mate or other Person in charge shall be liable to a Fine not exceeding Ten Pounds.

INWARDS.

No Goods to be landed nor Bulk broken before Report and Entry.

8. And whereas it is expedient that the Officers of Customs should have full Cognizance of all Ships coming into any Port in this Island, or approaching the Coasts thereof, and of all Goods on board, or which may have been on board such Ships, and also of all Goods unladen from any Ship in any Port or Place in this Island; It is therefore enacted, that no Goods shall be unladen from any Ship arriving from Parts beyond the Seas at any Port or Place in this Island, nor shall Bulk be broken after the Arrival of such Ship within one League of the Coasts thereof respectively, before due Report of such Ship and due Entry of such Goods shall have been made, and Warrant granted, in manner hereinafter directed; and that no Goods shall be so unladen except at such Times and Places, and in such Manner and by such Persons, and under the care of such Officers, as is and are hereinafter directed; and that all Goods not duly reported, or which shall be unladen contrary hereto, shall be forfeited; and if Bulk be broken contrary hereto the Master of such Ship shall forfeit the sum of One hundred Pounds; and if, after the Arrival of any Ship within one League of the Coasts of this Island, any alteration be made in the

Penalty.

INWARDS.

stowage of the Cargo of such Ship, so as to facilitate the unlading of any Part of such Cargo, or if any Part be staved, destroyed, or thrown overboard, or any Package be opened, such Ship shall be deemed to have broken Bulk. Provided always, that Coin or Bullion may be landed without Report and previous to Entry or Warrant.

Except Coin and Bullion.

Report to be made within twenty-four Hours of Arrival of Ship.

9. And it is further enacted that the Master of every Ship arriving from Parts beyond the Seas at any Port in this Island whether laden or in ballast, shall within Twenty-four Hours after such arrival, and before Bulk be broken, make due Report of such Ship, and shall make and subscribe a Declaration to the Truth of the same, before the Collector or Controller of such Port; and such Report shall contain an Account of the particular Marks, Numbers and Contents of all the different Packages or Parcels of the Goods on board such Ship, and the Particulars of such Goods as are stowed loose, to the best of his knowledge, and of the Place or Places where such Goods were respectively taken on board, and of the Burthen of such Ship, and of the Country where such Ship was built, or, if British, of the Port of Registry, and of the Country of the People to whom such Ship belongs, and of the Name and Country of the Person who was Master during the Voyage, and of the Number of the People by whom such Ship was navigated, stating how many are subjects of the Country to which such Ship belongs, and how many are of some other Country; and in such Report it shall be further declared, whether and in what cases such Ship has broken Bulk in the Course of her Voyage; and if any Goods be unladen from any Ship before such Report be made, or if the Master fail to make such Report, or make an untrue Report, he shall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds; and if any Goods be not reported, such Goods shall be forfeited

Particulars of Report.

Penalty.

Master to deliver Manifest.

10. And it is further enacted, that the Master of every Ship shall, at the time of making such Report, deliver to the Collector or Controller the Manifest of the Cargo of such Ship, where a Manifest is required and, if required by the Collector or Controller, shall produce to him any Bill or Bills Lading, or a true Copy thereof, for any and every Part of the Cargo laden on board; and shall answer all such Questions relating to the Ship and Cargo and Crew and Voyage, as shall be put to him by such Collector or Controller; and in case of Failure or Refusal to produce such Manifest, or to answer such Questions, or to answer them truly, or to produce such Bill of Lading or Copy, or if such Manifest, or Bill of Lading, or Copy shall be false, or if any Bill of Lading be altered by any Master, and the Goods expressed thereing shall not have been *bond-fide* shipped on board such Ship, or if any Bill of Lading uttered or produced by any Master shall not have been signed by him, or any such Copy shall not have been received or made by him previously to his leaving the Place where the Goods expressed in such Bill of

And Bill of Lading or Copy.

And answer questions.

INWARDS.
Or forfeit £100.

Lading or Copy were shipped, then and in every such case such Master shall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds.

Officers to board Ships.

11. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the proper Officers of the Customs to board any Ship arriving at any Port in this Island, and freely to stay on board until all the Goods laden therein shall have been duly delivered from the same; and such Officers shall have free access to every Part of the Ship, with Power to fasten down Hatchways, and to mark any Goods before landing, and to lock up, seal, mark or otherwise secure any Goods on board such Ship; and

And secure Goods.

of any Place, or any Box or Chest, be locked, and the Keys be withheld, such Officers, if they be of a degree superior to Tidesmen, may open any such Place, Box or Chest in the best Manner in their Power; and if they be Tidesmen or only of that Degree, they shall send for their superior Officer, who may open or cause to be opened any such Place, Box or Chest in the best Manner in his Power; and if any Goods be found concealed on bord any such Ship, they shall be forfeited; and if the Officers shall place any Lock, Mark or Seal upon any Goods on board, and such Lock, Mark or Seal shall be wilfully opened, altered or broken before due Delivery of such Goods, or if any such Goods, be secretly conveyed away, or if the Hatchways, after having been fastened down by the Officer, be opened, the Master of such Ship shall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds.

Goods Concealed forfeited.

Penalty on secret removal of such Goods, etc.

Importer to deliver Bill of Entry of Goods.

12. And it is further enacted, that the Person entering any Goods Inwards (whether for Payment of Duty, or to be warehoused for Exportation, or whether such Goods be free of Duty) shall deliver to the Collector or Controller a Bill of the Entry of such Goods, fairly written in Words at Length, expressing the Name of the Ship, and of the Master of the Ship in which the Goods were imported, and of the Place from whence they were brought, and the Description and Situation of the Warehouse if they are to be warehoused, and the Name of the Person in whose Name the Goods are to be entered, and the Quantity and Description of the Goods, and the Number and Denomination or Description of the respective Packages containing the Goods, and in the Margin of such Bill shall delineate the respective Marks and Numbers of such Packages, and shall pay down any Duties which may be payable upon the Goods mentioned in such Entry; and such Person shall also deliver at the same Time Two or more Duplicates, as the case may require, of such Bill, in which all Sums and Numbers may be expressed in Figures; and the Particulars to be contained in such Bill shall be written and arranged in such Form and Manner, and the Number of such Duplicates shall be such as the Collector and Controller shall require; and such Bill being duly signed by the Collector and Controller, and transmitted

Duplicates.

INWARDS. to the Landing Waiter, shall be the Warrant to him for the Landing or Delivery of such Goods.

Entry to agree with Manifest, etc. 13. And it is further enacted, that no Entry nor any Warrant for the landing of any Goods, or for the taking of any Goods out of any Warehouse, shall be deemed valid, unless the Particulars of the Goods and Packages in such Entry shall correspond with the Particulars of the Goods and Packages purporting to be the same, in the Report of the Ship, and in the Manifest, where a Manifest is required, and in the Certificate or other Document, where any is required, by which the Importation or Entry of such Goods is authorised, nor unless the Goods shall have been properly described in such Entry by the Denominations and with the Characters and Circumstances according to which such Goods are charged with Duty or may be imported, either to be used in the Island, or to be warehoused for Exportation only; and any Goods taken or delivered out of any Ship, or out of any Warehouse, or for the Delivery of which, or for any Order for the Delivery of which, from any Warehouse, Demand shall have been made, not having been duly entered, shall be forfeited.

Goods not duly entered forfeited.

14. *Repealed by Ordinance No. 8, of* 1840.

Goods undervalued to be detained 15. And it is further enacted, that if upon Examination it shall appear to the Officers of the Customs that such Goods are not valued according to the true Value thereof, it shall be lawful for such Officers to detain and secure such Goods, and *(within Four Days from the Date of such Declaration being made) take such Goods for the Use of the Crown; and the Collector and Controller shall thereupon cause the Amount of such Valuation, together with an Addition of Ten Pounds *per Centum* thereon, and also the Duties paid upon such Entry, to be paid to the Importer or Proprietor of such Goods in full Satisfaction for the same, and shall dispose of such Goods for the Benefit of the Crown; and if the Produce of such Sale shall exceed the Sums so paid and all Charges incurred by the Crown, one Moiety of the Overplus shall be given to the Officer or Officers who find detained and taken the Goods; and the Money retained for the Benefit of the Crown shall be paid into the Hands of the Collector of the Customs, with the knowledge of the Controller, and carried to Account as Duties of Customs.

And sold for the benefit of the Crown.

Bill of Sight if Goods not known. 16. And it is further enacted, that if the Importer of any Goods, or his Agent after full Conference with him, shall declare before the Collector or Controller that he cannot for Want of full Information make a full or perfect Entry of such Goods, and shall make and subscribe a Declaration to the Truth thereof, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller to receive an Entry by Bill of Sight for the Packages or Parcels of such Goods by the best Description which can be given, and to grant a Warrant thereupon, in order that the same may be provisionally landed, and may be seen and examined by such Importer, in Presence of the proper Officers; and within Three Days after any

* By the 6th Clause of the Ordinance No. 8 of 1840 it is provided, that Goods shall be taken four days after landing and examination.

INWARDS.

Perfect Entry to be made within three days.

Goods shall have been so landed, the Importer shall make a full or perfect Entry thereof, and shall either pay down all Duties which shall be due and payable upon such Goods, or shall duly warehouse the same, and in default of such Entry such Goods shall be taken to the King's Warehouse; and if the Importer shall not within One Month after such landing make perfect Entry of such Goods and pay the Duties due thereon, together with the Charges of Removal and Warehouse Rent, such Goods shall be sold for the Payment thereof, and the Overplus, if any, shall be paid to the Proprietor of the Goods.

Cotton Cloths, not British, to be Stamped.

17. And it is further enacted, that all Cotton Cloths, not being of the Manufacture of Great Britain, shall previous to their being passed through the Custom House, be there marked and stamped at one end of every Piece with such Mark or Stamp as the Governor may from time to time order or appoint to be made and used for that Purpose, and any Cotton Cloths as aforesaid, which may be found in any House or Place within this Island, except by the written Permission of the proper Officer of Customs, without being marked or stamped at one End of every entire Piece, shall be liable to be seized and forfeited, and after Condemnation shall be publicly sold to the highest Bidder. And it shall be lawful for the Governor, by any Proclamation to be by him issued and published in the Gazette, to make and appoint such other Regulations for the properly stamping or marking of any other Goods, as may be deemed expedient for more effectually securing the Duties thereon; and any Goods which may be required to be stamped or marked under any such Proclamation as aforesaid, which may be found in any House or Place within this Island, not being stamped or marked as aforesaid, except by the written Permission of the proper Officer of Customs, shall be liable to be forfeited and sold, and the Proceeds thereof shall be disposed of in like Manner as is hereby directed in respect to Cotton Cloths.

Or forfeited.

Other Goods may be stamped by order of Governor.

Abatement of Duties on Goods damaged during voyage.

18. And it is further enacted, that if any Goods which are rated to pay Duty according to the Number, Measure or Weight thereof shall receive Damage during the Voyage, an Abatement of such Duties shall be allowed in proportion to the Damage so received: provided Proof be made to the satisfaction of the Collector and Controller of Customs or of any Officer of Customs acting therein under their Directions, that such Damage was received after the Goods were shipped; and provided Claim to such Abatement of Duties be made at the Time of the first Examination of such Goods.

Proportion of Damage how to be ascertained.

19. And it is further enacted, that the Officers of the Customs shall thereupon examine such Goods with reference to such Damage, and may state the Proportion of Damage which, in their opinion, such Goods have so received, and may make a proportionate Abatement of Duties; but if the Officers be incompetent to estimate such Damage, or if the Importer be not satisfied with

ISWARNS. the Abatement made by them, the Collector or Controller shall choose two indifferent Merchants experienced in the Nature and Value of such Goods, who shall examine the same, and shall make and subscribe a Declaration, stating in what Proportion, according to their judgment, such Goods are lessened in their Value by reason of such Damage; and thereupon the Officers of Customs may make an Abatement of the Duties according to the Proportion of Damage so declared by such Merchants.

Surplus Stores subject as Goods.

20. And it is further enacted, that the surplus Stores of every Ship arriving from Parts beyond the Seas in this Island shall be subject to the same Duties, and the same Prohibitions, Restrictions and Regulations, as the like Sorts of Goods shall be subject to when imported by way of Merchandize; but if it shall appear to the Collector and Controller that the Quantity or Description of such Stores is not excessive or unsuitable, under all the Circumstances of the Voyage, it shall be lawful for them to permit such surplus Stores to be entered for the private Use of the Master, Purser, or Owner of such Ship or of any Passenger of such Ship to whom any such surplus Stores may belong on Payment of the proper Duties, or to be warehoused for the future Use of such Ship, although the same could not be legally imported by way of Merchandize.

May be entered for use of Master, etc. or warehoused.

Certificate of Goods of British Possession.

21. And it is further enacted, that no Goods shall be entered as being of or from any British Possession (if any Benefit attach to such Distinction) unless the Master of the Ship importing the same shall have delivered to the Collector or Controller a Certificate under the Hand of the proper Officer of the Place where such Goods were taken on board, of the due Clearance of such Ship from thence containing an Account of such Goods.

Searcher to examine Goods.

22. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Searcher to open all Packages, and fully to examine all Goods unshipped or landed at any Place in this Island, and if any Goods so examined shall be found to correspond in all Respects with the Bill of Entry for the same, such Goods shall be re-packed at the Charge of such Searcher, who may be allowed such Charge by the Governor if he shall see fit so to do. Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Officer of Customs to count, weigh, measure or gauge all Goods imported, when the same shall be necessary to ascertain the Amount of Duty payable thereon; and the unshipping, carrying and landing of all such Goods, and the bringing of the same to the proper Place after landing for Examination or for weighing, and the putting of the same into the Scales, and the taking of the same out of and from the Scales after weighing, shall be performed by or at the expence of the importer.

Goods to be unshipped etc. at expence of Importer

Baggage accompanying Owner free.

23. And it is further enacted, that all wearing Apparel and personal Baggage of whatever

INWARDS. Description. accompanying the Owner shall be admitted to Importation Duty free, except such Portion thereof as shall on Examination appear to the Collector or Controller of Customs to be imported for the Purpose of Sale.

Public property free. 24. And it is further enacted, that all Articles consigned to any Officer of a Public Department in Ceylon, and being the Property of the Crown, are to be passed Duty free, on the public Officer to whom they are consigned delivering to the Collector of Customs a List of the Articles, and certifying at the foot thereof that they are bona fide public Property.

Prohibitions and Restrictions. 25. And it is further enacted, that the several sorts of Goods enumerated or described in the Table following, denominated "A Table of Prohibitions and Restrictions Inwards", shall either be absolutely prohibited to be imported into this Island or shall be imported only under the Restrictions mentioned in such Table, according as the several Sorts of such Goods are respectively set forth therein; (that is to say)

* A TABLE OF PROHIBITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS INWARDS.

A List of Goods absolutely prohibited to be imported.

Arms, Ammunition, and Utensils of War, by way of Merchandize, except by Licence from His Majesty for furnishing His Majesty's public Stores only or under special Authority of the Governor.

Cinnamon, Cinnamon Oil, Cassia, or Cassia Buds.

Coin; viz.

False Money, or Counterfeit Sterling.

Silver, of the Realm, or any Money purporting to be such not being of the established Standard in Weight or Fineness.

Gunpowder, except by Licence from His Majesty, such Licence to be granted for the furnishing His Majesty's Stores, or under special Authority of the Governor.

Forfeiture And if any Goods shall be imported into this Island contrary to any of the Prohibitions or Restrictions mentioned in such Table in respect of such Goods, the same shall be forfeited.

OUTWARDS. 26. And whereas it is expedient that the Officers of Customs should have full Cognizance of all Ships departing from any Port or Place in this Island for Parts beyond the Seas, and of all Goods taken out of this Island; and it is therefore necessary to make Regulations for the entering and clearing outwards of all such Ships, and for the entering, clearing and shipping of all such Goods; It is therefore enacted, that no Goods shall be shipped, or waterborne to be shipped on board any Ship in any Port or Place in this Island to be carried to Parts beyond the Seas, before due Entry outwards of such Ship and due Entry of such Goods shall have been made, and Warrant granted, nor before such Goods shall have been duly cleared for Shipment in manner hereinafter directed.

Ship to be entered and Goods cleared before shipment.

* See Ordinances No. 8 and No. 9 of 1840 and No. 3 of 1841.

OUTWARDS.

Victualling Bill for Stores.

27. And it is further enacted, that the Master of every Ship which is to depart from any Port in this Island for Parts beyond the Seas, shall upon due application made by him, receive a Victualling Bill for the shipment of such Stores as he shall require and as shall be allowed by the Collector or Controller, for the Use of such Ship, according to the Voyage upon which she is about to depart; and that no Articles taken on board any Ship shall be deemed to be Stores except such as shall be borne upon the Victualling Bill for the same.

Bill of Entry.

28. And it is further enacted, that the Person entering Outwards any Goods to be exported to Parts beyond the Seas from any Port in this Island, shall deliver to the Collector or Controller a Bill of the Entry thereof, fairly written in words at length, expressing the Name of the Ship and of the Master, and of the Place to which the Goods are to be exported, and of the Person in whose Name the Goods are to be entered, and the Quantities and proper denominations or descriptions of the several Sorts of the Goods, and shall pay down any duties which may be due upon the exportation of any such Goods; and such Person shall also deliver at the same Time one or more duplicates of such Bill, in which all Sums and Numbers may be expressed in Figures; and the Particulars to be contained in such Bill shall be written and arranged in such Form and Manner, and the Number of Duplicates shall be such, as the Collector and Controller shall require; and thereupon the Collector and Controller shall grant a Warrant for the Shipment of such Goods.

Duplicates.

Warrant.

Goods for Drawback.

Duty Goods.

*29. And it is further enacted, that if any Drawback be allowable upon the Exportation of any such Goods, or any Duty be payable thereon, or any exemption from Duty claimed, or if any such Goods be exportable only according to some particular Rule or Regulation, or under some restriction or Condition, or for some particular purpose or destination, such Goods shall be entered and cleared for shipment by such denominations or descriptions as are used, mentioned or referred to in the granting of such Drawback, or in the levying of such Duty or granting such Exemption, or in the directing of such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, Purpose or Destination; and if the Goods in such Entry are charged to pay duty according to the Value thereof, such Value shall be stated in the Entry and shall be affirmed by the Declaration of the Exporter or his known Agent, to be made upon the Entry, and attested by his Signature; and if any Person shall make such Declaration, not being the Exporter of such Goods, nor his Agent duly authorized by him, such

Goods under Restriction.

Ad valorum Goods.

Declaration of value.

* See Ordinance No. 6 of 1842.

OUTWARDS. Person shall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds; and such Declaration shall be in manner and form following, and shall be binding upon the Person making the same; (that is to say.)

I A. B. *(place of abode)* do hereby declare, that I am the Exporter of the Goods mentioned in this Entry, *(or,* that I am duly authorized by him.) and I do enter the same at the value of

Witness my hand the day of

A. B.

Goods undervalued to be detained and sold for the benefit of the Crown.

30. And it is further enacted, that if upon Examination it shall appear to the Officers of the Customs that such Goods are not valued according to the true value thereof, the same may be detained and (within Four Days) taken and disposed of for the benefit of the Crown in like manner as is herein before provided in respect of Goods imported except that no Sum in addition to the amount of the valuation and the Duties paid shall be paid to the Exporter or Proprietor of the Goods.

31.—*Repealed by Ordinance No. 6 of 1842.*

Goods not agreeing with Bill of Entry forfeited

*32. And it is further enacted, that if any Goods which are subject to any Duty or Restriction in respect of Exportation, or if any Goods which are to be shipped for any Drawback shall be brought to any Quay, Wharf, or other Place, to be shipped for Exportation, and such Goods shall not agree with the Bill of Entry, the same shall be forfeited; and if any Goods prohibited to be exported, be found in any Package brought as aforesaid, such Package and every thing contained therein shall be forfeited.

Prohibited Goods.

Searcher to examine Goods.

33. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Searcher to open all Packages, and fully to examine all Goods shipped or brought for Shipment at any Place in this Island; and if any Goods so examined shall be found to correspond in all respects with the Bill of Entry for the same, such Goods shall be repacked at the Charge of such Searcher, who may be allowed such Charge by the Governor if he shall see fit so to do.

Master to deliver Content.

34. And it is further enacted, that before any Ship shall be cleared Outwards at any Port in this Island for Parts beyond the Seas, with any Goods shipped on board the same in such Port, the Master shall deliver a Content of such Ship, setting forth the Name and Tonnage of such Ship, and the Place or Places of her Destination, and the Name of the Master, and also an Account of the Goods shipped on board, and of the Packages containing such Goods and of the Marks and Numbers upon such Packages, and a like Account of the Goods on board, if any, which had been reported Inwards for Exportation in such Ship, so far as any of such Particulars can be known by him; and the Master of the Ship shall make and sign a Declaration

* See Ordinance No. 6 of 1842.

OUTWARDS.
And answer Questions.

before the Collector or Controller to the Truth of such Content and shall also answer to the Collector or Controller such Questions concerning the Ship, the Cargo and the intended Voyage, as shall be demanded of him; and thereupon the Collector or Controller or other proper Officer, if such Ship be laden,

Certificate of Clearance.

shall make out and give to the Master a Certificate of the Clearance of such Ship for her intended Voyage, containing an Account of the total Quantities of the several Sorts of Goods laden therein, or a Certificate of her Clearance in Ballast, as the Case may be; and if the Ship shall depart without such Clearance, or if the Master shall deliver a false Content, he shall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds.

Officers may board Vessels after Clearance.

35. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Officers of the Customs to go on Board any Ship after Clearance Outwards, within the Limits of any Port in this Island or within Two Leagues of the Coast thereof, and to demand the Certificate of Clearance and the Victualling Bill, and if there be any Goods or Stores on Board not contained in the Certificate of Clearance nor in the Victualling Bill, such Goods or Stores shall be forfeited.

36. *Repealed by Ordinance No. 6, of 1842.*
37. *ditto* *ditto*
38. *ditto* *ditto*
39. *ditto* *ditto*
40. *ditto* *ditto*
41. *Repealed by Ordinance No. 8, of 1840.*
42. *ditto* *ditto*
43. *ditto* *ditto*
44. *ditto* *ditto*
45. *ditto* *ditto*

No Goods to be imported or exported in Vessels of less than 15 Tons.

46. And it is further enacted, that no Goods shall be imported into or exported from this Island, from or to Parts beyond the Seas, in any Vessel or Boat of less Burthen than Fifteen Tons on pain of Forfeiture of all such Goods. Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, by any Proclamation to be by him issued and published in the Gazette for that purpose, to allow any Vessels or Boats under Fifteen Tons Burthen to import or export any Goods from or to Parts beyond the Seas, at such Ports or Places and during such Periods or Times, and in such Manner as may be deemed expedient, upon any Pearl Fishery or other occasion appearing to require the same.

Unless by Proclamation by Governor.

REGULATIONS COASTWISE.
Officers of Customs to have Cognizance of Ships and Goods Coastwise.

47. And it is further enacted, that Ships conveying Goods Coastwise, and all Goods imported or exported Coastwise, shall be liable to the like Cognizance of the Customs and be subject to the same Prohibitions, Restrictions and Regulations as Goods imported from or exported

REGULATIONS COASTWISE.

to Parts beyond the Sea—Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Governor to make and appoint such other Regulations by any Proclamation to be by him issued and published in the Gazette, for the carrying Coastwise of any Goods, as to him shall appear expedient.

License for Boat under fifteen Tons burthen.

48. And it is further enacted, that all Vessels or Boats under fifteen Tons Burthen, wholly owned by British Subjects, shall be allowed to carry Goods Coastwise from one Part of the Island to another. Provided nevertheless, that such Vessel or Boat shall be licensed by the Collector of the District to which the said Vessel or Boat belongs; and every such License shall specify the Burthen of the said Boat, the name of the Owner and the Tindal thereof, and shall be in force for the Year in which the same may be granted; and any such Vessel or Boat carrying Goods Coastwise as aforesaid, without being duly licensed as required by this Clause, shall be liable to Forfeiture together with all the Goods so carried.

Collector to grant Permit for conveyance of Goods within his Province.

49. And whereas it is expedient to grant Facilities to the Navigation round the Coasts of this Island, for the purpose of collecting a Cargo for the Export of Vessels belonging to the same; It is therefore enacted, that all Boats, Dhonies or other Vessels belonging to any of the Ports of this Island and duly registered as British Vessels, or licensed in manner required in the preceding Clause, may by Permission in writing from any Collector of Customs, and having such written Permission on board, in the room of a Port Clearance, proceed to any part of the Coast situate within the Province in which such Collector is stationed, and there take in Goods of the Description in the said Permission to be mentioned, which Goods are to be brought to the Port of regular Entry and Clearance defined in this Ordinance from which the said Permit is granted, there to be inspected and regularly cleared for Exportation; and also by such written Permission and having the same on board, such Boats, Dhonies or other Vessels may convey from a Port of regular Entry Goods duly inspected and entered, the Description and Quantity being stated in such Permit, to such Part of the Coast, situate within the Province in which such Collector is stationed, as in the said Permit shall be mentioned.

Duty on Goods exported Coastwise to be repaid on Certificate.

50. And it is further enacted, that whenever Goods shall have been exported Coastwise from any one Port to any other Port of this Island the total Amount of Customs Duty paid on the Export thereof shall be repaid to the Shipper or his Agent, on production of a Certificate, signed by the Collector or Controller of Customs at the Place of relanding, (and which such Collector or Controller is hereby required to give without delay,) that such Goods have been relanded in the same Packages unopened; provided such Shipper or Agent shall on so exporting the same have entered such Goods to be carried Coastwise, and shall have specified the Place or Places of relanding; and provided such Certificate shall be produced within the Period of three Months from the Date of Exportation.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

Ships to use their own Boats.

Or licensed Boats.

51. And it is further enacted, that Ships and Vessels of all kinds, may, in landing or taking on board any Cargo or Goods either make use of their own Boats, or (excepting at the Ports of Colombo, Galle and Trincomalee) of any other Boats; and at the said excepted Ports, of such Boats as shall be Licensed for that purpose, by Licenses under the Hand of the Collector and Controller of Customs at such Port respectively, to be issued and recalled or taken away in case of any Misconduct by the Owner, Tindal or any of the Boatmen thereof, at the discretion of the Collector and Controller; and such Licenses shall be in force for such Period as may be expressed therein, unless previous to the Expiration thereof the same shall be recalled or taken away as aforesaid, and shall specify the Burthen of the said Boat, the Name of the Owner and the Tindal thereof, and the number of Seamen to be employed in the same, and shall be registered in the Offices of the Master Attendant at each Port respectively; and all Ships requiring Boats shall apply for the same at the said Offices.

License.

Restriction not to extend to Dhonies.

52. Provided always, that the Restriction of employing licensed Boats or the Boats belonging to the Vessel itself at the Ports aforesaid of Colombo, Trincomalee and Galle, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to any Dhony, but only to square-rigged Vessels, Sloops and Shooners.

Governor to fix rate of Boat Hire,

53. And it is further enacted, that the Charges for Boat Hire which may be demanded by Boats licensed to ship and land Goods in the Ports of Colombo, Galle and Trincomalee, shall be such as shall be fixed from time to time by the Governor of this Island and publicly notified by Advertisement; and the Tindal or the principal Person of any licensed Boat, who shall demand any higher Rate, shall, on Conviction before the District Court, be liable to a Fine of Two Pounds, and, in default of payment, to Imprisonment at hard Labour for One Calendar Month, unless the Fine be sooner paid.

Tindal demanding more.

54. And it is further enacted, that all Tindals and Boatmen of licensed Boats shall obey the lawful Orders of the Collector and Controller of Customs and of the Master Attendant, of the Port and the Officers of his Department; and no licensed Boat shall be absent from the Port without leave of the said Officers; and if the Tindal or principal Person of any licensed Boat, on any verbal or written Notice being given to him by the Master Attendant of the Port or any Officer of his Department ordering such Boat to proceed on board any Ship or square-rigged Vessel, or to convey to the same any Cargo or Passenger, or to bring on shore any Cargo or Passenger, shall refuse to comply with such Order, not being manifestly prevented therefrom by Stress of Weather; or if he shall

If Boat absent.

Or Tindal disobey Order.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

when so required to proceed have fewer Seamen on board his Boat than the Number specified in his License, unless by Permission of the Collector or Controller of Customs, who may in such case at their discretion order a proportionate reduction of the charges payable for the Hire of such Boat, such Tindal or principal Person, shall upon proof of such refusal or deficiency before the District Court be liable to a fine not exceeding Ten Pounds, which Fine may be levied by seizure and sale of such Boat and of such Tindal's Property, and in default of his having sufficient Property, he may be committed to hard Labour for the Term of Three Months; and the License of such Boat may be revoked.

If Boatmen absent.

Penalty.

Goods removed in unlicensed Boat forfeited, with Boat.

55. And it is further enacted, that if any Goods be landed from, or shipped to any Ship or Vessel, anchoring or being at anchor in the Ports of Colombo, Galle and Trincomalee except in Boats licensed as above mentioned, or in Boats belonging to such Vessel, the said Goods and the unlicensed Boat in which they may have been landed or shipped shall, upon proof thereof before any Court having Jurisdiction under this Ordinance, be confiscated.

Note of contents of Boat.

56. And it is further enacted, that in landing the Cargoes of Vessels, the Masters or Supercargoes of which are Europeans, each separate Boatload shall be accompanied by a Note addressed to the Collector of Customs, specifying the Quantity, Nature and Quality (when necessary) of the Goods so sent, and the Marks and Numbers affixed to them. And in default of compliance with the said Provision, the said Master or Supercargo shall be liable to a Fine not exceeding Ten Pounds and to be imprisoned till the same is paid.

Power for Governor to appoint Ports and legal Quays.

57. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor, by any Proclamation to be issued by him for that Purpose, from Time to Time to appoint any Port, Haven or Creek in the Island of Ceylon, and to set out the Limits thereof, and to appoint the proper Places within the same to be legal Quays for the lading and unlading of Goods, and to declare that any Place that had been set out as a legal Quay by such authority shall be no longer a legal Quay for the luding or unlading of Goods: Provided always, that all Ports, Havens and Creeks, and the respective Limits thereof, and all legal Quays, appointed and set out and existing as such at the Commencement of this Ordinance under any Law till then in force, shall continue to be such Ports, Havens, Creeks, Limits and legal Quays respectively, as if the same had been appointed and set out under the authority of this Ordinance.

Collector and Controller to appoint Sufferance Wharfs.

58. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller of His Majesty's Customs, from Time to Time, by any Order under their Hands, to appoint Places to be Sufferance Wharfs, for the lading and unlading of Goods by Sufferance, to be duly issued by them, or by the proper Officers un-

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der their Directions, in such manner and in such cases as they shall see fit.

Times for landing and shipping.

59. And it is further enacted, that no Goods shall be unshipped or landed, or shall be put off from any Wharf, Quay or other Place, or shall be waterborne in order to be exported, but only on Days not being Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday, and before Six o'clock in the morning, or later than five o'clock in the afternoon, and in the Presence and with the authority of the proper Officer of the Customs. Provided always, that Coin, Bullion and personal Baggage to the extent of Two Trunks and Two Parcels, and no more, shall be permitted to pass at all convenient Hours, on being searched by any Officer of the Customs.

Transhipment of Goods.

60. And it is further enacted, that all Goods which shall be transhipped in Port without the previous Permission of the Collector or Controller of Customs, or which shall be shipped on board of any other Vessel than that for which they have been passed at the Custom House, shall be liable, as well as the Vessel on which they are shipped, to Confiscation, which Penalty may be reduced to treble the Amount of Duties at the Discretion of Government.

No Vessel to be hauled on Shore without permission.

61. And it is further enacted that no Vessel or Boat shall be hauled on Shore at any Wharf, Quay or Landing Place in this Island, for the Purpose of Repairs or otherwise, without Permission from the Collector or Controller of Customs and the Master Attendant; and no Boat shall remain alongside of any Wharf or Landing Place after the Owner or Person in Charge shall be directed to remove the same by the proper Officer of the Customs; and any Person hauling any Vessel or Boat on Shore without such Permission as aforesaid, and the Owner or Person in Charge of any Boat refusing or neglecting to remove the same when ordered as aforesaid, shall be liable to a Penalty of Five Pounds, and in default of Payment, to Imprisonment until such Fine be paid.

Boat to be removed from Wharf when directed.

Penalty.

No Timber etc. to be left on Wharf for more than Two Days.

62. And it is further enacted, that if any Timber or other bulky Articles be left on any Public Wharf or Landing Place in this Island for more than Two Days so as to interrupt or hinder the free Use thereof, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller of Customs after Twenty Four Hours Notice in writing given to the Owner thereof, to remove the same; and such Owner shall be liable to a Penalty of Five Pounds. And such Goods shall not be delivered up to the Owner thereof until after Payment of the said Penalty together with the Charges attending the removal of the same. And if such Goods shall not be claimed and removed within Six Days after Notice given as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller to sell the same by public Auction, and to deduct from the Proceeds the amount of such Penalty and all Charges which may have been incurred on account of such Goods, and the Surplus, if any, shall be paid to the Owner.

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Ballas. etc. to be removed to proper place within 24 Hours.

63. And it is further enacted, that if any Ballast or Rubbish landed from any Vessel on any Wharf, Quay or other Landing Place or in any Place prohibited by public Notice, be not removed within Twenty Four Hours after the same shall be landed to the Depositories appointed by the Collector and Controller and the Master Attendant, the Master or other Person landing the same shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Power to charge Rent in King's Warehouse.

64. And it is further enacted, that in all Cases where Goods imported (save and except such as are in Deposit) or Goods intended for Exportation are not removed from the Custom House within the Term of Seven Days, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector or Controller of Customs to charge and demand and receive Warehouse Rent for such Goods for all such Time as the same shall remain in such Warehouse, at such Rate as may from time to time be fixed by Government as Warehouse Rent payable for Goods lodged in any King's Warehouse; and no Goods upon which Warehouse Rent may be due shall be removed until the same be paid.

Power to sell Goods not cleared.

65. And it is further enacted, that if any Goods shall be left in any Custom House or King's Warehouse of this Island without Payment of Duty for a longer Period than Six Months, unless permitted to remain by this or any other Ordinance or by the special Permission of Government, such Goods shall be, after public Advertisement, sold by Auction to answer the Duties and Warehouse Rent due thereon, and any Surplus shall be repaid or reserved to be paid to the Owner, who shall have no further Claim touching the same: Provided, that if any such Goods shall happen to be of a perishable Nature, such Advertisement and Sale may take place at such earlier Period as may appear to Government on a Representation and Consideration of the Case necessary.

Goods warehoused to be at risk of Owner.

66. And it is further enacted, that if any Goods lodged in any Custom House or King's Warehouse of this Island shall be destroyed by Fire or stolen therefrom, the Owner thereof shall not have any Claim on the Crown to Compensation thereof, but shall in that case be exempted from Payment of any Duties thereon: Provided always, that any Officers employed in and about the Customs, who shall embezzle any Property lodged therein, belonging to an Individual, or by whose negligence such Property may be stolen therefrom, shall be liable to make good to the Party injured double the value thereof, upon the fact being proved before a competent Court, in an action to be brought within One Year from the Date at which such Embezzlement or Theft and Negligence is alledged to have taken place.

Penalty on Officer embezzling, etc.

Weights and Measures.

67. And it is further enacted, that all Duties and Drawbacks of Customs shall be paid and

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received in the several Descriptions of Money herein enumerated and at the Rates of Exchange specified viz. in British Gold or Silver Money or in such other description of Money and at such Rate of Exchange as may from Time to Time be established by Government, and according to the Standard Weights and Measures of this Island; and that in all cases where such Duties and Drawbacks are imposed and allowed according to any specific Quantity or any specific Value, the same shall be deemed to apply in the same Proportion to any greater or less Quantity or Value.

Bonds to be taken by Collector and Controller.

68. And it is further enacted, that all Bonds relating to the Customs required to be given in respect of Goods or Ships shall be taken by the Collector and Controller for the Use of His Majesty; and after the Expiration of Three Years from the date thereof, or from the Time, if any, limited therein for the Performance of the Condition thereof, every such Bond upon which no Prosecution or Suit shall have been commenced shall be void, and may be cancelled and destroyed.

When void.

No act invalidated by absence of Controller.

69. And it is further enacted, that every Act, Matter or Thing required by any Law at any time in force to be done or performed by, to or with the Collector and Controller of Customs, shall and may be done or performed at such Ports or Places where there is no Controller of Customs by, to or with the Collector or other principal Officer of Customs, and shall be as valid and effectual in Law as if the same had been done and performed by, to or with any Collector and Controller of Customs under any Law now in force or hereafter to be made.

Officer may be stationed in Ship within Limits of a Port.

70. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller of any Port in this Island to station Officers on board any Ship while within the Limits of such Port; and the Master of every Ship on board of which any Officer is so stationed shall provide every such Officer sufficient Room under the Deck, in some part of the Forecastle or Steerage, for his Bed or Hammock, and in case of neglect or Refusal so to do shall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds.

Officers may board Ships hovering on the Coasts.

71. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Officers of Customs to go on board any Ship or Vessel hovering within one League of the Coast of this Island, and to rummage and search all parts of such Ship for prohibited and uncustomed Goods, and freely to stay on board such Ship or Vessel, so long as she shall remain within such Distance; and if any such Ship shall be bound elsewhere, and shall continue so hovering for the space of Twenty four Hours after the Master shall have been required to depart, it shall be lawful for the Officer of the Customs to bring such Ship into Port, and to search and examine her Cargo, and to examine the Master touching the Cargo and Voyage; and if there be any Goods on board prohibited to be im-

And bring them into Port

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ported into this Island, such Ship or Vessel and her Cargo shall be forfeited; and if the Master shall not truly answer the Questions which shall be demanded of him on such Examination, he shall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds.

Writ of Assistance to search for and seize Goods

72. And it is further enacted, that under Authority of a Writ of Assistance granted by the Supreme Court or Court of Vice-Admiralty (which are hereby authorized and required to grant the Writ of Assistance upon Application made to them for that Purpose by the principal Officers of His Majesty's Customs), it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs, taking with him a Peace Officer, to enter any Building or other Place in the Daytime, and to search for and seize and secure any Goods liable to Forfeiture under this Act, and in Case of Necessity, to break open any Doors and any Chests or other Packages for that Purpose; and such Writ of Assistance, when issued, shall be deemed to be in force during the whole of the Reign in which the same shall have been granted, and for Twelve Months from the Conclusion of such Reign.

Obstruction or bribery of Officer.

73. And it is further enacted, and any Person shipping or landing any Goods, or receiving the same on board, or on shore, contrary to the Provisions of this Ordinance, or, in either situation, obstructing or molesting any Custom House Officer in the Execution of his Duty, or bribing or offering to bribe any such Officer, or knowingly assisting in any such Acts, shall on Conviction before the District Court be liable to a Fine not exceeding One Hundred Pounds and to be imprisoned for any Term not exceeding Six Months, according to the nature of the Misdemeanour; and the Goods so attempted to be shipped or landed shall be liable to Confiscation. And it is further enacted, that any Person who shall be convicted of giving or offering to any Person employed in the Collection of the Customs, directly or indirectly, any Present, Fee or Gratuity, shall be liable to a Fine not exceeding One Hundred Pounds and to be imprisoned till such Fine be paid; and that any

Penalty on Officer receiving Bribe.

such Person so employed in the Collection of the Customs, convicted of receiving any Bribe, Present, Fee or Gratuity, shall be punishable by Fine and Imprisonment, with or without hard Labour at the Discretion of the District Court, such Fine not exceeding One Hundred Pounds and such Imprisonment not exceeding Six Months.

Falsification of Stamp or Document,

74. And it is further enacted, that if any Person shall counterfeit or falsify, or wilfully use when counterfeited or falsified, any Stamp or Mark used in the Customs to denote that Goods have duly passed through the same and the Duty been charged thereon, or any Entry, Warrant, Cocket or Transire, or other Document for the unlading, lading, entering, exporting or clearing of any Ship or Vessel or for the landing or shipping of any Goods, Stores, Baggage or Article whatever, or shall by any false Statement procure any Writing or Document to be made for any of

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such Purposes, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds: Provided always, that this Penalty shall not attach to any particular Offence for which any other Penalty shall be expressly imposed by any Law in force for the Time being.

Penalty on false Declaration and Answer.

75. And it is further enacted, that if any Declaration required to be made by this Ordinance or by any other Ordinance relating to the Customs (except Declarations to the Value of Goods) be untrue in any Particular, or if any Person required by this Ordinance or by any other Ordinance relating to the Customs to answer Questions put to him by the Officers of the Customs touching certain Matters, shall not truly answer such Questions, the Person making such Declaration or answering such Questions shall, over and above any other Penalty to which he may become subject, forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds.

Seizures.

76. And it is further enacted, that all Goods and all Ships and Vessels, and Boats, which by this Ordinance or any other Ordinance at any Time in force relating to the Customs shall be declared to be forfeited, shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Customs; and such Forfeiture of any Ship, Vessel or Boat shall be deemed to include the Guns, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture of the same; and such Forfeiture of any Goods shall be deemed to include the proper Packages, in which the same are contained.

Ship to include Tackle, etc.

Forfeiture of Goods to include means of removal.

77. And it is further enacted, that all Vessels, Boats, Carriages and Cattle made use of in the Removal of any Goods liable to Forfeiture under this Act shall be forfeited.

Return of Duty overpaid.

78. And it is further enacted, that although any Duty of Customs shall have been overpaid, or although after any Duty of Customs shall have been charged and paid it shall appear or be judicially established that the same had been charged under an erroneous Construction of the Law, it shall not be lawful to return any such Overcharge after the Expiration of Three Years from the Date of such Payment.

Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures.

79. And it is further enacted, that all Penalties and Forfeitures which shall be incurred under this or any other Ordinance or under any Act of Parliament relating to the Customs shall and may be sued for and recovered in the respective Courts of this Island, in like manner as other Revenue Cases therein.

Averment of offence.

80. And it is further enacted, that in any Information or other Proceeding for any Offence against any Ordinance made or to be made relating to the Customs, the Averment that such Offence was committed within the Limits of any Port shall be sufficient, without Proof of such Limits, unless the contrary be proved.

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Proof of payment of Duties &c. to be on Owner.

81. And it is further enacted, that if any Goods shall be seized for Non-payment of Duties or any other Cause of Forfeiture, and any Dispute shall arise whether the Duties have been paid for the same, or the same have been lawfully imported, or lawfully laden or exported, the Proof thereof shall lie on the Owner or Claimer of such Goods, and not on the Officers who shall seize and stop the same.

Claim to thing seized to be entered in the name of Owner.

82. And it is further enacted, that no Claim to any Thing seized under this Act, and returned into any of His Majesty's Courts for Adjudication, shall be admitted, unless such Claim be entered in the Name of the Owner, with his Residence and Occupation, nor unless a Declaration to the Property in such Thing be made by the Owner, or by his Attorney or Agent by whom such Claim shall be entered to the best of his Knowledge and Belief; and every Person making a false Declaration thereto shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanour, and shall be liable to the Pains and Penalties to which Persons are liable for a Misdemeanour.

Disposal of forfeited property.

83. And it is further enacted, that all Ships, Boats, Goods and other Things which shall be seized as forfeited under this Ordinance or any Law relating to the Customs, shall be deemed and taken to be condemned, and may be dealt with in the manner directed by Law in respect to Vessels, Boats, Goods and other things seized and condemned for Breach of any such Laws, unless the Person from whom such Ships, Boats, Goods and other Things shall have been seized, or the Owner of them, or some Person authorized by Him, shall within one Calendar Month from the day of seizing the same, give Notice in writing to the Person or Persons seizing the same, or to the Collector, Controller or other chief Officer of Customs, at the nearest Port, that he claims the Ship, Boat, Goods or other things, or intends to claim them.

Claimant to give Security.

84. And it is further enacted, that no Person shall be admitted to enter a Claim to any Thing seized in pursuance of this Ordinance, until sufficient Security shall have been given in the Court where such Seizure is prosecuted, to answer and prosecute without delay such Claim; and in default of giving such Security, such Things shall be adjudged to be forfeited, and shall be condemned.

Restoration of property seized.

85. And it is further enacted, that in case any Goods, Ships, Vessels or Boats shall be seized as forfeited or detained as undervalued, under this or any other Ordinance relating to the Customs, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller of the Customs, with the Sanction of the Governor, to order the same to be restored in such Manner and on such Terms and Conditions as they shall think fit to direct; and if the Proprietor of the same shall accept the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Collector and Controller, he shall not have or maintain any Action for Recompence or Damage on account of such Seizure or Detention; and the Person making such

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Seizure shall not proceed in any Manner for Condemnation.

Remission of Forfeitures and Penalties.

86. And it is further enacted, that if any Ship shall have become liable to Forfeiture on account of any Goods laden therein or unladen therefrom, or if the Master of any Ship shall have become liable to any Penalty on account or any Goods laden in such Ship or unladen therefrom, and such Goods shall be small in Quantity or of trifling Value, and it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Collector and Controller of His Majesty's Customs that such Goods had been laden or unladen contrary to the Intention of the Owner of such Ship, or without the Privity of the Master thereof, as the case may be, it shall be lawful for the said Collector and Controller, having received the previous Sanction of Government, to remit such Forfeiture and also to remit or mitigate such Penalty, as they shall see Reason to acquit such Master of all Blame in respect of such Offence, or more or less to attribute the Commission of such Offence to Neglect of Duty on his Part as Master of such Ship; and every Forfeiture and every Penalty or Part thereof, so remitted, shall be null and void, and no Suit or Action shall be brought or maintained by any Person whatever on account thereof.

Informers share of penalties.

87. And it is further enacted, that of the Value of any Property confiscated under this Ordinance one-half shall be paid to any among any Person or Persons who shall give such Information as shall lead to the Discovery and Conviction of the Offence for which the said Property is confiscated; and that when where may be more than one Person entitled to share in this or any other Reward assigned under this Ordinance, the Court, which shall declare the Property confiscated or assess the Penalty or Fine, shall also apportion the Shares in the Reward. Provided always, that neither the Collector of Customs nor any Assistant Custom Master at the Port where the Offence may be committed shall be entitled to share in any Part of such Confiscation; and provided further, that it shall be fully competent to the Governor to remit the whole of such Confiscation, or any Part thereof, or the Whole or any Part of any Penalty or Forfeiture which may be incurred under the Enactments of this Ordinance, as he may consider Expedient on Representation of particular circumstances in any Case.

Definition of time of an Importation.

88. And it is further enacted, that if upon the first levying or repealing of any Duty, or upon the first granting or repealing of any Drawback or upon the first permitting or prohibiting of any Importation or Exportation, whether Inwards, Outwards, or Coastwise in the Island of Ceylon, it shall become necessary to determine the precise Time at which an Importation or Exportation of any Goods made and completed shall be deemed to have had effect, such time, in respect of Importation, shall be deemed to be the Time at which the Ship importing such Goods had actually come within the Limits of the Port at which such Ship shall in due course be reported, and such Goods

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And of an Exportation.

And of an Arrival.

And of a Departure.

be discharged; and that such Time, in respect of Exportation, shall be deemed to be the Time at which the Goods had been shipped on board the Ship in which they had been exported; and that if such Question shall arise upon the Arrival or Departure of any Ship, in respect of any Charge or Allowance upon such Ship, exclusive of any Cargo, the Time of such Arrival shall be deemed to be the Time at which the Report of such Ship shall have been or ought to have been made; and the Time of such Departure shall be deemed to be the Time of the last Clearance of such Ship with the Collector and Controller for the Voyage upon which she had departed.

Ships arriving not to communicate with Shore, until visited by Health Officer, and Certificate of Health granted.

89. And it is further enacted, that it shall not be lawful for the Master of any Ship or Vessel, except Dhoneys, arriving at any Port or Place of this Island or any Person on board thereof, to communicate with the Shores, or with any other Ship, or with any Boat from any other Ship or from the Shore, or for such Master to allow any Person on Board so to do, until such Ship arriving as aforesaid shall have been visited, and a certificate of Health granted by the Health Officer, and the Health flag shall have been hoisted at the Head of the main or loftiest Mast of the Ship in manner hereinafter mentioned, under a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds for every such offence. And if it shall be proved that any malignant Disease, of a contagious or infectious nature did within the knowledge of the Master or other Person so offending, actually prevail on Board the said Ship, or if such Ship shall have been placed under Quarantine at the time when such communication or Attempt at Communication took place, every such Master or other Person so offending, or aiding, assisting and abetting in such communication or attempt, shall be subject to perform Quarantine, and shall be liable on conviction thereof to be punished for a Misdemeanour.

Nor Dhonies or Boats, until after Report made and Certificate of Health obtained.

90. And it is further enacted, that the Masters or Tindals of all Dhoneys or Boats arriving at any Port or Place in this Island shall with the least possible delay attend at the Custom House of such Port, and sign a Declaration of Health and obtain a Certificate from the Health Officer as required by this Ordinance; and if any Master or Tindal aforesaid shall without reasonable Cause, neglect or delay to obtain such Certificate of Health as aforesaid or if any other Person on board of such Dhoney or Boat shall land or communicate or attempt to land or communicate with any Ship or Dhoney, or with any Boat from any Ship or Dhoney or from the Shore, until such Certificate of Health shall have been granted, every Master, or Tindal or other Person so offending or aiding, assisting or abetting in such communication, or attempt, shall be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds or Imprisonment with or without hard Labour; and if it shall be proved that at the time of such communication or attempt, any Malignant Disease of a contagious or infectious nature,

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did within the knowledge of the Master or Tindal or other Person so offending actually prevail on Board the said Dhoney or Boat, the said Master, Tindal or other Person so offending and every Person aiding, assisting, or abetting in such communication or attempt, shall be subject to perform Quarantine, and be liable moreover to be punished upon Conviction thereof, for a Misdemeanour.

Health Officer to visit Ships arriving.

91. And it is further enacted, that on the Arrival of any Ship or Vessel, except Dhoneys, at any Port or Place in this Island, the Health Officer shall with the least possible Delay go alongside such Vessel, and keeping to the windward thereof shall hand up a printed Declaration of Health according to the Form D. hereunto annexed; and if the Master of such Vessel shall feel himself authorized, from the perfect state of Health of every Person on Board, to sign the said Declaration, then and in that case it shall be lawful for the said Health Officer on receiving such Declaration duly signed by the said Master, to grant a Certificate of Health according to the Form E. hereunto annexed, when the Captain or Master shall hoist the Union Jack or Flag of the Nation to which the Vessel may belong at the Head of the main or loftiest Mast in such Vessel, as the Health Flag.

Declaration & Certificate of Health.

Additional Punishment on Master for false Declaration or Answer.

92. And it is further enacted, that if any Master or Tindal of any Ship, Dhoney or Boat arriving at any Port or Place in this Island shall sign the Declaration of Health as required by the preceding Clauses of this Ordinance, and it shall subsequently appear that any malignant Disease of a contagious or infectious nature had shewn itself on Board of such Ship, Dhoney or Boat during her Voyage to this Island, or did actually prevail on board the said Ship, Dhoney or Boat at the time such Declaration was signed, with the knowledge of the Master or Tindal, or if it shall appear that any Statement made in such Declaration, or in the Answers to the Questions therein inserted, whether made verbally or in writing, in any way wilfully misrepresented the true Facts of the Case, such Master or Tindal signing such Declaration as aforesaid, shall on Conviction thereof besides being subject to the Penalty imposed by this Ordinance on all persons making any false Declarations or Answers be moreover liable to be punished for a Misdemeanour.

Where contagious disease on board Health Officers to refuse Certificate and yellow flag to be hoisted.

93. And it is further enacted, that whenever it shall happen that the Master or Tindal of any Ship, Dhoney or Boat arriving at any Port or Place in this Island, shall from the ill state of Health of any of the Persons on Board his Ship, Dhoney or Boat not deem himself authorized to sign the above mentioned Declaration of Health: or whensoever it shall appear to the Health Officer that one or more Persons on board of any Ship, Dhoney or Boat are labouring under any malignant Disease of a contagious or infectious nature, or where from any reasonable cause of Doubt or Suspicion existing

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thereon, the said Health Officer shall deem it necessary to place the said Ship, Dhoney or Boat in Quarantine, he shall notify the same to the Master or Tindal thereof by a refusal in writing to grant a Certificate of Health to the said Ship, Dhoney or Boat, and shall order the said Master or Tindal to hoist a yellow flag at the head of the main or loftiest Mast of the said Ship, Dhoney or Boat, and should the Master or Tindal of any Ship, Dhoney or Boat so placed in Quarantine not have a Yellow Flag on Board, the Health Officer shall order one to be furnished forthwith at the expence of the said Master or Tindal, who shall hoist the same, or cause it to be hoisted as directed, and to be kept up during the Day, so long as the Ship, Dhoney or Boat may be detained in Quarantine, under a Penalty of not exceeding Twenty Pounds for neglecting so to do; and during the Night the Master or Tindal of any Ship, Dhoney or Boat so placed in Quarantine, shall in lieu of such Yellow Flag, hoist or cause to be hoisted at the Head of the Main or loftiest Mast of the said Ship, Dhoney or Boat two lighted Lanterns, one over the other, under a similar Penalty of not exceeding Twenty Pounds in case of contravention.

Duty of Health Officer and Collector in regard to Ships placed in Quarantine.

94. And it is further enacted, that upon any Ship, Dhoney or Boat being placed under Quarantine by the Health Officer as directed by the preceding Clause, the said Health Officer shall without any delay report the same if at Colombo, to the Colonial Secretary, and if at Outstations to the Collector of the Customs of the District in which the Port is situated, and such last mentioned Officer, in concert with the Principal Medical Officer of the Province, is hereby authorized and required upon any such Report being made to him by the Health Officer as aforesaid, to adopt such necessary Measures as the case may require to prevent all Communication with the said Ship, Dhoney or Boat for such time as may be needful, except by the Health Officer, or other Persons duly appointed for furnishing under proper Precautions the said Ship, Dhoney or Boat with any supplies she may be in want of, and for the relief of the sick, and he shall report the same forthwith to Government for its Orders.

Governor to declare time of operation of Quarantine Regulations.

95. And it is further enacted, that the 89th 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd and 94th Clauses of this Ordinance shall not take effect within these Settlements, until after Proclamation by the Governor to that effect, to be by him published in the Gazette. And provided further, that it shall be lawful for the Governor in like manner to repeal and alter any of

And alter or repeal the same.

the general Provisions of Quarantine provided for by this Ordinance, or to make any other general Regulations in lieu thereof or in addition thereto, as it shall appear to be necessary and expedient, and it shall be lawful for the Governor (without any Proclamation being published as aforesaid) upon any particular Case or Cases, with respect to any Ship, Dhoney or Boat arriving in any Port or Place in this Island, and having any malignant Disease of an infectious or contagious nature on Board,

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or on Board of which any such Disease may have appeared in the course of the Voyage, or arriving under any other alarming or suspicious circumstances as to Public Health, to give special directions through the Health Officer or other competent Officer acting for him, for cutting off all communication between any Persons infected with any such disease and the rest of His Majesty's subjects or Inhabitants of this Island, by placing the said Ship, Dhoney or Boat together with their Crews, Passengers, Letters, Goods, Wares and other Merchandize, in Quarantine according to the circumstances of each particular Case; and likewise to give Orders for shortening the period of Quarantine, or for mitigating it, or for wholly releasing the said Persons, Goods, Ships or Vessels from Quarantine, according to circumstances, and as to him shall seem proper.

And give special directions in particular cases.

Terms used in Ordinance.

96. And in Order to avoid the frequent Use of numerous Terms and Expressions in this Ordinance, and any other Ordinances relating to the Customs, and to prevent any Misconstruction of the Terms and Expressions used therein, it is further enacted, that whenever the several Terms or Expressions following shall occur in this Ordinance or in any other Ordinance relating to the Customs, the same shall be construed respectively in the manner hereinafter directed; (that is to say) that the Term "Ship" shall be construed to mean Ship or Vessel generally, unless such Term shall be used to distinguish a Ship from Sloops, Brigantines, and other Classes of Vessels; that

Ship.

Master.

the Term "Master" of any Ship shall be construed to mean the Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship; that the Term "Owners" and the Term "Owner" of any Ship shall be construed alike to mean one Owner; if there be only one, and any or all the Owners, if there be more than one; that the Term "Mate" of any Ship shall be construed to mean the Person next in Command of such Ship to the Master thereof; that the Term "Seaman" shall be construed to mean alike Seaman, Mariner, Sailor or Landsman, being one of the Crew of any Ship; that the Term "*British* Possession" shall be construed to mean Colony, plantation, Island, Territory or Settlement belonging to His Majesty; that the Term "His Majesty" shall be construed to mean His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; that the term "Governor" shall be construed to mean the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or the Officer administering the Government of these Settlements for the time being; that the Term "East India Company" shall be construed to mean the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the East Indies; that the Term "Limits of the East India Company's Charter" shall be construed to mean all

Owner or Owners.

Mate.

Seaman.

British Possession.

His Majesty.

Governor.

East India Company.

Charter.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

Places and Seas Eastward of the *Cape of Good Hope* to the Straits of Magellan; that the Terms "Collector and Controller" shall be construed to mean the Collector or Assistant Collector and Controller of the Customs of the Port intended in the sentence; that the term "Health Officer" shall be construed to mean the Officer appointed by Government for inspecting Vessels and reporting on the Health of the Persons on Board that whenever mention is made of any public Officer the Officer mentioned shall be deemed to be such Officer for the time being; that the Term "Warehouse" shall be construed to mean any place, whether House, Shed, Yard, Timber Pound, or other Place in which Goods entered to be Warehoused upon Importation may be lodged, kept and secured without payment of Duty or although prohibited to be used in the Island of Ceylon; that the Term, "King's Warehouse" shall be construed to mean any place Provided by the Crown for lodging Goods therein for the security of the Customs.

Collector and Controller.

Health Officer.

Officer.

Warehouse.

King's Warehouse.

A.

* *Table of Duties payable on Goods, imported into Ceylon and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation of such Goods.*

	£	s.	d.
Ale, Porter and all other Malt Liquors in Casks, per Gallon	0	0	2½
Do. per dozen quarts or bottles — — — —	0	0	6
Opium, per lb. — — — — — — —	0	1	0
Paddy, per bushel — — — — — —	0	0	3
Rice per bushel — — — — — —	0	0	7
Spirits and Liqueurs per Gallon — — — —	0	4	6
Books printed — — — — — — —	Free.		
Bullion, Coin, Pearls and Precious Stones — —			
Garden Seeds and Plants — — — — —			
Horses, Mules, Asses, neat Cattle and all other live Stock			
Instruments scientific — — — — — —			
Machinery, Implements and Tools for agriculture and for any kind of Manufacture — — — —			
Maps — — — — — — —			
Regimental Clothing and Accoutrements — — —			
Timber — — — — — — —			

* See Ordinances No. 8 and No. 10 of 1840 and No. 6 of 1842.

B.

* *Table of Duties payable on Goods exported from Ceylon.*

	£.	s.	d.
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of the Island of Ceylon, not being subject to other Export duty, nor particularly exempted from Export duty for every one hundred Pounds of the value thereof—	2	10	0
Books printed— — — — — — — —	Free.		
Bullion, Coin, Pearls, and Precious Stones — —			
Horses Asses, Mules neat Cattle and all other live Stock			
Plants and Seeds — — — — — —			
Wearing apparel and Personal Baggage — —			

C.

Schedule of the rates of Pilotage payable by all Square-rigged Vessels, Sloops or Schooners, at the Ports of Colombo, Trincomalee and Galle.

Colombo — — — — — — — —									£0	15	0
Trincomalee.			B. Bay.				Inner Harbour				
Vessels of 600 Tons and upwards —		£2	0	0	—		4	0	0		
400 & under 600 —		1	10	0	—		3	0	0		
200 & under 100 —		1	1	0	—		2	2	0		
100 & under 200 —		0	10	6	—		1	1	0		
Under 100 —		0	5	0	—		0	15	0		
Galle											
Vessels of 600 Tons and upwards —		£3	0	0							
400 & under 600 —		2	5	0							
200 & under 400 —		1	10	0							
100 & under 200 —		1	2	6							
Under 100 —		0	1[illegible]	0							

The above Rates of Pilotage will be charged to all Vessels going into the Inner Harbour of Trincomalee and the Harbour of Galle, whether they may make a signal for a Pilot or not. In Colombo, and the Back Bay at Trincomalee, the charge will only be made, if the Vessel make the signal, and a Pilot actually repair on board.

D.

Form of Declaration of Health.

1. Name of Vessel and Commander.
2. From what Port, and whither bound.
3. When sailed.
4. At what intermediate Port or Place touched on the Voyage and the date of sailing thence.
5. With what Vessels communicated during the Voyage.
6. Date or Dates of such communication.
7. Has any Person on Board suffered any illness of any kind during the Voyage; if so, what are the symptoms of the Complaint.

* See Ordinance No. 8 of 1840 and No. 6. of 1842.

I do hereby declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the *(Insert here the Description and Name of Ship or Boat.)* under my command is in a perfectly healthy state; and that during the Voyage, neither Measles, Small Pox, Cholera Morbus, or any other malignant disease, of a contagious or infectious nature, have made their appearance on Board; and that I have not touched at any Port, excepting as above mentioned, or been boarded by, or communicated with, any Vessel having, to my knowledge and belief, any of the above diseases on Board.

Signed Master.

E.

Form of Certificate of Health.

I do hereby certify that the *(Insert here the Description and Name of Ship or Boat)* appears to have neither Measles, Small Pox, Cholera Morbus, nor any other Malignant disease of a contagious or infectious Nature on board thereof, but to be in a Healthy state,—and the said Vessel is accordingly allowed to communicate with the Shore and Ships in this Port.

Health Officer.

Given at Colombo, this Twenty-second day of September One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

1840.—ORDINANCE No. 8.

To amend the Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, and to regulate the Warehousing of Goods.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Laws relating to the Ports and Customs," as hereinafter mentioned, and to make further Provision for the Warehousing of Goods.

1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that all Goods which may be lawfully imported into this Island, may be landed under a Sufferance of the Collector, or Controller of Customs for the landing of the Cargo of any Ship, without any Bill of Entry being delivered or Warrant obtained as required by the

said Ordinance No. 5 of 1837. Provided always, that whenever the said Collector or Controller shall grant a Sufferance as aforesaid, all the Goods or Cargo to be landed thereunder shall be taken to the Queen's Warehouse, and within Seven Days after any Goods shall have been so landed, the Importer shall make a full and complete Entry thereof as required by the said Ordinance No. 5 of 1837 on the Entry of Goods Inwards, and shall either pay down all Duties which shall be due and payable on such Goods or shall duly Warehouse the said Goods, and in default of such Entry being made and the said Goods being removed within Seven Days after the same shall have been landed, such Goods shall be liable to double Rent for such Time as they may remain in the Warehouse thereafter.

Collector and Controller to grant General Sufferances for the landing of Goods.

Subsequent Entry.

Prohibitions and restrictions.

* 2. And it is further enacted, that the Importation of the Goods mentioned in this Clause shall be prohibited; (that is to say)

SALT——except by License under authority of the Governor.

COFFEE—except to be Warehoused for Exportation only.

Repeal of Duty on certain Goods.

3. And it is further enacted, that the Goods mentioned in this Clause shall be Duty free; (that is to say)

Iron Tanks, Casks, Staves, Headings, Hoops, Specimens illustrative of Natural History and Musical Instruments.

4. *Repealed by Ordinance No. 7 of* 1843.

Repeal of 14th Clause of Ordinance No. 5 of 1837.

5. And it is further enacted, that the 14th Clause of the Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, be and the same is hereby repealed. And that in all Cases where the Duties by the said Ordinance imposed upon the Importation of Articles are charged, not according to the Weight, Tale, Gauge or Measure, but according to the Value thereof, the respective Value of such Articles shall be stated in the entry together with the description and quantity of the same, and such respective Value shall be affirmed by the Declaration of the Importer of such Articles or his known Agent in manner and form following (that is to say,)

Declaration of Value of Goods.

I A. B. (place of abode) do hereby declare that I am (the Importer or authorized by the Importer) of the Goods contained in this Entry, and that I enter the same (stating which if parts only) at the respective sums or value mentioned opposite to the said Articles, and amounting together to the sum of £ Witness my hand the day of A. B.

And if upon examination it shall appear to the Officers of the Customs that any of such Goods or Articles are not valued according to the true respective Value thereof, it shall be lawful for such

* See Ordinances No. 9 of 1840 and No. 3 of 1841.

Officers to detain, secure and take any such Goods, for the use of the Crown, under the 15th Clause of the said Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, as amended by this Ordinance.

Repeal of part of 15th Clause of Ordinance No. 5 of 1837.

Detention of Goods undervalued.

6. And it is further enacted, that so much of the 15th Clause of the said Ordinance No. 5 of 1837 as requires Goods undervalued to be taken for the use of the Crown within Four days from the date of the Declaration shall be repealed, and such undervalued Goods shall be taken for the use of the Crown within Five days after their having been landed and examined by the Officers of the Customs.

7. And whereas by the said Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, Provisions are made for permitting Goods to be Warehoused for Exportation, and it is found expedient for the greater Accommodation of Trade to grant further Privileges and Advantages, and for that Purpose it is necessary to constitute and appoint some of the principal Ports in this Island to be free Warehousing Ports for all Goods which may be legally imported into the said Ports respectively, and to make Regulations for the Appointment of proper Warehouses at such Ports and for the Lodging and Securing of Goods therein. It is therefore enacted, that from and after the Commencement of this Ordinance, the 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th and 45th Clauses of the said Ordinance No. 5 of 1837 shall be and the same are hereby repealed. And it is further enacted and declared, that the several Ports hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, Colombo, Jaffna, Trincomalie and Galle, shall be free Warehousing Ports for the Purposes of this Ordinance, and that it shall be lawful for the several Collectors and Controllers of the said Ports respectively, by Notice in Writing under their Hand, to appoint from Time to Time such Warehouses at such Ports respectively as shall be approved of by them, for the free Warehousing and securing of Goods therein for the Purposes of this Ordinance, and also on such Notice to declare what Sorts of Goods may be so Warehoused, and also by like Notice to revoke or alter any such Appointment or Declaration; Provided always, that every such Notice shall be transmitted to the Governor for his approval, and shall be published in such Manner as he shall direct.

Repeal of 41st, 42d, 43d, 44th and 45th Clauses of Ordinance No. 5 of 1837.

Ports herein mentioned to be Warehousing Ports.

Appointment of Warehouses.

Goods may be warehoused without payment of duty on the first entry.

8. And whereas, by the said Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, the Person entering any Goods is required to deliver to the Collector and Controller a Bill of Entry thereof, containing the several particulars set forth in the said Ordinance. It is further enacted, that the said Provision shall extend to Goods intended to be Warehoused under this Ordinance, and that it shall

be lawful for the Importer of any such Goods into the said Ports to Warehouse the same in Warehouses so appointed, without Payment of any Duty on the first Entry thereof, subject nevertheless to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions hereinafter contained.

Stowage of Goods in Warehouse.

Locking and opening Warehouse.

9. And it is further enacted, that all Goods so Warehoused shall be stowed in such Parts or Divisions of the Warehouse, and in such Manner as the Collector and Controller shall direct, and that the Warehouse shall be locked and secured in such manner, and shall be opened and visited only at such Time and in the Presence of such Officers, and under such Rules and Regulations, as the Collector and Controller shall direct; and that all such Goods shall, after being landed upon Importation, be carried to the Warehouse, or shall, after being taken out of the Warehouse for Exportation, be carried to be shipped, under such Rules and Regulations as the Collector and Controller shall direct.

Carrying goods to and from Warehouse.

Bond upon entry of goods to be warehoused.

10. And it is further enacted, that upon the Entry of any Goods to be Warehoused, the Importer of such Goods, instead of paying down the Duties due thereon, shall give Bond, with two sufficient Sureties to be approved of by the Collector and Controller, in treble the Duties payable on such Goods, with Condition for the safe depositing of such Goods in the Warehouse mentioned in such Entry, and for the Payment of all Duties due upon such Goods, or for the Exportation thereof, according to the first Account taken of such Goods upon the landing of the same, and with further Condition that no Part thereof shall be taken out of such Warehouse until cleared from thence upon due Entry and Payment of Duty, or upon due Entry for Exportation; and with further Condition that the whole of such Goods shall be so cleared from such Warehouse, and that the Duties upon any Deficiency of the Quantity, according to such first Account, after making such allowance for Wastage and Leakage as may appear to the said Collector and Controller to be reasonable, shall be paid within Two Years from the Date of the first Entry thereof; and if, after such Bond shall have been given, the Goods or any Part thereof shall be sold or disposed of so that the original Bonder shall be no longer interested in or have Control over the same, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller to admit fresh Security to be given by the Bond of the new Proprietor or other Person having Control over such Goods, with his sufficient Securities, and to cancel the Bond given by the original Bonder of such Goods, or to exonerate him to the Extent of the fresh Security so given.

Purchaser of goods may give bond in lieu of original bonder.

Goods not duly Warehoused, &c. to be forfeited.

11. And it is further enacted, that if any Goods which have been entered to be Warehoused shall not be duly carried and deposited in the Warehouse, or shall afterwards be taken

out of the Warehouse without due Entry and Clearance, or having been entered and cleared for Exportation from the Warehouse, shall not be duly carried and shipped, or shall afterwards be relanded except with Permission of the proper Officer of the Customs, such Goods shall be forfeited.

Account of goods to be taken on landing.

No goods to be taken out without entry.

12. And it is further enacted, that upon the Entry and landing of any Goods to be Warehoused, the proper Officer of the Customs shall take a particular Account of the same and shall mark the Contents on each Package, and shall enter the same in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, and no Goods which have been so Warehoused shall be taken or delivered from the Warehouse, except upon due Entry and under Care of the proper Officers for Exportation, or upon due Entry and Payment of Duty for Home Use; and whenever the whole of the Goods Warehoused under any Entry shall be cleared from the Warehouse or whenever further Time shall be granted for any such Goods to remain Warehoused, an Account shall be made out of the Quantity upon which the Duties have been paid, and of the Quantity Exported, and of the Quantity (to be then ascertained) of the Goods still remaining in the Warehouse, as the case may be, deducting from the whole the Quantity contained in any whole Packages (if any) which may have been abandoned for the Duties; and if upon such Account there shall in either Case appear to be any Deficiency of the original Quantity, after making such allowance for Wastage and Leakage as may appear to the Collector and Controller to be reasonable, the Duty payable upon the Amount of such Deficiency shall then be paid.

Deficiencies to be ascertained.

Duties to be paid upon deficiencies.

Samples may be taken.

13. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller, under such Regulations as they shall see fit, to permit moderate Samples to be taken of any Goods so Warehoused without Entry and without Payment of Duty, except as the same shall eventually become payable as on a Deficiency of the original Quantity.

Goods may be sorted and repacked.

14. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller, under such Regulations as they shall see fit, to permit the Proprietor or other Person having Control over any Goods so Warehoused, to sort, separate, pack and repack any such Goods, and to make such lawful Alterations therein, or Arrangements or Assortments thereof, as may be necessary for the Preservation of such Goods, or in order to the Sale, Shipment or legal Disposal of the same, and also to permit any Parts of such Goods so separated to be destroyed, but without Prejudice to the Claim for Duty upon the whole original Quantity of such Goods, after making such allowance for Wastage and Leakage as may appear to the said

Duty due on first quantity.

Whole packages may be abandoned for duty.

Collector and Controller to be reasonable: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Person to abandon any whole Packages to the Officers of the Customs for the Duties without being liable to any Duty upon the same.

Removal of Warehoused Cotton, for cleaning, &c.

15. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller of Customs at any Warehousing Port in this Island to permit the Importer or Proprietor of any Cotton imported from any Port belonging to the East India Company, and Warehoused at such Warehousing Port in this Island for Exportation to the United Kingdom, to take out such Cotton from the Warehouse to be cleaned, screwed down and repacked without Payment of Duty, upon the said Importer or Proprietor giving Security by Bond to the satisfaction of the said Collector and Controller for returning the said Cotton, with such allowance for waste, and within such time, as may appear to the said Collector and Controller to be reasonable.

Removal of Warehoused Goods from Port to Port in the Island.

16. And it is further enacted, that all Goods Warehoused in any Warehousing Port in this Island, being first duly entered, may be delivered under the Authority of the proper Officer of the Customs, without Payment of Duty, except for any Deficiency thereof after making such allowance for Wastage and Leakage as may appear to the Collector and Controller to be reasonable, for the Purpose of Removal to another Warehousing Port therein, under Bond to the Satisfaction of such Officer for the due arrival and Warehousing of such Goods at such other Port.

All goods to be cleared within two years, or sold.

17. And it is further enacted, that all Goods which have been so Warehoused or Re-warehoused shall be duly cleared, either for Exportation, or for Home Consumption, within Two Years from the Day of the first Entry thereof; and if any such Goods be not so cleared, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller to cause the same to be sold, and the Produce shall be applied, first to the Payment of the Duties, next of Warehouse Rent and other Charges, and the Overplus (if any) shall be paid to the Proprietor: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller to grant further Time for any such Goods to remain Warehoused if they shall see fit so to do.

Further time may be granted.

Bond on entry for exportation.

18. And it is further enacted, that upon the Entry outwards of any Goods to be exported from the Warehouse, the Person entering the same shall give Security by Bond in treble the Duties of Importation on the Quantity of such Goods, with Two sufficient Sureties to be approved by the Collector or Controller, that the same shall be landed at the Place for which they be entered outwards, or be otherwise accounted for to the Satisfaction of the Collector and Controller.

Power to charge rent in Queen's Warehouse.

19. And it is further enacted, that whenever any Goods shall be taken to and secured in any Queen's Warehouse (save and except such as shall be in Deposit as Security for Payment of Duties), it shall and may be lawful for the Collector or Controller to charge and demand and receive Warehouse Rent for such Goods for all such Time as the same shall remain in such Warehouse, at such Rate as may from Time to Time be fixed by Government as Warehouse Rent payable for Goods lodged in any Queen's Warehouse; and no Goods upon which Warehouse Rent may be due shall be removed by the Proprietors until the same be paid.

Goods Warehoused to be at risk of owners.

And it is further enacted, that if any Goods lodged in any Custom House or Queen's Warehouse in this Island shall be destroyed by Fire or stolen therefrom, the Owner thereof shall not have any Claim on the Crown to Compensation thereof, but shall in that Case be exempted from Payment of any Duties thereon.

Embezzlement, &c. of Goods by Officers.

21. And it is further enacted, that in case it shall at any time happen that any Embezzlement, Waste, Spoil or Destruction shall be made of or in any Goods or Merchandize which shall be warehoused in Warehouses under the authority of this Ordinance, by or through any wilful misconduct of any Officer or Officers of Customs, such Officer or Officers shall be deemed Guilty of a Misdemeanour, and shall upon conviction suffer such Punishment as may be inflicted by Law in cases of Misdemeanour; and if such Officer shall be so prosecuted to conviction, within One Year from the date at which such Embezzlement, Waste, Spoil or Destruction is alleged to have taken place, by the Importer, Consignee or Proprietor of the Goods or Merchandize so embezzled, wasted, spoiled or destroyed, then and in such case no Duty of Customs shall be payable for or in respect of such Goods or Merchandize so embezzled, wasted, spoiled or destroyed, and no Forfeiture or Seizure shall take place of any Goods or Merchandize so warehoused in respect of any Deficiency caused by such Embezzlement, Waste, Spoil or Destruction; and the Damage occasioned by such Embezzlement, Waste, Spoil or Destruction of such Goods or Merchandize shall be repaid and made good to such Importer, Consignee or Proprietor by the Officers of Customs, under such Orders, Regulations and Directions as shall be for that purpose made and given by the Governor.

Governor may appoint other Ports.

22. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor from Time to Time to appoint any Port in this Island to be a free Warehousing Port for the Purposes of this Ordinance; and every such Port appointed by the Governor shall be a free Warehousing Port under this Ordinance in as full and ample a Manner in all Respects as any of the Ports herein-before mentioned are free Warehousing Ports appointed by this Ordinance.

Extension of Provisions of Ordinance No. 5 of 1837.

23. And it is further enacted, that the several Powers, Provisions, Matters and Things contained in the said Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, shall, except so far as the same are hereinbefore altered or repealed, be extended to this Ordinance, in as full and ample a manner as if the same had been repealed and re-enacted in this Ordinance and made part thereof.

Past Offences, &c. not affected.

24. Provided always, and it is further enacted, that the repeal by this Ordinance of any Clause or Provision of the said Ordinance No. 5. of 1837, shall not extend to any Offence already committed or any fines, penalties, dues, forfeiture or liabilities incurred under any such Clause or Provision.

Ordinance when to take effect.

25. And it is further enacted, that this Ordinance shall commence and take Effect upon and from the Sixth Day of April One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty.

Given at Colombo, this Eighteenth day of January One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty.

By His Excellency's Command,

GEORGE TURNOUR.
Actg. Col. Secretary.

1840.—ORDINANCE No. 9.

J. A. STEWART MACKENZIE.

For prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Sugar.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to prohibit the Importation into this Island of any Foreign Sugar and of any Sugar which may be the growth of any British Possession into which Foreign Sugar can be legally imported except to be warehoused for Exportation only.

Import of Foreign Sugar prohibited.

1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that from and after the Thirty-first day of December One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-one it shall not be lawful to import into this Island any Foreign Sugar or any Sugar which may be the growth of any British Possession into which Foreign Sugar can be legally imported except to be warehoused for exportation only.

Certificate of Produce.

2. And it is further enacted, that no Sugar shall be imported into this Island, unless the person importing the same shall deliver to the Collector or Controller of Customs a Certificate, under the hand of the proper Officer of the place where such Sugar was taken on board, that the same is the produce of a British Possession into which Foreign Sugar cannot be legally imported except to be warehoused for Exportation only.

If imported forfeited

3. And it is further enacted, that if any person shall land or attempt to land in any part of this Island any Foreign Sugar or any Sugar which may be the growth of any British Possession into which Foreign Sugar can be legally imported except to be warehoused for Exportation only, such Sugar shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized; and such Sugar shall be sold by auction by the Collector and Controller of Customs within one month after the same shall have been seized, and upon condition that the same shall be exported within twelve months after such sale, and that until the same shall be exported it shall remain in the Queen's Warehouse in charge of the Collector and Controller of Customs.

Declaration and Certificate of Produce.

4. And it is further enacted, that if any Person shall ship from any Port in this Island any Sugar the growth and produce thereof, such person shall be entitled to make and subscribe before the Collector and Controller of Customs a Declaration of the Form A. to this Ordinance annexed; and such Collector and Controller shall thereupon grant to the person shipping such Sugar a Certificate under their hands of the Form B. to this Ordinance annexed.

Certificate for Sugar re-exported.

5. And it is further enacted, that if any Sugar, which may under the provisions of this Ordinance be legally imported into this Island, shall be re-exported from the same, the Person exporting such Sugar shall in the Entry outwards state the place of the Production, and refer to the Entry Inwards and Landing of such Sugar, and shall make and subscribe a Declaration before the Collector or Controller of Customs to the Identity of the same—and thereupon, if such Sugar shall have been duly imported with a Certificate of Production within Twelve Months prior to the shipping for exportation, the Collector or Controller shall sign and give to the Master a Certificate of Production, of the Form C. to this Ordinance annexed, founded upon and referring to the Certificate of Production under which such Sugar had been so imported, and containing the like Particulars, together with the date of such Importation.

Penalty on false Declaration.

6. And it is further enacted, that if any person shall, in making any Declaration under or in pursuance of this Ordinance, knowingly affirm or declare an untruth, he shall on conviction be liable to a Penalty not exceeding One Hundred Pounds, and in default of payment to imprisonment not exceeding twelve months.

A.

I A. B. do solemnly affirm and declare that all the Sugar hereinunder described is to the best of my knowledge and belief the growth and produce of the Island of Ceylon.

DESCRIPTION OF SUGAR.

Quantity.	*Number and denomination of Packages.*

Date Signed A. B.

B.

CERTIFICATE OF PRODUCTION OF SUGAR.

Port of

These are to Certify that Declarations in writing have been made and signed before me (the content of which I have examined and believe to be true) that the Sugar shipped by the persons whose names are under written, on board the Master, bound for is really and bona-fide the produce of the Island of Ceylon.

Names of Exporters.	*Marks and Numbers of Packages.*	*Quantity and Description of Goods.*

Given under my Hand at the Port of in the Island of Ceylon this day of One Thousand Eight Hundred and

A. B. *Collector or Controller.*

C.

CERTIFICATE OF PRODUCTION ON RE-EXPORTATION OF SUGAR.

Port of

These are to Certify that the undermentioned Sugar shipped by the Persons whose Names are underwritten, on board the Master, bound for was imported into this Port on the day of One Thousand Eight Hundred and in the Master from the Port of in the (1) of and that at the time of such Importation a Certificate was produced to me under the hands of the Collector or Controller or other proper Officer at the said last mentioned Port of testifying that Proof in manner required by Law had been made, that the said Sugar was the Produce of the said (1) of

(1) *Island or Colony.*

Names of Exporters.	*Marks and Numbers of Packages.*	*Quantity, Quality, and Description of Sugar.*

Given under my Hand at the Port of in the
of this day of One Thousand Eight
Hundred and

A. B. *Collector or Controller.*

Passed in Council the Twenty-third Day of October One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty.

P. E. WODEHOUSE,
Clerk to the Council.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor.

GEORGE TURNOUR,
Actg. Col. Secretary.

1840.—ORDINANCE No. 10.

J. A. STEWART MACKENZIE,

To Repeal the Duty on Coal and Coke and to equalize the Duty on Cinnamon.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Laws relating to the Ports and Customs," to the effect hereinafter mentioned.

Coal and Coke Duty free. 1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that from and after the passing of this Ordinance Coal and Coke imported into this Island shall be Duty free.

2. *Repealed by Ordinance No. 6 of 1842.*

Passed in Council the Twenty-third Day of October One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty.

P. E. WODEHOUSE,
Clerk to the Council.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor.

GEORGE TURNOUR,
Actg. Col. Secretary.

1841.—Ordinance No. 3.

COLIN CAMPBELL.

For prohibiting the importation of Rum and Rum Shrub the produce of certain places.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to prohibit the importation into this Island of any Rum or Rum Shrub, the produce of any Foreign Country or of any British possession into which Foreign Sugar or Rum or Rum Shrub can be legally imported except to be warehoused for exportation only.

Importation of Rum or Rum Shrub the produce of certain places prohibited. 1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that from and after the passing of this Ordinance, if any Rum or Rum Shrub, the produce of any Foreign Country or of any British possession into which Foreign Sugar or Rum or Rum Shrub can be legally imported except to be warehoused for exportation only, shall be imported or brought into this Island, except to be warehoused for exportation only, the same shall be forfeited and may be seized by any Officer of the Customs. Provided always that all forfeitures incurred under this Ordinance shall be prosecuted, tried, distributed and disposed of in the manner prescribed by the Ordinance No. 5. of 1837, entitled "To amend the Laws relating to the Ports and Customs."

Certificate of production of imported Rum or Rum Shrub. 2. And it is further enacted, that no Rum or Rum Shrub shall be imported into this Island, except to be warehoused for exportation only, unless the person importing the same shall deliver to the Collector or Controller of Customs at the port where the same is imported, a Certificate under the hand of the proper Officer of the place where such Rum or Rum Shrub was taken on Board, that the same is the produce of a British possession into which Foreign Sugar or Rum or Rum Shrub cannot be legally imported except to be warehoused for exportation only.

Declaration and Certificate before exportation. 3. And is it further enacted, that before any Rum or Rum Shrub shall be shipped for exportation as being the produce of this Island, the proprietor thereof or his known Agent shall be entitled to make and subscribe a Declaration before the Collector or Controller of Customs at the port of exportation, that such Rum or Rum Shrub is the produce of the Island of Ceylon. And thereupon the Collector or Controller shall sign and give to the Master of the Ship, in which the same is exported, a Certificate to that effect, setting forth the quantity and strength thereof, the number and denomination of the packages containing the same, and the name of the Ship in which it is about to be laden and of the Master thereof. And if any Rum or Rum Shrub shall, after such Declaration shall have been made respecting the same as aforesaid, be found to contain an admixture of Spirits made from Rice, Grain or other substances not being the produce of the

Rum or Rum Shrub for exportation containing an admixture of Spirits made from certain sub-

stances to be forfeited.

Sugar Cane, or of the Date or Palm tree, the same shall be forfeited together with the Cask or Vessel containing the same.

Declaration and Certificate on re-exportation.

4. And it is further enacted, that if any Rum or Rum Shrub, which may under the provisions of this Ordinance be legally imported into this Island, shall be re-exported from the same, the person exporting such Rum or Rum Shrub shall in the entry outwards state the place of the production, and refer to the entry inwards and landing of such Rum or Rum Shrub, and shall subscribe a Declaration before the Collector or Controller of Customs of the port, from which the same shall be re-exported, to the identity of the same, and thereupon if such Rum or Rum Shrub shall have been duly imported with a Certificate of production within twelve months prior to the shipping for exportation, the Collector or Controller shall sign and give to the Master a Certificate of production, founded upon and referring to the Certificate of production under which such goods had been so imported, and containing the like particulars together with the date of such importation.

Penalty on false declaration.

5. And it is further enacted, that if any person shall in making any Declaration under or in pursuance of this Ordinance knowingly declare an untruth, he shall on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding One Hundred Pounds, and, in default of payment, to imprisonment not exceeding 12 months.

Passed in Council the First day of September One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-one.

W. C. GIBSON,
Clerk to the Council.

Published by order of His Excellency the Governor.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

1841.—ORDINANCE No. 5.

COLIN CAMPBELL.

For the better regulation of Servants, Labourers and Journeymen Artificers under Contracts for Hire and Service, and of their Employers.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Ordinance No. 16 of 1840, entitled An Ordinance "For the better regulation of Servants, Labourers and Journeymen Artificers under Contracts for Hire and Service."

Former Ordinances repealed.

1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that the said Ordinance No. 16 of 1840 shall be and the same is hereby repealed, except in so far as it repeals any other Ordinance, or part of any other Ordinance, and except in so far as respects all Offences which have been heretofore committed against the same.

Term of verbal Contract of a Servant, &c.

2. And it is further enacted, that every verbal or unwritten Contract or Agreement for the Hire of any menial or domestic Servant or Labourer in the Service of Government or of any Person or Persons, except for any Work usually performed by the Day, by the Job or by the Journey, shall be deemed and taken in Law to be a Contract or Agreement for Hire and Service for the period of at least one month, and to be renewable from month to month, and shall be deemed and taken in Law to be so renewed by the parties, unless a Week's previous notice or warning be given by either party to the other of his or her intention not to renew the same, and the Wages for such Service shall be payable monthly, and any Master, Mistress or Employer shall be entitled to discharge any Servant or Labourer from his or her Service under any such Contract or agreement without previous notice, provided such Servant or Labourer be instantly paid his or her Wages for the time he has served, and also for fifteen days from the time of such discharge. Provided always, that any such Contract or Agreement may at any time be determined by the Misconduct of either Party in their relative capacity of Master and Servant, which may be proved by either Party against the other.

Term of verbal Contract for Journeyman Artificer.

3. And it is further enacted, that every verbal or unwritten Contract or Agreement for the Hire according to Time of any Journeyman Artificer (where no special Contract or Agreement for any shorter Period shall be made and duly proved), shall be deemed and taken in Law to be a Contract or Agreement for the Hire of such Artificer for One Day, and no longer.

If Service continued after Contract.

4. Provided always, that nothing in the two preceding Clauses of this Ordinance shall be construed to prevent any Servant, Labourer or Journeyman Artificer, who may continue in the Service of his or her Master, Mistress or Employer beyond the Period for which any verbal or written Contract or Agreement entered into by him or her is respectively declared binding only in Law, as aforesaid, from recovering his or her Wages according to the full Period or Time of his or her being in such Service; Nor to prevent any similar subsequent verbal or unwritten Contract or Agreement being respectively implied in Law from the Continuance of such Service, or otherwise.

Written Contracts to be signed by and explained to parties.

5. And it is further enacted, that no Contract or Agreement for the Hire or Service of any menial or domestic Servant or Labourer, to be employed in the Service of Government or of any Person or Persons for any longer Period of Time than One Month, nor for the Hire or Service of any Journeyman Artificer for any longer Period than One Day, shall be good and valid in Law so as to subject any party thereto to the Provisions of this Ordinance for not performing the same, unless such Contract or Agreement shall be in writing and shall clearly express the Terms or Conditions thereof, and shall be signed by both Parties, or, if they cannot write, by some Person or Persons duly authorized by them; and unless every such Agreement or Contract be also acknowledged by such Servant, Labourer or Artificer in the presence of one or more Witnesses, who are hereby required in every such case to

previously explain or cause to be fully explained to the said Servant, Labourer or Artificer the Terms of such Contract and Agreement, and to certify on the back thereof that such Servant, Labourer or Artificer fully understands the Terms of such Contract or Agreement, and is desirous to fulfil the same.—Provided always, that every written Contract or Agreement for the Service of any Servant, Labourer or Journeyman Artificer for any longer Period than One Month shall be determinable by either Party on One Month's previous Notice, unless any other Period for such Notice be stated in such Contract, or some other Agreement be expressly made therein to the Contrary.

Written Contract how determinable.

Ordinance not to affect Contract for more than one year.

6. And it is further enacted, that no contract or agreement in writing for the hire or service of any menial or domestic Servant, Labourer or Artificer shall be valid and binding under the provisions of this Ordinance, if made for a longer period of hire or service than one year. Provided always, that nothing in this Clause contained shall prevent a renewal of such contract or agreement from year to year, nor affect any contract or agreement whatever entered into for any longer period which does not fall under the provisions of this Ordinance.

Servants, &c. refusing to work or guilty of Misconduct.

7. And it is further enacted, that any menial or domestic Servant, or Labourer or any Journeyman Artificer who, without reasonable Cause, shall neglect or refuse to attend at and during the Time and Hours, or at the Place where and when he shall have contracted or agreed to attend, in commencing or carrying on any Work, or, in case of no special Contract or agreement in that Behalf during such Hours as, according to their respective Trades and Occupations, it shall be usual so to attend, or who, without reasonable Cause, shall leave unfinished, or refuse to finish any Work contracted to be done, or who shall be guilty of any Drunkenness, wilful Disobedience of Orders, Insolence, or gross Neglect of Duty, or other Misconduct in the Service of his or her Master or Mistress, or Employer, or who shall quit the Service of such Master or Mistress, or Employer without Leave or reasonable Cause, before the End of his or her Term of Service or previous Warning as required by the Second Clause of this Ordinance or of such longer Period as may be specially stipulated in his or her Contract, shall be punishable at the discretion of the District Court by Forfeiture of all Wages then due, if not exceeding the Wages of One Month, or for the Period of Warning specially stipulated for, and in addition thereto, by Imprisonment, with or without hard Labour at the discretion of the Court, not exceeding three months.

Servants &c. engaged for a Journey deserting or guilty of Misconduct.

8. And it is further enacted, that every Servant, Palanquin Bearer or Cooly, who, having engaged to go on any Journey, and having received an Advance of Hire, shall without any just Cause, desert, or refuse or neglect to proceed on such Journey or any Stage thereof, or shall be guilty of any Misbehaviour mentioned in the Seventh Clause of this Ordinance, shall be punishable by the District Court by Forfeiture of all Wages then advanced or contracted for, and, in addition thereto by imprisonment, with or without hard labour at the discretion of the Court, not exceeding three months. Provided always, that

no Servant, Palanquin Bearer or Cooly shall be obliged to travel more than two Stages or more than Twenty Five miles during every Twenty Four Hours, nor shall any Cooly be obliged to carry a greater Weight than Forty Pounds unless otherwise specially agreed upon for a short distance only, nor to proceed in case of any actual illness, or bodily injury rendering him incapable to travel the Journey, or any Stage thereof; and any Person obliging any Servant, Palanquin Bearer or Cooly against his free will and consent to act contrary to the Regulations contained in this Proviso shall be liable on conviction to a Fine not exceeding Five Pounds, and in default of payment to imprisonment, with or without hard labour at the discretion of the Court, not exceeding six months.

Distance to be travelled and Weight carried.

Court may make abatement of Wages or Damages for misconduct.

9. And it is further enacted, that upon any Complaint by any Servant, Labourer or Journeyman Artificer for non-payment of Wages or Damages for breach of Contract or Misconduct by his or her Master, Mistress or Employer, before the District Court, it shall be lawful for such Court at its discretion to make a proportionable Abatement out of any Sum to be awarded as the Wages or Damages due to any such Servant, Labourer or Artificer, for such Days or Time as he or she shall be proved to have been, without the Consent of his or her Master, Mistress or Employer, absent from, or neglecting his or her Service or Work and also for the Value of any Breakages, or Damage done to any of the property of his or her Master, Mistress or Employer by, or through the Misconduct, or gross Negligence or Carelessness of such Servant, Labourer or Journeyman Artificer.—Provided always, that unless any express Contract be made to the contrary no such Abatement shall be ever made, where such Absence or Neglect of Service or Work by any Servant, Labourer or Artificer appears to have been owing only to his or her being incapacitated therefrom by actual Sickness or other reasonable Cause; —and no such Abatement shall be made for Medical Attendance, or Medicines supplied during illness to any Servant, Labourer or Artificer by his or her Master, Mistress or Employer.

Proviso.

Penalty on Employers refusing without cause to act up to Contract.

10. And it is further enacted, that in case any Master, Mistress or Employer, not having reasonable cause of complaint, shall refuse payment of wages when due, or, not having given notice or made part-payment as required by the second and fifth clauses of this Ordinance, shall refuse to continue full payment to any Servant, Labourer or Journeyman Artificer during the whole term of any contract, written or verbal, entered into between them, every such Master, Mistress or Employer, so refusing, shall in addition to payment of all wages actually due, or of all that would have become due if the contract had been properly observed, or both, as the case may be, be liable to a Fine not exceeding Ten Pounds, and, during default, to imprisonment, provided that the same shall in no case exceed Three Months.

Persons giving false Character.

11. And it is further enacted, that if any Person shall knowingly and wilfully pretend, or falsely assert in writing that any Servant, Labourer or Journeyman Artificer has been hired or retained in his or her Service or

Employment, or in the Service or Employment of any other Person or Persons for any Period of Time whatsoever, or in any Station or Capacity whatsoever, other than that for which such Servant, Labourer or Artificer shall have been so employed, hired or retained: or if any Person shall otherwise knowingly and wilfully write, sign, or give any untrue, false, forged or counterfeit Certificate or Writing in favour of the Character of any such Servant, Labourer or Artificer, then in every such case such Person or Persons so offending shall, besides being liable to Damages upon any Civil Action, be liable on conviction to a Fine not exceeding Ten Pounds, and in default of payment to imprisonment, with or without hard labour at the discretion of the Court, not exceeding Twelve Months.

Servants &c. making false Statement of former employment, or altering Character.

12. And it is further enacted, that if any Person shall offer himself or herself as a Servant, Labourer or Journeyman Artificer, asserting or pretending that he or she hath served in any Service or Employment, in which such Servant, Labourer or Artificer shall not actually have served, or with a false, forged or counterfeit Certificate of his or her Character, or shall in anywise add to, or alter, efface or erase any Word, Date, Matter or Thing contained in or referred to in any Certificate given to him or her, by his or her last or any former actual Master or Mistress or Employer or by any other Person or Persons duly authorized by such Master or Mistress or Employer to give the same, that then in any of the said Cases, such Person or Persons so offending shall be liable on conviction to a Fine not exceeding Three Pounds, and, in default of payment to imprisonment with, or without hard labour at the discretion of the Court, not exceeding Three months.

Servant, &c. denying former employment.

13. And it is further enacted, that if any Person or Persons having been before in Service or Employment as a Servant, Labourer or Journeyman Artificer, shall, when offering to hire himself, herself or themselves in any such Employment, Capacity or Service, falsely and wilfully pretend not to have been hired or retained in any such previous Employment or Service, that then and in such Case such Person or Persons so offending shall be liable on conviction to a Fine not exceeding Three Pounds, and in default of Payment to imprisonment with or without hard Labour at the discretion of the Court, not exceeding Three Months.

Ordinance when to take effect.

14. And it is further enacted, that this Ordinance shall commence and take effect upon and from the First day of January One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-two.

Passed in Council the Sixth day of September One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-one.

W. C. GIBSON,
Clerk to the Council.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Governor,
P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

1842.—Ordinance No. 6.

COLIN CAMPBELL.

An Ordinance to amend the Laws relating to the Customs.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to make alterations in the amount of Duties directed to be levied by the Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, on certain Goods imported into or exported from this Colony, and to discontinue all Drawbacks allowed by the said Ordinance. And whereas it is also expedient to lower the Duty upon Cinnamon exported from this Colony as fixed by the Ordinance No. 10 of 1840.

New Duties. 1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that, from and after the passing of this Ordinance, the several Duties set forth in Figures in the Table hereunto annexed, shall be raised, levied and collected in respect of such Goods as are mentioned therein upon their importation into and exportation from this Colony, instead of the Duties imposed upon such Goods by the Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Laws relating to the Ports and Customs."

Drawbacks discontinued. 2. And it is further enacted, that so much of the said Ordinance No 5 of 1837 as relates to the allowance of Drawback shall be and the same is hereby repealed. Provided always that in all cases where duties have been paid, previous to the passing of this Ordinance, such Drawbacks as are by the aforesaid Ordinance allowed shall continue payable if claimed within the time thereby allowed.

Duty on Cinnamon reduced to one shilling. 3. And it is further enacted, that from and after the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, the second clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1840, entitled "To repeal the Duty on Coal and Coke and equalize the Duty on Cinnamon" shall cease to be of any force or effect; and from and after that period there shall be paid a Duty of one shilling for every pound of Cinnamon exported from this Colony.

Duties to be collected as duties imposed by former Ordinances. 4. And it is further enacted, that the Duties imposed by this Ordinance shall be levied, collected, paid, and recovered in like manner as if such Duties had been imposed by the before mentioned Ordinance No. 5 of 1837, or by the Ordinance No. 8 of 1840 entitled "To amend the Ordinance No. 5 of 1837 and to regulate the Warehousing of Goods."

TABLE OF NEW DUTIES.

IMPORT.

Table of Duties.	Gunpowder	—	—	—the lb.—	0	0	3
	Tea	—	—	— „ —	0	0	6
	Wheat, Gram, Pease and Beans			the bushel	0	0	7
Wine, in bottles,	—	—	—per Imperial gallon—		0	2	0
„ not in bottles	—	—	— „ „ —		0	1	0
„ the produce of any British Possessions—			„ „ —		0	0	6

Goods, Wares and Merchandize, not otherwise charged with Duty, being the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom, or of any of Her Majesty's Possessions abroad, for every one hundred pounds of the value thereof in this market — — — — — —	5	0	0
Goods, Wares and Merchandize, not otherwise charged with Duty, being the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Foreign State, for every one hundred pounds of the value thereof in this market — — — — — —	10	0	0
Copperah — — — — — — — —	free		
EXPORT.			
Cinnamon Oil — — — — — —per oz.—	0	0	4

Passed in Council the First day of September One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-two.

KENNETH MACKENZIE.
Acty. Clerk to the Council.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Governor,

P. ANSTRUTHER.
Col. Secretary.

1842.—ORDINANCE No. 9.

C. CAMPBELL.

For the prevention of mischief by Dogs.

Preamble. WHEREAS much mischief is occasioned by dogs in this Colony and it is expedient to make provision for the prevention thereof.

Governor empowered to issue orders for the destruction of dogs. I. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that from and after the passing of this Ordinance, it shall be lawful for the Governor to issue orders to such persons and at such times as he shall think fit, to destroy or cause to be destroyed all dogs not being led or carried, which shall be found within a certain period to be named in every such order, and in no case to exceed ten days, in any thoroughfare or public place within this Colony or within any part of it to which the Governor shall think proper to limit the extension of such order. Provided nevertheless, that no such order shall be carried into execution until at least twenty-four hours notice thereof shall have been given, by publishing the same in the Government Gazette and also either by beat of tom-tom or in such other manner as may be most usual in the place within which such order shall be declared to be in force. And such notice shall specify the period during which and the limits within which such order is to be in force.

Proviso.

Person suffering dog to make his premises its usual place of resort to be held its owner. 2. And it is further enacted, that every person who shall knowingly suffer a dog to make his house or premises its ordinary place of resort, unless it shall notoriously belong to or be in the charge of some resident thereof, shall be deemed and held to be the owner of such dog, so far as to be liable civilly and penally for all mischief done, and all acts of nuisance committed by such dog while so resorting.

Any person authorized to kill a ferocious dog attacking him or a mad dog.

3. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for any person, at any time, to kill upon the spot any dog which shall ferociously fly at or attack him, and to pursue and kill any dog not being securely tied up, or otherwise confined, which he shall have reasonable ground to believe to be mad. And if the owner of any dog which has been bitten by any dog or other animal, reasonably suspected to be in a rabid state shall permit the same to go at large after being informed of its being in such a state, or knowing it to have been bitten by any dog or other animal in a rabid state, shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a penalty not exceeding three pounds and, in default of payment, to imprisonment at hard labour for any term not exceeding three months.

District Judge may direct any dog being proved to be dangerous, to be secured by owner & upon a second complaint, to be destroyed.

4. And it is further enacted, that upon any complaint being substantiated before a District Court, of any dog being dangerous, the District Judge shall issue orders to the owner or owners thereof so to secure the same as to prevent all risk for the future of the danger complained of; and if, nevertheless any subsequent complaint of a like nature shall be substantiated before the same, or any other competent Court in respect of the same dog, the Judge thereof shall issue his order to such officer of Police as he shall deem best able to execute the same, for the destruction of such dog. And every officer of Police receiving such order, is hereby empowered and required to destroy such dog or cause it to be destroyed, and if necessary to pursue the same or cause it to be pursued into any house or premises within which it shall have taken shelter. Provided always that if after any such subsequent complaint shall have been substantiated in respect of any dog the owner thereof or some person in his behalf shall offer to pay immediately into Court a fine of one pound, it shall be competent for the District Judge if he shall think fit, to accept such offer in lieu of issuing such order as aforesaid, for the destruction of such dog.

Proviso.

Owner of mischievous dog to be liable civilly as well as penally.

5. Provided further and it is hereby declared and enacted, that in addition to every liability imposed upon the owner of a dog by this Ordinance on account of any mischief done by such dog, such owner shall be also liable to any action for damages in respect of the same mischief to which he would have been liable before the passing of this Ordinance.

Persons authorized to kill dogs not to employ dangerous means

6. And it is further enacted, that no person authorised under this Ordinance to kill dogs, shall be held justified in using means for that purpose, which are calculated to endanger personal safety, or to give unnecessary annoyance.

Passed in Council the Fifteenth day of September One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-two.

KENNETH MACKENZIE,
Actg. Clerk to the Council.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Governor.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

1812.—ORDINANCE No. 10.

C. CAMPBELL.

For making provision for the collection of Tolls to be established in this Island.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to make certain general provisions for the collection of Tolls at present, or hereafter to be established, on any roads in this Colony, and that all such provisions should be brought together within one and the same Ordinance.

Certain Ordinances repealed. 1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that the Regulation No. 17, of 1822, entitled "For the more effectual protection of the rights of the Crown to levy exclusive Tolls on the passage of Bridges and Ferries over the Rivers in these Settlements;" as also so much of the Regulation No. 3, of 1831, entitled "For confirming the Tolls on Roads, Bridges, &c. heretofore established" as does not relate to Tolls established on Canals; the Ordinance No. 2, of 1841, entitled "For establishing an uniform rate of Tolls on the Road from Colombo to Kandy and Gampola, and on the Road from Kandy to Gampola;" and the Ordinance No. 8, of 1841, entitled "For regulating the collection of Tolls" shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

Establishing Tolls. 2. And it is further enacted, that all Tolls established at the places specified in the Schedule A. hereunto annexed and all such as shall hereafter be established at any place in this Colony shall be taken and levied by Toll-keepers, to be appointed by the Government Agents of the Provinces in which such places are situated, or their Assistants, according to such rates as the Governor shall from time to time appoint, provided the same shall in no case exceed the rates specified in the annexed Schedule B.

Governor and Executive Council empowered to establish Branch Tolls. 3. And it is further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council, to establish one or more branch stations, for the collection of Tolls in connection with any principal station duly established for that purpose and to remove any station for the collection of Tolls now or hereinafter to be established, to any other place on the same road; notice thereof being given by Advertisement in the Government Gazette.

Passengers how and when exempted from Toll. 4. And it is further enacted, that no Toll shall be levied upon any passenger, cart, carriage, animal or goods, upon his its or their return through any place at which he it or they shall have paid Toll on the same day (to be computed from 12 o'clock at night, to 12 o'clock of the succeeding night;) and upon the production of a Ticket denoting such payment to have been made and that one-half only of the appointed Toll shall be levied upon any passenger, cart, carriage, animal or goods, at any place through

which he, it, or they shall have passed in a like direction on the same day, and paid all Toll; unless such passenger, cart, carriage or animal shall carry a different load, in either of which cases he, or it, shall be liable to payment of full Toll.

Ticket required to clear passengers.

5. And it is further enacted, that every party having once paid Toll at any station, payment at which shall have been declared by the Governor by advertisement in the Gazette to clear any other station shall on the production at such other station of a Ticket denoting such payment to have been made, pass thro' the same without any additional payment of Toll.

Tickets how to be provided for the use of passengers, and Table of Tolls to be suspended.

6. And it is further enacted, that every person appointed to collect Tolls at any station, shall be provided with Tickets consecutively numbered denoting the payment of Toll, and mentioning the stations cleared by the payment of Tolls at such station, one of which Tickets, duly signed by him, shall be delivered gratis to the person paying the Toll, and which shall also have printed or written thereon the day on which the same is delivered; and every such Ticket shall be in the English and in the Native Languages, and in the form hereunto annexed—And there shall be suspended in the front or some other conspicuous place at every Toll station, so as to be distinctly legible from the road, a Table in the English and in the Native Languages, containing the name of the Toll station with the List of the Tolls payable at such station, and the name of every other station cleared by the payment of Toll at such station.

Penalties for infringement of this Ordinance by Toll-keepers.

7. And it is further enacted, that if any person appointed to collect Tolls as aforesaid, shall at any time omit to suspend such Table, or shall wilfully remove, conceal, alter or deface the same, or permit it to become illegible,—or shall demand or take a greater or less Toll than he shall be authorised to do by virtue of the provisions of this Ordinance, or shall fail to grant to any person having paid Toll, a Ticket denoting such payment as hereinbefore required, or shall wilfully subject any passenger, cart, carriage, animal or goods to unreasonable delay or detention, such person shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof, to a fine, not exceeding five pounds, one-half whereof shall be paid to the informer, and in default of payment, to imprisonment, with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding five months.

Penalty for infringement of this Ordinance by passengers.

8. And it is further enacted, that if any person liable to payment of Toll on any road, shall pass from such road over any land near or adjoining thereto (not being a public highway) with intent to evade such payment, or shall fraudulently or forcibly pass by or through any toll bar, station, or place duly appointed for the collection of Tolls, or shall resist or make forcible opposition against any person, duly appointed to collect Tolls, in the execution of his office, or if any person shall maliciously damage

any bar, boat, bridge, or other thing employed for the purpose of collecting Tolls, or shall maliciously remove, deface, alter or damage any Table of Tolls suspended as hereinbefore directed—or if any person, other than a person duly appointed to collect Tolls, shall give, or if any person shall receive from any person other than a person duly appointed as before said, or shall forge, counterfeit, or alter any ticket or certificate of payment or exemption, with intent to evade the payment of any Toll, or if any person shall do any other act whatsoever in order to evade the payment of any Toll, and whereby the same shall be evaded, every such person shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to such punishment as the Court before whom such person shall be convicted, shall deem proportionate thereunto in addition to any Civil action which may be brought against him by any party injured.

Penalties for evading Tolls.

9. And it is further enacted, that if any person shall convey for hire or other consideration whatever any passenger, cart, carriage, animal or goods not being his or her property or in his or her service, across any River or stream by any boat or other means within a distance of one mile above or below any Ferry or Bridge established for the collection of Tolls such person shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding five shillings, one-half whereof shall be paid to the informer; and in default of payment to imprisonment, with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding ten days.

Exemptions.

10. And it is further enacted, that the Governor or Lieutenant Governor and his suite, when in immediate attendance on him, the Government Agents, the Civil Engineer and Surveyor General, the Commissioner of Roads and their respective Assistants, when on duty, together with all their necessary attendants, horses, animals, conveyances, baggage and implements, Military Officers and Soldiers, mounted or unmounted whether on duty or not, but provided they be in uniform dress or undress and all Messengers Carriages and horses drawing or carrying the Public Mails, shall be exempted from payment of any Toll. And it shall be open to the Government Agent to direct the Toll-keeper in writing, to permit cattle or sheep driven to grass; persons with cattle, agricultural instruments, manure, or seed grain, for the cultivation of their lands, and children going to or from school, to pass without payment of Toll, and all persons, carts or animals employed in the repairs of any road, bridge or canal within five miles of the Toll station, shall pass without payment of Toll, on production of a certificate of such employment, from the Officer superintending the work.

Informers competent to give evidence.

11. And it is further enacted, that no person, shall be deemed incompetent to give evidence of any offence created by this Ordinance, by reason of any reward to which such person may be entitled upon the conviction of the offender any thing in the Ordinance No. 6 of 1834, entitled "Ordinance declaring English Rules of Evidence to be in force in this Island, unless in cases otherwise expressly provided for by law: and prescribing the course by which evidence is to be obtained in certain cases" to the contrary notwithstanding.

Ordinance when to take effect.

12. And it is further enacted, that this Ordinance shall commence and take effect upon and from the first day of January One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-three.

SCHEDULE A.

FERRIES, BRIDGES AND ROADS.

Bridge-of-Boats and the following branch stations, viz.
The Draw-bridge at the Grand-Pass
The Bridge at Ocroegoddewatte
Pasbetal Ferry and
At any place within the 8th mile on the Kandy high road from Colombo.
Mutual.
Dandogame Bridge.
Kottugodde.
Muttuwadiye.
Wewelle.
Situake.
Cotta Bridge and the branch station at Pamankadde Bridge.
Pantura and the branch station at Dehewelle Bridge.
Horekelly.
Bolgodde.
Ruggahatottepolle.
Caltura.
Kaymel.
Toppoe.
Kattane.
Kosgahamankade.
Giroolle.
Kottewatte.
Kottedeniwe.
Anguruatotte.
Chilaw.
Ginge-oya.
Dedoroo-oya.
Putlam.
Calpentyn.
Palawy.
Madrankooly Bridge.
Toonmoderah Bridge and the following branch stations, viz.
Kudawewe.
Madampe.
Wellepittye and
Maylawe.
At the Dedoroo-oya on the road from Kurunagalle to Putlam.
Ruanwelle.
Karonelle.
Retigaha-oya.
Allauwe.
Alboigamme Bridge on the Kandy high road.
Ambepusse Bridge and
Tolls at any two such places as the Governor may determine upon between Ambepusse and Peradenia.

Halpatotte.
Keembeeya-Ela.
Gindurah.
Ballepitty-moderah.
Bentotte.
Pol-Oya.
Polwatte.
Walleway.
Walleway-modere.
Ridiyegantotte.
Bedigantotte.
Mamadelatotte.
Warekatotte.
Demuwatte.
Batticaloa Ferry—(This toll is collected at three places, viz. between the Barrier-gate and Caladytorre—between the Bazar and Cattemone and at Vechucalmone.)
Kolombogam and Calmonai Ferry and at a branch station on the road between Kolombogam and Jaffna.
Pannetorre.
Araly.
On the road from Jaffna to Point Pedro.
On the road from Jaffna to Chawagacherry.
On the road from Jaffna to Mallagam.
On the road from Jaffna to Sanganne.
Manaar.
Kokoolay.
Peradenia—on the road from Colombo to Kandy and Gampolla, and on the road from Kandy to Gampolla.
Gannarowe.
Illookmodere.
Gonawatte.
Kundasale.
Leweile.
Allutgantotte.
Pinga-oya.
Hallalowe.
Gampolle.
Maha-oya.
Oma-oya,
Billholl-oya.
On the road between Gampolla and Ambegamme.
On the road between Ambegamme and Tallegamme.
At Rambodde on the road from Kandy to Nuwera-Ellia.
On the road from Kandy to Matelle at the Balliakadua Pass.
On the road from Kandy to Kurnegalle at the foot of the Gallegedera Pass.

SCHEDULE B.

		£	s.	d.
1	Every passenger carrying not more than fifteen pounds, children under Twelve years excepted.....	0	0	0½
2	Every passenger carrying more than fifteen pounds.....	0	0	0½

		£	s.	d.
3	Every vehicle for passengers drawn by one horse, pony or mule, driver and passengers inclusive	0	1	0
4	Every vehicle for passengers, drawn by two horses, ponies or mules driver and passengers inclusive	0	1	6
5	Every additional horse, pony or mule belonging to any of the above vehicles	0	0	3
6	Every vehicle for passengers, drawn by one bullock	0	0	9
7	Every additional bullock belonging thereto	0	0	1½
8	Every horse and keeper with or without rider, loaded or unloaded	0	0	4
9	Every other loaded beast of burden (elephant excepted) with its driver or keeper	0	0	2
10	Every other unloaded beast of burden (elephant excepted) with its driver or keeper	0	0	1
11	Every loaded cart drawn by one horse, bullock, buffaloe or any other beast of burden (elephant excepted) driver inclusive	0	0	6
12	Every loaded cart drawn by two horses, bullocks, buffaloes or any other beast of burden (elephant excepted) driver inclusive	0	0	9
13	Every loaded cart drawn by three horses, bullocks, buffaloes or any other beast of burden (elephant excepted) driver inclusive	0	1	0
14	Every additional horse, bullock, buffaloe or other beast of burden (elephant excepted) belonging thereto	0	0	3
15	Every unloaded cart drawn by one horse, bullock buffaloe or any other beast of burden (elephant excepted) driver inclusive	0	0	3
16	Every unloaded cart drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes or any other beast of burden (elephant excepted) driver inclusive	0	0	4½
17	Every additional horse, bullock, buffaloe or other beast of burden (elephant excepted) belonging thereto	0	0	1½
18	Every loaded elephant waggon drawn by two elephants with their drivers and leaf cutters included	0	2	0
19	Every unloaded elephant-waggon drawn by two elephants, with their drivers and leaf cutters included	0	1	9
20	Every loaded elephant cart drawn by one elephant, with its driver and leaf cutters included	0	1	6
21	Every unloaded elephant cart drawn by one elephant, with its driver and leaf cutters included	0	0	9
22	Every loaded elephant with its driver and leaf cutters	0	0	9
23	Every unloaded elephant with its driver and leaf cutters	0	0	6
24	Every palanqueen with four bearers	0	0	6
25	Every additional bearer	0	0	0½
26	Every animal (dog excepted) not enumerated herein	0	0	0½
27	Every leaguer or cask not empty and not carried in a cart	0	0	2
28	Every leaguer or cask empty	0	0	1
29	All goods not carried in a vehicle or by men per load	0	0	2
30	Every vehicle not enumerated above	0	0	3
31	Every log of wood, piece of stone or other heavy article not being carried in a vehicle or by men	0	1	6

FORM OF TICKET.

No. _____

Toll Station

(_____) Date _____ 18__

This Ticket clears _____

_____

Received for _____

the sum of _____

Signature _____

Passed in Council the Fifteenth day of September One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-two.

KENNETH MACKENZIE,
Actg. Clerk to the Council.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Governor,

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

1843.—ORDINANCE No. 4.

C. CAMPBELL.

To apply a sum of money for the repairs of certain Wharves and for the construction of a new wharf in Colombo and to impose wharfage and cranage dues on certain Goods imported into or exported from the Port of Colombo during a certain period.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to make certain repairs in the Queen's Wharf and the wharf near the Custom House at Colombo and to construct a new Wharf at Colombo. And whereas by the Ordinance No. 8 of 1842 entitled an Ordinance "To apply a sum not exceeding one hundred and forty-one thousand and sixty-three pounds to the contingent service of the year 1843" no sum of money was appropriated for any such purpose. And whereas it is necessary that a sum of money sufficient for the making of such repairs and for the construction of such new Wharf should be charged upon the Revenue of this Island. And whereas it is desirable in order to meet the expence of the construction of such new Wharf that certain wharfage and cranage dues should be payable and levied during a period of twelve months on certain Goods Wares and Merchandize imported into or exported from the Port of Colombo.

£1,200. *to be charged upon the Revenue of this Island.*

1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof that a sum not exceeding one thousand two hundred pounds shall be and the same is hereby charged upon the Revenue of this Island.

How to be applied. 2. And it is further enacted that the said sum of one thousand two hundred pounds shall and may be issued and applied for the repairs of the Queen's Wharf and of the Wharf near the Custom House at Colombo and for the construction of a new Wharf in the vicinity of the Master Attendant's Office at Colombo,

Treasurer to pay the above at such times as the Governor by Warrant shall order. 3. And it is further enacted that the Treasurer of this Island shall issue and pay the said sum to such persons for the purposes herein before mentioned upon such days and in such proportions as the said Governor for the time being by any Warrant or order in writing to be signed by him shall from time to time order and direct and that the payments so to be made shall be charged upon and payable out of the Revenues of the said Island.

And to receive credit in his accounts for the payments made in pursuance thereof. 4. And it is further enacted that the said Treasurer shall in his accounts from time to time be allowed credit for any sum or sums of money paid by him in pursuance of such warrant or order in writing as aforesaid and that the receipt or receipts of the respective persons to whom the same shall be so paid shall be a full and valid discharge to the said Treasurer in passing his said accounts for any such sum or sums as shall be therein mentioned and that he shall and do receive credit for the same accordingly.

Wharfage and Cranage dues to be paid. 5. And it is further enacted that warfage and cranage dues shall be paid and levied during the twelve months next ensuing after the passing of this Ordinance on certain Goods wares and Merchandize landed or shipped at the Port of Colombo of the description and according to the rates specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed. Provided always that no such wharfage or cranage dues shall be payable on any article declared to be exempted therefrom in the said Schedule.

Proviso.

How levied. 6. And it is further enacted that the said wharfage and cranage dues shall be levied collected paid and recovered in like manner as is provided in respect of the levying collection payment and recovery of dues imposed by the Ordinance No. 5 of 1837 entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Laws relating to the Ports and Customs."

SCHEDULE.

Wharfage and Cranage payable on all Goods, Wares and Merchandize landed or shipped at the Port of Colombo.

	£	s.	d.
On every Pipe, Puncheon, Butt or other Cask of the capacity of 80 Gallons or upwards and containing, Wine, Spirits or other Liquids	0	0	6
On every Hogshead, half Puncheon, Tierce or other Cask of the capacity of 40 Gallons and under 80 Gallons and containing Wine, Spirits or other Liquids	0	0	3

On every quarter Cask, Barrel, Keg, or other Cask of less capacity than 40 Gallons containing Wine, Spirits or other Liquids	0	0	1½
On every Crate of Earthenware or empty bottles. .	0	0	6
On every Case, Bale, Box or Trunk or other Package whatsoever not otherwise described. If measuring 20 cubic feet and upwards. . . .	0	0	6
Do. 10 do. and less than 20 . .	0	0	4
Do. 5 do. and less than 10 . .	0	0	2
Do. 2 do. and less than 5 . .	0	0	1
On every bag of Coffee, Sugar, Saltpetre and Arrecanuts	0	0	1
On every 1,000 Bricks if landed at any Wharf . .	0	0	6
On every Ton of Coals if landed at any Wharf . .	0	0	6
On every Ton of heavy Goods not otherwise described	0	1	0
On every Horse	0	2	6

All Goods not included or enumerated in the foregoing Table and not exempt from Wharfage to pay in proportion to the rates therein contained according to weight or size.

EXEMPTIONS.

All Rice, Paddy, Wheat, Gram, Pease and Beans.
All empty Casks, Staves, Headings or hoops.
All live stock not otherwise charged with Wharfage.
All Articles Imported and Exported Coastwise.
All public Stores, Naval and Military Baggage.
Wearing Apparel and Cabin furniture of Passengers.
All Articles Exported on which dues shall have been levied at the time of Importation.

Passed in Council the Nineteenth day of October One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-three.

KENNETH MACKENZIE,
Actg. Clerk to the Council.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Governor,
P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secy.

1843.—ORDINANCE No. 7.

C. CAMPBELL.

Ordinance to alter the law relating to the deposit of Bullion Coin or Gold or Silver Articles as Security for Duties of Customs.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to discontinue the practice of depositing Bullion Coin or Gold or Silver Articles as Security for the payment of Duties of Customs.

The 3d Clause of Ordinance 5 of 1837 and 4th Clause of Ordinance 8 of 1840 repealed.

1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof that from and after the 6th day of January one thousand eight hundred and forty-four the 3d Clause of the Ordinance No. 5 of 1837 entitled "an Ordinance

to amend the laws relating to the Ports and Customs" and the 4th Clause of the Ordinance No. 5 of 1840 entitled "To amend the Ordinance No. 5 of 1837 and to regulate the Warehousing of Goods" shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

Passed in Council the Thirtieth day of October One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-three.

KENNETH MACKENZIE,
Acting Clerk to the Council.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Governor,

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secy.

1843.—ORDINANCE No. 13.

C. CAMPBELL.

An Ordinance for establishing an Efficient Police in certain Towns &c.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to establish an efficient Police force within certain Towns and their neighbourhood and to provide for the maintenance of such force by certain assessments to be levied upon the inhabitants of such Towns and neighbourhood respectively.

Governor may establish Police force within certain Towns by Proclamation.

1. It is therefore hereby enacted by the Governor of Ceylon with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof that it shall be lawful for the Governor from time to time as occasion may require to establish a Police force for the effectual protection of Person and Property within such Towns and limits as to him shall appear to require the same and as shall be specified and defined in any Proclamation to be by him for that purpose issued and published in the Government Gazette. And whenever the said Governor shall declare by such Proclamation that any such Police force shall be established within any such Town and limits this Ordinance shall come into operation therein from and after the day appointed for that purpose in such Proclamation. And it shall be lawful for the said Governor from time to time as to him may appear expedient by Proclamation to be by him in like manner issued for that purpose to alter or vary any such limits.

Ordinances to be repealed when this Ordinance comes into operation in Colombo.

2. And it is further enacted that so soon as this Ordinance shall come into operation within the Town Fort Port and Gravets of Colombo the Ordinance No. 3 of 1834 entitled "For improving the Police within the Town Fort and Four Gravets and Port of Colombo and for consolidating and amending the Laws relating to the same" and so much of the Ordinance No. 4 of 1834 entitled "To consolidate and amend the several Regulations relating to the Assessment Tax on Houses

and the Tax on licensed Bullock Carts in Colombo and Point de Galle and for making further Provisions as to the future management and application of the said Taxes" as relates to the Assessment tax on Houses and Shops within the Town Fort Port and four Gravets of Colombo and so much of the first clause of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1835 entitled "For altering amending and explaining the Ordinance No. 4 of 1834" as relates to the Assessment Tax on Houses and Shops within the Town Fort and Gravets of Colombo shall be and the same are hereby declared to be repealed except in so far as they repeal other Proclamations Regulations and Ordinances and except as to any offences committed or penalties incurred or arrears due at such time in respect of such Ordinances.

When in Galle. 3. And it is further enacted that so soon as this Ordinance shall come into operation within the Town Fort and Gravets of Galle so much of the Regulation No. 6 of 1813 entitled "Regulation for the better Police of the Towns and Forts of Jaffnapatam and Point de Galle and their Gravets" as relates to the Town Fort and Gravets of Galle and so much of the Ordinances No. 4 of 1834 and of the first clause of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1835 entitled as in the preceding clause mentioned as relates to the Assessment Tax on Houses and Shops within the Town Fort and Gravets of Point de Galle shall be and the same is hereby declared to be repealed except in so far as they repeal other Proclamations Regulations and Ordinances and except as to any offences committed or penalties incurred or arrears due at such time in respect of such Regulations and Ordinances.

When in Jaffna. 4. And it is further enacted that so soon as this Ordinance shall come into operation within the Town and Fort of Jaffna so much of the Regulation No. 6 of 1813 entitled as in the preceding clause mentioned as relates to the Town and Fort of Jaffnapatam shall be and the same is hereby declared to be repealed except as to any offences committed against or penalties incurred and due under the said Regularion at such time

When in Trincomalie. 5. And it is further enacted that so soon as this Ordinance shall come into operation within the Town Fort and Gravets of Trincomalie the 39 first clauses of the Regulation No. 5 of 1813 entitled "Regulation for the better Police of the Town and Fort of Trincomalie and its Gravets" shall be and the same are hereby declared to be repealed except as to any offences committed against or penalties incurred and due under the said Regulation at such time.

When in Manar Negombo and Matura. 6. And it is further enacted that so soon as this Ordinance shall come into operation within any one or more of the Towns of Manar Negombo and Matura and their respective Gravets such one or more of the Regulations No. 6 of 1815; No. 4 of 1819 and No. 14 of 1820 entitled respectively "Regulation for the better Police for the Town of Manar and its Gravets" "Regulation for the better Police for the Town of Negombo and its Gravets" and "Regulation for the better Police for the Town of Matura and its Gravets" as relates or relate to such Town or Towns shall be and the

same is or are hereby declared to be repealed except as to offences committed against or penalties incurred under the said Regulation or Regulations and due at such time.

When in Kandy. 7. And it is further enacted that so soon as this Ordinance shall come into operation within the Town and Gravets of Kandy the Rules and Regulations bearing date the 7th December 1818 entitled "Rules and Regulations for the Police of the Town of Kandy established by His Excellency the Governor and to take place from their publication in Kandy" shall be and the same are hereby declared to be repealed except as to any offences committed against or penalties incurred and due under such Rules and Regulations at such time.

When in Kornegalle. 8. And it is further enacted that so soon as this Ordinance shall come into operation within the Bazar Village and cantonments of Kornegalle the Rules and Regulations entitled "Rules and Regulations for the Police for the Bazar Village and cantonments of Kornegalle established by his Excellency the Governor and to take place from their publication in the Seven Korles" dated 1st September 1819 shall be and the same are hereby repealed except as to offences committed against or penalties incurred and due under the said Rules and Regulations at such time.

Regulation No. 25 of 1822 when to be repealed. 9. And it is further enacted that so soon as this Ordinance shall come into operasion within any of the Towns Ports Forts and Gravets in the preceding clauses mentioned so much of the Regulation No. 25 of 1822 entitled "For amending so much of the several Police Regulations as relates to fixing the hours for the Patrole" as shall relate to any such Town Port Fort or Gravets shall be and the same is hereby declared to be repealed.

The Superintendent to be appointed by Warrant and to be sworn. 10. And it is further enacted that it shall be lawful for the said Governor to appoint by Warrant under his hand and Seal some fit and proper Person to be Superintendent of Police for any such Town and limits and such Superintendent shall before entering upon the duties of his Office take the oath of allegiance and the following oath of office as near as is material:-

I do solemnly swear that I will truly and faithfully to the best of my skill and ability perform the duties and office of Superintendent of Police for the Town and limits of without fear favor or affection.

So help me God.

And it shall be lawful for the said Governor at any time when to him it shall appear necessary to remove any such Superintendent of Police from his Office.

Superintendent may appoint and suspend Police Officers and Constables. 11. And it is further enacted that it shall and may be lawful for the said Superintendent to nominate and appoint such and so many Persons as the said Governor shall think fit to act as Police Officers under the control and order of the

said Superintendent with full power to the said Superintendent to suspend and (subject to the approbation of the said Governor) to remove all or any of the said Officers and to appoint other Persons in their room.

And make Rules for Police.

12. And it is further enacted that the said Superintendent of Police may from time to time subject always to the approbation of the said Governor frame Orders and Regulations for the observance of the Police Officers who shall be placed under his controul as aforesaid and also for the general Government of such Persons as to their places of residence classification rank and particular services as well as their distribution and inspection and all such Orders and Regulations relative to the said Police force as he may deem expedient for preventing neglect or abuse and for rendering such force efficient in the discharge of its duties.

Warrants to be executed by any Officer of the Police shall be directed to Superintendent.

13. And it is further enacted that all Criminal Warrants to be executed by any Officer of the Police force established within any such Town and limits as aforesaid shall be directed to the Superintendent of such force. And every such Superintendent to whom such Warrant shall be directed shall execute or cause the same to be executed by an Officer of such force at any place within such Town and limits.

A Justice resident in town may direct his Warrant to be executed at any place within his jurisdiction by the Police of such Town.

14. And it is further enacted that it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace resident within any such Town and limits as aforesaid to direct any Criminal Warrant to such Superintendent to be executed at any place within the jurisdiction of such Justice of the Peace and such Superintendent is hereby authorized and required to execute or cause the same to be executed by some Officer of such force any where within such jurisdiction and to make and certify the return together with the execution thereof.

Offenders or suspected Persons to be apprehended by Police and brought before Justice or Police Magistrate.

15. And it is further enacted that it shall be lawful for such Superintendent and for any Officer of the said Police force and he is hereby required to apprehend within the said Town and limits all loose idle and disorderly Persons whom he shall find therein disturbing the public peace or whom he shall have reasonable cause to suspect of having committed or of being about to commit any crime or offence and all Persons offending against any Law now or hereafter to be in force relative to Vagrants. And every such Officer shall forthwith deliver every Person so apprehended into the Custody of the principal Officer of Police of the division on duty to be by him secured and brought with all possible despatch before the Superintendent of Police who shall cause such Person to be taken without unnecessary delay before some competent Court or Justice of the Peace as the case may require to be dealt with according to Law.

Police may seize Cart Carriage or Boat in which there is stolen property and bring property before Justice or Police Magistrate.

16. And it is further enacted that it shall be lawful for every such Superintendent and Officer and he is hereby required to stop search and detain any Cart Carriage Boat Craft or Vessel within the said Town and limits in which he shall have reasonable cause to suspect that there shall be any goods or property stolen or otherwise unlawfully obtained or possessed and to seize the same and also to apprehend and detain any Person who may reasonably be suspected of knowingly having or conveying in any manner any goods or property being stolen or otherwise unlawfully obtained or possessed and every such Officer shall forthwith bring every such Person and such property to the principal Officer of the division on duty who shall with all possible despatch send such Person and such property before the Superintendent of Police. And such Superintendent shall without unnecessary delay send such Person or property before some competent Court or Justice of the Peace as the case may require to be dealt with according to law.

Superintendent may take bail in certain cases.

17. And it is hereby further enacted that whenever any Person being apprehended and brought before the said Superintendent of Police cannot be immediately sent before a competent Court or Justice of the Peace as the case may require it shall be lawful for the said Superintendent of the Police in cases of minor importance wherein he shall deem it prudent to take bail by Recognizance from such Person conditional for his or her appearance before such Court or Justice and to abide the decision of such Court or Justice as to the charge or complaint against such Person and every such Recognizance shall be of equal obligation on the Parties entering into the same and liable to the same proceedings for the estreating thereof as if the same had been taken by the Court or Justice before whom such Person may be required to appear and also whenever it shall appear to the said Superintendent of the Police that any Person has been taken into Custody or any Carriage Boat or Vessel or any goods matters or things have been seized or detained by any Officer of the said Police force by mistake or without good and reasonable ground for any such detention or upon frivolous and vexatious complaints it shall be competent to the said Superintendent of the Police to set such Person at liberty and to release any such Carriage Boat Vessel goods or things making an entry in his Diary of his having so done.

and may release person or thing detained without sufficient cause.

Superintendent to suppress Riots &c. and enforce Rules.

18. And it is further enacted that every such Superintendent of Police is hereby authorized and required to suppress or cause to be suppressed all Tumults Riots Affrays or Breaches of the Peace all Public Nuisances and offences against the Law in all places within such Town and limits and shall enforce all such Rules and Regulations as are hereby or may hereafter be made respecting the Police of such Town and limits.

In cases of Fire &c. Superintendent to repair to the spot.

19. And it is further enacted that in all cases of fire or other calamity occurring within such Town and limits such Superintendent of Police shall repair to the place where the same has occurred for the protection of such Persons and property as may be endangered thereby and shall be authorized to call upon all Persons to aid and assist him in that behalf and every Person so called upon who shall refuse or neglect to give such aid and assistance without good and Sufficient excuse shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding one Pound,

May enter shops &c. and search for false weights and measures,

20. And it is further enacted that it shall be lawful for such Superintendent of Police to authorize any Police Officer by Warrant under his hand at any time in the day to enter into any Shop or other place where articles are bought or sold by retail within such Town and limits and demand the production of and to search for and examine all balances weights and measures used or kept therein and to seize and detain all such as he may have reasonable cause to suspect to be false or deficient and to bring the same before the Superintendent of the Police and such balances weights or measures being examined and compared with the Government standard weights and measures and found false or deficient shall be forfeited. And all Persons concealing or refusing to produce any balances weights or measures on demand as aforesaid shall be deemed to be guilty of obstructing the said Officer of Police in the performance of his duty and on being duly convicted thereof shall be liable to punishment for the same accordingly.

Persons receiving Gold &c. in pawn and not shewing it to Police to be guilty of an offence and in certain cases the Goods pawned not recoverable.

21. And it is further enacted that all Gold Silver Brass and Copper Goods or Jewels which are received in Pawn within such Town and limits shall be shewn by the receiver to the principal Officer of Police of his division and any such Receiver who shall neglect to shew such Gold Silver Brass and Copper Goods or Jewels accordingly to such Officer shall be guilty of an offence. And no Person who shall give any such Goods or Jewels in Pawn unless under deed or other instrument duly executed or unless such act be duly witnessed by such Officer of Police who shall make a written Memorandum of such transaction to be carefully preserved by him in order to be produced when called for shall be entitled to recover back the articlet so pawned.

Householder to give lists of inmates when required.

22. And it is further enacted that every Householder within such Town and limits shall furnish the principal Officer of Police of his division when required so to do by such Officer under the order received to that effect from any Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction within such Town and limits or from the Superintendent of Police with a list of all the inmates of his House distinguishing the Members of his family from the Servants or others resident therein and he or she shall also if it

shall be so directed in the order of the Superintendent of Police or Justices of the Peace report any increase or diminution or change in the same nor shall he or she having received such notice under such order harbour a stranger without giving such notice thereof to the principal Officer of Police of his division. And every Person failing in any duty imposed upon him or her by this clause shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding Ten Shillings.

Wells to be surrounded with Wall two feet high.

23. And it is further enacted that all Persons who shall make or cause to be made or have rent or possess any Well within the said Town and limits and shall not surround the same with a Well two feet in height and keep such Wall of that height and in good and sufficient repair shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding Ten Shillings.

No Cart to remain in the Street &c. at night under a penalty upon Owner.

24. And it is further enacted that no Cart of any description whatsoever shall be left or permitted to remain in any Street Way or Avenue within such Town and limits upon any pretence whatever between sun-set and sun-rise without the permission of the Superintendent of Police or except in such places as shall at any time be appointed and notified by such Superintendent of Police and the Owner or Person in charge of any Cart so left or permitted to remain as aforesaid shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding Ten Shillings.

No Carriage to obstruct any Street.

25. And it is further enacted that in no case shall any description of Carriage for the purpose of unloading or otherwise be permitted to obstruct the passage of any Street nor any two or more Carriages or any description to stand abreast in any Street Way or Avenue within such Town and limits and the Owner or Person in charge of any such Carriage not removing the same immediately when ordered or requested so to do by any Officer of Police or by any private person shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding One Pound.

Penalty on furious or careless riding or driving.

26. And it is further enacted that all persons who shall within such Town and limits drive or conduct any Carriage or other Vehicle in a careless or violent manner or who shall ride upon any Carriage or other Vehicle drawn by Horses Bullocks or other Cattle without having reins or some person on foot to guide the same or who shall furiously ride or drive or carelessly lead or let loose any Horse Mare Bullock or other animal in any street to the danger and terror of passengers or shall employ any incompetent person to drive or conduct any Carriage or other Vehicle or to leap any Horse shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding Five Pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding three months.

Elephants not to pass along the Streets except at certain times.

27. And it is further enacted that no Elephant shall be permitted to pass along any Street Road or throughfare within such Town and limits except between the hours of two and eight in the morning and every person riding driving or conducting any Elephant or causing any Elephant to be ridden driven or conducted along any such Street Road or thoroughfare except between such hours as aforesaid shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding Five Pounds. Provided always that nothing in this Clause contained shall apply to the employment of Elephants in the Town and neighbourhood of Kandy under a written license granted by the authority of the Governer.

Proviso.

Rules to be observed by Carriages passing each other.

28. And it is further enacted that when one wheeled Carriage shall pass another wheeled Carriage going in the same or coming from an opposite direction it shall pass on the off or right side of such last mentioned Carriage. And every Person driving or conducting a wheeled Carriage who shall willfully or negligently pass any other wheeled Carriage on the wrong side or prevent any other wheeled Carriage from passing on the proper side shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding Five Shillings.

Persons offending against the 24th 25th 26th 27th and 28th clauses of this Ordinance may be seized.

29. And it is further enacted that it shall be lawful for any person within whose view any of the offences specified in the 24 25 26 27 and 28 clauses of this Ordinance shall have been committed to seize and take the party having so offended to the nearest Officer of Police to be dealt with according to law if such party shall refuse to give to such person on demand full information respecting his name occupation and residence. And where such offender cannot be so seized or traced but the Carriage Cart or animal in respect of which the offence in question was committed can be identified it shall be lawful for any competent Court to issue a Warrant for the seizure of such Carriage Cart or animal together with a Summons to the Owner thereof to appear before such Court on a certain day to be mentioned in such Summons. And if such Owner shall fail to attend in pursuance thereof without good and sufficient excuse or if attending and not being himself the offender he shall refuse to give all information in his power respecting the party by whom such offence was committed such Owner shall be guilty of an offence and be liable to the same punishment to which the party so having offended as aforesaid would have been liable on conviction thereof.

Penalty on persons forming part of procession or assemblies carrying swords or other offensive weapons.

30. And it is further enacted that if any person forming part of any procession or of any assembly of more than ten persons except under Military Regulation or some Regulation of Police which shall take place or be collected for some particular purpose anywhere within such Town and limits shall have about him or have placed

any where near him so as to be capable of being used by him while forming part of such procession or of such assembly any gun pistol sword crees club or other offensive weapon every such person shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding Five Pounds or to imprisonment at hard labour for any period not exceeding three months and every person who shall have formed part of any such procession or assembly and who it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court before whom he shall be brought was or might have made himself aware that any such offensive weapon was carried or placed near any person forming part of such procession or assembly as aforesaid and did not give information thereof to some Officer of Police shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction to any fine not exceeding Three Pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding six weeks.

Observance of the Sabbath.

31. And it is further enacted that all Persons who within such Town and limits shall publicly pursue any trade business or occupation on Sunday Christmas-day or Good Friday during the hours of Divine Service and within view or hearing of any Church Chapel Meeting House or authorized place of Christian worship shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any penalty not exceeding Ten Shillings.

Penalty on disturbing Christian worship.

32. And it is further enacted that every Person who shall under any pretence whatever either within or from without any place of Christian worship disturb the performance of public worship therein or in any way during such performance molest any of the congregation shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any penalty not exceeding Five Pounds or to imprisonsonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding three months.

Beating of Tom Toms &c. forbidden.

33. And it is further enacted that all Persons who shall within such Town and limits beat drums or tom-toms discharge fire arms or fire works or make any other noise in the night so as to disturb the repose of the inhabitants except under Military Regulation or unless they shall have obtained a license from any Justice of the Peace having Jurisdiction within such Town and limits or from the Superintendent of Police who are hereby authorized to grant the same when it shall to them appear expedient or who shall at any time discharge any fire arms or fire works or play at any games in or near any Street Road or thoroughfare or fly any Kite or throw any stone or other Missile or wilfully or negligently do any act or thing in a manner calculated to terrify or injure any Passenger Horse or Cattle or to injure any property shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding One Pound.

Butchers and Bakers and their licenses.

34. And it is further enacted that all licenses heretofore required to be taken out by any Persons for baking bread for sale or by any persons slaughtering Cattle or carrying on the trade

of a Butcher within such Town and limits shall hereafter be granted by and paid for when payment is required to the Superintendent of Police who is hereby authorized to grant the same and who shall keep a register of the names of all Persons taking out such licenses respectively.

Persons laying any rubbish or building Materials in thoroughfare guilty of an offence.

35. And it is further enacted that all Persons who shall within any such Town and limits lay or cause to be laid or cast any dirt rubbish or any other matter of annoyance or obstruction on any Road Steet Canal Quay Wharf or thoroughfare or into any Sewer Drain or water course or shall fasten any scaffolding or place any bricks cabbook chunam or other materials in or upon any such Road Street Canal or thoroughfare whereby any nuisance or obstruction may be occasioned shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding One Pound.

Exposure of goods for sale.

36. And it is further enacted that every person who shall expose goods for sale or who shall carry on any trade or business in any Road Street Canal or public thoroughfare within any such Town and limits so as to cause obstruction therein except in such place or places as shall be appointed for that purpose by the Superintendent of Police shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding five shillings.

Persons to keep the space opposite their houses clean.

37. And it is further enacted that no filth or dirt or dead or disabled animal shall be cast or allowed to remain in any Street Road Canal or other thoroughfare within any such Town and limits and every inhabitant within any such Town and limits shall keep the space and Street or Road and all surface-drains ditches and gutters before his house clean and the owners or occupiers of all private avenues passages yards and ways and all slaughter houses shall keep the same clean and shall remove the offal to such place as the principal Police Officer of the division may point out under the directions of the Superintendent of the Police and any person wilfully offending against this clause shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding five shillings.

Persons wilfully injuring any public building to be guilty of an offence.

38. And it is further enacted that any person who shall wilfully damage any public building wall parapet sluice bridge road street canal water course or other public property within such Town and limits shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding Five Pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding three months.

Stray Pigs to be killed.

39. And it is further enacted that the owners of all Pigs found straying within such Town and limits shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding five shillings and all such Pigs shall be forfeited and may be seized and killed by any Person whatsoever and every Person killing or seizing a Pig

under this authority shall give immediate notice and if he choose take every such Pig or cause it to be taken to the principal Officer of Police of the division who shall cause every such pig to be sold by Public Auction and shall pay to the Person seizing or killing the same one half of the produce of such sale and the remainder shall be paid into any Court of Criminal jurisdiction within such Town and limits for the use of Her Majesty.

Penalty on tethering cattle &c. in or near road.

10. And it is further enacted that every person tying or tethering or causing to be tied or tethered any Horse Goat Sheep Cattle or animal of any description so that such Horse Goat Sheep Cattle or animal can or shall make its way into any public Street Road or thoroughfare within such Town and limits shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding five shillings and it shall be lawful for any Officer of Police or any other person finding any such Horse Goat Sheep Cattle or animal so tied or tethered to lodge the same in any pound provided for that purpose. And such Horse Goat Sheep Cattle or animal shall not be released from such pound until the Owner or some person in his behalf shall have paid to the person impounding such Horse Goat Sheep Cattle or animal the sum of One Shilling and Six Pence for every such Horse Goat Sheep head of Cattle or animal and the costs of the keep of such animal while so impounded. Provided always that if no person shall appear to claim such animal nor shall pay such dues as aforesaid in respect of the impounding and keep of such animal within seven days after it shall have been so impounded it shall be lawful for the Superintendent or Principal Officer of Police of the division and he is hereby required to sell the same and after deducting the costs of the keep thereof and having paid the sum of One Shilling and Six Pence to the person who shall have impounded it to pay the remainder of the produce of such sale to the use of Her Majesty.

Houses to be surrounded with walls or fences and gardens kept clear.

11. And it is further enacted that all Houses and Gardens within such parts of any of the said Towns and limits as the Governor shall from time to time direct by Proclamation to be for that purpose issued in the Government Gazette shall within six months after such Proclamation shall have been so issued be surrounded with walls or good fences and be cleared of brush and underwood and every Person neglecting within such time so to surround his House and Garden or to clear the same of brush and underwood shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding ten shillings. Provided always that the proprietors of adjoining lands which shall require to be fenced or walled under the provisions of this clause shall be liable to make and keep in repair each one half of such fence or wall except whereby any law or custom such liability shall be otherwise determined.

Surveyor General may in certain cases demand production of titles deeds

12. And it is further enacted that if it shall at any time appear to the Surveyor General or his Assistant that any building erection enclosure or encroachment shall have been raised or made in any Public Street Road Highway or thoroughfare within any such Town and limits or on any

Waste or other Ground immediately adjoining any such Public Street Road Highway or thoroughfare and belonging to Her Majesty except with the express permission in writing of the Government Agent or some other competent authority it shall be lawful for the Surveyor General or his Assistant to demand in writing of the person claiming to be the Owner of the premises on which such building erection enclosure or encroachment shall have been raised or made the production of every deed document and instrument upon which such person founds such claim and if the Occupier of such premises not being himself the alleged Owner shall refuse to give full information respecting the name and residence of such alleged Owner upon being requested so to do by the Surveyor General or his Assistant or if such alleged Owner shall refuse to produce within ten days after being requested so to do every deed document and instrument upon which he founds his claim to the said premises and which shall be in his possession or if any such deed document or instrument shall not be in his possession shall refuse fully to inform the Surveyor General or his Assistant upon application in whose possession they are or if any person having in his possession any such deed document or instrument shall refuse to produce the same within ten days after having been requested so to do in writing by the Surveyor General or his Assistant every such Occupier alleged Owner and person so refusing shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding Five Pounds. And it shall be lawful for the Surveyor General or his Assistant or any person acting under the orders of the Surveyor General or his Assistant to enter upon any premises upon which any such building erection enclosure or encroachment shall have been raised or made as aforesaid and upon any other premises which it may be necessary to enter for the purposes of the survey hereinafter mentioned and to make such survey of all such premises as may be necessary to enable the Surveyor General or his Assistant to ascertain whether such building erection or enclosure is an encroachment upon any Public Street Road Highway or thoroughfare or upon any land adjoining thereto and belonging to Her Majesty. And if after having made such survey or if from the inspection of any deed document or instrument produced to him as aforesaid the Surveyor General or his Assistant shall be satisfied that such building erection or enclosure is an encroachment as aforesaid it shall be lawful for the Surveyor General or his Assistant to cause the same to be entirely removed. Provided always that if such removal shall be effected after the due production of all deeds documents and instruments affecting the title to such premises and such premises shall nevertheless be adjudged by some competent Court of Law to be the property of the party laying claim to the same the Surveyor General or his Assistant having caused such removal shall be liable in damages for all loss and injury occasioned thereby but if the party claiming to be the Owner of such premises shall refuse or be unable to produce all such deeds documents and in-

And make Survey of premises.

And remove encroachments.

Proviso.

struments or if such deeds documents and instruments shall not be produced within ten days after application in that behalf and the Surveyor General or his Assistant shall nevertheless have caused the removal of such building erection enclosure or encroachment then in the event of such premises being adjudged to be the property of the party claiming to be the Owner thereof the Surveyor General or his Assistant shall not be liable in damages for any loss or injury occasioned thereby.

Also persons causing projections and obstructions,

43. And it is further enacted that if any owner or occupier of any building or other person shall within such Town and limits build place or hang up or continue any penthouse porch or shed or other projection so as to overhang jet into or encroach upon any Street Canal or public thoroughfare or shall place make or continue any stall bench booth timber barrier or other thing so as to encroach upon or cause obstruction in any Street Canal or public thoroughfare within the limits aforesaid every such person shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding One Pound.

Proviso.

44. Provided always and it is further enacted that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any public Officer duly authorised in that behalf from making temporary use of any part of the Public Road or Canal for the public service nor to prevent the said Superintendent of Police from granting his license to the inhabitants for the erecting of temporary fences and enclosures in order to the building pulling down or repairing of their houses and other buildings or of temporary decorations within such Town and limits Provided that the length and breadth of such enclosures be described in such license and that there be sufficient room for Coaches Carts and other Carriages or Boats to pass and Provided that the person obtaining such license shall immediately after sun-set during all the time that the enclosure shall continue if required by the said Superintendent of Police in such licence place and keep a sufficient light upon the premises till day break and any person removing or extinguishinh such light during such time shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding One Pound or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding fourteen days.

Trees and bushes and hedges to be pruned and trimmed.

45. And it is further enacted that all trees or bushes growing within any Garden enclosure or other premises adjoining to any Street Road Canal or thoroughfare within such Town and limits shall be cut pruned or trimmed in the manner best calculated to prevent the concealment of thieves and to preserve the public Roads and Canals and render them convenient for passengers and to preserve public Roads and Canals and render them convenient for passengers and to admit of the free circulation of air whereby the health and comfort of the public may be promoted and all live hedges shall be kept pruned so as not to exceed the height

of eight feet throughout more than the one half of their whole extent the particular portion of such live hedges in which the height may be allowed to exceed the said height of eight feet to be subject to the approval of the Superintendent of Police. And it is further enacted that from and after such time as this Ordinance shall come into operation within any such Town and limits no tree bush or shrub shall be planted in any Public Street or Road within such Town and limits. And every person so planting any tree bush or shrub shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to the payment of any fine not exceeding five shillings.

No tree bush or shrub to be planted within any street or road.

Nuisances how to be removed and abated.

46. And it is further enacted that it shall be lawful for the Surveyor General or his Assistant or the Superintendent of Police to give order verbally or by notice in writing to be served personally or by affixing the same in some conspicuous part of the premises to any person causing or continuing any of the projections encroachments or obstructions mentioned in the 43d Clause of this Ordinance forthwith to remove the same and to give like order to the Owner or Occupier of any house shop garden or other premises to cause the same to be surrounded with a proper enclosure or to cause any well to be properly surrounded with a wall not less than two feet high or to cut prune and trim all hedges trees or bushes in manner provided for by the 45th clause of this Ordinance or to cut down grub up and carry away any tree bush or shrub which shall have been planted within any Street or Road within such Town and limits subsequently to this Ordinance having come into operation therein. And it shall be lawful for the Superintendent of Police to give order either verbally or by notice in writing to any person causing any other public nuisance mentioned in this Ordinance to abate and remove the same. And if any such owner or occupier or other person to whom such order or notice shall have been given shall refuse or neglect to comply with the same in a reasonable time or if there be any doubt as to who is the proper Person to whom such order or notice should be given or if any Person to whom such order or notice as the Surveyor General or his Assistant or the Superintendent of Police is herein before authorized to issue in certain cases in respect to such encroachment or obstruction as are mentioned in the 43rd clause of this Ordinance shall refuse or neglect to comply with the same in a reasonable time or if there be any doubt as to who is the proper Person to whom such order or notice should be given it shall be lawful for the Surveyor General or his Assistant or the Superintendent of Police to cause any such encroachment or public nuisance to be forthwith removed or abated and for that purpose it shall be lawful for the Surveyor General or his Assistant or the Superintendent of Police where necessary to enter into any House Garden enclosure or other premises and to cause to enter therein such Persons instruments and things as may be necessary and to proceed to do therein or cause to be done all such things as may be necessary for such removal or abatement. And upon the Surveyor General or his Assistant or Superintendent of

Police certifying to the proper Police Magistrate the costs which have been bonâ fide incurred in effecting such removal or abatement such Magistrate shall Summon the party or parties on account of whose non-compliance with any such order or notice such costs were incurred to appear before him on a certain day then and there to make payment of such costs where it shall appear after due investigation that such costs were properly incurred. And if such party or parties shall refuse or fail to make such payment the Police Magistrate shall proceed to recover such payment in such and the same manner as he would proceed to recover any fine or penalty incurred under any sentence of the Court in which he presides.

Unnecessary violence or vexatious annoyance an offence.

47. And it is further enacted that every person who under the pretence of preventing or removing any encroachment or obstruction or abating any nuisance shall use unnecessary violence or give uncalled for and vexatious annoyance shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to any fine not exceeding Five Pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labor for any period not exceeding three months.

Tax to be levied on Houses for the maintenance of the Police.

48. And it is further enacted that for the purpose of providing a fund sufficient for the maintenance and keeping of such Police force within such Town and limits it shall be lawful for the Governor with the advice of the executive Council to direct by Proclamation to be published in the Government Gazette that a tax shall be payable and levied on the thirty-first day of March on the thirtieth day of June on the thirtieth day of September and on the thirty-first day of December for the quarter ending on the said days respectively on all Houses Ware-Houses Shops Bazars and other premises within such Towns and limits to an amount not exceeding ten per cent on the annual value of the said dwelling Houses Ware-Houses Shops Bazars and other premises such annual value of the said Houses Ware-Houses Shops Bazars and other premises to be assessed according to the bonâ fide yearly or other rent or value at which the same shall be holden or let or when any dwelling House Ware-House Shop Bazar or other premises aforesaid are occupied by the Proprietor thereof or shall be unoccupied the annual value of the same shall in that case be assessed at the rent paid on other Houses Ware-Houses Shops Bazars and other premises of the same description in the neighbourhood. Provided always that the tax so payable and levied shall in no case be less than Two shillings per annum and Provided further the said Tax shall not be levied on or payable for any Hospital or any Building appropriated to religious worship or other public use.

Proviso.

Committee for Assessment.

49. And it is hereby further enacted that the said Assessment of the annual value of the dwelling Houses Ware-Houses Shops Bazars and other premises within such Town and limits shall be made by a Committee of Assessors to consist of not more than five nor less than three respect-

able inhabitants of such Town and limits to be nominated by the Governor annually on or before the thirty-first day of December for the year then next ensuing. Provided always that the Persons to be nominated Assessors in any such Town and limits for the year in which this Ordinance shall come into operation therein may be nominated and appointed at any time within thirty days after this Ordinance shall so come into operation and provided further that in case of the death incapacity or misconduct of any of such Assessors after appointment the Governor may at his discretion appoint another Assessor in the room of the Person so dying or misconducting himself or being incapable of acting and no Person shall be obliged to serve as an Assessor on any such Committee for a longer period in continuance than one year nor oftener than once in every Five years.

Assessors entitled to remuneration.

50 And it is hereby further enacted that each Person appointed as an Assessor shall be entitled to receive such remuneration as the Governor may in his discretion award provided always that the whole sum to be distributed amongst the Assessors shall in no case exceed Fifty Pounds and if any Person appointed an Assessor and not being entitled to be excused or exempt therefrom under any exception or proviso in this Ordinance shall after receiving due notice from the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the Province of his having been so appointed neglect or re use without good and sufficient excuse to execute the said Office he shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction thereof be liable to a fine of Ten Pounds.

Penalty on persons refusing to act.

Mode of assessment.

51. And it is hereby further enacted that such Committee shall without unnecessary delay after its appointment proceed to enquire into and according to the best of its information and Judgment ascertain and Assess as aforesaid the annual value of the several dwelling Houses Ware-Houses Shops Bazars and other premises within such Town and limits and the Tax hereby imposed on or payable for each of the same and such Assessment being so made by them shall be immediately reported to the Government Agent or some Assistant Government Agent of the Province who shall thereupon cause the same to be entered in a Book which shall have an index or other convenient form of reference and shall be kept at their respective Offices for public inspection and the said Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent shall also give a notice in writing as near as is material according to the form to this Ordinance annexed to be served personally or by leaving it with some Person at the dwelling House Ware-House Shop Bazar or other premises for which any Assessment shall have been made or by affixing the same on some conspicuous part of such dwelling House Ware-House Shop Bazar or other premises if no Person should be therein or if admittance should be denied to the Person endeavouring to serve the same of the respective Assessment made thereon with a demand for the quarter's Tax then due and payable for the

Notice of Assessment and demand to be served.

Tax may be levied by Parate Execution.

same and similar notices shall in like manner be also served for the demand of each of the other three quarterly payments of such Tax. And in case any quarter's Tax shall not be paid within one month after service of any such notice and demand as aforesaid such quarter's Tax shall whatever may be its amount on proof of non payment being established to the satisfaction of any competent Court unless the owner or occupier shall have appealed against the Assessment and such appeal shall not have been finally decided be immediately levied by process of Parate Execution out of the said Court against the occupier of the said dwelling House Ware-House Shop Bazar or premises or if such occupier not being the owner thereof shall have quitted the premises before such quarter's Tax shall have become due or before such Process could be executed upon his Property and shall not have left sufficient Property to satisfy the Tax so due or if such occupier shall remain on the premises and be unable to satisfy the said Tax or if the premises shall have remained unoccupied then by like process of Parate Execution against the property of the owner of such dwelling House Ware-House Shop Bazar or premises who is hereby declared to be liable on such default of his tenant.

Appeal to the District Court.

52. Provided always and it is further enacted that in case any Owner or Occupier of any dwelling House Ware-House Shop Bazar or other premises shall consider any Assessment which may be Assessed thereupon to have been not duly or correctly made and ascertained by the said Assessors it shall and may be lawful for every such owner or occupier to Appeal therefrom to the District Court but such Appeal shall in all cases be made within ten days from the service of the aforesaid notice of the Assessment on such dwelling House Ware-House Shop Bazar and other premises and demand for a quarter's Tax and at the same time notice of such Appeal and of the specific grounds thereof shall also be given to the said Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent and such Court shall in a summary way decide such Appeal whatever may be the amount in dispute and award the costs thereof accordingly.

Abuse of Powers an offence.

53. And it is further enacted that if any Superintendent or Officer of Police shall wantonly or maliciously exercise any of the powers or authorities confided to him by this Ordinance or shall in any way wilfully exceed such powers and authorities he shall be guilty of an offence.

Penalty on obstructing Officer of Police.

54. And it is further enacted that if any person shall resist or obstruct any Superintendent or other officer of Police or the Surveyor General or any of his Assistants or any person duly acting under the orders of any Superintendent of Police or of the Surveyor General or of any of his Assistants in the execution of any duty imposed upon him by this Ordinance every such person shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding Five Pounds or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding Three months.

Punishment for offence against this Ordinance not to affect further liability of offender in Civil damages.

55. And it is further enacted that if any person shall by any misconduct subject himself to punishment under the provisions of this Ordinance such punishment or the liability thereto shall not in any manner affect the further liability of such Person in Civil Damages in respect of such misconduct.

Ordinance when to come into operation.

56. And it is further enacted that this Ordinance shall come into operation on the First day of January one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

SCHEDULE.

To

Notice of Annual Assessment and demand for Quarter's Tax.

TAKE NOTICE that in pursuance of the Ordinance No. of 184 , the dwelling house or shop situated at ( ) and in the Occupation of ( ) has been by the Committee appointed under the said Ordinance (for Colombo) (for this present year 184), assessed at the annual value of £ and that the (1st) Quarter's Tax due on the ( ) day of ( ) for the said dwelling house or shop amounts to the sum of £ , You are hereby accordingly required to pay such Quarter's Tax of £ to the bearer hereof forthwith or the same must be paid to the Agent of the (Western) province at the Cutcherry at (Colombo) within one month after the service of this notice and demand or in default thereof it will be recovered in due course of Law.

Signed this day 184 *Government Agent.*

A Receipt signed by the Government Agent or his Assistant will be delivered on payment of the sums hereby demanded.

Receipt.

Received this day of on account of the Government of Ceylon the sum of £ being the Quarter's Tax due on the of for the dwelling house or premises within mentioned.

Government Agent.

Passed in Council the Eighth day of November One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-three.

KENNETH MACKENZIE,
Actg. Clerk to the Council.

Published by order of His Excellency the Governor.

P. ANSTRUTHER,
Col. Secretary.

In the name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir COLIN CAMPBELL, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the British Settlements and Territories in the Island of Ceylon with the Dependencies thereof.

C. CAMPBELL.

WHEREAS by the Ordinance No. 13 of this present year entitled "An Ordinance for establishing an efficient Police in certain Towns &c." it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor from time to time as occasion may require to establish a Police force for the effectual protection of Person and Property within such Towns and limits as to him shall appear to require the same and as shall be specified and defined in any Proclamation to be by him for that purpose issued and published in the Government Gazette and that whenever the said Governor shall declare by such Proclamation that any such Police force shall be established within any such Town and limits the said Ordinance shall come into operation therein from and after the day appointed for that purpose in such Proclamation.

And whereas it is further enacted by the said Ordinance that for the purpose of providing a fund sufficient for the maintenance and keeping of such Police force within such Town and limits it shall be lawful for the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council to direct by Proclamation to be published in the Government Gazette that a tax shall be payable and levied on the 31st day of March on the 30th day of June on the 30th day of September and on the 31st day of December for the quarter ending on the said days respectively on all houses warehouses shops bazaars and other premises within such Towns and limits to an amount not exceeding ten per cent on the annual value of the said dwelling houses warehouses shops bazaars and other premises.

Now therefore we do hereby declare and proclaim that a Police force shall be established on the first day of January 1844 for the effectual protection of person and property within the Town Fort Port and four Gravets of Colombo and also within the Town Fort Port and Gravets of Galle and also within the Town and Gravets of Negombo and also within the Town and Gravets of Kandy.

And we do hereby further direct with the advice of our Executive Council that for the purpose of providing a fund sufficient for the maintenance and keeping of such Police force within the said Towns and limits of Colombo Galle Negombo and Kandy a tax shall be payable and levied on the 31st day of March on the 30th day of June on the 30th day of September and on the 31st day of December for the quarter ending on the said days respectively on all houses warehouses shops bazaars and other premises within the said Town and limits respectively to the amount of seven and a half per cent on the annual value of the said dwelling houses warehouses shops bazaars and other premises.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this twenty-third day of December in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-three.

By His Excellency's Command,

P. ANSTRUTHER, *Col. Secretary.*

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

ACTS OF PARLIAMENT AND ORDERS IN COUNCIL

EXTENDING TO THIS COLONY.

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ANNO PRIMO & SECUNDO—GEORGII IV. REGIS.—CAP. 121.

Published by Advertisement, dated 22d May, 1822.

AN Act to alter and abolish certain forms of proceedings in the Exchequer and Audit Office, relative to Public Accountants, and for making further provisions for the purpose of facilitating and expediting the passing of Public Accounts in Great Britain; and to render perpetual and amend an Act passed in the fifty-fourth year of His late Majesty, for the effectual examination of the Accounts of certain Colonial Revenues.—11*th July*, 1821.

Published by Advertisement, dated 3d July, 1823—*Republished by Advertisement, dated 1st October,* 1841.

ORDER by His Majesty in Council, regulating the Commerce of this Island with Foreign States.—31*st January*, 1823.

ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO OCTAVO—GEORGII III. REGIS.—CAP. 73.

No Advertisement; published in 1823.

AN Act for regulating the payment of Regimental Debts, and the distribution of the Effects of Officers and Soldiers dying in the Service, and the receipt of sums due to Soldiers.—5*th June*, 1818.

ANNO SEXTO—GEORGII IV. REGIS.—CAP. 61.

Published by Advertisement, dated 13th April, 1826.

AN Act to amend two Acts of the fifty-eighth year of His late Majesty, for regulating the payment of Regimental Debts, and the distribution of the Effects of Officers and Soldiers dying in the Service, and the receipt of sums due to Soldiers; and of the fourth year of His present Majesty, for punishing Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the East India Company.—22*d June*, 1825.

Published by Advertisement, dated 17th March, 1828.

ORDER in Council making temporary regulations touching the Trade and Commerce to and from the British Possessions within the limits of the East India Company's Charter.—30*th April*, 1827.

Published by Advertisement, dated 17th March, 1828.

ORDER in Council directing what Foreign States are entitled to trade with British Possessions.—16*th July*, 1827.

ANNO DECIMO—GEORGII IV. REGIS.—CAP. 6.

Published by Regulation No. 5 of 1829.

AN Act for the Relief of His Majesty's Roman Catholic Subjects.—13*th April*, 1829.

Published by Advertisement, dated 10th June, 1831.

ORDER in Council repealing the Regulation of 10th January 1824.—*1st Nov.*, 1830.

ANNO PRIMO—GULIELMI IV. REGIS.—CAP. 4.

Published by Advertisement, dated 10th July, 1831.

AN Act to render valid Acts done by the Governor of any of His Majesty's Plantations after the expiration of his Commission by the demise of His late Majesty, and to extend the period within which the Patents of Governors of Colonies shall on any future demise of the Crown become vacant, and to provide for the longer duration of the Patents of Governors after the demise of the Crown.—*23d December*, 1830.

Published by Advertisement, dated 11th February, 1832.

ORDER in Council allowing American Ships to import from the United States into the British Possessions abroad, Goods the produce of those States; and to export Goods from the British Possessions abroad to any Foreign Country whatever.—*5th November*. 1830.

Published by Advertisement, dated 28th September, 1832.

ORDER in Council abolishing Compulsory Labour.—*12th April*, 1832.

Published by Advertisement, dated 9th September, 1835.

ORDER in Council permitting Danish Ships to import into any of the British Possessions abroad from the Country to which they belong, Goods the produce of that Country; and to export Goods from such Possessions to any Foreign Country whatever.—*1st April*, 1835.

ANNO TERTIO AND QUARTO—GULIELMI IV. REGIS.—CAP. 50.

Published by Advertisement, dated 7th November, 1835.

AN Act to repeal the several Laws relating to the Customs.—*28th August*, 1833.

ANNO TERTIO AND QUARTO—GULIELMI IV. REGIS.—CAP. 52.

No Advertisement; published in 1835—*Section 4th republished by Advertisement, dated 10th May*, 1837.

AN Act for the general regulation of the Customs.—*28th August*, 1833.

ANNO TERTIO AND QUARTO—GULIELMI IV. REGIS.—CAP. 54.

No Advertisement; published in 1835.

AN Act for the encouragement of British Shipping and Navigation.—*28th August*, 1833.

ANNO TERTIO AND QUARTO—GULIELMI IV. REGIS.—CAP. 55.

No Advertisement; published in 1835.

AN Act for the registering of British Vessels.—*28th August*, 1833.

ANNO TERTIO AND QUARTO—GULIELMI IV. REGIS.—CAP. 59.

No Advertisement; published in 1835.

AN Act to regulate the Trade of the British Possessions abroad.—*28th August*, 1833.

ANNO QUINTO AND SEXTO—GULIELMI IV. REGIS.—CAP. 56.

No Advertisement; published in 1836.

AN Act to regulate the admeasurement of the Tonnage and Burthen of the Merchant Shipping of the United Kingdom.—*9th September*, 1835.

ANNO QUINTO AND SEXTO—GULIELMI IV. REGIS.—CAP. 19.

Published by Advertisement, dated 29th April, 1837.

The 40, 41, 42, 43 *and* 44 *Clauses of* An Act to amend and consolidate the Laws relating to the Merchant Seamen of the United Kingdom, and for forming and maintaining a Register of all the Men engaged in that Service.—*30th July*, 1835.

ANNO PRIMO—VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.—CAP. 34.

Published by Advertisement, dated 19th January, 1838.

The 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 *and* 24 *Clauses of* An Act for the regulation of the Duties of Postage.—*12th July*, 1837.

ANNO PRIMO—VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.—CAP. 35.

Published by Advertisement, dated 19th January, 1838.

AN Act for regulating the sending and receiving of Letters and Packets by the Post free from the Duty of Postage.—*12th July*, 1837.

ANNO PRIMO—VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.—CAP. 36.

Published by Advertisement, dated 19th January, 1838.

The 3, 4, 5 *and* 6 *Clauses of* An Act for consolidating the Laws relative to Offences against the Post Office of the United Kingdom, and for regulating the Judicial administration of the Post Office Laws, and for explaining certain terms and expressions employed in those Laws.—*12th July*, 1837.

ANNO PRIMO AND SECUNDO—VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.—CAP. 113.

Published by Advertisement, dated 17th November, 1838.

AN Act to amend the Laws relating to the Customs.—*16th August*, 1838.

ANNO QUARTO—VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.—CAP. 8.

Published by Advertisement, dated 9th July, 1841.

AN Act to reduce the Duty on Rum and Rum Shrub the produce of, and imported from, certain British Possessions in the East Indies into the United Kingdom.—*6th April*, 1841.

Published by Proclamation, dated 31st July, 1841.

ORDER in Council reducing the Duties levied at Ceylon, &c. upon Articles the produce and manufacture of the British Possessions in India, to the same rates as are imposed upon similar Articles the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom or of other British Possessions.—*8th May*, 1841.

Published by Advertisement, dated 21st August, 1841.

ORDER in Council reducing the Duties upon Sugar the produce of, and imported from, Ceylon into the United Kingdom, to the same rates as are payable upon Sugar the produce of, and imported from, the British Possessions in India.—*8th May*, 1841.

Published by Proclamation, dated 4th November, 1841.

ORDER in Council confirming the Ordinance No. 12 of 1840 intituled "To prevent encroachments upon Crown Lands;" but substituting 5 years as the period of uninterrupted possession, for 30 years which by the Ordinance is limited as the period after which an order for delivering up possession of Land, may not be made.—11*th August*, 1841.

Published by Advertisement, dated 26th August, 1842.

ORDER in Council declaring that so long as the prohibition established by the Ordinance No. 3 of 1841 shall continue in force, Rum and Rum Shrub the produce of the Island of Ceylon shall, on importation into the United Kingdom, be admitted to entry at the reduced Duties set forth by an Act of Parliament passed in the 4th and 5th years of Her Majesty's Reign.—3*d June*, 1842.

ANNO QUINTO AND SEXTO—VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.—CAP. 47.

Published in 1842.

The 57 *Clause of* An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Customs.—9*th July*, 1842.

Published by Advertisement, dated 16th December, 1842.

ORDER in Council regulating the Costs of Appeals to Her Majesty in Council.—11*th August*, 1842.

Published by Advertisement, dated 26th January, 1843.

ORDER in Council permitting Portuguese Ships to import into any of the British Possessions abroad from the Portuguese Dominions, Goods the produce of those Dominions; and to export Goods from such Possessions to any Foreign Country whatever.—2*d November*, 1842.

Published by Advertisement, dated 1st June, 1843.

ORDER in Council prohibiting Her Majesty's Subjects from resorting, for the purposes of Trade and Commerce, to any other Ports in the Dominions of the Emperor of China, than those of Canton, Amoy, Foo-chow-foo, Ningpo, and Sanghae, or than may be in the occupation of Her Majesty's Forces.—24*th February*, 1843

ANNO SEXTO—VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.—CAP. 3.

Published by Advertisement, dated 3d November, 1843.

AN Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.—3*d April*, 1843.

Published by Advertisement, dated 8th December, 1843.

ORDER in Council giving effect to a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between Her Majesty and the Emperor of Russia, signed on the 11th January 1843.—24*th February*, 1843.

DIVISION OF DISTRICTS

ACCORDING TO GOVERNMENT PROCLAMATIONS.

The Northern Province to consist of the country hitherto known as the Districts of Jaffna, Manar and the Wanny; as the Dessavony of Nuwerakalawiya; and as the Island of Delft.

The Southern Province to consist of the country hitherto known as the Districts of Galle, Tangalle, Matura and Hambantotte; as the Dessavony of Saffragam; and as the Province of Lower Uwa and Welasse.

The Eastern Province to consist of the country hitherto known as the Districts of Trincomale and Batticaloa; and as the Provinces of Tamankadewe, and Bintenne excepting Wegampaha, Kooloogampaha and Miganagollapalata.

The Western Province to consist of the country hitherto known as the Districts of Colombo, Chilaw and Putlam; as the Dessavonies of Seven Korles, Four Korles and Three Korles; and as the Province of Lower Bulatgama.

The Central Province to consist of the country hitherto known as the Districts of Kandy, Yattinuwera, Udunuwera, Harasiapattoo, Tumpane, Dumbera, Hewahette, Kotmale, Upper Bulatgama and Weyaloowa; Wegampaha, Kooloogampaha and Miganagollapalata of the Province of Bintenne; and as the Dessavonies of Uwa, Matele, Udapalata and Walapana.

The District of Colombo, as regards the exercise of the Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, to consist of that space of country heretofore forming the Collectorship of Colombo, the space forming the Three Korles and Lower Bulatgama, and the space forming the Dessavony of Saffragam; and to be bounded on the North by the Kaymel River, on the South by the River of Bentotte, and on the West by the Sea.

The District of Colombo to be subdivided, as regards the Jurisdiction of the District Judges, into five Districts to be known and designated respectively as District No. 1 North of Colombo, District No. 1 South of Colombo, District No. 2 of Colombo, District No. 4 of Colombo, and District No. 6 of Colombo.

Colombo District No. 1 North, Court to be held at Colombo—To consist of so much of the Town and the space contained within the Four Gravets of Colombo, as is bounded on the South by St. John's River, Dam Street, Hulfsdorp Street, Silversmith Street, and the High Road to Kandy as far as the Bridge of Boats; so much of the Allootcoor Corle as is situated to the Southward of the Dandugam River; of the Addicarypattoo and the Meddepattoo of the Cina Corle (excluding the two Vidhan Villages of Bennoelle and Galgomoowe;) and so much of the Gangehodde-pattoo in the said Corle as is situated West of the Road from Hangwelle to Attenegalle.

Colombo District No. 1 South, Court to be held at Colombo—To consist of so much of the Town and the space contained within the Four Gravets of Colombo, as is bounded on the North by St. John's River, Dam Street, Hulfsdorp Street, Silversmith Street, and the High Road to Kandy as far as the Bridge of Boats; of the Meddepattoo, the Pallepattoo and the Addicarypattoo of the Hewagam Corle, the Salpitty Corle; and the Villages of the Vidhan of Pantura North of the Pantura River.

Colombo District No. 2, Court to be held at Negombo—To consist of the Town of Negombo, and so much of the Alloolcoor Corle as is situated North of the Dandugam River; the Hapitigam Corle; and so much of the Cina Corle as is comprized within the Divisions known as the Vidhan Villages of Galgomoowe and Benmoelle in the Meddepattoo.

Colombo District No. 4, Court to be held at Caltura—To consist of the Pasdum Corle, and so much of the Walalawitty Corle as is attached to it; Welapora Caltura; and all the Villages between the River of Bentotte and the Caltura River or Calloo Ganga, which are situated between the Pasdum Corle and the Sea; the Town of Pantura and its annexed Villages South of the Pantura River; and the Raygam Corle.

Colombo District No. 6, Court to be held at Ratnapoora—To consist of the Dessavony or Province of Saffragam.

The Northern Circuit to be divided into ten Districts to be called as hereunder expressed; and the places at which Courts thereof shall be held, to be those subjoined to the names of the Districts respectively.

	District Court to be held at
The District of Chilaw and Putlam	Putlam and Chilaw
The District of Manar and Nuwerakalawiya	Manar, Aripo or Anooraadhapoora
The District of Jaffna	Jaffna
The District of Walligammo	Mallagam
The District of Waddimoratchie	Point Pedro
The District of Tenmoratchie and Patchelapalle-Chavagacherry	
The District of the Islands	Cayts and Delft
The District of the Wanny	Mulletivoe
The District of Trincomale	Trincomale
The District of Batticaloa	Batticaloa

The District of Chilaw and Putlam to consist of the several Divisions of Chilaw, Putlam, Calpentyn and the Demellepattoo.

The District of Manar and Nuwerakalawiya to consist of the Province of Manar, and the Parish of Illepecadewe; the Provinces

of Kelekomole North, Kelekomole South, Odeaoor, Nadoe Chetty Colom, Sinne Chetty Colom, Meerkomole, Pannengamme and Toonukay; and the Province or Dessavony of Nuwerakalawiya.

The District of Jaffna to consist of of the Parishes of Nalloor, Wannarponne, Chundicooly, Copay, Poottoor, Oodooville, Manipaay, Pooneryn and Polwerayencadoo; and the Island of Two Brothers.

The District of Walligamme to consist of the Parishes of Atchowely, Mylitty, Mallagam, Tellipalle, Pandeterrippo, Changane and Batticotte.

The District of Waddimoratchie to consist of the Parishes of Oodopitty, Cattewely and Point Pedro.

The District of Tenmoratchie and Patchelapalle to consist of the Parishes of Nawacooly, Chavagacherry, Warrene, Elludumutual, Catchay, Mogomale, Tambogamme, Plopalle, Mullipattoo and Caretchy; and the Villages Pulianpokane, Kallanattatedal, Poonnanirarie, Koolundapole, Oottaraporam, Porakadewe and Valyel Ademben of the Province of Carnawelpattoo North.

The District of the Islands to consist of the Parishes of Cayts, Welene and Alleputty; and of the Islands of Pungertivoe, Aneletivoe, Nynativoe, Carativoe and Delft.

The District of the Wanny to consist of the following Provinces which formerly formed part of the District or Collectorship of the Wanny: Karrikattemolle North, Karrikattamolle South, Mulliawelle, Melpattoo North, Melpattoo South, Melpattoo East, Carnawelpattoo North excepting the Villages Pulianpokane, Kallanattatedal, Poonnanirarie, Koolundapole, Oottaraporam, Porakadewe and Valyel Ademben; Carnawelpattoo South and Poodoocoodieruppoo.

The District of Trincomale to consist of the District of that name and the Province of Tamankadewe.

The District of Batticaloa to consist of the District of that name; the Province of Bintenne excepting Wegampalla, Kooloogampaha and Miganagollapalata; and the Maha Wediratta, Nikaweytiyapalata and Dambagallapalata Divisions of the Province of Welasse.

The Southern Circuit to be divided into five Districts to be called respectively:

	District Court to be held at
The District of Amblangodde	Ballepitty Moderah
The District of Galle	Galle
The District of Matura	Matura
The District of Hambantotte	Hambantotte
The District of Tangalle	Tangalle

The District of Amblangodde to consist of the Upper Division of the Welleboddepattoo, being that situated to the Northward of the Hickgodde River; and the Walalawitty Corle excepting so much as is included in the Colombo District No. 4.

The District of Galle to consist of the Town and Four Gravets of Galle; the Gangeboddepattoo (of Galle;) the Talpepattoo; and the Lower Division of the Welleboddepattoo, being that situated to the Southward of the Hickgodde River.

The District of Matura to consist of the whole of the Belligam Corle and Totemoone; Matura Four Gravets and the Angooroogams; Makawitte; the Gangeboddepattoo (of Matura) and the four Baygams; the Kandeboddepattoo; the Welleboddepattoo (of Matura;) and the Muruwa Corle.

The District of Hambantotte to consist of the Magampattoo; and the Kongalla Bintenne, Deyanagampaha, Bootilla, Bootilla Wediratta, Pandikoolam and Sitarama Divisions of the Province of Welasse.

The District of Tangalle to consist of the Girrewaypattoo; Kireme; Cattoene; Oedoebokke; and Julampitye.

And the Eastern Circuit to be divided into seven Districts to be called respectively:

	District Court to be held at
The District of Seven Korles	Kurnegalle
The District of Three and Four Korles	Ruanwelle & Kaigalle
The District of Kandy North	Kandy
The District of Kandy South	Do.
The District of Matele	Fort MacDowall
The District of Nuwera Ellia	Nuwera Ellia
The District of Badulla	Badulla

The District of Seven Korles to consist of the Dessavony of that name.

The District of Three and Four Korles to consist of the space forming the Three Korles and Lower Bulatgama, together with the Udugahapattoo of the Cina Corle; so much of the Gangeboddepattoo of the Cina Corle as is situated East of the Road from Hangwelle to Attenegalle; the Udugahapattoo of the Hewagam Corle; and the Dessavony of the Four Korles.

The District of Kandy North to consist of the Provinces of Dumbera, Hewahette-Megodatihe, Tumpane and Harrasiapattoo.

The District of Kandy South to consist of the Provinces of Udunuwera, Pattinuwera, Gangewete (Kandy and its Gravets),

Udapalata, Uda Bulatgama, Dolosbagey, and the Hangurankette and Gannawe Korles of Hewahette-Egodatihe.

The District of Matele to consist of the Dessavony of that name.

The District of Nuwera Ellia to consist of the Provinces of Kotmale, and the Maturatta and Kohoke Korles of Hewahette-Egodatihe; the portion of the Province of Uwa contiguous to Nuwera Ellia and to the Northward and Westward of the Hakgalla range of mountains; and the Province of Walapana.

The District of Badulla to consist of the Province of Weyaleowa; Udukinde, Meddekinde and Yattekinde of the Province of Uwa; Wegampaha, Kooloogampaha and Miganagollapalata of the Province of Bintenne; Pattipola and Polwatte, and the Wellawaya, Medagampattoo, Weygampattoo, Arooloopetiya and Nilgala Divisions of the Province of Welasse; and the Province of Kandukara.

PART VI.

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REPORT ON THE ROYAL BOTANIC GARDEN AT PERADENIA.

Date of Lo...	REMARKS.
Sept.	
Oct.	...rrd at Galle from Suez November 28, 1842.
Nov.	...t arrived at Galle from Southampton December 15, 1842.
Dec.	
Jan.	
Feb.	...r arrived at Galle March 14 from Suez.
March.	———do. ———April 21 do.
April	...m not able to make Galle reached Trincomale May 24.
May	...n arrived at Galle on June 7, P.M. with mails 32 days from London.
June	...e mails (independent of the express) reached Jaffna on the 20th under ...rangement with Bombay.
July	
Augt.	

Regu...	Days from Bombay.	REMARKS.
1842		
Septer	38	
Octob	33	
Noven	46	
Decen	35	
Januai	38	The Hindostaq left Galle for Suez January 25
Februi	38	
March	33	The Tenasserim left Galle for Suez March 15.
April	50	The Hindostan do.———do. April 27. Packet reached London June 4.
May	44	
May 3...		Express too late at Bombay by 2½ hours, lost in the Memnon in July.
June 3		The number of covers sent was 1393, lost in the Memnon.
August		Hindostan went from Galle on August 21st 3 P.M. and took 1540 covers. Seaforth left Colombo for Bombay August 26th at day break

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE OVERLAND MAILS FROM SEPTE

OVERLAND MAILS FOR INDIA.

Date of leaving London.	Arrived at Bombay.	Left Bombay.	Arrived at Cannanore.	Reached Colombo.	Days to Bombay.	Days to Colombo.	
		Per Seaforth.	At Cochin.				
	1842	1842	1842	1842			
Sept. 6th 1842	Oct. 12th 12 P.M.	Oct. 13th 12. 50 P.M.	Oct. 17th 11. 30 A.M.	Oct. 19th 6. 40 P.M.	36	43	
Oct. 4th „	Nov. 14th 8 P.M.	Nov. 15th 5. 30 A.M.	Nov. 19th 4. 15 A.M.	Nov. 21st 2. 45 P.M.	41	48	The India
Nov. 4th „	Dec. 13th 3½ A.M.	Dec. 13th 3. 15 P.M.	Dec. 18th 6. 45 A.M. At Cannanore.	Dec. 21st 4. 30 P.M.	39	47	The Hindo
	1843	1843	1843	1843			
Dec. 6th „	Jan. 15th	Jan. 15th 11. 50 A.M.	Jan. 18th 11. 20 A.M.	Jan. 21st 6. 45 A.M.	40	46	
Jan. 4th 1843	Feb. 15th 3 A.M.	Feb. 15th 1 P.M.	Feb. 17th 7 A.M.	Feb. 26th 8. 15 A.M.	42	47	
Feb. 4th „	March 15th 7 P.M.	March 16th 11 A.M.	March 19th 10 A.M.	March 22d 7 A.M.	39	46	The Hindo
March 6th „	April 14th 6 A.M.	April 14th 3 P.M.	April 17th 11. 50 A.M.	April 20th noon	39	45	The India
April 6th „	May 14th	May 14th 12. 30 P.M. By Express.	May 17th 9. 30 A.M. Jaffna.	May 20th 9. 30 P.M.	38	44	The Tenas
May 6th „	June 6th	June 6th 2 P.M.		June 19th 2. 30 P.M.	31	44	The Hindo
June 6th „	July 7th 6½ P.M.	July 7th 12 P.M.	July 17th 8 P.M.	July 20th 8½ P.M.	31	41	Nearly all the new
July 6th „	Augt. 7th 10½ P.M.	Augt. 8th 5½ A.M.	Augt. 18th 8 P.M.	Augt. 21st 7½ A.M.	32	43	
Augt. 5th „	Sept. 9th 1 P.M.	Sept. 10th 10 P.M.		Sept. 16th 8 P.M.	35	42	

OVERLAND MAILS FROM INDIA.

Date of leaving Colombo.		Date of reaching Cannanore.	Date of reaching Bombay.	Date of leaving Bombay.	Arrived in London.	Days from
Regular Mail.	Express.					
	Per Seaforth.	Cochin.				
1842	1842	1842	1842	1842		
September 12th	Sept. 19th 2. 50 P.M.	Sept. 23d 11. 10 A.M.	Sept. 28th 1. 30 P.M.	Oct. 1st.....	Mars. Nov. 8th ... Fal. Nov. 14th ...	
October 13th ..	Oct. 22d 3. 50 P.M.	Oct. 25th 10. 40 A.M.	Oct. 29th 11. 30 A.M.	Nov. 1st	Mars. Dec. 3d.... Fal. Dec. 9th	
November 12th	Nov. 23d 3 P.M.	Nov. 25th 8. 15 P.M.	Nov. 30th 10. 15 A.M.	Dec. 1st	Mars. Jan. 9th ... Fal. Jan. 13th	
December 14th	Dec. 25th 7. 50 A.M.	Dec. 27th 11. 15 A.M. Cannanore.	Dec. 31st 3. 40 P.M.	1843 Jan. 2d	Mars. Feb. 6th ... Fal. Feb. 13th....	
1843	1843	1843	1843			
January 13th ..	Jan. 24th 3. 15 P.M.	Jan. 27th 9. 20 A.M.	Jan. 30th 3 P.M	Feb. 3d.....	Mars. March 13th. Fal. March 17th..	
February 10th..	Feb. 21st 7. 15 P.M.	Feb. 24th 4 P.M.	Feb. 28th 9. 30 A.M.	March 1st	Mars. April 7th... Fal. April 11th ...	
March 13th ...	March 24th 3 P.M.	March 28th 6. 20 A.M.	April 1st 9. 10 A.M	April 1st.....	Mars. May 8th ... Fal. May 13th	
April 12th.....	April 21st 8. 45 P.M. By Express.	April 24th 9 P.M. Jaffna.	April 28th 9. 15 P.M.	May 1st	Mars. by Express.. June 5th & 10th...	
May 1st.....	May 6th 6 P.M.		May 20th 9½ A.M.	May 20th 5 P.M. ..	Mars. July 3d .... Fal. July 10th	
May 31st.....	June 5th 6 P.M.		June 20th 2 A.M.	June 19th.....	Regd Mail Augt. 2d & 7th (Express lost,	R
June 30th	July 4th	July 7th 1 P.M.	July 20th 2. 20 P.M.	July 20th 4 P.M. ..	Mails lost in the Memnon	
August 7th	Augt. 12th	Augt. 15th 6 A.M.	Augt. 25th 1½ P.M.	Augt. 27th 1 A.M. put back on the 9th Sept. to Bombay.		

REMARKS.

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...t arrived at Galle from Southampton December 15, 1842.

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	The number of covers sent was 1395, lost in the Memnon.
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	Seaforth left Colombo for Bombay August 26th at day break

Shipping Arrivals and Departures, at and from, the Several Principal Ports in Ceylon, during the Year 1843.

Arrivals at Colombo.

January 2— Barque *Hopkinson*, C. R. Stevens. from Bombay—Passengers, Mr. and Mrs. Robertson and two children, Mrs. Stephens and Family, F. Lock Esq.

10—Barque *Eleanor Russell*, D. Jefferies, from the Mauritius—Passengers, Mr. Dumee and family. Mr. Shearman and Mr. Gall.

11—Brig *Salacia*. H. W. Brodrick, from Galle. Ship *Julie*, T. W. Tingate, from Galle.

14—Ship *Candahar*. J. Ridley, from Sydney, King George's Sound—Passengers, Lieut. Chambers, 14th Light Dragoons and Lady, Peter Lennard Esq. Surr. R. N., Ensign Webb, H. M. 28th Regt. and Lady, Miss Webb, Hon'ble Walter Wrottesley, John Horner, Esq., 61 men, 3 Serjeants, 9 women and 1 child.

15—Barque *Augusta Jessie*, J. S. Sparkes, from Maulmein and Mauritius.

18—Brig *Maria*, J. Ratten, from the Mauritius—Passengers, Mr. G. Cooper and a seaman.

19—Barque *John Mitchell*. D. Cable. from London and the Cape—Passengers, Col. Phillpotts and family, Captain Baddely and daughter.

21—H. M. C. Steam Packet *Seaforth*, G. Steuart, from Bombay—Passengers, Mrs. Wilson, D. Wilson Esq., Captain Jacobs, F A. C. Kane Esq., W. H. Young Esq., C. E. Stewart Esq.

February 3—Schooner *Wellington*, J. W. Andrew, returned leaky—Passenger. Mr. H. Robinson. Esq.

9—Steamer *Sir James Carnac*, G. H. Quintom, from Bombay and Cochin—Passengers, Bomanjie Jejeebhoy, Esq., Cursetjie Mancherjie, Esq., Burgerjie, Jamsetjie. Esq. and one deck passenger.

16—Ship *Francis*, E. Corkhill, from Liverpool and the Cape of Good Hope—Passengers, Messrs. D. Hunter. J. Orr, and Jeffery.

20—Barque *Volunteer*, R. Mann. from the Mauritius. H. M. C. Steamer *Seaforth*, G. Steuart, from Bombay and Cannanore—Passenger, Mr. F. Smith Esq.

21—Barque *Success*, A. A. De Luz, from Siam and Singapore—Passengers, 9 Siam Priests.

March 2—Ship *Hero of Malown*, C. Jackson, from China and Singapore.

13—Ship *Symmetry*, A. Mackwood, from Galle—Passengers, Mr. Armitage, and two Misses Armitage.

15—Ship *Caroline*. J. Williams. from London and the Cape of Good Hope—Passengers, Messrs. Wright, Willis and Stainbank.

16—H. M. Sloop *Clio*, Captain E. N. Troubridge, from Bombay and Goa.

22—H. M. C. Steam Packet *Seaforth*, G. Steuart. from Bombay and Cannanore—Passengers. Dr. Muckie, D. Davidson, Esq., A. Hadden, Esq., Captain F. C. Minchin. J. Smith Esq., Mr. J. Allick.

26—Barque *British Empire*. C. Young, from Aden. Brig *Deemster*, W. B. Scott. from Mauritius.

29—Barque *John Graham*. Geo. Pearson, from London—Passengers, Mr. Bewer, and Mr. Thompson.

APRIL 2—Barque *Diana*. Thomas Strickland. from Portsmouth and Madeira—Passengers for Ceylon. Mr. and Mrs. Collier. and Miss Sultzer. For Bombay. Chs. Tremenhere, Esq Lieut. H. C. Engineers, Mrs. Tremenhere. Miss Greig. Mr. and Mrs. Davies. Mr. Dawson.

4—Barque *Margaret Hardy*. John Martin. from the Isle of France—Passengers, Messrs. John Bridges, Thomas Slade, Mrs. Martin and 18 Indians.

6—Brig *Thomas Metcalf*. R. Yersten, from Table Bay and the Mauritius.

8—Barque *Sumatra*, C. Duncan. from London—Passengers. Mrs. Birt. Miss Laidlen Miss Swann, and 3 Misses Hackets for Cannanore. Messrs. Kidds Reid, Fraser, King, Rudd and Little. Lieuts. Fenwick, Deane & Bird. C. R R. intermediate Passengers. Mrs. Dunbar, Miss Shields. Mr. Johnston and Mr Davidson.

15—Barque *Courier*. Thomas Ridley, from Liverpool.

17—Barque *Frederick Truth*. J. Toby. from Cape of Good Hope—Passengers. Lieut. Sorrell. Barque *Recovery*. Thomas Johnson. from Bombay—Passengers. Captain Blackland. M. N. I., and 1 Parsee.

20—H. M. C. Steam Packet *Seaforth*, G. Steuart, from Bombay—Passengers. 2 Parsees.

26—Barque *Success*, A. A. De Luz. from Bombay—Passenger, J. M. Milner Esq.

MAY 1—Barque *Sarah*. W. F. Walker. from Bombay and Vingorla—Passengers. Mrs. Walker and 2 children, Mrs. Hinton and child, Ensign J. S. Brock 3rd M. N. I.

6—Barque *Seagull*, Thomas D. Moyse, from Galle—Passengers, Mrs. Moyse and child and G. W. Winter Esq.

16—Ship *Ranger*. J. M. Steward. from Calcutta.

JUNE 1—Brig *Thomas Wood*. N. Gray. from Aden.

16—Schooner *Emerald*, J. Peterkin. from Portsmouth.

18—Ship *Parsee*. Wm. Chevers, from Galle.

22—Barque *Brunette*. B. B. Cousins. from London and Cape of Good Hope—Passengers. Dr. McClese 90th Regt., Miss Capper, Messrs. Gaven. Pitts and Taylor.

24—Barque *Potter*. John Saddler. from Liverpool—Passengers, Elizabeth Crowther. Elizabeth Sager. David Sager and Israel Sager. Barque *Queen Victoria*. John Connor. from Bombay—Passengers, Dr. Gygax and William Collins. Esq.

29—Ship *Fatima*. G. Wilson, from Liverpool—Passengers, Mr. T. Grenies, and Mr. G. Campbell.

JULY 7—Ship *Sulimany*. H. Monk. from Bombay.

11—Ship *Tigris*, J. Linton, from London—Passengers, Mrs. Crofton and child, Mrs Blackmore, Mrs. Vanderstraaten, Miss Armitage, Miss Weestall, Major Braybrooke, C. R. R., Captain Crofton, R. A., Messrs. Blackmore. F. Dick. Fras. Dick, Higgs, Vanderstraaten, Armitage, and 4 steerage passengers, and 1 Gunner R. A.

12—Barque *Assam*, J. McAlpine, from Liverpool.

16—Barque *Hindley*, Thomas Grierson, from Liverpool and Mauritius. Barque *William Mitchell*, R. MacLachlan, from Greenock—Passengers, Mr. and Mrs. Campbell, Messrs. Ginnear, Cardigan and Anderson.

21—Barque *Fortitude*, Wm. Buckham, from Bombay.

AUGUST 2—Brig *Hortentia*, Wm. Storey, from Table Bay.

3—Barque *William Gales*, J. B. Renus, from London. Ship *Lascar*, R. Shedden, from Galle.

10—Barque *Elizabeth*, T. G. Law, from the Mauritius—Passenger, C. Jackson, Esq.

24—Barque *Ann Milne*, G. Thorns, from Bombay—Passengers, Mr. and Mrs. Smollet Campbell, Captain Peters, and Mr. Scorell.

SEPTEMBER 6—Barque *Manilla*, Wm Lloyd, from the Mauritius.

9—Ship *Active*, —— from Cork and the Mauritius—Passengers, Capt. Geale, 90th Regt., Lieut. Adye, Royal Artillery, Lieut. Taylor, Ensigns Eddington, and Maxwell, 95th Regt., Dr. Heise, 30th Regt., Monsieur Voltaire, Mrs. Cumming and Troops.

14—Brig *Argyra*, Peter Rees, from the Mauritius.

18—Ship *Rajasthan*, J. Aikin, from Bombay.

20—Barque *Potter*, John Saddler, from Tutucoreen.

27—Ship *Ino*, D. Whelan, from Aden.

OCTOBER 2—Ship *Samuel Boddington*, E. Noake, from Bombay—Passenger, R. T. Webb, Esq., C. S.

9—Barque *Queen Victoria*, John Connor, from Tutucoreen—Passengers, Mr. and Mrs. Wallbeoff and family.

11—Barque *Fortitude*, Wm. Buckham, from Tutucoreen.

30—Ship *Hooghly*, G. Bailey, from the Mauritius. Barque *Carena*, John Woodmass, from Liverpool.

NOVEMBER 2—Brig *William Wooley*, James Truscott, from the Mauritius.

7—Brig *Dora*, H. Sproat, from Liverpool.

17—Ship *Tartar*, D. R. Luce, from Bombay—Passengers, Mrs. Rattray, Ensign Peddie, 90th Regt., Lieut. Hudson, 4th Light Dragoons, and 250 native emigrants for the Mauritius.

19—Brig *Macinray*, R. Matman, from Greenock—Passengers, Messrs. J. Oughterson, Allan Wilson, Colin McTavish, A. F. Brown, Robert Forbes and Andrew Guthrie.

21—Ship *Inglis*, H. S. K. Isaacson, from China, Singapore and Galle.

22—H. M. C. Steam Packet *Seaforth*, W. S. De Waas, from Bombay, Cannanore and Cochin—Passengers, Miss Lloyd, A. Hadden, Esq., J. H. Coles, Esq., and the Rev. J. Kats.

DECEMBER 4—Ship *Cressy*, James Molison, from Sydney.

5—Ship *Brahman*, J. McArthur, from Bombay—Passengers, Mr. & Mrs. Wodehouse, Messrs. Lord. Forbes, Venets and Evans, H. M. Col. Schooner *Champion*, Lieut. Helpman, from Swan River—Passengers, Lieut. Northy H. M. 51st Regt. and Mr. and Mrs. Bland.

7—Barque *Recovery*, T. Johnson, from Bombay—Passengers, Col. Lindsay, C. B., and T. Daniel Esq.

6—Barque *Sultan*, T. Robinson, from the Mauritius. United States Frigate *Brandywine*, Commodore F. A. Parker, from Bombay.

11—Schooner *Emerald*, J. Peterkin, from Calpentyn.
19—H. M. C. Steamer *Seaforth*, W. S. De Waas, from Bombay—Passengers, Messrs. Kennedy and Garvin.
25—Brig *Patriot*, J. D. Booth, from Maulmain—Passenger, Mr. Warwick. Brig *Dera*, H. Sprout, from Madras.
30—Brig *Coreyra*, H. W. Haselwood, from Portsmouth and the Cape—Passenger, Mr. Vigoureux.

DEPARTURES FROM COLOMBO.

JANUARY 1—Ship *Morley*, Charles Evans, for China—Passengers, Major Surgent, 18th R. I. Barque *Mary Bannatyne*, S. Perkins, for Galle. Barque *Sultan*, T. Robinson, for Calcutta. Barque *Inez*, P. Hodson, for Madras.
12—Barque *Barossa*, John Austin, for Bombay. Brig *Swift*, John David, for Liverpool—Passenger, Mr. Alexander Lindsay.
15—Ship *Persia*, James Stevens, for London—Passengers. Mrs. Kelly and family, Captain Phelan, Lieuts. Laurence, R. A., Ogle, R. E. and Lady, Ostheyden and family, G. Bird, Esq. and family, Rev. J. Harris and family, Mr. A. Davidson. E. T. Reliart M. D. Staff Asst. Surgeon, 36 men, 6 women, and 17 children H. M. 90th and 95th Regts.
17—Barque *Augusta Jessie*, J. S. Sparkes, for Bombay.
18—Ship *Candahar*, J. Ridley, for Bombay.
21—Barque *John Mitchell*, D. Cable, for Bombay. Schooner *Wellington*, J. W. Andrew, for Mauritius.
23—Ship *Julia*, T. W. Tingate, for Tutucoreen and the Malabar Coast—Passengers, the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Calcutta, the Rev. J. Pratt, and Dr. Goodeve. Brig *Maria*, James Ratten, for Cochin.
24.—H. M. C. Steam Packet *Seaforth*, G. Steuart, for Bombay—Passengers, S. D. Campbell Esq., J. Campbell, Esq., and W. C. Hunter, Esq.
25—Brig *Medina*, Thomas James, for London.
28—Ship *David Clarke*, W. B. Mill, for Bombay.
FEBRUARY 7—Ship *William Metcalf*, E. Philipson, for London—Passengers, Messrs. Briggs, Gray and Jennings. Brig *Salacia*, H. W. Brodrick, for London.
15—Barque *Nile*, J. L. Anderson, for Liverpool.
21—H. M. C. Steam Packet *Seaforth*, G. Steuart, for Bombay—Passengers, Mrs. Campbell, Captain Jacoba, Messrs. Russell, Potts, W. H. Hughes, D. Davidson, and the Rev. Alexander Dumas.
25—Barque *Success*, A. A. De Luz, for Bombay.
MARCH 3—Barque *Eleanor Russell*, D. Jefferies, for London—Passenger, Mr. G. Call.
6—Ship *Francis*, E. Corkhill, for Madras—Passenger, Captain Dalrymple.
9—Ship *Hero of Malown*, C. Jackson, for Bombay—Passengers. Lieut. Peddie, 11 Parsees, and 17 Lascars.
10—Barque *Thomas Henry*, J. C. Churchward, for London.
12—Schooner *Wellington*, J. W. Andrew, for the Mauritius.
16—Barque *Janet Boyd*, D. Topping, for Liverpool.

22—Barque *Braimer*, W. Gillam, for Bombay.

24—H. M. C. Steam Packet *Seaforth*, G. Stewart, for Bombay—Passengers, The Right Revd. the Lord Bishop of Madras and family, Revd. James Morant Chaplain to the Lord Bishop, Major Gidley, Captain and Mrs. Abbott, Adam S. Gladstone Esq. E. T. Downes Esq., and Dr. Turner

26—Brig *Swift*, J. Davis, for Liverpool. Barque *Robert Stride*, G. McBlain, for Madras.

29—Barque *British Empire*, C. Young, for Madras.

April 5—Barque *Margaret Hardy*, John Martin, for Madras and Calcutta. Ship *Caroline*, J. Williams, for Bombay—Passenger, Mr. Vernade.

9—Barque *Volunteer*, R. Mann, for the Mauritius and London—Passengers for the Mauritius, 2 Messrs. Chermonts, 3 Misses Chermonts, Mr. and Mrs. Dumee and children.

15—Ship *Symmetry*, A. Mackwood, for London—Passengers, Captain Gregory, R. E., Mr. Whiting and family, Rev. Mr. Eckard, Mr. Caulfield's children, Mrs. Duncan, Lieut. Kirk and family, C. R. R., Lieut. Clare, C. R. R., Messrs. Twynam and Vanderspaar, 1 European woman and 5 children.

16—Barque *Orpheus*, William Digby, for Trincomalie. Schooner *Industrie*, R. Dolphin, for Pondicherry—Passengers, C. Finck, and E. Cassaiguard.

19—Barque *Frederick Truth*, J. Toby for Madras and China.

20—Barque *Recovery*, Thomas Johnson, for Singapore—Passengers, Captain Blackland, M. N. I., 1 Parsee.

May 3—Barque *Achilles*, J. F. Trivett, for the Mauritius and London—Passengers, Captain Mylius, Ceylon Rifles, Captain Webb, 90th L. I., Captain Hamilton and Lady, R. A., Captain Maxwell, 95th Regt. and Master Feneran.

13—Barque *John Graham*, Geo. Pearson, and Brig *Deemster*, W. B. Scott, both for London.

14—Brig *Esperance*, W. Maberly, for London—Passenger, Mr. Cox.

16—Barque *Pearl*, J. Mackwood, for London.

21—Ship *Lascar*, Robt. Shedden, for Galle.

23—Ship *Antigua Packet*, John Hunter, for Galle.

June 24—Barque *Seagull*, T. D. Moyse, for London—Passengers, Mrs. Moyse and child, and Lieut. Fenwick, C. C. R.

July 1—Barque *Queen Victoria*, John Connor, for Tutucoreen—Passenger, Mr. Miller

6—Barque *Margaret Wilkie*, R. Suttie, for Madras.

9—Barque *Sumatra*, C. Duncan, for Galle and London—Passengers, Major General Burrell, Lieut. Colonel Gordon, R.A., J. Reid MacKenzie, Esq., 1 man, 2 women, and 4 children, of the 13th and 90th Regts.

10—Ship *Sulimany*, H. Monk, for Tutucoreen.

13—Barque *Sanderson*, Joseph Bushby, for London.

16—Schooner *Emerald*, J. Peterkin, for Galle, Penang and Singapore.

22—Barque *Potter*, John Sadler, for Tutucoreen.

August 2—Barque *William Mitchell*, R. McLachlan, for Madras—Passengers, Captain and Mrs. Campbell, Messrs. Anderson and Cameron. Barque *Agam*, J. McAlphin for Madras.

7—Ship *Tigris*, Wm. Linton, for Trincomalie—Passengers. Doctor and Mrs. Cowper and child, Messrs. Higgs and White, and 4 seamen deserters from H. M. Ship *Nimrod*.

13—Barque *Elizabeth* T. C. Law, for Tondemanar.

SEPTEMBER 19—Ship *Active*, Charles Renant, for Tranquebar, Pondicherry and Madras.

20—Ship *Antigua Packet*, J. Hunter, for London.

29—Brig *Isabella Wood* Pearson Dunn, for the Isle of France. H. M. C. Steam Packet *Seaforth*, W. S. De Waas, for Bombay—Passengers, Wm. Collins Esq., and Revd. Mr. Kats.

21—Barque *Brunette*. B. B. Cousins, for London.

29—Barque *Ann*, Wm. Spain, for Calcutta—Passengers. Miss Avertone, Mr. Novoi Rev. Carrapet, Rev. Peter Antonio, Rev. Jacob Gregory. Ship *Rajasthan*, J. Aikin, for Calcutta—Passenger, Mr C. A. Morgan.

OCTOBER 9—Barque *William Gale*. J. B. Venus, for London.

12—Barque *Queen Victoria*, John Connor, for China.

14—Barque *Fortitude*, Wm. Buckham, for China.

20—Barque *Mercury*. James Dawson, for Madras.

22—H. M. C. Steamer *Seaforth*, W. S. De Waas, for Bombay—Passenger, J. F. Tait. Esq.

31—Ship *Lascar*, R. Shedden, for London—Passenger, Lieut. Du-Vernett, C. R. R.

NOV. 3—Brig *Argyra*, Peter Rees, for London—Passenger, Mrs. Edwards, and 3 children.

7—Barque *Carena*. John Woodmass. for Madras.

9—Ship *Hooghly*. G. Baily. for Calcutta.

15— Schooner *Emerald*. John Peterkin. for Calpentyn.

19—Ship *Tartar*, D. R. Luce, for the Mauritius, with 250 native emigrants.

24—H. M. C. Steam Packet *Seaforth*, W. S. De Waas, for Bombay—Passenger. J. G. Frith. Esq.

26—Ship *Inglis*, H. T. H. Isaacson, for Bombay—Passengers. Mrs Williams and children. J. Williams Esq. and Webb Esq.

DECEMBER 5—H. M. Colonial Schooner *Champion*, Lieut. Helpman, for Bombay—Passengers Lieut. Northy, H. M. 51st Regt. and Mr. and Mrs. Bland.

8—Ship *Brahmin*, J. McArthur, for China.

9—Ship *Recovery*, T. Johnson. for the Mauritius.

10— Ship *Tigris*, Wm Linton. for London—Passengers, Mrs. Ewing and children. Mrs. Simmonds and children, Lieut. Cobb. A. Reid. Esq. Barque *Hope*, G. Robson, for Bombay—Passenger, Hamilton, Esq. Barque *Sultan*. T. Robinson, for Cochin.

16—Brig *William Wooley*, T. Truscott, for London.

20—U. S. Frigate *Brandywine*. Commodore Parker, for China.

23—H. M. Colonial Steam Packet *Seaforth*. W. S. De Waas, for Bombay—Passengers. Messrs. Hadden, J. H. Coles, W. Leach, R. Wilmot, and A. J. Gibbs.

ARRIVALS AT GALLE.

JANUARY 1—Barque *Mary Bannatyne*, S. Perkins, from Colombo.

15—H. M. Steamer *Vixen*, H. Boyes, from Chusan and Trincomalee.

18—H. C. Steamer *Memnon*, F. T. Powell, from Macao.

20—Ship *Prince of Wales*, E. Jones, from China and Singapore—Passengers, Messrs. H. Hughes and W. C. Hunter.

22—Ship *Earl of Balcarras*, H. Baker from Manilla and Singapore—Passengers, Mr. Bolton, Mr. and Mrs. Oleato and 3 children, and Mr. Martin.

24—Steamer *Hindustan*, Robert Moresby, from Calcutta and Madras—Passengers for Ceylon: Sir Robert Arbuthnot, Major-General Burrell, Captain Thurlow, C. Dewsnap, Esq., and Mr. Potts. For Suez—Mr. and Mrs. Frederick, Mr. and Mrs. Carnie and 3 children, Miss Elliott, Miss Bernard, Rev. Messrs. A. Varelle, J. Hay, D. Olitle and Gabriel, Dr. Morgan, Colonel Cock, Captains Sanders and Park, Messrs. Anderson, Eyobb, Borelli, Priest, McAdam, Hall, Salton, Murray, Elway, Matheson, Smith, Sherwood, Sank, Charles Gardner, Smith, Travers, Woods, Leslie, Sir J. D'Almeida Mr. D'Almeida, Mr. A. D'Almeida, Master D'Almeida.

25—Ship *Paragon*, F. W. Plank, from Newcastle.

FEBRUARY 4—Ship *Australia*, Robt. Cumming, from Newcastle. Ship *Symmetry*, A. Mackwood, from Trincomalie—Passengers, Mr. & Mrs. Thompson.

MARCH 1—Barque *Coringa Packet*, F. B. Chilcott, from Calcutta and Trincomalie.

4—Barque *Bruemer*, W. Gillum, from Calcutta—Passenger, Mrs. Ewing. Brig *Maria*, James Ratten, from Cochin—Passenger, Mr. G. Cooper.

14—Steamer *Hindostan*, R. Moresby, from Suez and Aden—Passengers for Ceylon, Mr. and Mrs. Buller. For Madras and Calcutta—Mr. and Mrs. Astell, Mr. and Mrs. Anson, Mr. and Mrs. Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. Stainsforth, Capt. and Mrs. Lindsay, Mr., Mrs. and two Misses Ross, Mrs. Colquhoun, Dr. and Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Taylor, Revd. Mr. and Mrs. Sauler, Misses Stocker, Howell and Jackson, Revd. J. Coley, Majors Christie, Mowden and Smith, Lieut. Beale, Messrs. Dalrymple, Macdonald, Short, Leach, Cust, Worley, Beaufort, Clopcutt, Frazer, Palmer, Jardine, Dearmen, Thompson, Ochterlony, Le Page, Young, Hardcastle, Berley, Murray, Laing, Power, Carter, Montresor, Maples, Davidson, Smith, Frazer, Hague, Carlisle, Tyler, Robinson, Delepert, and Belfer.

20—Barque *Hamoodj*, John MacQueen, from Moulmein.

29—Brig *Lena*, J. Ford, from the Mauritius.

APRIL 21—Steamer *India*, D. Mckellar, from Suez and Aden—Passengers for Ceylon: J. Walkinshaw Esq., Thomas Grimshaw Esq. For Madras: A. B. Read, Esq., B. Wilson Esq., and Mr. Itjen. For Calcutta: Mr. and Mrs. Stewart, Miss Tombs, R. Lyall, Esq. Messrs. Thomas Elworthy, J. Borradaile, Dr. A. Bell, A. M. Mackenzie, A. Pearson, R. Stewart, F. Massey, J. Silva, R. M. F. Annesley and B. Dixen.

25—Steamer *Hindostan*, R. Moresby, from Calcutta and Madras—Passengers for Ceylon: Sir Lawrence Peel, Mr. Boyd, and Caroline Pallman. For Suez: Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Burkingyoung, Miss M. Flyter, Miss E. Flyter, Mrs. Webber and child, Captain and Mrs. Hyde and 2 children, Major and Mrs. Henderson and child, Miss Henderson, Mrs. Taylor and two children, Mrs. Sullivan; General Shelton, Lieut. General Harris, Lieut. Col. Wilde, Major Daubigny,

Doctors Wrightson, Grey, Sawyer, Marshall and Colquhoun; Captains Drake, Alston, Hanley, Clarkson (and child,) Kugwell, Orlich, Pope, Elder, Denis, Rainey, Ware, Brown, Richardson, and Dalrymple; Lieutenants Haughton, Legard, Irving, Cuddy, Christie, Elmhurst, WaMis, Lister, Morgan, Owen, Lindsay and Hutchinson; Messrs. Roquet, Smart, Alexander, Campbell, Regheline, Elliott, Rewes, W. N. D'Arcy, Barnes, Middleton, Roberts, Carew, Sandon, J. Ferguson, Evans, Kettlewell, W. Dowdeswell, Kindersley and Sutherland.

29—Barque *Recovery*, Thomas Johnson, from Bombay—Passengers, Captain Blaxland and 52 convicts.

30—Barque *Hashmy*, W. Buckle, from Hongkong and Singapore.

May 26—Barque *Parsee*, W. Chivers, from Greenock—Passenger, W. Knighton, Esq.

June 7—Steamer *Hindostan*, R. Moresby, from Suez—Passengers for Ceylon, Messrs. Webb, Hume, Walker, Stanton and Durnford C. R.—For Madras and Calcutta: Mrs. Carruthers, Mr. and Mrs. Heron, Mrs. Thompson, child and servant, Captain Smith, Messrs. Wallhouse, Thurburn, Daubing, Smith, Carey, Scott, Bell, Mactier and Horne.

8—Ship *Ranger*, E. Daviot, from Colombo—Passengers, Messrs. Cowley and Forest.

23—Ship *Lascar*, R. Shedden, from Colombo.

26—Ship *Antigua Packet*, J. Hunter, from Colombo.

July 2—Schooner *Trekboer*, J. Bosworth, from the Mauritius.

10—Barque *Sumatra*, C. Duncan, from Colombo.

August 18—H. C. Steamer *Queen*, W. Warden, from Calcutta—Passengers, Hon'ble Mr. Maddock, General Simson, Captain J. Fitzjames, R.N., Captain Young, B. A., Captain Werdword, Lieut. Verner, Ensign Sandys and Mr. Harris.

19—Steamer *Hindostan*, R. Moresby, from Calcutta and Madras—Passengers for Ceylon: Mr. Carroll, Mr. Cameron, the Revd. Archdeacon Dealtry, Mrs. Dealtry, Miss Dealtry, Mr. F. Paul, Miss Buckland, Mr. Bell, Mr. Stopford, Sir John P. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Grant, Mr M. Shawe, Mr. Templer, Caroline McDonald. For Suez—Messrs. Gerand, Bauer, Meulen and Captain A. Barker. For Alexandria—Lieut. Crews, 45th N. I., Monsr. Noel, Mrs. Noel and child, Lieut. A. Walker, M. N. I. For England—Mr. and Mrs. Kellsall, Lieut. Colonel Lane and 2 children, Mr. Somes, Mr. Allen, Mr. de Kirwan, Dr. and Mrs. Dickson and 3 children, Captain Drummond, Mr. Drummond, Captain Hogg, Lt. Olpherts, Mrs. Dunken, Mr. Scallan and child, Mr. D. Watson, Mrs. Deans Campbell, Mr. McQuhoe and child, Mr. Church, Mrs. Parker and 3 children, Captain Stead, Dr. Smyth, Mr. Thompson, Capt and Mrs. Rainey and child, 3 Masters Cooper, Mr. T. S. Smith, Captain Boland, Major General Considine, Captain Lawrence, B. Cavalry, Captain McCleverty, R. N., Captain Stanley R. N., Mr. J. H. Young, Hon. Mr. Moncton, Lieut. Col. Burroughs, Capt. Wise, Mr. Hodgkinson, Mr. McIntosh, Dr. Colin Campbell, (late Physician General,) Mr. Nott, Mr. Bohn, Mr. and Mrs. Grant and 2 children, Miss White, Mr. George Howe, Mr. Foster, Mr. Enoch, Mr. George Teil, Mr. R. Sterling, Mrs. Hume, Captain Doolan, Mr. Freak Burr, Lieut. R. Kinkead, M. A., Captain A. Dawson, Capt. H. W. Watts, Mrs. Watts, Mr. J. D. Arbuthnot, Lieut. C. F. Kirby,

14th N. I., Captain C. W. Seton. H. M. 41st Regt., Lieut. F. Jackson. H. M. 63d Regt., Mr. John Grant, Lieut Gubbett, Caroline Fallreyman.

OCTOBER 9—Steamer *Hindostan*, R. Moresby, from Suez—Passengers for Ceylon. Messrs. Frith, Unwin, and Ackland, Miss Ackland, Ensign Grove, Mr. Dixon, and Mr. and Mrs. Holderness.

20—Ship *Tigris*, Wm. Linton, from Trincomalie.

NOVEMBER 12—Brig *Lodiana*, S. Questi, from Colombo,

14—Steamer *Bentinck*, A. Kellock, from Southampton and the Mauritius—Passengers for Ceylon: Mr. and Mrs. Williams and child, Messrs. Bessel, Smith, Morison, Morison jun., Middleton, Wilmot, Robert Wise, and Robert Houston.

21—H. C. Steamer *Queen*, W. Warden, from Calcutta, for Bombay, with a detachment of H. M. 13th Light Infantry.

22—Steamer *Hindostan*, R. Moresby, from Calcutta and Madras—Passengers for Ceylon: Lord Altamont, Mr. J. Harey, Captain Arthur, Mr. G. Graham, Lieut. and Mrs. Templer.

26—Brig *Macmay*, R. Marman, from Colombo—Passengers, R. W. Langslow Esq., Revd. Von Dadelzen, Mr. G. Winter and Mr. Wilson.

29—Barque *Hope*, G. Robson, from Calcutta.

DECEMBER 10—Ship *Helen*, A. Bayne, from Macoa and Singapore—Passenger, Mr. Green.

19—Brig *Patriot*, J. D. Booth, from Moulmein—Passenger, Captain W. Warrick.

20—H. M. Steamer *Spiteful*, W. Maitland, from Hongkong and Singapore—Passengers, Don Manuel Duenos, and Geronemo Penuro de Lascases.

22—Steamer *Bentinck*, A. Kellock, from Calcutta and Madras—Passenger for Ceylon, Mr. Charles George.

DEPARTURES FROM GALLE.

JANUARY 10—Ship *Julia*, T. W. Tingate, for Colombo.

18—H. M. Steamer *Vixen*, H. Boyes, for Bombay.

21—Ship *Prince of Wales*, E. Jones, for Bombay.

22—H. C. Steamer *Memnon*, E. T. Powell, for Bombay.

24—Ship *Earl of Balcarras*, H. Baker, for Bombay—Passenger, Mr. Martin.

25—Ship *Sultamany*, J. Rowe, for Calcutta.

29—Barque *Mona*, W. Shand, for Calcutta.

FEBRUARY 26—Ship *Australia*, R. Cumming, for Bombay—Passengers, 60 Seamen of the late Ship *Atlelanse*.

MARCH 3—Barque *London*, G. Johnston, for Bombay—Passenger, Mr. W. Cope.

15—H. C. Steamer *Tenasserim*, A. P. Wall, for Suez—Passenger from Galle, Capt. Ducket, H. M. 87th Regt. Steamer *Hindostan*, R. Moresby for Madras and Calcutta—Passengers from Galle, Mr. and Mrs. Ashburner, Mrs. Ewing, Captain Nicolay and Lieut. Michell, H. M. 29th Regt., and Mr. Withers.

15—Barque *Coringa Packet*, F. B. Chilcott, for Madras—Passenger, Lieut. Raitt, C. R.

24—Barque *Mary Sophia*, G. Thompson. for Point Pedro.
26—Barque *Halifax Packet*. J. Colford. for London.
APRIL 4—Brig *Lena*. J. Ford. for Madras.
22—Steamer *India*. D. McKellar. for Madras and Calcutta—Passengers for Madras and Calcutta as on arrival, and from Galle. A. F. Arbuthnot Esq. for Madras, Captain Minchin B. N. I. for Calcutta. Steamer *Hindostan*. R. Moresby, for Aden and Suez—Passengers from Galle: Mrs. Knight. Lieut.-General Sir R. Arbuthnot, Captain Ford, 95th Regt., C. Campbell, Esq.
28—Barque *Sanderson*, J Boshby, for Colombo.
MAY 2—Barque *Recovery*, Thomas Johnson. for Singapore. Barque *Hashmy*. Wm. Buckle. for Bombay—Passenger, Lieut. Staverly.
9—Steamer *Hindostan*, R. Moresby, for Madras and Calcutta—Passengers from Galle. Mr. and Mrs. Bathurst and child, Mr. W.S. Boyd. Mr. Cowley. and Mr. Forest.
13—Barque *Parsee*, W. Chivers. for Colombo.
23—Ship *Ranger*. E. Daviot, for Madras—Passangers Captain Stuart. and Lieut. Patterson, H. M. 10th Regt.
26—Ship *Antigua Packet*. J. Hunter, for Colombo.
28—Schooner *Trekboer*. J. Bosworth, for Mauritius and Algoa Bay.
AUGUST 3—Schooner *Emerald*, J. Peterkin, for Penang.
20—Steamer *Queen*, W. Warden. for Bombay—Passengers, Gen. Simpson. Capt. J. Fitzjames, Capt. Young, Capt. Werdwood, Lieut. Verner. Ensign Sandys, and Mr. Harris.
23—Barque *Manilla*, W. Lloyd, for Calcutta—Passenger. Dr. Long.
NOVEMBER 13—Steamer *Hindostan*, R. Moresby for Suez—Passengers from Galle, Lieut. G. Cornwall H. M. 95th Regt. and Mrs. Rattray. Brig *Loodiana*. S. Queste, for Cochin—Passenger, Mrs Queste.
29—Ship *Lowjee Family*, R. Ayers, for Bombay—Passengers, Mr. and Mrs. Blowers.
DECEMBER 13—Ship *Helen*, A. Bayne. for Bombay.
23—Steamer *Bentinck*. A. Kellock, for Suez—Passengers from Ceylon, The Hon. A. R. Johnston. Esq., Right Hon. Lord Altamont, Don Gerenemo Penero de Lascases, and Don Manuel Duenos.

ARRIVALS AT TRINCOMALE.

JANUARY 18—Schooner *Petrel*, in charge of Captain Nicolay, H. M. 29th Regt., from Cochin and Galle.
30—Barque *Competitor*, P. Poole, from Calcutta.
MARCH 24—Bark *Coringa Packet*. F. B. Chilcott, from Galle.
27—H. M. Ship *Clio*, Captain Troubridge, from Colombo.
APRIL 22—Barque *Orpheus*, W. Digby, from Colombo.
MAY 24—H. C. Steam Vessel *Tenasserim*. A. P. Wall, from Suez and Aden—Passengers, Captain and Mrs Fordyce, Captain Woodford, the Revd. Mr. Clarke, Messrs. Wallace. Bowers. Polathee and Fernandez
JULY 5—Barque *Ganges*, James Gibson. from Newcastle.
11—H. M. Sloop *Siren*. Captain Smith. from Bombay.
30—Bark *Vulcan*, James Patrick. from Newcastle.
AUGUST 10—Brig *Jane*, from Newcastle.

Sept. 22—Ship *Susan*, A. Paget, from Madras and Pondicherry, with 280 emigrants for the Mauritius.

October 8—H. M. Ship *Alligator*, R. Browne, from Hongkong and Calcutta. H. M. Brig *Siren*, —— Smith, from Madras.

19—Barque *Coringa Packet*, F. B. Chilcott, from Madras, with 100 emigrants on board.

Dec. 4.—Bark *Sir J. Beresford*, J. Threadgold, from Liverpool

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Departures from Trincomalie.

February 24—Barque *Competitor*, P. Poole, for Liverpool.

March 20—Schooner *Petrel*, Gugoor, for Point Pedro—Passengers, Mr. and Mrs. Smedley, and Miss Curgenven.

May 26—H. C. Steam Vessel *Tenasserim*, A. P. Wall, for Madras.

June 25—H. M. Ship *Nimrod*, Captain Glasse, for Madras and Moulmein.

July 2—H. M. Sloop *Siren*, Captain Smith, for Madras.

August 23—Barque *Vulcan*, James Patrick, for Madras.

September 8—Brig *Ione*, P. Stewart, for Madras.

October 22—Barque *Coringa Packet*, F. B. Chilcott, for the Mauritius, with 100 emigrants.

November 3—H. M. Ship *Siren*, Captain Smith, for Madras.

7—H. M. Ship *Alligator*, R. Browne, for Singapore and Hongkong, having on board 18 women, and 33 children H.M. 18thR. I.

28—H. M Ship *Thalia*, Captain Hope, for Bombay.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of Arrivals and Departures from and to the Continent of India of Persons of the Laboring Class, in the Port of Colombo, and in the Ports of the Northern Province, between the 1st October 1842 and the 30th September 1843.

Months.	Port of Colombo.						Ports of the Northern Province.						Total.					
	Arrivals.			Departures.			Arrivals.			Departures.			Arrivals.			Departures.		
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.
1842 October....	378	2	2	269	5	6	2,344	29	26	687	25	8	2,722	31	28	956	30	14
„ November..	159	7	9	35	1	0	935	26	6	934	23	20	1,094	33	15	969	24	20
„ December..	267	0	0	77	0	0	5,093	88	28	1,488	32	18	5,360	88	28	1,565	32	18
1843 January....	138	1	0	160	0	0	202	10	5	2,291	69	32	340	11	5	2,451	69	32
„ February..	254	2	1	151	1	2	247	19	9	1,173	42	37	501	21	10	1,324	43	39
„ March.....	257	14	18	190	6	11	329	23	11	877	51	37	586	37	29	1,067	57	48
„ April	169	6	10	66	2	1	1,977	69	30	798	31	23	2,146	75	40	864	33	24
„ May.....	225	9	12	34	6	8	3,180	101	27	655	25	9	3,405	110	39	689	31	17
„ June.....	95	4	4	22	1	4	5,963	118	45	536	21	14	6,058	122	49	558	22	18
„ July.....	88	4	6	58	1	4	3,540	128	44	361	22	11	3,628	132	50	419	23	15
„ August.....	164	1	2	66	0	0	3,921	107	37	819	53	35	3,185	108	39	885	53	35
„ September..	388	4	10	175	4	3	4,667	145	60	979	35	18	5,055	149	70	1,154	39	21
Total..	2,582	54	73	1,303	27	39	31,498	863	328	11,598	429	262	34,080	917	402	12,901	456	301

GRAND TOTAL { Arrivals..... 35,399 / Departures.. 13,658

ANNUAL RETURN of the Number of Persons Vaccinated in the different Districts in Ceylon from the 1st January to the 31st December 1842.

Months.	*Vaccinated.*	*Discharged.*	*Failed.*	*Absent.*
January	6,414	4,068	984	1,362
February	6,299	3,993	1,054	1,252
March	7,970	5,255	1,263	1,452
April	5,597	3,652	908	1,037
May	5,795	3,737	867	1,191
June	6,267	4,185	938	1,144
July	6,369	3,886	936	1,547
August	5,577	3,582	843	1,152
September	5,937	3,977	843	1,117
October	5,328	3,536	744	1,048
November	4,876	3,259	745	872
December	4,463	2,866	643	894
Total	70,832	45,996	10,768	14,068

ABSTRACT of the Number of Persons Successfully Vaccinated in the different Districts in Ceylon during the Year 1842.

SUPERINTENDENTS.	DISTRICTS.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Augt.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
R. Templeton, Esq.	Colombo	585	692	1,350	842	629	659	651	606	844	780	738	517	8,893
	Negombo	86	30	63	67	81	56	48	69	41	45	40	57	683
	Caltura	492	441	410	364	239	274	285	225	79	99	174	183	3,345
	Kaigalle	393	296	343	241	214	187	184	166	269	282	239	277	3,034
	Ruanwelle	104	67	121	78	36	67	83	13	0	0	0	0	569
	Kurnegalle	345	600	536	159	392	545	343	226	450	303	277	195	4,371
T. G. Allen, Esq.	Chilaw	163	137	213	151	161	151	124	156	132	169	102	114	1,770
	Putlam	48	51	62	66	71	86	77	66	66	46	58	63	760
	Calpentyn	12	0	2	3	8	36	22	10	21	18	1	0	133
G. Rumley, Esq. M.D.	Trincomale	111	75	208	247	182	269	149	171	186	135	169	167	2,069
	Batticalca	154	170	206	159	194	169	162	197	177	178	212	220	2,198
J. Grant, Esq.	Jaffna	466	374	514	362	459	515	357	364	280	290	303	277	4,445
	Manar	47	31	84	75	69	68	287	51	34	17	20	23	806
	Anooradha-poora	172	159	118	63	43	122	151	291	284	240	232	103	1,978
	Mulletivoe	111	75	83	72	102	96	118	124	154	93	23	0	1,051
P. Robertson, Esq.	Galle	143	132	135	76	106	140	130	138	157	123	124	140	1,544
	Matura	165	146	243	151	211	233	194	163	240	206	149	204	2,365
	Tangalle	67	92	88	130	108	125	187	208	99	76	86	55	1,321
	Rammpoora	383	395	398	379	404	366	344	385	376	347	213	214	4,198
J. Ewing, Esq.	Kandy	19	1	51	19	28	18	0	10	94	57	65	52	414
	Badulla	68	29	27	8	0	3	0	0	0	32	34	8	209
	Total	4,068	3,993	5,255	3,652	3,737	4,185	3,826	3,582	3,977	3,536	3,259	2,866	45,996

RETURN of Cases of Cholera that have occurred in Ceylon during the Year 1842.

PLACES.	Remained.	Admitted.	Total.	Discharged.	Died.	Remaining.
Jaffna	„	51	51	18	33	„
Manar and Aripo	„	701	701	268	433	„
Putlam	„	10	10	„	10	„
Kandy	„	3	3	„	3	„
Negombo	„	1	1	„	1	„
Ambepusse	„	1	1	„	1	„
Total	„	767	767	286	481	„

STATEMENT of Cases of Small Pox, Modified Small Pox and Chicken Pox that have occurred in Ceylon from the 1st January to the 31st December 1842.

PROVINCES.	STATIONS AT WHICH CASES OCCURRED.	Small Pox.		Modified Small Pox.		Chicken Pox.		Total.		Remaining 1st January 1843.			
		Admitted.	Died.	Admitted.	Died.	Admitted.	Died.	Admitted.	Died.	Small Pox.	Modified Small Pox.	Chicken Pox.	Total.
WESTERN	Colombo Small Pox Hospital	8	„	5	„	„	„	13	„	1	„	„	1
	Do. ..... in Quarantine	10	1	2	„	4	„	16	1	1	2	„	3
	Caltura	33	6	1	„	„	„	34	6	„	„	„	„
	Negombo	29	4	„	„	„	„	29	4	1	„	„	1
	Kurnegalle	1	„	„	„	8	„	9	„	1	„	„	1
	Chilaw	1	„	„	„	„	„	1	„	1	„	„	1
SOUTHERN	Galle	28	9	„	„	15	„	43	9	2	„	„	2
	Matura	2	1	„	„	„	„	2	1	„	„	„	„
EASTERN	Batticaloa	„	„	„	„	7	„	7	„	„	„	„	„
NORTHERN	Jaffna	6	1	1	„	3	„	10	1	„	„	„	„
	Manar	13	„	„	„	9	„	22	„	„	„	„	„
	Anooradhapoora	„	„	„	„	3	„	3	„	„	„	„	„
CENTRAL	Kandy	3	„	„	„	52	„	55	„	„	„	5	5
	Rambodde	„	„	„	„	3	„	3	„	„	„	„	„
	Badulla and Ouvah	„	„	„	„	5	„	5	„	„	„	„	„
	Total	134	22	9	„	109	„	252	22	7	2	5	14

Return of Inquests held during the Year ended 31st October 1843.

(Compiled from Official Reports.)

Inquest when and where held.	*Name and Sex of Deceased.*	*Cause of Death.*
District of Colombo No. 1 South.		
1843 April 12th..Colombo	(Name unknown, a Malabar-man)..*male.*	Visitation of God.
„ „ 15th.....do	Hendrick Heyn ..... *do.*	do.
„ „ 17th.....do	Morado Candoo.....*female.*	Drowning in a Well.
„ May 12th.....do	Arlasan .....*male.*	Bite of a Snake.
„ July 31st.....do	James Cornelis Koenitsz..... *do.*	Visitation of God.
„ August 6th.....do	Carpen otherwise called Maduramootoo *do.*	Intoxication.
„ „ 11th..Watterapelle	Koswattegey Don Denis..... *do.*	Jumping from a Cocoanut Tree.
„ Sept. 29th..Colombo	James Finlay ..... *do.*	Cutting his Throat.
District of Colombo No. 1 North.		
1843 April 9th..Mapittigamme	Babahamy.....*female.*	Beating.
„ „ 13th..Walgamme	Cader Lebbe Uduma Lebbe (a Lunatic).....*male.*	Falling from a Tree.
„ „ 25th..Colombo	(Name unknown) ..... *do.*	Drowning in a River.
„ May 16th..Hendelle	Miskin..... *do.*	Hanging himself.
„ „ 17th..Hanagamme	Hingelepedigey Finsonda..... *do.*	do.
„ June 30th..Yakkelegamme	(Name unknown, a Moor-man)..... *do.*	Drowning.
„ July 1st..Todelle	Kosettedenegey Pedro Perera..... *do.*	Drowning in a Canal.
District of Colombo No. 4 (Caltura.)		
1843 April 2d..Molligodde	Anguruwagey Telenis.....*male.*	Hanging himself.
„ May 24th..Caltura	Delpechittra Atcharigey Jewat Nayde. *do.*	Fall of a Cocoanut Tree upon him.
District of Amblangodde (Ballepittymodera.)		
1842 Nov. 2d..Cosgodde	Elleboddegey Salie .....*female.*	Drowning.

Inquest when and where held.	Name and Sex of Deceased.	Cause of Death.
1843 Jan. 3d...Cosgodde.....	Honadeniyegey Punchy .....*female.*	Drowning in a Well.
„ Feb. 26th..Ballepittymodera.....	Pettahandy Hingua..... *male.*	Drowning in the Sea.
„ April 11th..Hiddorowe	Douwegey Salman ..... *do.*	Fall of a Tree upon him.
„ „ 11th..Cosgodde	Doowegey Mey Appoo..... *do.*	Falling from a String with which Cocoanut Trees were coupled.
„ May 12th.....do.....	Boosahado Baba Nayde ..... *do.*	do.
„ „ 19th..Tottegammoowe....	Narigammeradagey Buria. Weregodderadagey Babesy, & Hegodderadagey Inta .....*d.....males.*	Fall of a House upon them.
„ Augt. 29th..Amblangodde	Naydappoohewa Cotta.....*male.*	Falling from a Cocoanut Tree.
„ „ 30th,.....do.....	Aseripedy Baba Natchera.....*female.*	Drowning in a Well.
„ Sept. 16th..Tottegammoowe.....	Doanhamy.....*male.*	Falling from a Cocoanut Tree.
„ „ 3th.....do:.....	Adonsa (a Child) ..... *do.*	Drowning in a Canal.
„ Oct. 1st..Mallewenue.....	Dedemony Calloowa..... *do.*	Drowning in a Ditch.
„ „ 14th..Cahawe.....	Appootantrigey Odrissa..... *do.*	Falling from a String with which Toddy Trees were coupled.
„ „ 15th..Cosgodde.....	Porombe Atcharigey Juanissa..... *do.*	Falling from a Cocoanut Tree.
District of Galle.		
* 1842 Nov. 24th.....	Babán Appoo .....*male.*	Drowning.
* 1843 April 24th.....	Telleboore Gammegey Kiry Appoo... *do.*	A Blow.
* „ „ 27th.....	Hinnedooma Atcharigey Aberam..... *do.*	Drowning.
* „ June 1st.....	Kotawe Gammegey or Yaddehegey Sancho ..... *do.*	do.
* „ „ 19th.....	Halloloowegey Aberam..... *do.*	Hanging himself.
* „ „ 21st.....	Witanegey Louis ..... *do.*	do.
* „ „ 26th.....	Angus Mackay..... *do.*	Drowning in the Sea.
* „ July 17th.....	Tantrigey Baba Appoo ..... *do.*	Fall of a Tree upon him.

			District of Matura.		
†	1842 Nov.	3d	Pattooma Natchia	*female.*	Fall of a Tree upon her.
†	1843 March	23d	GoygammeDemettihettigey Calloowe	*male.*	Falling from a Tree.
†	„ „	23d	Gallegey Babey Appoo	*do.*	do.
†	„ „	23d	Gadgemangey Roddee	*female.*	do.
†	„ „	23d	Goneygey Babiney	*male.*	Visitation of God.
†	1843 May	19th	Soemene Tissy Unnanse	*do.*	do.
†	„ June	10th	Wierebaddenegey Dingyhamy	*female.*	Fall of a Cocoanut upon her Head.
†	„ July	29th	Ambepittiyegey Janis	*male.*	Killed.
†	„ Augt.	24th	Hondecattade Giegene Baddenegey Abensoe	*do.*	A Blow.
†	„ „	24th	Canoegahalandegey Wattoewe	*do.*	Falling from a Tree.
†	„ „	24th	Dahanaikegey Dingo	*do.*	Falling from a Cocoanut Tree.
†	„ Sept.	30th	Maylappoogey Babey Appoo	*do.*	Drowning in a River.
			District of Tangalle.		
	1842 Nov.	.. Kottowegodde	(Name unknown, a Beggar)	*male.*	Visitation of God.
	1843 Jan.	20th..Alootwewe	Sinhelleralle	*do.*	Drowning in a Pit.
	„ March	3d ..Kahawatte	Waterakagodde Wattopelleagey Calloowe	*do.*	Falling from a Tree.
	„ „	23d ..Wallasmulle	(Name unknown)	*do.*	Drowning.
	„ April	20th..Marakadde	Ratnaike Kankanangey Louishamy	*do.*	Drowning in a Lake.
	„ June	8th..Kahawatte	Polonmaone Gammegey Abeyhamy	*do.*	Falling from a Cocoanut Tree.
	„ „	8th.....do.	Balegammegey Sillinda	*female.*	Fall of a Platform upon her.
	„ July	21st..Yattigalle	Keodagey Juan	*male.*	Falling from a Tree.
	„ „	28th..Moderewanne	Boddigamme Hallatoore Kankanangey Disanhamy	*female.*	Hanging herself.
			District of Hambantotte.		
	1843 June	5th..Kottegamme	Denegammegey Appoo	*male.*	Bite of a Snake.

* Dates of return of Inquest to District Court.
† Dates of report of Inquest to Government.

Inquest when and where held.			*Name and Sex of Deceased.*		*Cause of Death.*
		District of Chilaw & Putlam.			
1842	Nov.	26th..Attanganne	Kunjy Wapoo	*male.*	Shot.
1843	Feb.	2d..Palliewaseltorre	Francisco	*do.*	Drunkenness.
„	July	5th..Kaymel	Anthony Daberera	*do.*	Drowning in a River.
		District of Manar and Nuweral alawiya.			
1842	April	27th..Embulgassawe	Cappoowa	*male.*	Killed by a Wild Elephant.
„	May	1st..Wownienwelancolom	Alwan Canden	*do.*	Hanging himself.
„	„	4th..Waytinncodirpoe	Croos (a Child)	*do.*	Drowning in a Well.
„	„	16th..Allekallopottacolom	Marsal Anthony	*do.*	Killed by a Wild Elephant.
„	„	17th..Odecarre	(Name unknown)	*do.*	do.
„	June	8th..Manar	Appasamy	*do.*	Visitation of God.
„	July	17th..Kunchillutulane	Meddewewe Wattuwa	*do.*	Falling from a Tree.
„	„	23d..Ativiar	(Name unknown, a Moor-man)	*do.*	Visitation of God.
„	„	25th..Aratchicolom	Pooden	*do.*	Drowning in a Well.
„	Augt.	9th..Dunumadalawe	Wannia Nayde	*do.*	Killed by a Wild Elephant.
„	„	25th..Kiricado	Sevagamy	*female.*	Visitation of God.
„	Sept.	6th..Ha'millewewe	Kumary Ettena	*do.*	Drowning in a Lake.
		District of Jaffna.			
1843	Jan.	31st..Jaffna	Anthopulle Saverymootoo	*male.*	Drowning in a Well.
„	Feb.	23d...do.	John Vous	*do.*	Murdered.
„	„	28th..Nalloor	Canden Sinnewen	*do.*	Falling from a Tree.
„	March	11th..Jaffna	Ponnen Coonjen otherwise Cadergamen	*do.*	Drowning in a Tank.
„	May	8th..Neerwely	Winayeger Moorger	*do.*	Drowning in a Well.
„	„	16th..Chiviatorre	Ponachy	*female.*	do.
„	June	4th..Pooneryn	Omeal (a Child)	*do.*	do.
„	„	5th..Poottoor	(Person unknown)		do.
„	„	28th..Cokowille	Walligamme	*female.*	do.

„ July	8th	Carreoor	Ponnen Cander ... *male.*	do.
„ Augt.	8th	Ternelwaly	Somer Sinnewen alias Winasy Sinnewen Caykola ... *do.*	Bite of a Snake.
„ „	17th	Nawaly	Matthew Pooden ... *do.*	Falling from a Palmira Tree.
„ Sept.	1st	Copay	Siddemberetty ... *female.*	Bite of a Snake.
„ „	11th	Oodooville	Ayen Sinnewen ... *male.*	Fall of a Palmira Tree upon him.
„ „	11th	Nawaly	Cannate ... *female.*	Hanging herself.
„ „	18th	Wannarponne	Wayrewen Mooroogesen ... *male.*	Bite of a Snake.
„ „	27th	Poottoor	Wayrewy Canden ... *do.*	Drowning.
District of Walligammo (Mallagam.)				
1842 Nov.	17th	Moolay	Wally ... *female.*	Drowning in a Tank.
„ „	18th	do.	Soopramania Somer ... *male.*	Drowning in a Well.
„ „	29th	Elaley	Arooner Supper ... *do.*	do.
1843 Jan.	14th	Chiroovilan	Cander Wannian ... *do.*	do.
„ Feb.	5th	Vasavilan	Santiagopulle Diogopulle ... *do.*	Falling from a Tree.
„ „	17th	Mayletty	Poudy Maden ... *do.*	Falling from a Palmira Tree.
„ April	14th	Batticotta	Wayremootoo ... *female.*	Drowning in a Well.
„ May	2d	do.	Wayrewy ... *do.*	Bite of a Snake.
„ „	10th	Moolay	Modelechy Welen ... *male.*	do.
„ „	22d	Catawen	Cootty Poodial ... *female.*	do.
„ „	22d	Ivena	Sevagamy ... *do.*	Fall of a Tree upon her.
„ July	7th	Tolpuram	Catpogam ... *do.*	Drowning in a Well.
„ „	24th	Batticotta	Wayremootoo Amblewanan ... *male.*	do.
„ Augt.	15th	Sangany	Anthony Wayty ... *do.*	do.
„ „	17th	Madegel	Coopechy Modelechy ... *female.*	Falling from the Bank of a Field.
District of Waddemoratchie (Point Pedro.)				
1842 Nov.	10th	Alway	Ramer Nagappen ... *male.*	Drowning in a Well.
„ „	30th	Tondemanar	Welayder Cadergamer ... *do.*	Drowning in a River.
„ Dec.	12th	Samerepagoeteven-cooritchy	Kandykoelay ... *female.*	Fall of Gravel and Sand upon her.
1843 Feb.	18th	Tannekaracooritchy	Wayrewen Canden ... *male.*	A Fall.

Inquest when and where held.	*Name and Sex of Deceased.*	*Cause of Death.*
1843 April 5th..Ploly	Cannewedy Welen..... *male.*	Drowning in a Tank.
„ May 17th..Catcovelam	Cannewedy Suppen (a Child) .....*do.*	Drowning in a Well.
„ June 19th..Wendicooritchy	Caderen Nagen .....*do.*	Drowning in a Tank.
„ July 4th..Cottawattecooritchy..	Madey Wally .....*do.*	Falling from a Palmira Tree.
„ „ 10th..Alway	Sevagamy.....*female.*	Drowning in a Well.
District of Tenmoratchie & Patchelapalle (Chavagacherry.)		
1843 March 12th..Mattovil	Wayrewy.....*female.*	Murdered.
„ Sept, .. do.....	Poody Moodely.....*male.*	Falling from a Palmira Tree.
District of the Islands (Kayts.)		
1843 Jan. 3d..Callepoomy	Naranen Armogam .....*male.*	Drowning in a Well.
„ „ 20th..Pongertivoe	Moorgen Wayrewen .....*do.*	do.
„ „ 22d..Welene	Nagey Wayrewen.....*do.*	do.
„ „ 22d..Callepoomy	Wairewetty Cuppien.....*do.*	do.
„ Feb. 4th.....do.....	Abiramy.....*female.*	do.
„ „ 21st..Welene	Nagy.....*do.*	do.
„ „ 25th..Kayts.....	Anay .....*do.*	do.
„ March 3d..Caremben	Philipal.....*do.*	do.
„ May 14th..Pongertivoe.....	Sinnen Ayen Timila .....*male.*	Drowning in the Sea.
„ „ 15th..Wallentalle.....	Mooty (a Child).....*female.*	Drowning in a Well.
„ „ 21st..Aneletivoe.....	Marymbetoo Sinnetamby.....*male.*	do.
„ „ 23d..Tangodde	Cadery.....*female.*	do.
„ July 26th..Kayts.....	Santiago Philipo..... *male.*	Drowning in the Sea.
„ Sept. 20th..Sarrewanne.....	Marial (a Child)..... *female.*	Fall of a Palmira Fruit upon her Head.
District of the Wanny (Mulletivoe.)		
1843 July 21st..Ketpelly	Sedewy Wayrewen.....*male.*	Killed by a Wild Elephant.

	District of Trincomale.			
1843 July	1st..	Trincomale	Catharina ..... *female.*	Suicide.
„ Oct.	8th	do.	Anthony Appen Yaneppiregasom ... *male.*	Struck by Lightning.
	District of Batticaloa.			
1843 March	7th..	Poodocodirpde	Wellachy Coomaren ..... *male.*	Shot.
	District of Kandy South.			
1843 June	19th..	Kandy	John Waldron ..... *male.*	Drunkenness.
	District of Kandy North.			
1843 Aug.	20th..	Palletenne	(Name unknown, a Malabar-man).. *male.*	Injuries inflicted on his body.
	District of Four & Three Korles (Kaigalle.)			
1842 Dec.	4th..	Passyale	Piadasse Unnanse ..... *male.*	Blows.
„ „	30th..	Weagalle	Yadegey Lentoewa ..... *do.*	Shot.
1843 Sept.	21st..	Hingulle	Meddelleketiagey Punchyrale ..... *do.*	Blows.
	District of Matele.			
1843 March	31st..	.....	Gammeralelagey Ukku Ettena... *female.*	Suicide.
	District of Badulla.			
1843 Feb.	9th..	Waraigodde	Wannekugedere Ramalhamy..... *male.*	Killed by the discharge of a Spring-Gun.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

(From the Colonial Newspapers.)

BIRTHS.

JANUARY 3—At Galle, the wife of Mr. J. G. Kelb, of a son.
6—At Kandy, the wife of B. Dodsworth, Esq., of a son.
10—At Colombo, the Lady of F. De Levera, Esq., of a daughter.
10—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. J. B. Daniels, of a daughter.
11—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. J. Bennett, of a daughter.
FEBRUARY 4—At Weywalheene near Badulla, the wife of Mr. J. Lyford, of a son.
7—At Nuwera-Ellia, the wife of Serjeant J. Foley, 95th Regiment, of a daughter.
10—At Ratnapoora, Mrs. Rabot, of a son.
16—At Colombo, the Lady of P. F. Flanderka, Esq., of a daughter.
18—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. James Swan, of a son.
24—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. D. L. De Silva Goonewardene, of a daughter.
25—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. W. E. Vangeyzel, of a daughter.
MARCH 13—At Colombo, Mrs. De Jong, Jr., of a daughter.
18—At Calpentyn, the wife of Mr. W. Jansz, of a son.
19—At Kandy, the Lady of the Honble Philip Anstruther, Esq., of a daughter.
APRIL 5—At Colombo, the Lady of C. Elliott, Esq., of a daughter.
9—At Colombo, Mrs. Strachan, of a son.
9—At Kandy, the Lady of W. Holt, Esq., H. M. 95th Regiment, of a daughter.
15—At Kandy, Mrs. J. K. Jolly, of a daughter.
26—At Colombo, Mrs. Wootler, of a daughter.
27—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. P. W. Herft, of a son.
28—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. John Porter, of a son.
30—At Negombo, Mrs. Coulthard, of a daughter.
MAY 6—At Colombo, Mrs. W. H. Sproule, of a daughter.
8—At Wellicadde, the wife of Mr. F. L. Lemphers, of a son.
10—At Colombo, Mrs. P. E. De Zilva, of a son.
29—At Jaffna, the Lady of E. H. Smedley, Esq., of a daughter.
30—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. A. P. De Silva, of a daughter.
JUNE 19—At Colombo, the Lady of Dr. Cowper, Staff Assistant Surgeon, of a son.
26—At Kandy, the Lady of A. Walker, Esq., of a daughter.
JULY 4—At Colombo, the Lady of John Capper, Esq., of a daughter.
12—At Pusselawe, the wife of Mr. J. R. Tate, of a daughter.
19—At Kadooganawe, the wife of Mr. George Cook, of a son.
28—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. T. A. Pieries, Medical Sub-Assistant, of a daughter.
31—At Seedua, Mrs. C. R. H. Jansz, of a son.
AUGUST 16—At Colombo, the Lady of E. J. Darley, Esq., of a son.
31—At Colombo, the Lady of Adjutant Davies 90th Light Infantry, of a daughter.
SEPTEMBER 6—At Colombo, the Lady of H. L. Layard, Esq., of a daughter.
14—At Colombo, Mrs. Sansoni, of a son.
21—At Colombo, Mrs. H. A. Soerts, of a son.
25—At Galle, the Lady of the Honble C. H. Talbot, of a son.
OCTOBER 4—At Colombo, Mrs. G. J. Ohlmus, of a daughter.

OCTOBER 6—At Trincomalie, the wife of Captain Hoyland, H. M. 95th Regt. of a son.

11—At Colombo, the Lady of C. Temple, Esq., of a son.

16—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. G. H. Ferdinands, of a daughter.

23—At Chilaw, Mrs. J. Beaven, of a son.

24—At Calpentyn, the wife of Mr. John Casie Chetty, Modliar, of a daughter.

NOVEMBER 1—At Colombo, Mrs. W. Holderness, of a son.

8—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. C. A. Vangeyzel, of a daughter.

At Kandy, the Lady of R. D. Dunn, Esq., late Queen's Bays, of a son.

22—At Colombo, Mrs. Henry De Run, of a son.

DECEMBER 1—At Colombo, Mrs. G. C. Holden, of a son.

18—At Cotta, the wife of the Rev. J. F. Haslam, B. A., of a son.

29—At Colombo, the Lady of S. C. Vanderstraaten, Esq., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

JANUARY 6—At Colombo, Mr. F. Solomon to Miss C. E. Greve.

9—At Jaffna. J. W. Toussaint, Esq., to Miss C. S. Von Conrady.

14—At Colombo, G. C. Holden, Esq., of the Ordnance Department, to Miss C. M. Truter.

19—At Colombo, S. W. Drieberg, Esq., to Miss L. H. De Neys.

30—At Colombo, Mr. J. D. Frisken, to Miss C. P. Blom.

FEBRUARY 6—At Cochin, J. B. De Arango, Esq., to Miss Cicely, daughter of Mr. P. R. Schokman.

MARCH 23—At Colombo, the Rev. B. Boake, to Mary Katherine, eldest daughter of Lieut. Col. Slade, R. E.

APRIL 19—At Colombo, Mr. C. E. Albrecht, to Miss M. C. Woutersz.

MAY 2—At Kandy, Mr. W. Wright, to Miss J. S. Terkost.

3—At Calpentyn, Mr. Abraham Casie Chetty, to Miss Cornelia Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. W. H. Paulic Pulle.

6—At Kandy, W. Austin, Esq., to Katherine Eliza, youngest daughter of the late John Wallbeoff Esq.

15—At Colombo, Mr. P. R. Kelaart, to Miss Sophia Dorothea, eldest daughter of Dr. J. B. Misso.

18—At Colombo, Mr. C. H. De Saram, eldest son of the Rev. J. H. De Saram, to Sarah Margaret, only daughter of John Armour, Esq.

22—At Colombo, Mr. John Wright, to Miss Arnoldina Margarita, 2d daughter of Dr. J. B. Misso.

24—At Chilaw, Mr. Nathaniel Cooke, to Miss Lucia Arnoldina, second daughter of Mr. N. J. Pieries.

29—At Colombo, Mr. J. D. Exelyne, to Miss P. C. De Zilva.

29—At Colombo, Mr. Thomas Backhouse, to Miss J. S. Christoffels.

JULY 11—At Colombo, W. C. Hall, Esq., to Julia, eldest daughter of J. Piachaud, Esq.

19—At Colombo, the Rev. A. Kessen, A. B., to Jane, daughter of the late E. Westall, Esq., of Berkshire.

22—At Colombo, J. B. Bailey, Esq., to Lucy Anne, daughter of the Rev. W. Sawyer.

27—At Colombo, Mr. D. A. De Kretser, to Seraphina Magdelena, eldest daughter of Mr. John Loftus, M. S. Asst.

31—At Colombo, Mr. J. De Silva Wijesinhe Mohandiram, to Miss J. C. De Silva Wijeyetoonge Goonesekera.

AUGUST 8—At Trincomale, John Thornhill, Serjeant 95th Regiment, to Ellen, daughter of Serjeant Daly.

10—At Galle, D. B. Lindsay, Esq., to Sophia, youngest daughter of the late Rev. N. Garstin, M. A.

SEPTEMBER 12—At Aden, Lieut. W. Christopher, I. N., to Carolina, 2d daughter of the late W. Simpson, Esq.

20—At Colombo. E. H. Wharton of the Colonial Medical Service, to Henrietta, daughter of Charles Buckland, Esq.

OCTOBER 11—At Colombo, J. W. Brett, to Charlotte Catherine daughter of the late Mr. W. Gunn.

19—At Colombo. Mr. John De Saram 2d son of the Rev. J. H. De Saram, to Arnoldina Henrietta 2d daughter of A.N. Martensz, Esq.

12—At Colombo. Mr. J. D. Vandendriesen, to Jane Mary, daughter of the late Mr. W. Vandort.

20—At Calcutta, Lieut. F. B. Templer, of H. M. 29th Regiment, to Emma, eldest daughter of J. E. M. Turton, Esq., Barrister at Law and Registrar of the Supreme Court.

25—At Jaffna, H. Toussaint, Esq., to Miss Henrietta, daughter of J. T. Anderson, Esq.

30—At Colombo, Mr. T. P. Moldrech, to Miss Helen Backhouse.

NOVEMBER 10—At Trincomalie H. O. C. Master, Esq., of H. M. 95th Regiment, to Eliza Harriett, eldest daughter of J. Higgs, Esq., R. N.

27th—At Kandy, C. Pitts, Esq., to Augusta, youngest daughter of B. P. Capper, Esq.

27—At Jaffna, T. Hardy, Esq., to Anetta Susanetta Adelaida, 2d daughter of C. H. Lumbruggen, Esq.

29—At Colombo, W. B. Purnell, Esq., 90th L. I., to Emma, 2d daughter of the late John Eager, Esq.

DECEMBER 1—At Kandy, W. Wise, Esq., to Esther daughter of Thomas Askey, Esq.

1—At Kandy, George Oakley, Esq., to Sarina Tate.

4—At Negombo, Mr. J. L. De Sylva, to Miss Johanna Maria eldest daughter of Mr. L. Perera, Interpreter Modliar.

20—At Colombo, George Crabb, Esq., to Ellen, eldest daughter of Captain Biles.

23—At Kandy, C. U. Stuart, Esq., to Clarissa Sophia, third daughter of Mr. James Harding.

DEATHS.

JANUARY 7—At Kandy, H. T. Normansell, Esq., Superintendant of the Royal Botanic Garden.

14—At Colombo. A. M. Duncan, Esq.

15—At Galle, J. D. Brown, Esq., Asst. Agent of Matura.

21—At Colombo, Narcissa Frances, infant daughter of Mr. J. W. Venn.

22—In Cape Town, Thomas Elliott, Esq.

FEBRUARY 1—At Tangalle, Petronella Victoria 2d daughter of Mr. W. A. Claessen.

13—At Colombo, Emanuel Jean Silvaf, Esq., of Pondicherry.

13—At Ballepittymodera, Robert Graham, Esq.

15—At Colombo, Charles Gerrard, son of Mr. L. M Keyser.

18—At Colombo, Mrs. Catherine Johnson.

MARCH 21—At Jaffna, T. W. G. Dawson, Esq.

25—At Colombo, Mr. Benjamin Thomas.

28—At Colombo. Captain J. Stewart of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment and Deputy Assistant Commissary.

28—At Calpentyn, Rajasre Simon Rodrigo Mootookishua, Modliar, of the Putlam and Calpentyn Districts.

APRIL 1—at Colombo, Matilda Sophia, infant daughter of P. F. Flanderka, Esq.

3—At Colombo, Georgiana Emarencia, infant daughter of Mr. G. H. Ferdinands.
5—At Kandy, Anna Maria, daughter of Mr. Charles Baillie.
9—At Colombo, Joseph Stewart, Esq.
10—At Naples, Honble George Turnour, Esq. of the Ceylon Civil Service.
14—At Colombo, Medical Sub-Assistant H. Heyn.
26—At Colombo, Maria, wife of W. Newland, Esq., 90th Light Infantry.
26—At Colombo, Mr. S. J. Ondaatje, 2d son of N. J. Ondaatje, Esq., interpreter Modliar of the Queen's Advocate.
May 5—At Tutucoreen, Mrs. Susana Driberg.
7—At Matura, Louis Ferdinandus, Government Proponent.
11—At Caltura, Georgiana Francis Light, infant daughter of G. M. Koenitz, Esq.
20—At Kandy, J. C. T. Mylius, Esq.
29—At Colombo, Mr. Barclay, chief mate of the *Ranger*.
June 21—At Colombo, Mr. J. G. Gerlach.
26—At Kornegalle, Casper Casie Chetty, Esq.
July 5—At Calpentyn, the Lady of Simon Casie Chetty, Esq.
9—At Colombo, Maria Elizabeth, infant daughter of John Capper, Esq.
At Jaffna Mr. J. B. Vanderwerff, Prelector of the Dutch Congregation of the fort Church at Jaffna.
30—At Colombo, Mr. J. C. Koenitz.
August 3—At Colombo, Francis James infant son of Mr. James Swan.
6—At Colombo, Eliza Maria, wife of H. J. W. Vanderstraaten, Esq.
16—At Kandy, Lieut. F. E. St. Hill of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment.
16—At Colombo, Mrs. the widow Belleke.
30—At Colombo, John Theodore, infant son of Mr. George Loftus.
31—At Colombo, Mr. J. W. O'Rourke.
September 9—At Kandy, the widow Mrs. J. Schumacher.
16—At Colombo, Maria, wife of Mr. John Pritchett, Engineer of the Steamer *Seaforth*.
22—At Colombo, Dr. Ewing of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment.
25—At Colombo, Anna Allan, Lady of Smollet J. D. Campbell, Esq.
25—At Southampton, The Right Honble J. A. Stewart Mackenzie, late Governor of Ceylon.
October 6—William Agar, son of W. A. Halliley, Schoolmaster Serjeant 90th Light Infantry.
6—At Colombo W. G. Cumming, Esq., Deputy to the Queen's Advocate.
11—At Ratnapoora, Don Christian Goonetilleke Aratchy.
19—At Colombo, George Nudoris De Zilva Samerenayke Mohotty Modliar of the Mahabadde.
22—At Colombo, Clara Henrietta Vencentina, infant daughter of Mr. S. C. De Heer.
November 6—At Chilaw, Mrs. S. E. Kleff, relict of Mr. G. Kleff.
7—At Colombo, the wife of Mr. F. J. De Soos.
10—At Colombo, Catharina Roemana Louisa, eldest daughter of Mr. J. G. Andriezen.
20—At Colombo, Catharine Margaret, wife of Mr. C. A. Van Geyzel.
28—At Manar, Mr. Colin Reid Sugar planter.
December 6—At Kandy, Corporal William Benton, H. M. 95th Regt.
11—At Manar, the third son of E. Maltby Esq.
19—At Colombo, Mr. Charles Carr,
25—At Colombo, Major E. Ingham, late of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment.

SANATARIUM OF CEYLON.

NUWERA-ELLIA.

NUWERA-ELLIA was first brought into notice and established as a Sanatarium in 1828 by the late Lieut. General Sir EDWARD BARNES, then Governor and Commander of the Forces in Ceylon—His Excellency's attention having been drawn to it by the report of some Officers accidentally directed here while on a shooting excursion, by the Natives. Sir EDWARD shortly afterwards visited it in person, when the lowness of its temperature and the apparent salubrity of its climate, suggested to him the advantages that might be derived to the Command from its being made a Convalescent Station. At this period it was quite uninhabited, the only evidence of former occupancy being the remains of a small Building supposed to have been a Temple; the approach to it was difficult, consisting merely of a foot path used by the Natives who came here for the purpose of Elk hunting. It is situated on the Southern half of the Island, so far inland that in no direction is it nearer the sea than fifty miles, and is a table land at an elevation of 6200 feet, surrounded by lofty Hills which are covered with jungle to their very summits, the highest of which (being the most elevated point in Ceylon) rises 2000 feet above the Plain, for such an appellation has been applied altho' incorrectly to Nuwera-Ellia; a ridge of Hills running from S. W. to N. East, divides it into two unequal portions, the larger one being about 2½ miles in length and ¼ in breadth; through this a considerable Stream, formed by the union of several smaller ones from the neighbouring Hills, flows in a Serpentine course, and forms one of the principal sources of the Mahavelliganga River; the other portion, in which the Military Buildings are situated, is an extensive ravine—the sides consisting of undulating hillocks; this is much exposed to the violence of the S. West Monsoon, which often blows with terrific violence at this elevation; there is a third division of intermediate size, which is a bleak barren and lifeless waste—the soil is a black peat or substrata of Gravel, Marl and Cabuk; no Lime stone is found nearer than eight miles from the Plain—the soil when cultivated is very prolific, yielding almost all European Vegetables in abundance and of excellent quality; Wheat, Barley and Oats have also been cultivated on a small scale. Its botanical productions are nearly allied to those of the Temperate regions; the Rhododendem is scattered in great abundance over the Plains and neighbouring Hills, while in the Flower Garden may be seen the Mignionette, the Dhalia, Hearts-ease and a most every variety of the Rose—the long continued rains, with the absence of any decided change of season, will probably prevent the successful cultivation of most European Fruits; the Peach seldom ripens and the Cherry tree scarcely blossoms—the Barbary, Bramble and wild Raspberry are, however, abundant, and Strawberries are little inferior in flavour to those at home. There are excellent Roads from Galle, Colombo and Kandy on the one side, and from Badulla on the other; from Galle the distance is about 184 miles, from Colombo 112, from

Kandy 48 and from Badulla 36—this as well as its being in the neighbourhood of a rich and fertile Country, and being abundantly supplied at all seasons of the year with excellent Water, may be considered as decided local advantages.

The present Establishment consists of a Commandant, two Subalterns and a Medical Officer; one Subaltern commands the Detachment of European Troops, the other is stationed 12 miles off, in immediate command of a Company (Caffrees) of the Ceylon Rifle Regiment, who are employed as Pioneers on the Roads; the average number of European Soldiers (including Convalescents) is about 70, the Caffrees about the same number. The Military Buildings consist of a Commandant's and 2 Subalterns' Quarters (one occupied by the Officer commanding the Detachment, the other by the Medical Officer), a good Barrack capable of containing 100 men, and a Hospital capable of containing 18 patients; these Military Buildings have unfortunately been placed in a most ineligible position, completely exposed to all the violence of the S. W. Monsoon, and scattered as much as the extent and nature of the ground would admit of—the Commandant is nearly half a mile from Barracks, and the Medical Officer, for many months in the year, has almost to wade through a swamp to get to his Hospital, which is fully a quarter of a mile from his Quarter. The Cutcherry and Commissariat are also at a distance from Barracks, the former half a mile, the latter nearly a mile, which causes much unnecessary exposure to the men when mounting and being relieved off Guard. The duties of the Troops consist in furnishing daily, the Main, Cutcherry and Commissariat Guards—the number of men on Garrison duty being 12; there are also Garrison fatigues according to the established rules of the Service; formerly the men when off duty were allowed to work for the private residents, but this system has been very properly put an end to, as the additional facilities thereby afforded for intemperance, rendered it highly prejudicial to health and discipline; part of the Detachment, however, are still employed under the Royal Engineer Department, as the difficulty of procuring native labour renders their employment on the public works indispensable.

In addition to the Military Buildings there are several private residences, as well as a Rest-house, Cutcherry Establisement, Jail, &c. and the Bazaar is now of considerable extent, the Natives who inhabit it having betaken themselves to the cultivation of Potatoes for which they find ready and profitable markets in Kandy and Colombo.

It now remains to add, what may be considered of the greatest importance, viz. a few remarks on the Physical and Medical qualities of the climate, and we may observe that in the salubrity of its climate, this Station is perhaps unsurpassed by any within the tropics; here in the immediate neighbourhood of the Equator, even Solar heat is rarely unpleasant, while the temperature in the shade is generally much below the summer heat of England; the mean annual temperature may be taken as at 6 A.M. 53½ noon 63½ 6 P.M. 60$\frac{1}{4}$

The seasons are divided into the wet and dry, the former corresponding to the S. W. the latter to the North East Monsoon—the wet season consequently prevails from May to November or December, the dry from the latter to the former period. The Thermometer never rises in the shade beyond 70°, while during the dry season when clear calm nights succeed brilliant days, it may often be seen in the open air at daylight down to 28°, the grass covered with frost and ice half an inch in thickness. During the setting in of the South West Monsoon heavy and continued rains prevail, but when their violence has somewhat abated, the weather at this season, though gloomy, is pleasanter and probably more healthy than during the other period of the year, during which, a cloudless sky causes (in the open air) extreme ranges of the Thermometer; but even then, with a tropical and at times vertical Sun shining in all his meridian splendour, the Europeans may be seen employing themselves in the open air, at all hours, without any protection from his rays. During a period of three years during which I have been in Medical charge, I have seen no bad effects from solar heat to which men, women, and children (the latter generally with bare heads) so unhesitatingly expose themselves. With all these advantages, however, the climate though delightful after the heat of the Coast, wonderful and invaluable within the tropics, has no pretensions to be considered English—its influence on the healthy constitution is stimulant and exciting, improving the appetite and digestive organs, and producing an increase of bodily and mental energy; but here, as in all Mountain climates, there is a sense of dryness and constriction of the skin, the inevitable consequence of diminished atmospheric pressure, and which as has been well remarked, must always not only *distinguish* Climate cold from elevation from those whose temperature is the effect of Latitude, but must also render them inferior in therapeutic efficacy; notwithstanding this however, as a Sanatarium, Nuwera-Ellia has been found of considerable benefit to this Command, and many individuals, who, in the absence of such a climate in the Island, must have returned to Europe, have by a residence here been saved the trouble and expense of such a step. Cases, however, have occurred (and not a few) that have progressed so slowly as to render an entire change of climate and above all a sea voyage indispensable—even in these latter, perhaps a more timely removal to this climate, might have had more beneficial effects. The diseases most likely to be benefited by a residence here, are functional derangements of the gastric, hepatic, enteritic and nervous systems unaccompanied by organic lesion-fevers uncomplicated with local affections—debility arising from tedious convalescence or long residence within the tropics, and almost all the diseases of children—the chief advantage however, to be derived from a temporary residence, is more the prevention than the curing of disease; by a residence of four months during the hot season the constitution is invigorated and braced, thereby enabling it to resist more effectually those derangements which are the usual effect of long continued high temperature on the vario organs and functions of the European constitution—this applies especially to children whose delicate frames

so frequently succumb, in a tropical climate, under those acute attacks incidental to Infancy in all situations—and whose constitutions are generally rendered permanently weak and delicate by birth and long continued residence in a tropical climate.

GEO. STEWART BEATSON, A. M. M. D.
Asst. Staff Surgeon.

Nuwera-Ellia, 26th December 1842.

NOTE—The results of the cases of two Officers, the one lately and the other still under my care, have increased my favourable impressions of the restorative powers of the climate of Nuwera-Ellia—the first mentioned was a case of ununited fracture of the arm of six months standing; two months' residence here produced firm and complete bony union—the other case was a compound and comminuted fracture of the right Patella, of so serious a nature that a less favourable climate must have rendered amputation necessary to save life; it was thought prudent in this climate to make an attempt to save the limb, and the result is most satisfactory—in several other cases of fractures both of the upper and lower extremities, I have always found union to proceed most favourably.

REPORT ON THE ROYAL BOTANIC GARDEN, PERADENIA, NEAR KANDY.

IN submitting my first Report on the Royal Botanic Garden to His Excellency the Governor, I beg very respectfully to avail myself of the opportunity to direct public attention to the great importance and utility of such an institution, both in a scientific as well as in a practical point of view. It is much to be regretted that so few seem to be alive to the benefits which may be derived to a country by the establishment of a Botanic Garden, which, while it assists men of talent and research in their studies of Natural Science, affords at the same time the best means of ascertaining the richness and variety of the vegetable productions, with which an all-bountiful Providence has adorned each land.

Uses of Botanic Gardens.

The excellent and learned Doctor William Carey in his introduction to the "Hortus Bengalensis" thus forcibly observes on the uses of Botanic Gardens. "By the formation of Botanic Gardens the labors of scientific men have been called forth and greatly aided, as these afford facilities for the improvement of Botanical Science, which might have been sought for in vain without the aid of such institutions. But the Botanic Gardens and other noble collections of plants in Europe could never have been brought to the perfection in which they now appear, had not public or private repositories of plants been formed in the different settlements in Asia, Africa and America;" and further that the great object of an institution of this kind is, "the propagating of useful plants, natives of other countries, and the consequent enriching of the country into which they are introduced."

These observations of Doctor Carey, a Botanist of no small eminence, and who was himself of the Utilitarian School of Philosophy, appear to be sound, rational and conclusive.

But if such be the advantages of cultivating Botanical Science in a general point of view, of what greater importance must the study of that Science be in this fine country, where plants, the most beautiful, singular and useful, are found spread over its whole extent, and where every effort to become acquainted with its economical productions, will most certainly be attended with no small profit.

I shall now proceed to the various points which I am anxious to submit to His Excellency's consideration, noticing them in the following order.

Subject of the Report.

1. The condition in which I have found the Garden.

2. A brief notice of some of the most useful plants at present growing in it.

3. The improvements I have been effecting.

4. A few suggestions for the advancement of the Garden.

1. *Condition of the Garden.* It is with extreme reluctance that I enter on this point of my Report, as it may perhaps be considered that I take occasion to reflect on the labors of my predecessors. I beg therefore that it may be distinctly understood that I have not the remotest wish of detracting aught from the merit of their services; but a sense of duty to the Government and my own anxiety for the advancement and success of the Garden, render it obligatory on me briefly to advert to the condition in which I have found it.

When I took charge of the Garden which was in February last, nearly a month after the death of Mr. Normansell, I feel bound to state, that it presented to me no very encouraging aspect; nor was it by any means in the condition in which I expected to find it. Little attention appeared to have been given to conduct it scientifically and with a reference to public good; or to preserve it in order and extend its cultivation. Several portions of land, surrounding the small extent of cultivated ground, are covered with thick jungle, and such even as were in a state of cultivation, as far back as the days of the indefatigable Moon and some of his immediate successors, from having been sadly neglected, are now overgrown with weeds, &c.

This useless exuberant vegetation occupies various conspicuous parts of the Garden, and I need hardly observe, that it greatly impedes the improvements which I propose effecting, independently of its being productive of no small injury to the cultivated parts themselves.

On examining these jungles, I find traces of exotic plants, roads, &c. which are evident indications of their having been at one time properly cultivated. Several roads and walks in the Garden have also been totally obliterated from various causes.

It affords me however much pleasure to be able to notice, that Mr. Normansell made a commencement of labeling all the plants he cultivated and began setting apart portions of ground for the purpose of planting them according to the "Natural Order": and I cannot also in justice omit to remark that the Garden is indebted to Mr. Lear (one of its former Superintendents) for many of the beautiful arrangements and orderly disposition of plants, flower beds, &c. now found in it.

2. *A brief notice of a few of the most useful plants in the Botanic Garden.*

One of the chief objects of a Botanical Garden being the introduction and cultivation of rare and useful plants, it may perhaps be desirable that I notice a few* of such as are at present growing in the Garden.

Sisso Seedlings sent to the Garden, by the Honble P. Anstruther, Esq.

I have much satisfaction in being able to report on the success which has attended the introduction of the Sisso (Dalbergia Sisso, Roxb.) The seedlings of this most useful timber tree were chiefly obtained through the instrumentality of the Honble P. Anstruther, Esq., and it will no doubt be gratifying to that Gentleman to know the fact, as he has always felt an interest in the progress of the Botany of this Island.

From the vigorous growth of the plants (of which there are 160 in the Garden) it may be fairly anticipated that much benefit will be derived to the Colony, as they become more generally introduced. †

Myristica Officinalis, Linn.

The Nutmeg is now covered with flower and fruit, and I have been already able to raise a pretty good number of seedlings (about 180) from the ripe fruits.

The Nutmegs are of an excellent flavour.

Caryophyllus Aromaticus, Linn.

Clove trees are likewise growing remarkably well, and are all at this moment in full bearing. A vast number of seedlings have been obtained, and there are still a great many available at the Garden.

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* For more plants, vide Appendix A.

† *Teak* and *Mahogany* thrive luxuriantly in the Garden. *Mesua ferra* (Iron wood) and *Dodonæa viscosa* (Switch Sorrel) yield wood which is *close grained*, and I think may be used *for wood cuts*. They are natives of Cattura, but are also found in the Central Province.

Amomum Cardamomum, Linn. Cardamom plants are found here growing since the days of Mr. Moon. The Cardamoms they produce is of an excellent quality, and I have no doubt will always find a ready market.

Eugenia Pimenta, D. C. All Spice succeeds well.

Melaleuca Cajuputi, Roxb. Melaleuca Cajuputi, a well known and useful medicinal plant grows remarkably well, and has been introduced into this Garden from the Honble Company's Botanic Garden, Calcutta.

Croton Tiglium, Linn. Croton Tiglium, Linn., a native of this Island, promises to be of much medicinal use, if only extensively cultivated.

Janipha Manihot, H. B. K. Janipha Manihot, a plant from which the *Tapioca* is made, thrives well here.

Datura Stramonium, Linn. Datura Stramonium, (In Singhalese, *Ratta atana*. *Rata* signifies, *foreign)* grows in the Garden remarkably well, and I have seen several plants in the neighbourhood of Kandy growing *wild* with much vigour and luxuriance.

Theobroma Cacao, Linn. The Chocolate plant grows exceedingly well, and with very little care:—Seedlings also of this plant shoot up spontaneously about the Garden; its beans, when prepared like Coffee, make an excellent drink, so that the well chosen name of "food of the gods" by which the illustrious Linnæus has designated it, holds good in the case of our own plants.

Vanilla Aromatica. The sweet Vanilla is found in Peradenia on some of its noble hills; but I am sorry to state that it does not thrive so well in the Botanic Garden, as in its own locality.

West Indian Yam. (Arum Sp.) "West Indian Yam" grows abundantly in the place, it is excellent in quality and if only known as it ought to be, it will I think, supersede the Potatoe. It is very easily cultivated.

Mauritius Sugar Cane. Mauritius Sugar Cane grows well I merely allude to this as it is a well known fact in this country.

Coffea Arabica, Linn. Several portions of the Garden are covered with Coffee plants, most of which are now in full bearing, and all applicants are *most liberally* supplied with seedlings.

The Coffee is most excellent in quality and equal to the very best kind.

Sanseviera Zeylanica. Among plants producing vegetable fibre, the Sansevieria, Zeylanica, Linn. is deserving of particular attention, as it yields a very strong and durable cordage.

Sago and Date Palms. The Sago and Date Palms grow well here, but as Ceylon is a country which is so remarkable for its fine majestic Palms, I need perhaps hardly notice the circumstance.

Tobacco. I have recently succeeded in raising seedlings from the *Jibelee* and *Roorsa* Tobacco seeds kindly given to me by Dr. William Griffith, the able Superintendent of the Honble Company's Botanic Garden. Calcutta

3. *The improvements I have been effecting.* In the third place I beg leave to call His Excellency's attention to the improvements I have been effecting.

One of the first things, to which my attention was called after I had taken charge of the Garden, was the putting in order the cultivated part, which I have almost succeeded in accomplishing.

I am also engaged in collecting chiefly from the jungles, the greatest number of species of indigenous plants and arranging them, *as far as practicable*, according to the "Natural Order," a system of great importance in every Botanic Garden, but which does not appear to have been generally adopted here.

It would seem however from the regular arrangements, of some plants, that the late Mr. Moon conducted his operations, to a certain extent, according to the Linnœan system of classification.

One great advantage of *collecting together native plants* will be the opportunity which will thus be afforded of examining and ascertaining, with the greatest facility and precision, their various properties and qualities, and it is perhaps the more necessary to do this, as I have good reasons to believe that this Island contains many plants which may serve the purposes of Commerce, and the Technical Arts, and be used as Mordants also in Medicine.

Appropriation of a piece of ground as a Medico-Botanic Garden. Considering the great utility of indigenous medicinal plants, and encouraged by certain works recently published at Calcutta and Madras, on the subject of Indian Botany and Materia Medica, I have devoted an extent of 5 acres of land for such plants.

There are not a few drugs of this Country that may be substituted for those of Europe, which are costly, difficultly obtained, and very often, are found to be inert from having been kept long.

A few instances in proof of this observation may here be adduced. The Hemidesmus Indicus, R. Br. is an excellent substitute for the Sarsaparilla, nay I am bound to say (as I have known its virtue practically) it is even to be preferred to the Sarsaparilla itself. In India this is extensively used with success, and the opinion of the Faculty in Calcutta is much in its favor.* Witness again the bitter tonic,† Cocculus Cordifolius. D. C. In Plumbago Zeylanica, Linn. a plant of this Island, we have a blistering agent; add to these the Convolvulus Turpethum, Linn. (Ipomea Turpethum, R. Br.) Croton Tiglium and Hebradendron Gambogioides of Professor Graham, which are useful Cathartic Medicines. Observe likewise the Strychnos Nuxvomica, Linn. a most formidable poison found abundantly in the jungles, but a valuable remedy in paralysis, rheumatism, neuralgia, &c. Many others may here be enumerated; but it is not necessary to do this on the present occasion.

I cannot take leave of this subject without inserting the just remark of the learned Professor Lindley, who observes, "No one will be bold enough to assert that the Physician already possesses the most powerful agents produced by the vegetable kingdom; for every year is bringing some new plants into notice for its energy, while others are excluded because of their inertness. In tropical countries, where a fervid sun, a humid air, and a teeming soil give extraordinary energy to vegetable life, the natives of these regions often recognise the existence of potent herbs, unknown to the European practitioner. We are not altogether to despise the experience of natives less advanced in knowledge than ourselves, or to suppose because they may ascribe imaginary virtues to some of their officinal substances, as has been abundantly done by ourselves in former days, that therefore the remedical properties of their plants are not worth a serious investigation; or that their medical knowledge is beneath our notice, because they are unacquainted with the terms of modern science."

Nursery established.

In order to possess the means of making more liberal distribution of plants, seeds, &c. to applicants, I have commenced, on a small scale, a Nursery, which, I beg to remark, is a very useful accessory to Botanic Gardens in India; for as my honoured Preceptor, the eminently learned Doctor Wallich, has justly re-

* By desire of the Medical Board of Bengal, the Honble Company's Dispensary has been supplied with 13½ maunds of the root of the Hemidesmus from the Calcutta Botanic Garden.

Hemidesmus indicus, in Singhalese *Irmus*, in Tamul *Nannare vair*, in Bengalle, *Annate Mul.*

† This may supply the place of the *Quassia*.

marked "From the absence of the facilities which exist in Europe, the Botanical Gardens in India are obliged to unite in themselves the Offices of Botanist, Gardener, Nurseryman and Seedsman."

Garden divided into Departmen's. It thus appears that the Garden at present comprises the three following divisions:

1. Plants interesting in a purely *Botanic* view.
2. *Medicinal* plants, chiefly natives of this country, to ascertain their true medicinal virtues.
3. A *Nursery*.

With a view of obtaining an ample and faithful collection of plants of this Island, I *intend forming* an *Herbarium*, having duplicate specimens (if possible more) of such plants; which may be eventually disposed of in a manner the most advantageous to Botanical Science.

Measures necessary for the advancement of the Botanic Garden. I have now in conclusion to suggest a few measures for the advancement of the Garden.

The *first* thing necessary to be done, is *clearing* the extensive portions of ground, which are now overgrown with jungle, and of course perfectly useless for any Botanical or Horticultural purpose, which, it must be evident, will require more laborers than are at present employed, as it would prove but mere fruitless effort to attempt such a work with those I have now in the Garden.

The establishment may however be reduced, as soon as the useless exuberant vegetation in the place is *destroyed*, and the Garden well laid out and duly organized.

I beg also to bring to His Excellency's notice the necessity of employing *two additional men* on the fixed Establishment for the Nursery, whose sole duty it will be to practise Horticultural operations under my superintendence.

In training these men for their work, I shall endeavour to adopt the excellent principles and practice laid down by Professor Lindley in his *able* work on the "Theory of Horticulture," a book which deserves to be more *extensively* known here than it is at present.

An additional *Plant Collector* is likewise highly necessary, I would say indispensable, to make proper collections of, and prepare plants for the Herbarium. There is at present but one plant collector.

The climate of Nuwera Ellia being so much allied to that of the temperate parts of the Globe, and the vegetation on and around its hills resembling that found in those parts; I would respectfully suggest to His Excellency the Governor the establishment of a little experimental garden there, in order to naturalize the most useful plants of Europe. I have been led to make this suggestion from

having been kindly allowed access to Captain Champion's collection of plants made during his little excursions into Nuwera Ellia and Adam's Peak, where I find several plants, natives of a cold climate.

The Receipts of the Garden remitted to the Government Agent for the Central Province, from February to May inclusive, amount to £8 6 10½, viz:

	£	s.	d.
February	0	19	0
March	0	11	0½
April	1	7	10
May	5	12	0
Total	£8	9	10½

The Expenditure of the Garden for the same period amounts to £150 19 7½, viz:

Fixed Salaries.

	£	s.	d.
For February	16	4	10½
„ March	24	14	6
„ April	24	14	6
„ May	23	19	6
Total	£89	13	4½

Incidental Contingent Salaries.

	£	s.	d.
For February	8	9	4½
„ March	15	8	6½
„ April	17	7	11½
„ May	20	0	4½
Total	£61	6	3½

Amount voted by the Legislative Council for the Botanic Garden, £500 per annum.

Herewith I beg leave to forward an interesting paper entitled "Remarks on the state of Botany in Ceylon with reference to the knowledge of it in April 1843, and an attempt at arranging its Flora, as known to Moon and resident Botanists, according to locality and elevation, commonly called Geographical distribution of a Flora, by Captain Champion, 95th Regiment." (vide Appendix B.)

WM. C. ONDAATJE,
Actg. Botl. Superintendent.

Royal Botanic Garden,
Peradenia, 1st June, 1843.

APPENDIX

A.

A List of disposable Plants at the Royal Botanic Garden.

I.—Fruit Trees.

Amygdalus Persica (Peach) rooted Cuttings.
Citrus Aurantium (Orange)——do.
„ Medica (Lemon)——do.
„ Nobilis (Mandaran Orange) Seedlings.
„ Decumana (Shaddock or Pumplemus) do.
Morus Indica (I. Mulberry) ——do.
Ficus Carica (Fig) ——do.
Bromelia Ananas (Pine)
Var 1. Pale Pine——Suckers.
„ 2. Red—do. —— do.
„ 3. Rock do. —— do.
„ 4. Prince of Wales Island do.
Canarium Commune (Java Almond) Seedlings.
Cookia Punctata (Whampee) —— do.
Laurus Persia (Alligator Pear) —— do.
Mangifera Indica (Mango) —— do.
Mespilus Japonica (Loquat) —— do.
Nephelium lappaceum (Rambutan)— do.
Psidium Pyriferum (White Guava)— do.
„ Cujavillus —— do.
Theobroma Cacao (Chocolate) —— do.

II.—Medicinal Plants.

Hebradendron Gambogyoides—Seedlings.
Ipomæa Turpethum —— do.
Croton Tiglium ——do. and Seeds.
Strychnos Nuxvomica (Poison nut)—do.
Plumbago Zeylanica—rooted Cuttings.
Hemidesmus Indicus (roots)
Calotropis gigantea (Mudar) Seedlings.
Pancratium Zeylanicum—Bulb.
Abrus precatorius —— Seeds.
Datura Stramonium —— do.
Maranta Arundinacea (Arrowroot)

III.—AROMATIC PLANTS

Cinnamomum Zeylanicum (Cinnamon)
Myristica Officinalis. (Nutmeg Tree)—Seedlings.
Caryophyllus Aromaticus (Clove)——do.
Amomum Cardamomum (Cardamon)—Bush.
Piper Nigrum (Black Pepper)—rooted Cuttings.

IV.—ORNAMENTAL PLANTS.

Russelia,——————Rooted Cuttings.
Magnolia——————do.
Clerodendron——————do.
Panax——————do.
Hibiscus——————do.
Bignonia (Trumpet Flower)——do.
Croton——————do.
Chrysanthemum——————do.
Jasminum——————do.
Nerium (Oleander or Rose bay)——do.
Gardenia.
Myrtus (Myrtle)——————do.
Dracæna——————do.
Mentha (Mint)——————do.
Turnera——————do.
Rosa——————do.
Euphorbia——————do.
Tabernæmontana——————do.
Ixora——————do.
Justicia——————do.
Lantana——————do.
Lawsonia——————do.
Langerstomia——————Seeds.
Eugenia
Ardisia——————Seeds.
Barleria——————do.
Canna——————do.
Salvia (Sage)——Rooted Cuttings.
Dahlia——————do.
Datura (Thorn Apple)——————do.
Passiflora——————do.
Convolvulus——————do.
Plumbago——————do.
Jonesia Asoca.——————Seedlings.

N. B. A large number of Arabian Coffee Seedlings, and Mauritius Sugar Cane Tops may be had at the above Garden.

WM. C. ONDAATJE,
Actg. Supt.

Royal Botanical Garden,
Peradenia, 13th June, 1843.

B.

REMARKS on the state of Botany in Ceylon with reference to the knowledge of it in April 1843 *and an attempt at arranging its Flora as known to Moon and resident Botanists according to locality and elevation, commonly called Geographical distribution of a Flora—by Captain* CHAMPION, 95*th Regt.*

ON first arrival in Ceylon our Botanical Griffin, will feel very fairly puzzled as to what he is to regard as new and interesting in the vast mass of green jungle stretched before his wondering eyes. It may be that he can distinguish a Cocoa Palm from a Jack tree at first sight, and if he has common intelligence he will shortly become acquainted with the mysteries of eating the various fruits served on the desert Table, and perhaps even enquire after the trees upon which they are produced, in which case I would recommend his consulting his black Appoo, as he may not always be successful in elucidating a correct answer from his companions of the preceding evening.

However this may be, a great deal is to be said respecting Cocoa-Palms, and Bettlenut. Pumplemos and Forbidden fruit, The Bread fruit, Indian-rubber tree, the Banyan, Cashew and half a score more, and if he has not previously in England been the possessor of a little Pitcher plant, hermetically sealed and restricted to the last watering of the Hot House Gardner for six months to come, this pretty plant may be pointed out to him as one of the wonders of the Coast: but here knowledge closes her ample store, and if he has not perseverance to wade thro' Lindley, Moon, Wight and Arnott Roxburgh, and a few other Tomes, studded like the sands of the sea shore with hard names, he will have finished his education in six months, and know as much of botany as most of his neighbours do.

Economy and utility are the order of the day. Who has been in the interior and seen Sugar Plantations, and Coffee Gardens and Coolies clearing, until Coolies are scarce, and will not say that Mammon is hard at work, there is nothing like English labor and industry, and this we will say with three cheers whether in Ceylon, or the Park, or on the Thames with her forest of Masts.

Ceylon is a money making land, and many come out to make money and to live to save, but a few are here for a few years, and care less for money and more for agreeable society, and the many charms of the good old land, these regret to find but little of the dulce and society at a low ebb for we are all in the jungle, and just so many Robinson Cruses with our man Friday.

To the latter it will be no small pleasure to do as we have done in England. History, Literature and the arts can agreeably vary the usual routine of life, let me also suggest Horticulture and her twin-sister Botany, for its knowledge will enrich your grounds and house, with many a pleasing object, and pass many a dull hour whilst even the monotonous jungle becomes a source of delight.

I have not however sat down to persuade; in all countries Horticulture and Botany are charms to but a portion of the community, but to a sufficient number to become subjects of public attention, and even to attract the notice of Government, this is the age for botany as well as other pursuits. Kew re-established—and in the hands of the most accomplished Botanist, of the day—the princely greenhouses of Dropmore, Chatsworth Woburn Abbey, and many noble residences; whilst foreign countries are ransacked by collectors for private Greenhouses or public societies—We find the late duke of Bedford importing from Mexico a Waggon load of Cactuses, one of which an Echino-cactus weighed upwards of two cwts. and had to be carried for some distance on the shoulders of eight Indians—Another (a cactus-senilis) which some of us may have seen in England, was fourteen feet high. In Ceylon we know that the Duke of Northumberland has not been idle, he may possibly be better acquainted with its botany than our present residents. The *great Duke* himself, can boast of the best avenue of Beech trees in the kingdom at Strathfieldsay, (better even than Sir Walter's.) It is related of him that when Loudon was engaged in the publication of his Arboretum "he wrote for permission "to take drawings from some of the trees of Strathfieldsay, the "Duke mistook the signature for that of Ch. James, Bishop "of London (J. C. Loudon) and supposing that the Bishop "patronised the science of botany, wrote to him that His Lord-"ship might do what he pleased with the giants of his famous "avenue, except cut them down. The Bishop we presume, "must have been a good deal puzzled with this limited Church "commission" Poor Mr. Loudon lost his chance" .It is many years since Ceylon had attracted the attention of European Botanists. The great author of the Linnæan system with much taste and judgment, thus draws a comparison between the vegetation of Ceylon, and as it would appear that of his own native coun-

try Sweden "A delicious climate has granted to this Island "plants of such variety and value, that scarcely any soil can "vie with it, for the abundance of its aromatic productions. "Whilst Pine Forests occupy our cold and sterile regions, in "Ceylon the Cinnamon trees constitute whole groves, in such "plenty indeed, that the inhabitants are accustomed to employ "the wood for household furniture, for fuel and for cooking, our "orchards are planted with apples, Pears, Plumes and "Cherries and other similar trees, but in Ceylon nothing is "esteemed save the lofty Palms, among which the Cocoanuts "chiefly afford the needful food, utensils and every thing neces- "sary to mankind. The Caryota there yields a wine called "Suri, and the Corypha or Fan Palm, extend their broad, "smooth and plaited fronds, which serve for shade and shelter "they are most requisite for protection from the sun's rays, as "well as from sudden showers to the Natives, whose only gar- "ment is a scanty covering of linen. Date Palms and the "superb Banana's decorated with wide spreading and glossy fo- "liage, present in great profusion, racemes of the most delicious "fruit, to say nothing of the more valuable productions with "which the soil every where abounds, such as Mangos, the "Jack, Malay apples, Psidia Oranges, and Citrons, Cashew- "nuts, Averrhoas &c. Our fields are sown with common Bar- "ley and Rye, but those of the Cingalese receive nothing but "Rice, which affords them flour and bread. Our marshes are "covered with Cattle, their's with fragrant Amonum. Persicarias "occupy our waste places; but with them grow different spe- "cies of Pepper. In our meadows spring the Ranunculus, Plan- "tains Convallarias, and many other neglected plants; in their "numerous kinds of Hedysarum, Galega, Hibiscus, Justicia "Cliome, Impatiens, Amomum Myrtle, and Ricinus, besides "numerous climbers as Ipomœa Dioscoræa Basella, Aristolo- "chia, Ophioglosum, Phascolus Momordica, Bryonia, Vine, "Cissus, Pothos, Loranthus, and Acrosticum. In the room of "the meadow sweet and mints the pastures in Ceylon are "scented with Basil and the woods with Cinnamon. Every- "where occur the most precious Aromatics Ginger, Cardamons, "Galange, Costus, Arcorus, Schœnanthus, Calamus, Aromati- "cus, and flowers of the most exquisite color and structure and "fragrance, such as Crinum, Pancratium, and Glorioseæ as well "as those plants which saturate the night air with their delici- "ous scent such as the Tiberose, (Polyanthus.) and Nyctanthus."

It was at this period that Burmann labored in Ceylon and the results were "Thesaurus Zeylanicus" a very creditable work at the period when published. Burmann lent his collection to Linnaeus, who published descriptions from it, as appears from Sir J. Smith's tour on the continent in 1793. The same author also mentions Hermans Ceylon Plants at Leyden Copenhagen and

that a copy was afterwards published by Sir Joseph Banks. Sir J. Banks seems to have been interested in Ceylon Botany, for Sir William Hooker studied in his museum preparatory to going out with General Brownrigg, unfortunately family occurrences prevented this taking place. In Wight and Arnotts Prodromus of Indian botany there is a very good account of the Indian Botanists up to the time of Roxburgh, their works are of very little service in the present state of Indian botany with exception of the edition of Roxburghs Indian Flora by Wallich, which is very good. Royle, Wight and Arnott and Wallich are in India what Hooker and Lindley are at home, and we owe to them a most complete knowledge of Indian botany: all their works are most instructive. Meanwhile to return to Ceylon botany—Moon the first superintendant of the Botanic Gardens, established at Peradenia seems to have performed his duties in a most creditable manner. In 1824 he published a list of Ceylon Plants, which is too well known in the Island to require any recommendation a few mistakes have crept in and many of the genera have been altered since 1824; other plants are to be added, but still it is most useful up to the present improved age of the science; He must have formed a good Herbarium, but only a few plants are now extent, so that no means are left of ascertaining the plants which were undescribed in Moon's time and consequently named by Moon—except by the Native names and they are fluctuating and not always correct where rare plants are in question.

Watson, Lear, and Normansell who succeeded Moon have done but little for Ceylon botany.

Previous to 1838 Colonel and Mrs. Walker paid great attention to Ceylon botany. Mrs. Walker had the advantage of being an excellent flower painter and her tracings of plants are considered very beautiful; their collection of plants went home to England in—39 or—40 and is supposed to have added a very large list to our Flora.

Dr. Wight was on a visit to Ceylon in 1836: he made an excursion with Colonel Walker and collected above 500 species of plants. After this a Mr. Nightingale collected for the Duke of Northumberland and a Mr Mac Rae seems to have been in the Island: he has added to the grasses.

Mr. Bennett on return from New South Wales visited Ceylon and has published some interesting particulars on the different varieties of the Cocoa Palm.

The Flora of Java is quite unknown here: the researches of Blume, Reinwardt, Dr. Horsfield and others might enable us to ascertain several of the species not indigenous to India.

Finally a Mr. Cumming brought an immense Herbarium of plants for sale from the Indian Archipelago about 1840 to London. A list of the Ferns have been published and probably contain many of the Ceylon species.

From the preceding remarks it will be observed that whilst in 1842 the state of knowledge of botany in Ceylon was at a very low ebb, materials had gone to England which may have enabled botanists in England or India to form a very good estimate of our Flora and indeed it appears that Lindley has drawn very largely on Ceylon for Orchideous Plants altho our present list in Moon is very limited. The Gardens are possessed of drawings of a very beautiful series of Ceylon plants which cannot all be ascertained by the scanty references to be obtained from its indifferent library. Such is the state of our knowledge up to April 1843. But I have here the pleasing duty of remarking that a few months may see a very improved state of our knowledge, as the Government has most liberally come forward in purchasing books of Modern reference which have already arrived and will shortly be open to the public. It is also expected that the labours of Colonel Walker and the knowledge of Indian botanists will shortly be made known in Ceylon and it is in contemplation to publish a corrected list of plants indigenous to the Island. Possibly some years may elapse ere our knowledge is very complete, but it cannot fail but that yearly much will be added to our Flora.

Botany is by many people considered a very dry study and undoubtedly it is the grammar to horticulture, agriculture and higher branches of a knowledge of vegetation, usually allowed to be important in the daily routine of life. To those interested in it as a pursuit, it opens a very curious field of observation in the structure of plants and for many other considerations; and those who have mastered its difficulties will turn their attention to all the higher branches of the subject with singular success and unravel many of the mysteries of agriculture and commerce. I will briefly give a few instances: Cinnamon and Cassia have been known as articles of commerce from a very early period, as far back as some of the earlier Greek Historians. As such our merchants are perfectly acquainted with their peculiarities, but not so with the sources from which produced. It is true that the Dutch had cultivated the true Cinnamon plant and so it was known how we got Cinnamon and it was certain that Cassia came both from Ceylon and India and must be known to those who had prepared it for the market. Now just about the period that Cinnamon had begun to fall in value, people in England began to ask what Cassia was, some said it came from a different tree from that producing Cinnamon, others supposed it to be an inferior produce of the Cinnamon tree, the tree allowed to grow old, or the bark of branches of a different

year's growth. Of course the old Dutch writers were referred to and then it appeared that certainly there was a Cassia tree, as well as a Cinnamon tree, but when botanists began to look further, they found that scarcely two botanists agreed about the description of the Cassia tree although several had professed to describe it very correctly. Botanists in England began to fancy there might be many varieties of Cinnamon or of the true Cinnamon; so they got specimens of Cinnamon and Cassia and all the information they could on the subject, but just sufficient to leave a great deal to be said on both sides. In 1838 the question was at last taken up by the Madras Government and they went to work by obtaining specimens of Cinnamon and Cassia and reports upon them from the Government Agents of places where these articles were exported and were also so assisted by Colonel Walker and the Ceylon Government. The reports were very conflicting and unsatisfactory, but fortunately, Government had always insisted on specimens being sent and these were placed in the hands of Dr. Wight. Dr. Wight and other botanists were aware that a great many species of Cinnamon existed and many of these had been described by either Roxburgh, Blume or the Brothers Nees ab Essenbeck; so that although Dr. Wight could not in all instances determine the species sent, because they might be deficient in flowers or fruit, as the Government Agents might not in all instances be up to the requisites of a dried specimen for an Herberium, yet in many instances he did discover what the species of Cinnamon was, as described in books or as new species, and hence he at last was able to settle the question very determinately, and Cassia is found both to be an inferior preparation of the true Cinnamon tree and also the better portions of bark of a great variety of Cinnamon trees of different species and which do not yield true Cinnamon—Also that inferior Cinnamons are produced in various parts of the Indian Coast and these are of species differing from the true Cinnamon of Ceylon. Dr. Blume, enumerates in Java eleven species of Cinnamon yielding aromatic barks and several of these are said to vie with the very finest Cinnamon of our market. Now I may here observe that Botany is certainly of some use. For when all the species shall have been described and the English Merchants are satisfied that there are other good Cinnamons besides the true Cinnamon, many of the under rated Cinnamons will be estimated at their proper value, and if a Coffee Planter should find a good deal of Cinnamon on his estate and can discriminate his species, he will be aware of its exact value whether as Cinnamon or Cassia by ascertaining the name.

A great many other instances might be cited with respect to our Medical Pharmacopeia. Drugs are purchased at a very high price from foreign Countries, when it is probable that

other species in our own Colonies are possessed of similar qualities, which might certainly supersede the more expensive articles, where indigeneous. Sarsaparilla is one and various species of Convolvulus of this Country might produce jalap without resorting to the Mexican or true jalap. It is only by a botanical knowledge of species that we could impart such knowledge or discovery to the public.

Gamboge is another article of commerce and there are Gamboges of various qualities produced from different trees which require botanical discrimination. It created a good deal of attention a few years previous and Colonel Walker was interested in the enquiry and in discovering the Ceylon species. Dr. Graham has at last settled the question determinately and the true Gamboge plant is found to be far more rare than the tree commonly supposed to produce the Gamboge of commerce. The latter is very rare and I believe not even indigenous to Ceylon, whilst the former (a common tree) produces a Gamboge which would be scarce saleable

Some good articles have been written in the periodicals and Newspapers of our Colony on articles of commerce or culture and it is reasonable to suppose that the Agricultural Society will do much for Ceylon on such points. It is also to be expected that horticulture will extend thro' the exertions of individuals and that our Paredenia Gardens on the new footing will yearly add to the taste for improving fruits and vegetables and the introduction of foreign productions. Meanwhile it seems very desirable to ascertain the really indigenous Flora of Ceylon and the peculiar features of certain localities. With this view I shall lay before the public a few hints towards the Geographical distribution of our Flora, premising that it has been made up from a very short experience and from knowledge, derived from my want of modern works of botany from the older authors up to the time of Moon and the Prodromus of Wight and Arnott As this is about the amount of knowledge of the usual run o residents in the Island, it may serve as a ground work unt a better article on the subject from some more experienced han shall have been published.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISION OF PLANTS IN CEYLON.

Part of the trees and plants in Ceylon (and these the most common in occurrence as forming the mass of vegetation) are found nearly all over the Island in favorable situations. Being of hardy growth few are peculiar to Ceylon but extend over India and the neighbouring Islands, of such plants I have made a selection in Table 1st, it includes many of the handsomer trees and shrubs of Ceylon. Many of these must be familiar to every resident. The Soursop tribe, Country Almond, Guava, Jamboo,

Coronet-tree, Ceiba or Cotton, Thespesia, Indian Olive, Pumplemos, Lemon and Orange, Tree-spurge, Coral, Sappan, Peacock-flower, Horseradish-tree, Bauhinia, Cashew, Mango, Mulberry, Banyan, Jack, Breadfruit, Cassia, Cinnamon, Chastetrees, Teak, Forbidden fruit, Temple-flower, Palmyra, Betle-nut, Jaggherry-tree, Cocoa-palm, Plantain, Screw-pine Indian rubber-tree, Sago, Papaw, Bamboo, Tamarind, Castor, Amotto, with trees, shrubs and flowers of less specious appearance and many weeds. In some instances they have been introduced into hot-houses in England, but not universally—for what is most common in tropical climates is sometimes neglected to be sent home and of this there is a very curious instance in the Banyan. No foreign production has been oftener quoted than the Banyan both in verse and prose by English writers and it has been well described by both Cordiner and Roxburgh some thirty years ago, yet two of the most popular writers of the day Lindley and London have confused it with the Bo-tree (Ficus religiosa) a very different species and Moon in his catalogue with Ficus Benghalensis, it really being the Ficus Indica and remarkable for its vast rooting branches, in which peculiarity it differs from both those other species of Fig. Major Forbes and the writer having sent Sir W. Hooker sketches of the Banyan under the name of Ficus Benghalensis, Sir W. published a detailed account of this tree, correcting the above errors, and stating that he suspected that English Herbaria are miserably defective in specimens of the true Banyan. His own, rich in the productions of our Eastern possessions, had not a single specimen in March 1841 and Dr. Arnott had but one indifferent specimen. It is called Manuga in Ceylon. On the subject of Banyans I will pass over Southeys beautiful description in the curse of Kahama's and Colonel Syke's famous tree in the Poonah collectorate which has 68 stems descending from the branches and capable of giving shade, but I will mention a circumstance which has lately struck me as curious. Somewhere in the Asiatic transactions Sir Wm. Jones says "it is true that minute ants are hatched in the ripe fruit of the Udumbara (or racemed Fig) whence it is named gamtephale; and the Pandits compare it to the mundane egg"—now although I have always looked upon Sir W. Jones as a very enquiring personage and very clever man. I in this instance at once set him down as following the theories of the school of 1552, who believed that Insects were *spontaneously produced!* and therefore not very much astonished had noted his opinion as rather curious with three of the accompanying marks (!!!) exactly to denote my own opinion on the subject. We have the racemed Fig in Kandy and I had seen the fruit but I must say I never took any steps to investigate Sir Wm. Jones' theory. However the other day I happened to bring home some of the fruit of the Carpenter-fig, which I found growing on the root

and on opening some I found they contained nearly a tea spoon ful of pure water, which is a curious instance of vegetable economy and on opening another I discovered about a dozen ants inside. Now there was nothing remarkable in this had the fruit been penetrated, but on search I was obliged to confess that I could not discover any opening in any part of the fruit and consequently it is no wonder that Sir W. Jones thought the Pundits really correct. How they entered I shall leave you to determine, but suppose that the economy of the parent Insect is to introduce her eggs when the fruit is at a very early stage of growth and that afterwards with the growth of the fruit the fissure becomes entirely obliterated. It is evident that the supply of water together with flowers and seed (all which are produced inside the fruit) are sufficient to support the ants, who are a very thirsty race. The Cingalese, who have naturally rather a turn for botany and the appropriation of all sorts of trees and leaves to medicine and curries, believe that Banyans have no flowers and altho' you may not have sharper eyes than they have and can hardly point them out in the tree, a Botanist will shew a trick worth two of theirs, for on quietly turning the fruit inside out and attached to the inner skin you will find either the flowers or the seed which they afterwards turn into.

To return to the distribution of the Ceylon Flora, many of the trees and plants commonly spread over the Island are of great service and utility to the Natives and Europeans either as timber, fruits, medicines, dyes or economical purposes. In many instances the properties are known and have became available but in other instances from what we read of respecting the use made of these trees and plants amongst certain tribes on the Continent of India or Burmese Territories it may be conjectured that they have been overlooked or neglected—thro' the spirited exertions of individuals in the Company's service most of these economical vegetable productions have been described under scientific names and descriptions and consequently when our Ceylon Flora is botanically named, we shall without difficulty avail ourselves of the experience thus to be acquired. The greatest exactness is often requisite in describing plants of common occurance to prevent error for instance much of the native street of India is smelted by the use of a species of Mudar plant, the Calotropis gigantea (a common plant in Ceylon) and its root and bark is said by Lindley to be a powerful alterative and purgative and of importance in cases of leprosy and elephantiasis—but later researches prove the Mudar plant to be a different plant viz. the Calotropis procera which is not known in this Island and it seems very doubtful how far the Calotropis gigantea (or Curl flower) may share the qualities of the real Mudar plant, I think it was Dr. Wallich who published remarks on the real Mudar plant being the Calotropis procera. On the other hand Mr. Wilkinson in Feby. 1839 made known the native method

of smelting steel, the ore used was magnetic oxide of iron 52 to 48 of quartz and was reduced in four hours by a furnace, to which was used charcoal fuel. Afterwards being placed in a crucible with dried wood of the Cassia auriculata and green leaves of the (Asclepias) Calotropis gigantea and a certain process used excellent steel is produced. If Mr. Wilkinson has made no mistake in this plant there seems no reason why the natives here should not convert old iron into steel with facility, both plants being of common occurrence on the Coast. It is not the intention of this paper to enter into the economical uses of the vegetable Kingdom of the Island. A very bulky volume might be produced on the many valuable resources that exist and that are known and made use of by the natives of other countries I restrict myself to the botany with casual remarks to shew to how many objects of interest, use, or curiosity it will lead. Passing from Table 1 we come to the plants of the Maratime Provinces or sea coast of Ceylon. It seems to have been partially explored at Trincomalee, and Mr. Moon has visited Negombo, Putlam and Jaffna, but so very little is known respecting their Floras, that we are really inclined to look upon them as unexplored botanically, so that in reality Table 2 is merely that part of the coast extending from Colombo towards Galle, and it is supposed that the general features will extend to the whole coast of Ceylon, but will vary in certain localities. Putlam for instance having saltwater lakes will have its peculiar characteristics in such localities, and Jaffna seems to differ considerably in climate and productions from the southern portions of the coast: If the neighbourhood of large rivers, it is possible that the productions of a more hilly country may casually occur, as transported in their seed vessels during floods and the monsoon season. However theoretical this view may at first appear it is known to be practically correct to a small extent and that in this way volcanic Islands and Coral reefs become vegetated in the Ocean and Islands thrown up by the embankment of sand in rivers. In connection with this subject, Lyell mentions Geology vol. II "Fruits indigenous to America and the West Indies, such as Mimosa scandens, the Cashew-nut and others" (all natives of Ceylon,) have been known to be drifted across the Atlantic by the Gulph stream, on the western Coast of Europe, in such a state that they might have vegetated had the climate and soil been favorable, among these the Guilandina Bonduc, a leguminous plant, is particularly mentioned, as having been raised from a seed found in the West Coast of Ireland." The Guilandina Bonduc is very common all over the interior of this Island. But altho' this is a proof of the very great distance that seeds may be floated without destroying in every instance the vegetating powers, it does not seem sufficient for our purpose, and so I shall quote Mr. Darwin's description of the Keeling Lagoon Islands. He says "I will now give a de-

scription of the Natural History of these Islands which from its very paucity, possesses a peculiar interest. The Cocoanut tree at the first glance seems to compose the whole wood there are however, five or six other kinds, one of these grows to a very large size but, from the extreme softness of its wood is useless; another sort affords excellent timber for shipbuilding. Besides the trees the number of plants is exceedingly limited and consists of insignificant weeds. In my collection, which includes I believe nearly the perfect Flora, there are twenty species, without mentioning a Moss lichen and fungus. To this number two trees must be added; one of, which was not in flower and the other I only heard of. The latter is a solitary tree of its kind in the whole group and grows near the beach, where, without doubt, the one seed was thrown up by the waves. I do not include in the above list the Sugar Cane, Banana, some other vegetables, fruit trees and imported grasses. As these Islands consist entirely of coral and at one time probably existed as a mere water-washed reef, all the productions now living here must have been transported by the waves of the sea. In accordance to this the Flora has quite the character of a refuge for the destitute. Prof. Henslow informs me that of the twenty species, nineteen belong to different genera and these again to no less than sixteen orders." Darwin also mentions again respecting another of these Islands. "The following seeds are supposed to be driven by the N. W. Monsoon to New Holland and from it to the Island by the S. E. trade wind. The Kimiri of Sumatra and Malácca, the Cocoanut of Balei, the Dadass of the Malays, also masses of Java Teak and yellow-wood and red and white Cedar and the blue Gum tree of New Holland. All creepers retain their vegetating powers, softer productions as the Mangosteen do not germinate." In the tropics where certain trees and plants grow over the margin of the Ocean and the young saplings often vegetate in the sand and mud both of it and of rivers many may be supposed to be floated after storms far from their place of birth, whilst more inland productions are frequently transported by the agency of birds, or such as have winged seeds by the power of the winds. I can myself give what I believe to be an example of the agency of the Mahavillaganga. On the top of Adam's Peak and about Nuwera Ellia is found in abundance the gigantic Lobelia excelsa, a very handsome plant attaining the height of 12 to 15 feet. It is a mountain plant, excluded from the jungles, but delighting in bare elevations and the sides of rocky streams. Its nearest approach to the low country is I believe Pusilawe and Ambegammie, growing in the latter country in great abundance on the banks; of the River. A few months ago in passing the Trincomale ferry I observed this plant on the steep bank overhanging the river and I have little doubt but that the seed had been laid after one of the monsoons when the river is much

swoln and the plant in seed. After some experience of the Kandyan country I am able to say it is the only plant of this Lobelia growing in the neighbourhood. Upon the whole it seems probable that several plants and trees may thus migrate to a colder climate, but they are constantly checked in growth where circumstances and climate are unfavorable by the mass of vegetation, hence only a certain number of hardy plants will succeed. The same may be said of plants introduced by the Agency of man. Those of European growth rarely succeed in naturalising themselves in the low country, but South American are in many instances perfect weeds. Asclepias Curassavica would really be believed to be an indigenous weed, had it no native name and many of the productions of our gardens will be found in the same neighbourhood wild. Again at Nuwera Ellia the Cape Gooseberry, (Physalis flexuosa) originally introduced has spread with the greatest rapidity and altho' a weed contributes to the scanty resources for cookery in that part of the mountains. In every uncultivated country plants best adapted to the climate of the place and soil will prove the more hardy, and will supplant the more delicate species. Thus in ascending mountains vegetation will constantly vary first from changes of strata and secondly because the atmosphere becomes colder as you ascend; but there are other causes—Vegetation depends much upon effects of light and solar influence. Leave a barren gravelly soil to itself and it will first be covered with sedge and grass, but when once weeds have effected a footing many of these grasses will disappear, Next will come under shrubs and creepers, so that the cleared space is again converted into jungle. Lastly should trees also spring up, by the time they have shaded the under shrubbery from the effects of the sun's rays, it will have materially altered in character. From such causes there must be a constant change of vegetation in mountainous countries and also in the lower tracts, but more especially in the former. I have been informed by Coffee-planters that after clearing jungle many plants and shrubs spring up which were not previously known in the Forests and it is easily accounted for on those principles. I have myself Pavetta latifolia from cleared Coffee land, after in vain searching for it in the neighbouring jungle.

From this Table 2. it will be seen that various fruit trees of the tropics thrive on the coast which are less abundant or altogether disappear in the Kandyan Country. The Palm trees are also for the most part different. Cocoanuts thrive in the greatest perfection and become the leading feature of the Coast: sufficiently numerous to form topes: there are a considerable variety of the Cocoanut-palm—they have been mentioned by Bennett and other writers. The features of the jungle present but little change for the extent of table land running sixteen miles into the interior, when the country changes and becomes hilly and we are gra-

dually brought into scenery the component parts of which are mentioned in Table 3. It seems to be similar in its Flora to that of the Circar Hills in India—Of indigenous fruits of any value, there are few; but the fruits of China and the Archipelago and many vegetables are cultivated with success. The stranger will be struck with the Tallipot tree and want of the Cocoanut, except near villages and also with the Aleurites or Koekuna, the foliage of which has the peculiarity of appearing white after rain amongst other jungle trees. Its nut is much used for expressing lamp oil by the natives. Two species of Bramble will also be hailed as an approach to a colder climate, most of the plants and trees in this table will be found on the under features of the hills on the banks of the Mahavillaganga, whilst on approaching the higher hills, some of which are mountains 4000 to 5000 feet above the level of the sea, we come to a forest vegetation, the details of which are in Table 4. Trees are no longer in those heights festooned by Convolvuli and Ipomœas and Lorantie are less numerous; but their place is supplied by many a lovely air plant and the magnificent Solandra oppositifolia. On the summits of these hills are found beautiful and rare plants—Begonias, Martynias, Didymocarpus, Aginetia. Acrotræma delight in the cold and shady precipices—The Bettle-Palm is here exchanged for a Caryota bristling with thorns. On reference to a map it will be observed that the ridge of hills between Kandy and Gampolla extend towards Rambodda so that most of the vegetation passed in travelling to Rambodda may be observed in a couple of hours, walk from Kandy to the top of its highest hills, which have nearly an elevation equal to that of Rambodda—Table 9 will however add a few other particulars, and leaves us now to comment upon the colder portions of the Island or its highest mountains, in which examples are given of the Nuwera-Ellia Flora in Table 6 and the Flora of Adam's Peak in Table 7.

The Nuwera-Ellia country is a series of small plains, surrounded by hills and mountains thickly clothed with jungle to the very summit. Its elevation above the level of the sea is about 6000 feet. Its highest mountain—the Pedro-talle-galla, rises to 8000 feet. Its soil is very black and turfy in the plain, being either marshy or reclaimed marsh—The slopes of the hills turn into meadow land. Before reaching the jungle, a curiously disposed and natural hedge of shrubs intervenes—it extends with great regularity, and is a very peculiar feature in the country. It were erroneous to suppose that either the climate or productions of Nuwera-Ellia are European—but it is our alpine tract and in losing the Palm, the Cinnamon and a thousand of the ornamental trees and shrubs of the Coast, we forget the tropics. In Europe, the gradations of Winter and Summer have a most powerful effect on the system of all perennials. In Winter the leaves fall—the tree is denuded of all its

ornaments. In the mass of vegetation, the sap refuses to flow until the genial return of spring: the woody tissues harden and give rise to those concentric rings or zones, by which the Carpenter can calculate the age of his timber. But as Summer advances, the sap returning induces a fresh growth and the formation of flowers and fruit—The absence of a well defined winter is therefore the great difference between Nuwera-Eliia and our native land, and a simple answer to the query. Why do not the large Cherry trees of its gardens produce fruit? In vain do we look for a single tree (unless introduced) of genera indigenous to our English climate: the trees, altho' not those of the Coast, are still those of the tropics—they are however of hardier growth, usually evergreen and adapted to our Alpine region, where frost excludes delicate species and the sun rarely shines except during the earlier months of the year. Analogy from such inferences leads us to expect the annuals of our Summer which die during the Winter season and the plants of our marshes, and accordingly I have to mention genera familiar to the British Botanist intermixed with Alpine Indian Plants. The sweet little Hairbell is perhaps as grateful to us from association as the curling smoke of cottages rising over the jungle. The European genera are Andromeda, Vaccinium, Ranunculus, Thalictrum, Anemone, Viola, Rubus, Frograria, Berberis, Scutellaria, Lysimachia, Polygonatum, Plantago, Lobelia, Cynoglossum, Alchemillea, Rhododendron, Magnolia, Potentilla, Hypericum, Impatiens, Monotropa, Neottia, Orchins, Drosera, Dipsacus, Valleriana, Utricularia, Campanula, Tradescantia, Oxalis, Polygala, Gnaphalium, Rhinanthus, Euphorbia and some others—most of which have species growing in Great Britain. The character is scarcely Hymelayan, but I am inclined to believe that its Flora accords so closely to the tract of land on the Neilgherries that three-fourths of either would contain the same species. We have not their rose it is true, which is described as very beautiful festooning trees, but in either the Rhododendron nobile forms the ornament of the plains. From the elevated portions of Java there seems to be a marked difference in the absence of Oaks and Chestnuts and of course of various other productions.

The Plains of Nuwera-Ellia are very destitute of trees with exception of the Rhododendron. It is very beautiful when it flowers from May to July—the scarlet blossoms are relieved by the brown inside the bell of the Corolla and by the silvery undersides of the stem leaves—at other seasons it is a dingy tree like the Apple in height, with crooked knotted trunk, varying from 10 to 15 feet or even 25 and 30. When Arboreta shall have been introduced and Villas in Nuwera-Ellia, we may expect gardeners to give us many pretty shrub varieties of this tree with English species. Lord Caernarvon gained a celebrated Mule species by fertilising R. Cataubriense with the Himalayan

sp. R. Arboreum. It retained the flowers and color of R. Arboreum and had the leaves and hardiness of constitution of R. Cataubriense.

I have already, remarked that S. American species of plants became naturalised with great facility in the lower tracts of Ceylon—such is the case at Nuwera-Ellia with the productions of New Holland, and almost all the other trees of its plains have been introduced from that country by Europeans. Of the jungle trees, scarcely any thing is as yet known, but some are doubtless those of the Kandyan hills, and of the rest a few, and these good ones have been discovered. I was fortunate in finding an arboraceous vaccinium—a sp. of agapetes with pink flowers. A description of the genus will be found in a letter from Dr. Wight to Sir W. Hooker, dated Pulney mountains. There is a beautiful tree creeper belonging to the Melastomaceæ, possibly a Medinilla, Blume, the balsams of those hills are certainly of 8 or 9 different species, some are of great beauty and size, and one species forms the entire under shrubbery of many hills, as well as the Nilla, which is a didynamious plant. Ariplants and magnificent ferns abound and dwarf bamboos—on the rocks, mosses and from the trees white mosses drenching in the drifting storms add to the wintry aspect. The Kino tree, both red and white, is much used for firewood. I am not acquainted with its botanical name.

Europeans have cultivated several of our English vegetables with success, most however requiring to be renewed from England or the Cape after some years. Potatoes and Cabbages are really source of profit and of importance to the residents of the lower orders. The Cape gooseberry (now naturalised) makes an excellent tart fruit with the wild Bramble. English fruit trees probably require great care and particular mode of culture to produce fruit, hitherto retardation of the sap has not been attempted, or if so successfully practised, but it seems to be the key to success. They should try fruit trees from New Holland and New South Wales and the Raspberry and Gooseberry from England.

Mr. Stewart Mackenzie judiciously tried the introduction of the Tea plant. I have not heard with what success, or what steps had been taken to insure the climate and locality it is used to.

From a perusal of Mr. Robinson's account of the Tea plant in Assam, the plant appears to be of hardy character with respect to climate. I am inclined to believe that that of the Kandyan hills would be very suitable, having very much the Assam style of vegetation—possibly better than Nuwera Ellia. The great difficulty however exists in a locality. The requisites are excess of humidity amidst forests of dense jungle, where it grows in ravines and hollows near rivulets or pools of water. The soil should be light and porous, yellow or yellowish red over sand: it contains no carbonate of lime and the iron of the soil is al-

most wholly in a state of carbonate of iron—hence even in Assam and China tea-soils are comparatively of rare occurrence. The plant requires much rain and a bright sun.

I am not aware that Hops have even been attempted to be introduced at Nuwera Ellia, they surely would succeed. As the neighbourhood is becoming more populous, possibly a Brewery might succeed.

That the grasses at Nuwera Ellia are of very inferior quality seems notorious—but surely are capable of great improvement. Were their quality good, the country is well adapted for pasturage—Cattle and Horses have great animal spirits, and there are no leeches. Vetches of different kinds are also appropriate to the climate.

The Flora of Adam's Peak is probably entirely similar to that of Nuwera Ellia—but not having level ground near the summit of the Peak, many of the meadow flowers have to be excluded, and possibly there are species which do not exist in the Nuwera Ellia country, for instance a new Monocera or Elæocarpus with purple fruit and entire leaves. The existence of species of Magnolia is an interesting feature. It however is probable that all the Indian Magnolias should be classed with Michelia. The existing sp. (two in number on the Peak) have the type of Magnolia punilla.

It was my intention to have added a list of descriptions of Rare Plants not named by Moon, but those daily increasing, I shall reserve them for some future opportunity, when our knowledge of what has been done by Indian Botanists is greater, which will prevent the confusion that might otherwise exist.

In conclusion, one word respecting the Government gardens. Let bye-gones be bye-gones, as is said in the North. Little undoubtedly has hitherto been done, and some of the leading requisites have been neglected and the gardens require great attention and severe application from its new Superintendent to place them on the footing they ought to hold—but thanks to the liberality of our present Government, the aspect is beginning to change, and *order* will soon rubbish out the many rare plants and trees which are at present unnamed, and consequently unknown both in the gardens and in the beautiful series of drawings which have been amassed from time to time without name. Let us therefore hope to see Peradenia re-established as Kew has been in the —40's, and a taste for Botany revive in the Island, and when our Indian friends find we are really in earnest—they will not be backward in imparting to us the many treasures yearly added to their own gardens, and in shewing us how many neglected resources of wealth or utility exist in what is at present,

Unreclaimed Jungle.

Kandy, May 29th 1843.

TABLE 1st.

GENERAL FEATURES OF CEYLON VEGETATION.

Plants which being common or growing in Masses form the general character of vegetation; from the Coast to an elevation of 2,000 *to* 3,000 *feet above the level of the sea.*

General temperature 70° to 80° Faht.

1. *Predominating Tree like Plants.*

Dillenia Speciosa, Aquatica & Sp. Annonacæ Sp. Terminalia Catappa and Sp. Memycylon ramiflorum and Sp. Psidium pomiferum, Syzygium caryophylleum, Eugenia Sp. Jambosa vulgaris and Malaccensis, Calophyllum Inophyllum, Sterculia Balanghas, Bombax Malabaricu, Eriodendron anfractuosum, Pterospermum suberifolium, Thespesia populnea, Elæocarpus serratus, Grewia Sp. Citrus decumana, Limonia arborea and Sp. Glycosmis Sp. and others, Aurantiaceæ, Croton Moluccanum, Euphorbia antiquorum, Erythrina Indica, Cæsalpinia Sappan, Poinciana pulcherrima, Moringa Pterygosperma, Bauhinia tomentosa, Semecarpus Anacardium, Anacardium occidentale, Mangifera Indica, Morus Indica, Ficus glomerata, Religiosa, Indica, Elastica and others. Celtis orientalis, Artocarpus integrifolius, Incisa, Pubescens, Cassia Sp. Hernandia sonora. Cinnamonum Sp. Morinda citrifolia, Clerodendron infortunatum, Callicarpa lanata, Vitex trifolia, Negundo and Sp. Tectona grandis, Tabernæmontana dichotoma, Plumeria acuminata, Borassus flabelliformis, Areca Catechu, Caryota urens, Cocos nucifera, Musa Sp. Pandanus odoratissimus and Sp. Bignonia Sp. Meliaceæ. Metroxylon Sagus, Carica Papaya, Bambusa arundinacea, Tamarindus Indicus, Ricinus communis, Bixa orellana, Spathodea Indica.

2. *Predominating Shrubs and Plants.*

Cissus and Vitis Sp. Osbeckia Zeylanica and Sp. Mukia scabrella, Coccinia Indica, Lagenaria vulgaris and other Cucurbitaceæ Modecca palmata, Passiflora fœtida, Cardiospermum Helicacabum, Schmidelia Cobbè, Hibiscus Surattensis, Urena lobata, Abutilon Sp. Sida Sp. and other Malvaceæ, Triumfetta angulata and annua, Ammannia octandra and Indica, Zizyphus Œnoplia and Sp. Phyllanthus Niruri, Urinaria, Emblica, Croton lacciferum and Sp. Jatropha Curcas, Euphorbia Sp. Portulaca, Mollugo Sp. Toddalia aculeata, Impatiens Sp. Crotalaria Verrucosa, Laburnifolia and Sp. Indigofera Sp. Tephrosia purpurea and Sp. Desmodium triquetrum, Polycarpaea and Sp. Abrus precatorius, Flemingia strobilifera, Phaseolus Sp. Acacia Sp. Guilandina Bonduc, Cassia occidentalis, Tora and Sp. Bohmæria Alienata, Piper Sp. Cahsiera scandens, Aristolochia Indica, Amaranthaceæ, Menisper-

maceæ, Ipomæa Zeylanica and Sp. Mussænda frondosa, Hedyotis Sp. Ixora coccinea, Pavetta Indica, Elephantopus scaber, Vernonia zeylanica cinerea, Psiadia balsamica, Bidens Chinensis Ocimum Sp. Leucas zeylanica, Indica, Stachytarpheta Indica, Lantana Sp. Barleria Prionitis, Justicia Vadhatoda, Gendarussa, Ecbolium, Betonica and Sp. Gratiola Sp. Datura Metel, Capsicum annuum, Minimum, Solanum Indicum, Nigrum, Jacquini Carisa Sp. Asclepias Curassavica, Calatropis gigantea, Hemidesmus Indicus, Zingiber Sp. Alpinia Cardamomum, Costus speciosus, Canna Indica, Gloriosa superba, Tradescantia cristata, Axillaris, Dioscorea alata and Sp. Arum, Caladium, Sp. Pothos scandens, Cyperaceæ and Glumosæ many Sp. Tragia Chamælea, Lycopodiæ and Filices many Sp.

On Trees, Loranthus many Sp. Epiphytal Orchideæ.

In Marshes and Ponds.

Pontederia Sp. Nymphæa Sp. Nelumbium speciosum, Justicia Sp. Hydrolea zeylanica, Exacum zeylanicum, Villarsia cristata and Sp. Convolvulus reptans, Eriocaulon Sp. Gratiola Sp. Torenia Sp. Diceros Sp. and others.

TABLE 2ND.

General features of the Flora of the Sea Coast near Colombo; elevation level of the Sea to 500 *feet.*

Ther. 80° to 86° Fahr.

All the trees and plants of Table 1st, large topes of the Cocoa Palm add.

1. *On the Sea Shore.*

Argemone Mexicana, Heritiera littoralis, Convolvulus Pes Capræ, Bignonia salina, Rhizophora candelaria, Kandelia Rheedii, Bruguiera gymnorhiza, Calanchoe laciniata, Dilivaria ilicifolia.

2. *Marshes, Ponds, Meadows.*

Burmannia disticha, Nepenthes Sp. Pontederia hastata, Xyris Indica, Cuscuta reflexa, Justicia repens, Tenella, Erecta, Lumnitzera racemosa, Drosera Burmanni, Utricularia vulgaris, Cærulea, Menyanthes Indica, Nymphæa stellata, pubescens, Pedalium murex, Pancratium zeylanicum, Serpicula verticillata, Typha latifolia, Lemna minor, Pistia stratiotes, Potamogeton lateralis.

3. *Tree like Plants.*

Cassia auriculata, Sumatrana, Glauca, Melastoma Malabathrica, Sesbania aculeata, Flacourtia inermis, Calophyllum Calaba, Schleichera trijuga, Barringtonia speciosa, Acutangula, Racemosa, Melia Azederach, Limonia citrifolia, Feronia Elephantum, Ægle marmelos, Strychnos nuxvomica, Guatteria su-

berosa, Korinti, Grewia orientalis, Hippocratea Indica, Dalbergia arborea, Acacia odoratissima, Cæsalpinia Mimusoides, Ardisia solanacea, Mimusops Elengi, Kauki, Bassia longifolia, Spathodea longiflora, Uvaria Narum, Eugenia parviflora, Averrhoa Carambola, Bilimbi, Cinnamonum zeylanicum, Aromaticum, Annona squamosa, Nauclea Sp. Randia Sp. Phœnix farinifera, Caryota urens, Elate sylvestris, Cerbera manghas, Ichnocarpus Sp.

3. *Shrubs and Plants.*

Vinca rosea, Osbeckia aspera, Cissus villosa, Vitis latifolia, Repanda, Quadrangularis, Alysicarpus Sp. Nerium zeylanicum, Carissa spinarum, Olax zeylanica, Capparis horrida. Hibiscus cannabinus, Viti-folius, Phyllanthus rhamnoides, Multiflorus, Flemingia lineata, Glycine labialis, Parviflora, Dicerma pulchellum, Adenanthera pavonina, Connarus monocarpus, Pinnatus, Rourea santaloides, Ixora latifolia, Parviflora, Ionidum enneaspermum, Begonia tenera, Hugonia mystax, Indigofera viscosa, Enneaphylla, Aspalathoides, Canthium Rheedii, Gmelina asiatica, Heliotropium Indicum, Clerodendron phlomoides, Inerme, Premna Sp. Solanum insanum, Ferox, Sodomeum, Epaltes divaricata, Eclipta erecta, Gynura lycopersicifolia, Loranthus loniceroides, Trichosanthes cucumerina, Bryonia grandis, Momordica charantia, Antidesma Sp. Phaseolus caracalla Trilobus, Radiatus, Celastrus emarginatus, Abelmoschus ficulneus, Moschatus, Melastoma repens, Bumelia octandra, Embryopteris glutinifera, Evolvulus Sp Scævola Taccada, Kœnigii, Sesamum Indicum, Ruellia Sp Sterculia camphorata, Buchnera Sp. Hoya Sp.

TABLE 3RD.

Flora of the lower tracts of country surrounding Kandy 50 to 70 miles from the Coast, Elevation 1000 to 2000 feet

Ther. 70° to 80° Faht.

All the trees and plants of Table 1st. The Cocoa Palm gives place to the Tallipot, Palmyra, and Areca Palms—add:

1*st Tree like Plants.*

Michelia Champaca, Uvaria odorata, Annona reticulata, Leea staphylea, Cupania canescens, Grewia, lævigata, Microcos Sp. Melia parviflora, Atalantia monophylla, Murraya exotica, Bergera Kœnigii, Aleurites moluccanus, Hiptage madablota, Gomphia angustifolia, Sesbania Ægyptiaca, Agati grandiflora, Erythrina picta, Pongamia Sp. Dalbergia Anstrutheri, (Mr. Ondaatje) Cassia Florida, Roxburghii, Bauhinia racemosa, Ficus politoria. Trophis aspera, Spinosa, Hydnocarpus inebrians, Mesua ferrea, Lagerstræmia Reginæ, Stilago diandra, Clerodendron macrophyllum, Helicteres Isora, Alangium hexapetalum, Eugenia laurina, Garcinia zeylanica, Elæodendron glaucum, Dodonæa Burman-

niana, Diospyros Ebenaster, Cordifolia, Flacourtia sepiaria and Sp. Semecarpus Anacardium, Cinnamonum Cassia, Antidesma sylvestris, Willd. Clausenæ 2 Sp. Amyris agallocha.

2nd Shrubs and Plants.

Paratropia venulosa, Hedera terebinthiacea, Cissus dentata, Osbeckia crenata, (Moon) Loranthus Buddleioides, Longiflorus, Goodenciflorus, cuneatus, Æchmandra rostrata, Bryonia laciniosa, Gymnopetalum Ceylanicum, Momordica dioica, Passiflora Leschenaultii, Naravelia zeylanica, Ribes serratum (Moon) Capparis grandis, Hibiscus furcatus, Abutilon periplocifoliu'n, Gossipium album, Euphorbia tirucalli, & Sp. Rubus rugosus, Lasiocarpus, Vernonia anthelmintica, Indigofera atropurpurea, Æschynomene aspera, Smithia sensitiva, Desmodium congestum, Psophocarpus tetragonolobus, Canavalia virosa, Mucuna prurita, Galactia tenuiflora, Notonia Wightii, Crotalaria Brownei, Hirsuta, Mimosa rubicaulis, Cæsalpinia sepiaria, Cassia Kleinii, Bryophyllum calycinum, Polygonum Sp. Convolvulus grandiflorus, Speciosus, Randia dumetorum, Hydrophylax maritima, Stylocoryne Webera, Phyllanthus myrtifolius, Chrysanthemum Indicum, Siegesbeckia Orientalis, Pluchea tomentosa, Sphæranthus hirtus, Anisomeles Malabaricus, Caladium Nymphæifolium, Jussiæa villosa and Sp. Trichodesma zeylanica, Cynoglossum ovatum, Solanum pseudo-Lycopersicum, Cerepegia acuminata and Sp. Gymnema tingens, Jasminum pubescens, Hedychium coronarium, Alpinia calcarata, Phrynium capitatum, Amomum echinatum, Amaryllis zeylanica, Polygala Sp. Canthium parviflorum, Thunbergia fragrans, Barleria longifolia, Eranthemum montanum, Utricularia Sp. Morinda umbellata, Ixora stricta, (wh. fld.) Ophiorrhiza Munghos, Ophioxylum serpentinum, Grumilea subinteger, Alsine nervosum, Urtica several Sp. Musa Troglodytarum, Santalum album, Gardenia fragrans, Anthericum tuberosum, Burmannia triflora, Diceros aquaticus var, Ventilago maderaspatana, Acacia scandens.

TABLE 4TH.

Capping the Hills, facing Kandy and Paradenia.

The Flora of Table 3rd. is intermixed with:

1st. On the underfeatures and lower Hills about 1,900 feet.

Memecylon Sp. Eugenia Sp. Cyminosma pedunculata, Mezoneurum cucullatum, Holigarna Sp. Litsæa trinervia, Solanum verbascifolium, Solandra oppositifolia, Cerbera parvifolia, Strychnos Sp. Tylophora panciflora and Sp. Carissa carandas, Zizyphus Sp. Artabotrys odoratissimus, Miliusia Indica, Annona Asiatica, Gyrinops Sp. Pothos gracilis, Cæsalpinia paniculata, Epidendron pendulum, Wendlandia Notoniana, Heyneana, Exserta, Bicuspidata, Stylocoryne densiflora, Tradescantia paniculata, Achimenes sesamoides (Wild.) Torenia asiatica, Rosea santaloides, Rubia cordifolia.

2nd Slopes of the highest hills, about 3,000 feet above the level of the Sea.

Rubiaceæ, many good Sp. Grumilea vaginans, Psychotria curviflora, and 2 other Sp. Anonaceæ Sp. Myristica Iriya (Moon) Clypea hernandifolia, Xanthocymus ovalifolius, Rhus decipiens, Convolvulaceæ Sp. Begonia Malabarica (red & wh. fld.) Martynia lanceolata, Didymocarpus Sp. Solanum decemdentatum, Ferox, Giganteum, Curculigo pauciflora, Arum pentaphyllum, Huge forest trees (Echinocarpus?) Ternstrœmiaceæ? Caryota horrida. Ammannia Sp. Elæagnus latifolia, Cissampelus Sp. Dianella nemorosa and graminifolia, Asparagus falcatus, Smilax latifolia, Arum campanulatum, many tree Orchideæ. Filices and Lycopodii, Lintodorum Sp. The Wana Rajah, Pavetta hispidula (W. & A.) Maba buxifolia, Convolvulus Learii, Ophiorrhiza tomentosa (Roxb.) The Nilla (Plectranthus Sp.) stunted Impatiens 2d Sp. Geophila reniformis, Hedyotis Leschenaultiana, Acrotrema Sp. Borragineæ Sp. Arum 2d Sp. Gymnopetalum Sp. Nauclea cordifolia, Æginetia bicolor, Vernonia Sp. Capparis grandis, Medinilla Sp.? Curcuma 2d Sp. Zingiber cylindricum, Alpinia sericea, Malaxis Rheedii, ? Sterculia guttata ? Elæocarpus Sp. (entire leaves).

3rd, Grassy knolls on the flanks;

Are covered with Lemon grass—Careya arborea, and Phyllanthus Emblica (the only trees); intermixed are Impatiens oppositifolia, Gnaphalium Indicum, Hedysarum triquetrum, Cassia angustissima, Crotalaria anthylloides (var.) and Sp. (type of C. hirsuta) Polygala Sp. Stemodia lutea? Tetranthera cauliflora? usually borders the jungle in such places.

4th. On the very summit of the highest hills.

Grassy knolls with masses of Osbeckia Sp. Hedyotis fruticosa, Vernonia?, Evergreen shrubs and trees with small leaves such as Eugenia Sp. Sethia Indica, Salacia Prinoides, creeping (Rawana's Broom) Rubiaceæ, Ardisia humilis, Ternstrœmiæ, Memecylon ramiflorum, Bambusa Sp. Solandra oppositifolia (both a tree and creeper)—The Nilla shrubby.

TABLE 5TH.

Localities of some good plants as given by Moon.

SAFFRAGAM.

Liriodendron (Sphenocarpus Wa.) liliifera, Begonia rupestris, Elæocarpus oblongus, Soymida febrifuga, Cluytia collina, Indigofera hirsuta, Ficus stipulata, Dorstenia radiata, Bassia latifolia, Ceropegia juncea, Curculigo recurvata, Areca Dicksonii, Bambusa spinosa.

WELLASSE.

Grewia tiliæfolia, Melia pumila, Acalypha betulina, Butea frondosa, Rottboellia muricata.

WALAPANE.

Psoralea corylifolia, Knoxia corymbosa, Cycas circinalis.

KATRAGAM.

Hugonia mystax, Pavonia zeylanica, Dichrostachys cinerea, Gyrocarpus Asiaticus, Acanthus Maderaspatensis.

MATURATA.

Grislea tomentosa, Crotalaria linifolia, Alysicarpus monilifer, Solanum giganteum.

OOWA.

Terminalia Chebula, Psydium pyriferum, Myrtus tomentosa, Viola hastata, Impatiens biglandulosa, Pterocarpus marsupium, Andromeda flexuosa, Anagallis esculenta, Campanula zeylanica, Rubia secunda, Premna procumbens, Martynia nervosa, Dracontium pinnatifidum, Andropogon cymbarius, schœnanthus, Agrostis diandra, Cynodon ciliaris, Avena sativa, Hordeum vulgare, Triticum Æstivum.

DOOMBERA.

Jonesia pinnata, Galaxia tenuiflora, Desmodium gyrans.

BENTOTTE.

Mucuna gigantea.

TABLE 6TH.

Flora of Nuwera-Ellia, July and August, 6,000 feet above the level of the Sea.

The Flora of Table 1. disappears.

1st, Marshes and Margin of the Nuwera-Ellia River.

Exacum teres, Orchis 2d Sp. terrestrial, Neottia Sp. very like N. spiralis, Drosera peltata, Monotropa Sp.—Thalictrum glyphocarpum, (Meadow-rue) Ranunculus 2d Sp. Rhinanthus Indjcus, Butomus Sp. Xyris Indica, Gratiola Sp. Smithia blanda? Dipsacus inermis, (var) Roxb. Valeriana Hookeriana, Utricularia Sp.

2nd, Meadow lands.

Rhododendron nobile and its parasitical Loranthus, Campanula zeylanica? and 2 other Sp. (one tetrandrous) Justicia repens? Bupleurum virgatum, Celsia Sp.? Tradescantia axillaris? Commelina nudiflora, Potentilla Kleiniana and Sp. Bidens Chinensis, Hypericum mysurense, Japonicum, Andromeda ovalifolia? Ox-

alis corniculata and Sp. Polygala Sp. Viola Mysurense, Serpens, Euphorbia Sp. Cynoglossum decurrens, Piper Sp. Crotalaria anthylloides and Sp. Vernonia Sp.? Sida rhomboidea? Ruta angustifolia, Arum pentaphyllum, Thunbergia fragrans, Lobelia excelsa, Lysimachia 2d Sp. Hedyotis fruticosa and Sp. Anemone dubia, Exacum sulcatum? (var. wh. and light blue fld.) Alchemilla Sp. (Lady's mantle) Galium asperifolium, Osbeckia truncata, Gnaphalium Indicum, Aristatum, Nheilgherryanum, Æchmandra rostrata, Eupatorium zeylanicum, Physalis flexuosa, Parochetus major.

3rd, Borders of the Jungle.

Berberis tinctoria (var), Ceropegia acuminata, Rubus rugosus, Lasiocarpus, Gowreephul, Photinia Sp, Osbeckia Sp. Axapetes Sp. Crotalaria Sp. (type of C. Notonii) Crotalaria Sp. Euphorbia Sp. Hedyotideæ tree Sp. Phyllanthus Sp Polygonum Sp.

4th, Jungle.

Undershrubbery of Nilla and a creeping Bamboo: also Curcuma Sp. Æginetia Sp. Polygonatum Sp.? (Solomon's seal) Solanum Indicum, Nigrum, Ferox, Giganteum, Smilax Sp. Orchideæ, a handsome terrestrial Sp. Cerbera parviflora, Piper Sp. Toddalia aculeata, Ardisia humilis, Eugenia laurina? many Rubiaceæ and evergreen shrubs, Biophytum sensitivum, Forests of the Red and White Kino, Croton Moluccanum, the trees of the mountains of Kandy and many unknown Sp. Magnificent Filices, Epiphytal Orchideæ, Hedychium angustifolium and flavum, Medinilla Sp. a creeper, Hedyotis Leschenaultiana, Geophila reniformis.

TABLE 7TH.

Flora of Adam's Peak—March.

Summit of the Peak.

Rhododendron Nobile, Hedychium flavum or coronarium, Gnaphalium hypoleucum, Utricularia Sp. Exacum sulcatum (Roxb)? (wh.) Valeriana hirsuta? Moon, Cynoglossum decurrens, Calyptranthes densiflora? (Arboreous) Orchis (N. E.) and Sp. Sinapis capsella, Viola serpens, Osbeckia truncata, Magnolia 1st Sp. Lobelia excelsa, Sonerila 1st Sp. Hedyotideæ Sp. (shrub.) Scutellaria Sp.

Lower down Cone.

Osbeckia buxifolia, Monocera Sp. Osbeckia Sp. (N. E.) Sonerila 2nd, and 3rd, Sp. Scutellaria Indica.

From the Cave, over the lower features, Ambegammoe side.

Sonerila 3rd Sp. Ardisia humilis, Magnolia 2nd Sp. Dilleni dentata, Vaccineæ Sp. (white fld.) Begonia tenera, Impatiens biglandulosa? Moon.

Runs into the flora of the Kandyan Mountains.

From Moon's List.

Agrostis panicea, Impatiens serrata, Nauclea triflora, Martynia crenata.

TABLE 8TH.

Remarkable Plants, near the source of the Mahavillaganga.

Acrotrema costatum and Sp. Boragineæ—N. Gen?
Plants of Table 4 and probably many other good ones—Didymocarpus Sp.

TABLE 9TH.

Road from Kandy to Nuwera-Ellia.

The lower Kandyan vegetation to Gampolla; add Melastoma Malabathricum and Hedyotis fruticosa. Vegetation of the lower Kandian hills towards Pusilawè add—Lobelia excelsa (river), Hedychium coronarium and angustifoliuin.
Vegetation of Lemon grass tracts in Table 4, add—Hopea zeylanica and Impatiens Balsamina and Sp.

Pusilawe to Rambodda.

Burmannia disticlia, Æginetia bicolor, Pedunculata, Physalis flexuosa, Gnaphalium Indicum? The rock plants of Table 4 abundant.

Bambera-galia.

The lower Kandyan vegetation has entirely ceased—Palms and Plantains not found. Forests of evergreen shrubs with small coriaceous leaves, Undershrubbery of the Nilla add—
Myristica Iriya, Hernandia sonora, Gallicarpa lanata, Croton Moluccanum still sparingly, Impatiens 4 Sp. Hedychium angustifolium Lobelia excelsa and Solanum giganteum very prominent in the vegetation, Bohmeria alienata, Mussænda frondosa, Rubiaceæ, Cynoglossum decurrens, Epiphytal Orchideæ, magnificent Forms.

To Nuwera-Ellia.

Medinilla? Sp. on trees, Impatiens 4 more Sp. one forming the undershrubbery (top of the Pass) Osbeckia Sp.
Runs into the vegetation of Table 6th.

MAY, 1843.

ADDENDA.

CONTENTS.

LISTS OF JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, CORONERS AND DEPUTY CORONERS.

Justices of the Peace.

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The Hon'ble G. C. Talbot } for the Southern do.

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J. T. Tranchell, Esq. } for the Eastern do.

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